### Factsheet: DWS Invest Top Euroland

Equity Funds - Europe



February 2021

As at 26/02/2021

### Fund Data

### **Investment Policy**

At least 75% of Subfund assets are invested in equities whose issuers' registered office is in a member state of the European Economic and Monetary Union (EMU). In its search for the current and future market leaders, Fund management may make investments in large caps, mid caps and small caps, although the focus is on large caps. Around 40 to 60 stocks are included in the portfolio that Fund management considers to have aboveaverage earnings potential.

### Fund Management's Comment

You can find the Fund management's detailed commentary in DWS Flagship Fund Reporting and on the individual pages of the factsheets.



Calculation of performance is based on the time-weighted return and excludes front-end fees. Individual costs such as fees, commissions and other charges have not been included in this presentation and would have an adverse impact on returns if they were included. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

Cumulative performance (in %) - share class LC(EUR)												
	1 m	1 y	3 y	5 y	s. Inception	YTD	3 y avg	5 y avg	2017	2018	2019	2020
EUR	2.2	17.4	19.4	42.9	135.1	-0.4	6.1	7.4	10.0	-16.7	33.0	7.0
BM IN EUR	4.5	11.4	13.9	40.3	93.1	2.0	4.4	7.0	9.2	-12.5	29.0	-2.8

Further Characteristics (3 years) / VAR (1 year) - share class LC(EUR)									
Volatility	19.92%	Maximum Drawdown	-22.81%	VAR (99%/10 days)	19.37%				
Sharpe Ratio	0.33	Information Ratio	0.30	Correlation Coefficient	0.96				
Alpha	1.77%	Beta	0.95	Tracking Error	5.32%				

Portfolio Analysis			
Breakdown by Sector (Equities)	(in % of fund volume)	Principal Holdings (Equities)	(in % of fund volume)
Portfolio Breakdown according to MS		ASML Holding NV (Information Ted	chnology) 6.8
Information Technology	19.2	LVMH Moet Hennessy Vuitton SE	(Consumer Disc 5.8
Industrials Consumer Discretionary	17.2	Iberdrola SA (Utilities)	5.1
Financials	14.1	Allianz SE (Financials)	4.9
Materials	10.3	BNP Paribas (Financials)	4.7
Utilities	7.6	SAP SE (Information Technology)	4.1
Health Care	5.4	Linde PLC (Materials)	3.7
Communication Services	3.3	Deutsche Post AG (Industrials)	3.7
Consumer Staples	3.3	L'Oreal SA (Consumer Staples)	3.3
Energy		AXA SA (Financials)	3.2
		Total	45.3
Gross weighting, not adjusted for der	rivative positions.	Gross weighting, not adjusted for o	derivative positions.
Breakdown by Country (Equities)	(in % of fund volume)	Asset Allocation	(in % of fund volume)
Germany	37.6	Equities	98.2
France	31.8	Cash and other assets	1.8
Netherlands	11.7		
Spain	6.0		
Italy	<b>4</b> .9		

3.8

2.4

### Morningstar Style-Box™



Investment Style

### Morningstar Category™

Eurozone Large-Cap Equity

Ratings	(As at:	29/01/2021)
Morningstar Overall R	ating™:	ÅÅÅÅ

Lipper Leaders:



Ireland

Finland

Gross weighting, not adjusted for derivative positions.

Note: The key terms are explained in the glossary.

## Factsheet: DWS Invest Top Euroland

Equity Funds - Europe



February 2021 As at 26/02/2021

Portfolio Analysis			
Breakdown by Currency	(in % of fund volume)	Market Capitalization	(in % of fund volume)
Euro	100.0	> 10 Bn. > 5 Bn. < 10 Bn.	87.5 10.7
Incl. forward exchange transactions, negative and positive currency developments.	ve figures reflect expected	Gross weighting, not adjusted for derivative po Euro.	sitions. The calculation is based on

