JPMorgan Investment Funds -Global Dividend Fund

Class: JPM Global Dividend D (acc) - USD

Synthetic risk and reward indicator Based on share class volatility for the past 5 years. See Key Investor Information Document (KIID) for details.

2 3 Lower risk/ potential Higher risk/ reward Not risk-free potential reward

Fund overview

Bloomberg Reuters LU0329203490 B29QXL4 JPMGLAD LX LU0329203490.LUF

Investment objective: To provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in companies, globally, that generate high and rising income.

Investor profile: This equity Sub-Fund is designed to give exposure primarily to equity securities that generate high and rising income in order to provide longterm returns. The Sub-Fund is diversified across a range of sectors and markets and may be suitable for investors who are looking for an income producing core equity investment or as a stand alone investment aimed at producing long-term capital gain. Investors in this Sub-Fund should have at least a five year investment horizon.

Fund manager(s) James Davidson Gerd Woort-Menker Client portfolio manager(s) **Alexander Robins** Adrian P Brown **Fund reference** currency USD

Share class currency USD **Fund assets** USD 116.0m **NAV** USD 99.99 Fund launch 28 Nov 2007

Class launch

28 Nov 2007

Entry/exit charges Entry charge (max) 5.00% Exit charge (max) 0.50%

Domicile Luxembourg Ongoing charge 2.55%

Performance

1 Class: JPM Global Dividend D (acc) - USD

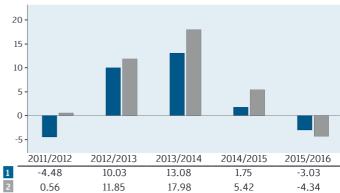
2 Benchmark: MSCI All Country World Index (Total Return Net)

GROWTH OF USD 100,000 (in thousands) Calendar years



QUARTERLY ROLLING 12-MONTH PERFORMANCE (%)

As at end of March 2016



RETURN (%)

				ANNUALISED			
	1 month	3 months	1 year	3 years	5 years	Launch	
1	1.15	6.29	-5.02	2.71	3.06	0.00	
2	0.13	9.13	-5.42	5.42	5.90	2.42	

Gerd Woort-Menker has announced his intention to retire from J.P. Morgan Asset Management effective during the 2nd quarter of 2017. Gerd will continue as a portfolio manager until his departure to ensure an appropriate transition. His departure is expected to have minimal impact on the management of the fund.

PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURES

Past performance is not a guide to current and future performance. The value of your investments and any income from them may fall as well as rise and you may not get back the full amount you invested.

Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Share class performance is shown based on the NAV (net asset value) of the share class with income (gross) reinvested including actual ongoing charges excluding any entry and exit fees. Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and you cannot invest in

PORTFOLIO ANALYSIS

3 years	5 years
0.96	0.97
-2.57	-2.68
0.86	0.91
10.64	12.44
0.29	0.29
3.48	3.34
-0.78	-0.84
	0.96 -2.57 0.86 10.64 0.29 3.48

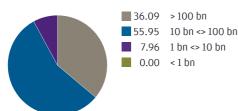
See the material risks, general disclosures and definitions on page 2.

ANNULALICED

Holdings

Sector	% of assets
Energy	4.3
Healthcare	4.3
Telecommunications	3.7
Technology - Software	3.6
Healthcare	3.4
Healthcare	3.3
Banks	3.1
Media	2.6
Telecommunications	2.5
Property	2.2
	Energy Healthcare Telecommunications Technology - Software Healthcare Healthcare Banks Media Telecommunications

MARKET CAP (%)



REGIONS (%) Compared to benchmark -75 North America 49.3 **United Kingdom** 19.3 +12.8 Europe & Middle East ex UK 18.2 +29 Japan 6.0 -1.7 **Emerging Markets** 4.1 -5.3 Pacific ex-Japan 2.0 -2.3Cash 1.1 +1.1**SECTORS (%)** Compared to benchmark Healthcare 14.9 +2.7 Banks 10.4 -2.9 Telecommunications +5.4 10.1 Consumer Non Durable 7.0 -1.6 69 +29 Insurance Transport Svcs & Cons Cyclical 6.7 +2.2 Industrial Cyclicals 6.2 -1.4 **Basic Industries** +0.8 6.1 Property 59 +2.6 Energy 53 -12 Others 19.4 -10.6 Cash 1.1 +1.1

Key risks

The value of equity securities may go down as well as up in response to the performance of individual companies and general market conditions. Emerging markets may be subject to increased risks, including less developed custody and

Before investing, obtain and review the current

prospectus, Key Investor Information

Document (KIID) and any applicable local

settlement practices, higher volatility and lower liquidity than non emerging market securities. The Sub-Fund may be concentrated in a limited number of securities and as a result, may be more volatile than more broadly diversified funds. In search of income, the Sub-Fund may take significant positions at the stock selection, sector

and country allocation level relative to its benchmark.

Movements in currency exchange rates can adversely affect the return of your investment. The currency hedging that may be used to minimise the effect of currency fluctuations may not always be successful.

GENERAL DISCLOSURES

offering document. These documents, as well as the annual and semi-annual reports and the articles of incorporation, are available free from your financial adviser, your J.P. Morgan Asset Management regional contact, the fund's issuer (see below) or at www.jpmam.lu. This material should not be considered as advice or an investment recommendation. Fund holdings and performance are likely to have changed since the report date. No provider of information presented here, including index and ratings information, is liable for damages or losses of any type arising from use of their information. Information from communications with you will be recorded, monitored, collected, stored and processed consistent with our EMEA Privacy Policy available at www.jpmorgan.com/pages/privacy

Prior to 01/11/13 the benchmark was MSCI World Index (Total Return Net)

INFORMATION SOURCES

Fund information, including performance calculations and other data, is provided by J.P. Morgan Asset Management (the marketing name for the asset management businesses of JPMorgan Chase & Co and its affiliates worldwide). All data is as at the document date unless indicated otherwise.

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ISSUEF

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DEFINITIONS

takes more risk.

Correlation measures the relationship between the movement of the fund and its benchmark. A correlation of 1.00 indicates that the fund perfectly matched its benchmark.

Alpha a measure of excess return generated by a manager compared to the benchmark. An alpha of 1.00 indicates that a fund has outperformed its benchmark by 1%.

Beta a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by the fund's benchmark). A beta of 1.10 suggests the fund could perform 10% better than the benchmark in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant.

Annualised volatility an absolute measure of volatility and measures the extent to which returns vary up and down over a given period. High volatility means that the returns have been more variable over time. The measure is expressed as an annualised value.

Sharpe ratio measures the performance of an investment adjusting for the amount of risk taken (compared a risk-free investment). The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the returns compared to the risk taken.

Tracking error measures how much a fund's returns deviate from those of the benchmark. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed its benchmark.

Information ratio (IR) measures if a manager is outperforming or underperforming the benchmark and accounts for the risk taken to achieve the returns. A manager who outperforms a benchmark by 2% p.a. will have a higher IR than a manager with the same outperformance but who