

CS (Lux) Financial Bond Fund IB EUR



Fund information

Fixed income

186'919'270

Fund total net assets in EUR

Share class TNA, EUR
12'962'999

Share class NAV, EUR
1'165.82

Management fee p.a.¹
0.50%

MTD (net) return
2.15%

QTD (net) return
3.83%

YTD (net) return
3.83%

Fund details

Investment Manager	Harald Kloos
Fund launch date	05.01.2015
Share class launch date	11.06.2019
Share class	IB
Share class currency	EUR
Distribution policy	Accumulating
Fund domicile	Luxembourg
ISIN	LU1160526791
Benchmark	No benchmark

Investment Policy

The fund aims to generate both income and capital growth, while seeking to preserve capital through adequate diversification. To achieve this objective the fund invests at least two-thirds of its assets in contingent capital securities and other hybrid, subordinated financial instruments issued by financial institutions. These securities are predominantly rated below investment grade. The main focus is on banks and insurance companies with solid capitalization, where the additional risk of this lower credit segment is expected to be compensated with higher returns. In order to manage risk and liquidity the fund maintains flexibility to invest across the capital structure (eg. adding senior bonds) and may use financial derivative instruments to hedge existing positions.

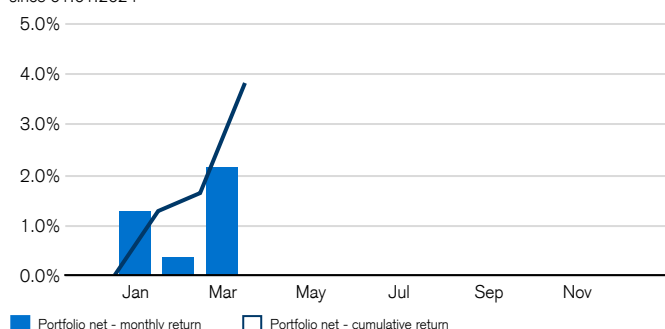
Risks

CoCos represent an attractive investment, provided the associated risks are properly assessed. However, investors must be prepared and be in a position to accept substantial losses (see section "Risks associated with contingent capital securities" for full details).

Investing involves risk including the risk of loss of capital. Past performance does not predict future returns. Neither simulated nor historical performance is a reliable indicator for current or future performance.

Performance overview - monthly & cumulative

since 01.01.2024



Performance overview - cumulative

since 01.07.2019



Until **12.09.2019**, the Fund had different characteristics and performance was achieved under circumstances that no longer apply. Repositioning as per 12.09.2019 (Old Fund name: Credit Suisse (Lux) Contingent Capital Euro Fund).

Performance overview - monthly & YTD

since 01.01.2024, in %

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Portfolio net	1.26	0.38	2.15										3.83

¹ If the currency of a financial product and/or its costs is different from your reference currency, the return and cost may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations.

The individuals mentioned above only conduct regulated activities in the jurisdiction(s) where they are properly licensed, where relevant.

ESG stands for environmental (E), social (S), and governance (G).

Please find the definition of all the acronyms/terms used in this document in the Glossary. Additional important information can be found at the end of the document.

Performance overview

in %

	Rolling Returns		Annualized Returns		
	1 months	3 months	1 year	3 years	5 years
Portfolio net	2.15	3.83	17.85	0.65	n/a

Risk overview - ex post

in %

	Annualized risk, in %		
	1 year	3 years	5 years
Portfolio volatility	4.89	9.94	n/a

Performance overview - yearly

since 01.07.2019, in %

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Portfolio net	6.69	4.10	4.44	-10.94	6.99	3.83

Until **12.09.2019**, the Fund had different characteristics and performance was achieved under circumstances that no longer apply. Repositioning as per 12.09.2019 (Old Fund name: Credit Suisse (Lux) Contingent Capital Euro Fund).