currency developments.							•					
Key Figures regarding	Key Figures regarding the Fund's Assets											
Number of Shares			40	Dividend Y	ïeld (in %)			1.3	Market Cap		74,89	98.7 Mio. EUR
Cumulative performan	nce (in %)											
	1 m	1 y	3 у	5 y	s. Inception	YTD	3 y avg	5 y avg	2017	2018	2019	2020
FC(EUR)	2.2	18.3	22.1	48.3	174.9	-0.3	6.9	8.2	10.8	-16.1	34.0	7.8
FD(EUR)	2.2	18.3	22.0	48.2	55.5	-0.3	6.9	8.2	10.8	-16.1	34.0	7.8
GBP D RD(GBP)	0.5	20.3	19.9	64.3	67.3	-4.1	6.2	10.4	15.4	-14.6	26.3	14.3
IC(EUR)	2.2	18.6	23.2	50.4	55.9	-0.2	7.2	8.5	11.1	-15.8	34.4	8.1
LC(EUR)	2.2	17.4	19.4	42.9	135.1	-0.4	6.1	7.4	10.0	-16.7	33.0	7.0
LD(EUR)	2.1	16.1	15.5	36.2	106.4	-0.4	4.9	6.4	10.0	-16.7	33.0	7.0
NC(EUR)	2.1	16.6	16.9	37.9	105.9	-0.5	5.3	6.6	9.2	-17.3	32.0	6.2
SGD LCH (P)(SGD)	2.2	18.2	24.5	52.8	50.7	-0.3	7.6	8.9	11.5	-15.4	35.7	7.8
TFC(EUR)	2.2	18.3	22.1		20.8	-0.3	6.9			-16.1	34.0	7.8
TFD(EUR)	2.2	18.3	22.1		20.8	-0.3	6.9			-16.1	34.0	7.8
USD FCH(USD)	2.3	20.4	30.9	64.2	75.1	-0.2	9.4	10.4	12.8	-13.9	37.7	9.9
USD LCH(USD)	2.2	19.5	27.8	57.9	62.3	-0.3	8.5	9.6	11.9	-14.7	36.7	9.0

### Factsheet: DWS Invest Top Euroland

Equity Funds - Europe



February 2021 As at 26/02/2021

Fund Data			
Portfolio Manager	Frank Kuemmet	Assets	494.4 Mio. EUR
Portfolio Manager since	01/10/2006	Fund Currency	EUR
Portfolio Management Company	DWS Investment GmbH	Launch Date	03/06/2002
Portfolio Management Location	Germany	Fiscal Year End	31/12/2021
Management Company	DWS Investment S.A.	Investor profile	Growth-oriented
Legal Structure	SICAV		
Custodian	State Street Bank GmbH, Lux.		

Share C	lasse	es										
Share Class	Cur.	ISIN Code	German Sec. Code	Earnings	Front-end Load up to	<sup>1</sup> Issue Price	Redemption Price	Interim Gains	Management Fee	Running costs / TER	plus performance- related fee	Minimum Invest- ment Amount
FC	EUR	LU0145647722	552 519	Accumulation	0.00%	274.85	274.85		0.750%	0.84% (1)		2,000,000
FD	EUR	LU0740840441	DWS 1CY	Distribution	0.00%	142.67	142.67		0.750%	0.84% (1)		2,000,000
GBP D RD	GBP	LU0911039740	DWS 1W7	Distribution	0.00%	153.19	153.19		0.750%	0.83% (1)		
IC	EUR	LU0616864954	DWS 07P	Accumulation	0.00%	155.85	155.85		0.500%	0.54% (1)		10,000,000
LC	EUR	LU0145644893	552 516	Accumulation	5.00%	247.42	235.05		1.500%	1.58% (1)		
LD	EUR	LU0145647052	552 517	Distribution	5.00%	217.29	206.42		1.500%	1.58% (1)		
NC	EUR	LU0145647300	552 518	Accumulation	3.00%	212.31	205.94		2.000%	2.28% (1)		
SGD LCH (P)	SGD	LU1054341976	DWS 12S	Accumulation	5.00%	15.87	15.07		1.500%	1.62% (1)		
TFC	EUR	LU1663954375	DWS 2RS	Accumulation	0.00%	120.77	120.77		0.750%	0.84% (1)		
TFD	EUR	LU1663956073	DWS 2RT	Distribution	0.00%	115.98	115.98		0.750%	0.84% (1)		
USD FCH	USD	LU0911039666	DWS 1W6	Accumulation	0.00%	175.13	175.13		0.750%	0.88% (1)		2,000,000
USD LCH	USD	LU0986127263	DWS 112	Accumulation	5.00%	170.85	162.31		1.500%	1.63% (1)		

<sup>(1)</sup> The Total Expense Ratio (TER) generally includes all expense items charged to the Fund apart from transaction costs and performance fees. If the Fund invests a substantial part of its assets in target funds, the costs of the respective funds and payments received by them will also be taken into account. The Fund incurred the total expenses listed here in its last financial year which ended on 31/12/2020. They are subject to change from year to year.