Key risk figures

	Portfolio		Portfolio
Modified duration	2.75	Linear weighted average credit rating	BB+
Yield to worst	6.80%	Number of securities	73
Average maturity in years	12.47		

Potential Risks

The Fund's risk and reward profile does not reflect the risk inherent in future circumstances that differ from what the Fund has experienced in the recent past. This includes the following events which are rare but can have a large impact.

- Credit risk: Issuers of assets held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital when due. Part of the Fund's investments may have considerable credit risk.
- Liquidity risk: Assets cannot necessarily be sold at limited cost in an adequately short timeframe. Part of the Fund's investments may be prone to limited liquidity. The Fund will endeavor to mitigate this risk by various measures.
- Counterparty risk: Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Fund's derivative counterparties may lead to payment or delivery default. The Subfund will endeavor to mitigate this risk by the receipt of financial collateral given as guarantees.
- Event risk: In the case a trigger event occurs contingent capital is converted into equity or written down and thus may lose substantially in value. In addition, the Fund being predominantly exposed to financial institutions, adverse circumstances affecting this sector may cause material losses.
- Operational risk: Deficient processes, technical failures or catastrophic events may cause losses.
- Political and Legal risks: Investments are exposed to changes of rules and standards applied by a specific country. This includes restrictions on currency convertibility, the imposing of taxes or controls on transactions, the limitations of property rights or other legal risks.
- Sustainability risks: Sustainability risks are environmental, social or governance events or conditions that can have a material negative effect on the return, depending on the relevant sector, industry and company exposure.

The product's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses, as well as more complete information about the product, are provided in the prospectus (or relevant offering document), which should be read carefully before investing.

Investors may lose part or all of their invested amount.

The full offering documentation including complete information on risks may be obtained free of charge from a Credit Suisse client advisor, representative, or, where applicable, via Fundsearch (credit-suisse.com/fundsearch).

The investment promoted in this marketing material concerns the acquisition of units or shares in a fund and not of any underlying assets. The underlying assets are owned by the fund only.

Risk profile²

PRIIP SRI



Larger values (up to 7) indicate higher risk while lower values (up to 1) indicate lower risk.

Asset breakdown by risk country

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
United Kingdom	14.30	
Netherlands	12.68	
Germany	11.31	
Spain	10.71	
France	9.51	
Austria	7.77	
Italy	6.92	
Ireland	5.43	
Switzerland	4.06	
Sweden	3.80	
Belgium	3.69	
Others	9.82	

Asset breakdown by risk currency (before hedging)

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
EUR	67.86	
USD	17.06	
GBP	13.44	
CHF	1.64	

Asset breakdown by risk currency (after hedging)

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
EUR	100.04	
CHF	0.03	
USD	0.00	
GBP	-0.07	

² The risk indicator assumes you keep the Product for 7 years. The actual risk can vary significantly if you redeem at an early stage and you may get back less. The Summary Risk Indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this Product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the Product will lose money because of movements in the markets. Be aware of currency risk if your reference currency differs from the currency of the Product. You may receive payments in a different currency, so the final return you will get depends on the exchange rate between the two currencies. Investors shall note that the Product may be exposed to further risks such as operational, counterparty, political, sustainability and legal risks that are not included in the Summary Risk Indicator. This Product does not include any protection from future market performance so you could lose some or all of your investment.

Asset breakdown by combined rating

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
A	1.28	
A-	1.31	
BBB+	4.63	
BBB	3.40	
BBB-	15.52	
BB+	31.34	
BB	18.59	
BB-	20.33	
B+	1.12	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.42	
Swap	0.05	

Asset breakdown by WAL bucket

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
< 1yr	4.47	
1-3 yrs	29.38	
3-5 yrs	24.21	
5-7 yrs	22.43	
7-10 yrs	1.70	
> 15 yrs	17.81	

Asset breakdown by IBOXX sector

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
Banks	84.64	
Insurance	13.08	
Swap	0.05	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.23	
Others	0.00	

Asset breakdown by capital structure

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio
Senior unsecured	1.97	
Tier 2	7.01	
Add Tier 1	76.76	
Restricted Tier 1	11.79	
Derivatives	0.05	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2.42	

Top 10 positions

In % of total economic exposure

Instrument Name ³	ISIN	Coupon p.a.	Weight
LLOYDS BANKING GROUP PLC	XS1043552261	7.88%	2.50%
UNICREDIT SPA	XS1739839998	5.38%	2.16%
RABOBANK AT1 PERPNC7.5	XS2202900424	4.38%	2.08%
INTESA SANPAOLO SPA	XS2223762381	5.50%	2.07%
NORDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRA	XS1055787680	6.25%	2.05%
RAIFFEISEN BANK INT AG PERP NC6	XS2207857421	6.00%	2.05%
BANCO SANTANDER SA	XS2102912966	4.38%	2.03%
NORDEA BANK ABP	US65559D2A65	6.63%	1.98%
ERSTE GROUP AT1 PERP NC7.4	AT0000A2L583	4.25%	1.98%
NATIONWIDE BUILDING SOCIETY	XS2048709427	5.88%	1.90%

Fund Statistics - ex post

	3 years
	Portfolio
Maximum drawdown, in %	-18.45

Past performance does not predict future returns. Neither simulated nor historical performance is a reliable indicator for current or future performance.

Performance review

In March, most subordinated financial bank bonds achieved positive total returns as credit as the compression in credit spreads persisted. Total returns of EUR Additional Tier 1 bonds stood at +2.79% while EUR Tier 2 ended the month at +1.21%. Similarly, the subordinated insurance bonds spread tightened significantly with EUR Restricted Tier 1 bonds ending the month at +2.8%. EUR Bank senior non-preferred bonds returned and stood at +1.07% and EUR insurance senior bond ended with +1.11%. The fund's performance was predominantly driven by a spread change (+143 bps), duration (+26 bps), and rates carry (+34 bps). The contribution from the interest rate overlay was slightly negative at -5 bps. Geographically, German issuers were the best contributors in terms of performance, followed by British and Dutch issuers, while Finish and Portuguese issuers were the weakest contributors.

³ The individual entities and/or instruments mentioned on this page are meant for illustration purposes only and are not intended as a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any interest or any investment.

Market Review

March was another strong month for risk assets and in particular credit. Hopes for a soft landing continued to be supported by the upside surprise of US data with February non-farm payrolls up by 275 K and PMIs continuing to rise in the euro zone with flash PMI for March up to 49.9. Despite concerns about inflation back on the rise, investors continued to push back on the timing of the expected rate cuts from central banks. While the Fed did not cut rates at its meeting March and with a first cut most likely to take place in June, the Bank of Japan ended its negative interest rate policy in March. In contrast, the Swiss National Bank became the first central bank with a G10 currency to cut rates by 25 bps to 1.5% in March with Swiss CPI inflation standing at 1.2% in February. The sentiment toward subordinated bond structures remained more constructive, however, Q4 bank reports continued to fuel concerns about commercial real estate (CRE) particularly in the US, as the consequences of higher interest rates are yet to materialize. Consequently, US regional banks and European issuers with significant US CRE exposure lost ground in the middle of the first quarter, however partially regained ground in March. EUR AT1 spreads tightened by 28 bps, EUR Restricted Tier 1 (RT1) tightened by 19 bps, EUR Bank Tier 2 spreads ended the month 6 bps tighter, and EUR bank senior non-preferred bonds tightened by 7 bps (Sources: Credit Suisse Contingent Convertible Euro Index, Credit Suisse Insurance Capital EUR Restricted Tier 1 Index, Credit Suisse Bank Capital Euro Lower Tier 2 Index; Credit Suisse Bank Capital Euro Senior Preferred Index. Data as of: March 31, 2024). In the current volatile environment, we remain in our overall defensive position. Issuer and bond selection remains key, and our preference remains for systemically important European issuers with healthy balance sheets and significant backend spread cushions.