Important notice: Distribution agents such as banks or other investment service providers may report costs or expense ratios to interested investors that may differ from and exceed the costs described here. This may be due to new regulatory requirements for the calculation and reporting of costs by these distribution agents, in particular as a result of the implementation of Directive 2014/65/EU (Markets in Financial Instruments Directive - "MiFID2 Directive") from January 3, 2018.

### Address

### **DWS Investment GmbH**

Mainzer Landstraße 11-17 60329 Frankfurt am Main Tel.: +49 (0) 69 / 910 - 12371 Fax: +49 (0) 69 / 910 - 19090 Internet: www.dws.com E-Mail: info@dws.com

### Note

Because of its composition or the techniques used by its managers, the fund is subject to heightened volatility. Consequently, unit prices may fluctuate sharply in either direction within short periods of time.

Figures subject to audit. The current sales prospectus which is legally binding for the purchase of fund units is available from your financial consultant or DWS Investment GmbH. The sales prospectus contains detailed information about risk. Evaluations made in this report may change at any time whithout prior announcement. These statements are based on our assessment of the current legal and tax information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the gross investment.

# Fund Management's Comment: DWS Invest Top Euroland

Equity Funds - Europe



Data in relation to the fund or the leading unit class.

February 2021

As at 26/02/2021

### Performance Review

The European equity market saw gains in February. The Euro Stoxx 50 was up by 4.54%

On the sector side, the financial and energy sectors in particular performed well. The utilities, consumer staples, healthcare and basic materials sectors, however, were weak. The main drivers in the financial sector were hopes of rising yields, while the energy sector benefited from the sustained rise in oil prices. The underperformance in the consumer sector was mainly due to the extension of lockdowns in Europe.

DWS Invest Top Euroland rose by 2.15% in February.

### Performance Attribution

Performance versus the Euro Stoxx 50 in February was the result of a negative stock selection and a negative sector allocation. Regional allocation had no effect.

Allocation was negative due to an overweight in utilities and an underweight in the energy and banking sectors. Single stock selection was positive in the technology sector and negative in the energy and healthcare sectors. At single stock level, the overweights in French BNP Paribas and Cappemini had a positive impact. However, overweight positions in Spanish utility company lberdrola and Finnish oil stock Neste had a negative impact.

### **Current Positioning**

DWS Invest Top Euroland was almost fully invested as of February. The technology and industrial sectors have the highest overweights. In these sectors, the fund management focuses on structurally well-positioned companies likely to achieve above-average earnings growth foremost due to their positioning or their end markets. The highest underweights include defensive as well as cyclical consumer stocks, companies from the energy sector as well as stocks from the banking and telecommunications sectors. The fund management sees less price potential for defensive consumer stocks than in other sectors, partly due to the relatively high valuation versus their earnings growth. European banks have been impacted in particular by increasing regulatory requirements as well as the ongoing trend towards digitalization. The telecommunications sector is currently less interesting for structural reasons. This is putting pressure on earnings expectations in the sector.

### Outlook

The equity markets gained ground overall again in February after a slight price correction towards the end of January. The main positive drivers this month, in addition to a much better than feared reporting season, were the steady decline in COVID-19 infection numbers worldwide and hopes for a larger vaccine supply in the coming weeks and months. Furthermore, the surprisingly strong purchasing managers' indices for industry in Germany and the euro zone, the recovery of the Ifo index and the new Italian government under former ECB President Draghi were encouraging. On the negative side, global issues such as rising inflation expectations with a steady increase in long-term bond yields, the sharp rise in US producer prices, the falling ISM index and the declining purchasing managers' indices for the Chinese economy had a major impact. The further extension of the lockdown also weighed on the European stock markets in February.

The approval of additional vaccines and their predominantly high efficacy still indicate a significant improvement overall in the COVID-19 situation during the course of 2021. Although the rollout of vaccinations has been slow in some European countries, it should continue to have a positive effect on those sectors that were particularly affected by the coronavirus.