Key identifiers

Instrument Name	Credit Suisse (Lux) Financial Bond Fund IB EUR
Bloomberg ticker	CSCCIBE LX
ISIN	LU1160526791
Valor no.	26493403
Benchmark	No benchmark

Key facts

Fund management company	Credit Suisse Fund Management S.A.
UCITS	Yes
SFDR Classification	Article 8
Accounting year end	31. October
Securities lending	Yes
Ongoing charges ⁴	0.73%
Subscription notice period	daily
Subscription settlement period	T + 2
Redemption notice period	daily
Redemption settlement period	T + 2
Cut-off time	15:00 CET
Swinging single pricing (SSP ⁵)	partial swing NAV

ESG Approach

This fund promotes environmental, social and governance (ESG) characteristics (within the meaning of Art. 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector). It applies the CSAM Sustainable Investing Policy (www.credit-suisse.com/esg), including norms-based, values-based and business conduct exclusions, to combine ESG factors with traditional financial analysis to calculate a CSAM ESG signal, which serves as the basis for a bottom-up security selection process. For further information about the ESG investment criteria and the sustainability-related aspects of the fund please consider the legal and regulatory documents of the fund (such as, e.g., the prospectus) and visit www.credit-suisse.com/esg. In addition to sustainability-related aspects, the decision to invest in the fund should take into account all objectives and characteristics of the fund as described in its prospectus, or in the information which is to be disclosed to investors in accordance with applicable regulations.

Certain data points are provided for mere transparency purposes and are not linked to a specific ESG investment process, nor to CSAM ESG methodology. For details about the fund's ESG decision-making process, please refer to the fund's prospectus.

ESG Characteristics

ESG Benchmark	Exclusion Criteria	ESG Integration	Active Ownership ⁵	Sustainable Investment Objective
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

ESG Overview

According to MSCI methodology.

	Portfolio
ESG Rating	AA
ESG Quality score	7.72
Environmental score	7.92
Social score	4.82
Governance score	6.17
Coverage for Rating/Scoring	95.85%
Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Tons of CO2e/\$M sales)	2.42
Coverage for Carbon Intensity	97.53%

Note: The total carbon intensity figure shown in this section may be higher than the total in the breakdown graph. This is because the figure is normalized, and actual weights are inflated because of limited data coverage. For further information on the MSCI methodology for the above listed ESG data points, please refer to the glossary.

⁴ If the currency of a financial product and/or its costs is different from your reference currency, the return and cost may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations.

⁵ Active Ownership is part of the fund's strategy to act in the best interests of its investors and to preserve and optimize the long-term value of their investments. To promote best practices and to ensure that the investee companies are sustainable and successful in the long term, Active Ownership is designed to influence the investee companies on two levels: first, through proxy voting, and second, through engagement. In the case of investments in other funds (Target Funds), the fund has no or only limited ability to exercise Active Ownership on the Target Fund, resp. on the Target Funds' investee companies.

Top 10 issuers

In terms of the fund's total economic exposure. Certain data points disclosed in this table are provided for mere transparency purposes and are not linked to a specific ESG investment process, nor to CSAM ESG methodology. For details about the fund's ESG decision-making process, please refer to the fund's prospectus. Sources: MSCI and proprietary fixed income ESG signal

Issuer short name ⁶	Weight in portfolio	IBOXX sector	MSCI ESG Rating	Fixed income ESG Signal	Controversy flag	Carbon intensity (tCO ₂ e / \$M sales)
CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	2.89%	Financials	AA	Positive	Yellow	0.60
UBS GROUP AG	2.78%	Financials	AA	Positive	Orange	3.40
DEUTSCHE BANK AG	2.76%	Financials	A	Neutral	Orange	7.00
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	2.74%	Financials	AA	Positive	Orange	4.20
COOPERATIEVE RABOBANK UA	2.68%	Financials	A	Neutral	Yellow	2.50
SOCIETE GENERALE SA	2.59%	Financials	AA	Positive	Orange	1.60
COMMERZBANK AG	2.58%	Financials	AA	Positive	Yellow	2.20
CAIXABANK SA	2.56%	Financials	A	Neutral	Yellow	0.30
BNP PARIBAS SA	2.56%	Financials	AA	Positive	Orange	3.20
ERSTE GROUP BANK AG	2.51%	Financials	AA	Positive	Green	2.60

Note: All ESG data points in the table refer to an underlying issuer as applicable (e.g., an equity issuer in case of a convertible bond). For further information on the methodology for the above listed ESG data points, please refer to the glossary.

Asset breakdown by proprietary fixed income ESG Signal

According to CSAM's proprietary methodology in % of fund total economic exposure from fixed income investments.

	in %	Portfolio
Positive	69.21	<div></div>
Neutral	28.37	<div></div>
Negative	-	<div></div>

Note: Exposure to fixed income investments represents 97.58% of portfolio weight for this share class. According to the fund contract, the asset manager's ESG integration approach applies proprietary ESG signals. For further information on the fixed income ESG Signal, please refer to the glossary.

Asset breakdown by ESG rating

In % of total economic exposure. Source: MSCI ESG rating

	in %	Portfolio
AAA	12.58	<div></div>
AA	56.63	<div></div>
A	22.67	<div></div>
BBB	3.97	<div></div>
BB	-	<div></div>
B	-	<div></div>
CCC	-	<div></div>
Not ratable	2.47	<div></div>
No data coverage	1.67	<div></div>

Note: For further information on MSCI's ESG rating methodology and the difference between categories "not ratable" and "no data coverage", please refer to the glossary.

Asset breakdown by ESG controversy flag

In % of fund total economic exposure to investee companies. Source: MSCI

	in %	Portfolio
Green	37.70	<div></div>
Yellow	28.89	<div></div>
Orange	30.94	<div></div>
Red	-	<div></div>

Note: Exposure to investee companies represents 97.53% of portfolio weight for this share class. MSCI only provides data on ESG controversies for corporate issuers. Any remaining instruments (e.g., government bonds) are excluded from this breakdown. For further information on MSCI's ESG controversy flag methodology, please refer to the glossary.

Carbon emission intensity contribution by IBOXX sector

Tons of CO₂ equivalent emission intensity (GHG scopes 1 & 2) per \$m sales, by IBOXX sector split. Source: MSCI

	Portfolio	Portfolio
Banks	2.21	<div></div>
Insurance	0.15	<div></div>
Total	2.36	

Note: Security weighted data coverage is 97.53% for the portfolio. The total shown in this section may be lower than the one in the 'ESG Overview' section. This is because the figures in this breakdown are not normalized and use the actual weights. For further information on the Carbon emission intensity, please refer to the glossary.

⁶ The individual entities and/or instruments mentioned on this page are meant for illustration purposes only and are not intended as a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any interest or any investment.