The coming months could remain volatile despite this overall positive outlook. For one thing, there will not be sufficient vaccine doses for several months, so prioritization based on various criteria will be necessary. Furthermore, the distribution and storage of the vaccine is a logistical challenge due to its nature. Finally, it remains to be seen to what extent the population is willing to be vaccinated.

## Legal Disclaimer



### Opportunities

In accordance with the investment policy.

#### Risks

• The fund invests its assets in selected regions or sectors. This increases the risk that the fund may be negatively influenced by the economic and political conditions in the respective regions or sectors. The fund invests in equities. Equities are subject to strong price fluctuations and thus also to the risk of price decreases. Due to its composition/the techniques used by the Fund management, the investment fund has elevated volatility, i.e. the share price may be subject to significant fluctuations up or down within short periods of time. The share value may fall below the purchase price at which the customer acquired the share at any time.

Important note on the investor profile:

Investor profile: Growth-oriented

The sub-fund is designed for growth-oriented investors who wish to achieve capital appreciation primarily through equity gains and exchange rate movements. Expected earnings are offset by high equity, interest rate and currency risks as well as creditworthiness risks and the possibility of heavy losses of the invested capital, up to the total amount invested. The investor is willing and able to bear such a financial loss, and does not prioritize capital preservation.

The Company provides additional information relating to the profile of the typical investor or target customer group for this financial product to distribution agents and distribution partners. If the investor is advised on the acquisition of units by the Company's distribution agents or distribution partners, or if they act as brokers in the purchase of units, they may also provide the investor additional information that also relates to the profile of the typical investor.

Supplementary information on the target market and product costs resulting from the implementation of the MiFID2 Directive and made available to distribution agents by the capital management company can be obtained in electronic form from the Company's website at www.dws.com.

Morningstar Style Box™

The Morningstar Style Box™ illustrates the Fund's investment strategy. For equity funds the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the stocks contained in the portfolio and the horizontal axis shows the investment style (value, neutral or growth). For bond funds the vertical axis shows the average credit quality of the bonds in the portfolio and the horizontal axis shows interest rate sensitivity as measured by the maturity of a bond (short, medium or long).

Please note that the information from Morningstar and Lipper Leaders relates to the previous month.

Morningstar Overall Rating™

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Lipper Leaders

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Lipper Leaders Rating System - Ratings from 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest)

 $First\ digit = Total\ Return;\ second\ digit = Consistent\ Return;\ third\ digit = Preservation;\ fourth\ digit = Expense$ 

Important Notice

When the custodian sets the price on the last trading day of the month there can be a difference of up to ten hours between the times at which the fund price and the benchmark are calculated. In the event of strong market movements during this period, this may result in the over- or understatement of the Fund's performance relative to the benchmark at the end of the month (this is referred to as the "pricing effect").

DWS is the brand name under which DWS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA and its subsidiaries operate their business activities. Clients will be provided DWS products or services by one or more legal entities that will be identified to clients pursuant to the contracts, agreements, offering materials or other documentation relevant to such products or services.

The information contained in this document does not constitute investment advice.

Complete information on the Fund including risks can be found in the relevant prospectuses in its prevailing version. This and the relevant key investor information document constitute the only binding sales documents for the Fund. Investors can obtain these documents along with the latest published annual and semi-annual reports in English from DWS Investment GmbH, Mainzer Landstraße 11-17, 60329 Frankfurt am Main and, in case of Luxembourg domiciled Sub-Funds, from DWS Investment S.A., 2, Boulevard Konrad Adenauer, L-1115 Luxembourg in printed form free of charge or download them from www.dws.com.

All statements of opinion reflect the current assessment of DWS Investment GmbH and are subject to change without notice.

Forecasts are not a reliable indicator of future performance. Forecasts are based on assumptions, estimates, opinions and hypothetical performance analysis, therefore actual results may vary, perhaps materially, from the results contained here.

Past performance, is not a reliable indication of future performance.

The calculation of performance uses the BVI (Bundesverband Investment and Asset Management) method and therefore does not take the Upfront Sales Charge into account. Individual costs such as fees and other charges, which would have a negative impact on the performance, have not been taken into account.

# Legal Disclaimer



Past performance, is not a reliable indication of future performance. The gross-performance calculated (BVI method) takes all costs on the Fund level into consideration (e.g. Management Fee), the net-performance takes in addition the Upfront Sales Charge into consideration; further costs such as e.g. Custodian Fee may arise which are not taken into consideration in the calculation.

For relevant tax information consult the respective prospectus.

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DWS Investment GmbH, 2021

### Glossary



#### Alpha

A measure of the difference between the risk-adjusted return on an investment and a benchmark. The alpha measures the part of the performance that cannot be explained by market movements or market risk, but rather is derived from the selection of securities within the market. Alpha is a way of measuring the active contribution to performance made by the portfolio manager. It is also a good yardstick to use when comparing several funds. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

#### Average dividend yield

Measures the average dividend amount, based on the current share price. This figure is calculated based on the shares (including ADRs/GDRs - > Depositary receipts) and REITs contained in a fund.

### Average market capitalization

Measures the average market capitalization of the shares, REITs and ADRs/GDRs (depositary receipts) contained in a fund. The market capitalization represents the total market value of a company as determined by multiplying the number of shares issued by the current share price.

#### Beta factor

A measure of sensitivity - given as the average percentage change in the price of a fund when the market (benchmark) rises or falls by 1%. A value over (under) 1 means that on average the fund exhibits more (less) volatility than the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

### Correlation coefficient

Describes the degree to which two values (fund versus benchmark) move in the same direction. The value of the correlation coefficient is between -1 and +1. A correlation of +1 means that the fund generally moves in the same direction as the benchmark, while -1 indicates that the fund generally moves in the opposite direction. A correlation of 0 means that there is no relation between the price movements of the fund and the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

### Current interest yield

The current interest yield differs from the nominal interest rate because securities are bought at a price that can be higher or lower than their nominal value. Since interest is always paid on the nominal value, the following calculation is used: (interest rate x 100)/price = effective yield.

### Duration (in years/in months)

A measure of the sensitivity of an investment to changes in interest rates. Duration, which was developed by Frederick Macaulay, is the average period for which invested capital is committed. Because of the interest payable over time on the invested capital, duration is shorter than -> maturity. This version of duration is used in DWS Top Reporting and refers to invested assets (without "Cash and other holdings").

### Information ratio

The information ratio measures the difference between the annualized average return of the fund and that of the benchmark, divided by the Tracking error. The higher this value is, the more the investor compensated for the risk in the fund. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

### Maturity (in years/in months)

The amount of time until the maturity of an obligation, such as a bond. Refers to invested fund assets (without "Cash and other holdings").

### Maximum drawdown

The maximum drawdown is the largest percentage drop in value in a given period of time. It measures the amount the fund falls from its highest point to its lowest point in the selected timeframe. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

### Modified duration (in years/in months)

Serves as a measure of interest-rate sensitivity. Modified duration indicates the percentage change in price of a bond (in a portfolio) when the market interest rate changes by 1%. In order to calculate the percentage change in the bond price, the modified duration of the bond is multiplied by the percentage change in the interest rate. This figure helps investors assess the risks and opportunities of a bond at a glance.

### Sharpe ratio

A measure of risk developed by William F. Sharpe, defined as the excess return on an investment over that of a risk-free investment in relation to the risk of the investment. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the higher the return the investor receives for the risk the investment carries (expressed in volatility). The Sharpe ratio can be used to compare multiple funds. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

### Tracking error

The tracking error is the standard deviation of the yield differential between a fund and its benchmark. This makes it a measure of how well the fund manager tracks the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

### VaR (Value at Risk)

A measure of risk that indicates the maximum fund losses with a given probability for a given period of time (holding period). VaR is calculated on the basis of the daily prices of the individual securities contained in the portfolio for a year.

### Yield

The yield is the annual return on a capital investment, measured as the actual interest earned (effective yield) on the capital invested. It is based on the fund's income (e.g., interest, dividends, realized capital gains) and change in the price of the assets held in the fund. The yield of a fund is

# Glossary



derived from the invested assets (without "Cash and other holdings") and is presented as a "gross" figure, i.e., before the deduction of total expenses/fee.

### Volatility

Volatility expresses the degree to which the yield on an investment (the price performance of a fund, for example) varies from a mean value in a specific period of time. This makes it a measure of fund risk. The greater the variation from the mean, the higher the volatility. Knowing the volatility allows investors to assess how uncertain the return potential of an investment is. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.