Glossary

Accumulating	Indicates a regular reinvestment of the dividends received in the portfolio itself
Carbon emission intensity	The weighted average emissions intensity, which is provided by MSCI ESG, divides the Scopes 1 & 2 emissions in tons of CO2-equivalent by million \$ sales. Intensities are broken down by IBOXX sector and are security weighted.
ESG aware	This product undertakes investments that explicitly assess and integrate the sustainability characteristics of companies in the investment process.
ESG benchmark	A ticked 'ESG benchmark' box reflects that the ESG section in this document compares the ESG performance of the portfolio with an ESG index. In case the box is not ticked, this means that the ESG section in this document compares the ESG performance of the portfolio with a non-ESG index or that no comparison is performed due to a lack of a recognized benchmark. The investor shall read the legal documentation of the Fund to understand how the benchmark is used. In any case, a ticked 'ESG benchmark' box does not mean that the ESG benchmark is used to attain the ESG strategy of the fund.
ESG Controversy Flag	ESG Controversy Flag is designed to provide timely and consistent assessments of ESG controversies involving publicly traded companies and fixed income issuers. A controversy case is typically a one-off event such as an environmental oil spill, an accident, or allegations such as safety issues in a production facility. Controversy flags can be red, orange, yellow or green. Red indicates that a company is involved in one or more very severe controversies. Orange indicates that a company has been involved in one or more recent severe structural controversies that are ongoing. Yellow indicates that the company is involved in severe-to-moderate level controversies. Green indicates that the company is not involved in any major controversies. For further information on the methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/our-solutions/esg-investing/ .
ESG Quality score	The ESG Quality score, based on MSCI ESG scores of underlyings, is measured on a scale from 0 (very poor) to 10 (very good). It does not correspond directly to the underlying Environment, Social and Governance Pillar scores. The Pillar scores are derived on an absolute basis, while the portfolio ESG Quality score is adjusted by MSCI to reflect the industry-specific level of ESG risk exposure. As Pillar scores are absolute, and the portfolio ESG Quality score is relative, the first cannot be averaged to derive the latter. The coverage rate is security weighted.
Issuer ESG Rating	Company and Government ESG Ratings, which are provided by MSCI ESG, are measured on a scale from AAA (highest rating) to CCC (lowest rating). Company ESG Ratings are based on the issuer's exposure to industry specific ESG risks and its ability to mitigate those risks relative to peers. Company ESG Ratings are calculated on an industry relative basis while the underlying individual E, S and G Ratings are absolute. Hence, the ESG Rating cannot be seen as an average of the individual E, S and G Ratings. Government ESG Ratings identify a country's exposure to and management of ESG risk factors and explain how these factors might impact the long-term sustainability of its economy. They are derived from 0-10 scores on underlying factors in the E, S and G pillars. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/our-solutions/esg-investing/ .
Ex post	Refers to metrics based on historical data
Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Scope 1 emissions are generated by a company directly from owned or controlled sources such as the burning of fuels (stationary or mobile), industrial processes, etc. Scope 2 emissions are indirect emissions, primarily those associated with the electricity consumed by a company. Scope 3 emissions are all other indirect emissions associated with a company's operations, such as business travel, waste generated, and products both upstream (in the supply chain) and downstream (use of the products and end of life). Scope 3 emissions typically account for the largest proportion of a company's emissions.
Maximum drawdown	Represents the worst possible result (in percentage terms) that occurred during the period being analyzed.
MTD	Month-to-date
MSCI	MSCI refers to the external data provider MSCI ESG Research LLC and/or its affiliates.
MSCI ESG Methodology	For further information on the methodology applied to assess the ESG characteristics of the investments, please refer to www.msci.com/our-solutions/esg-investing/
NAV	Net Asset Value
Not ratable / No data coverage	Where MSCI considers an asset type for ESG analysis but data on an economic exposure is unavailable due to a lack of data from the data vendor, the investment falls under the category "No data coverage". Where MSCI considers an asset type out of scope for ESG analysis (e.g. Cash, Currency), the economic exposure falls under the category "Not ratable". For further information regarding excluded asset types, please refer to www.msci.com/our-solutions/esg-investing/ .
Ongoing Charges	The calculation of the ongoing charge is based on the Committee of European Securities Regulators/10-674 Directive. For a maximum of 12 months from fund fiscal year end and since inception, the ongoing charges figure is based on estimated expenses. After that, the ongoing charges correspond to the TER of the last annual report. It excludes performance fees and portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling shares/units in another collective investment undertaking.
Portfolio ESG Rating	Discrepancies may exist between the portfolio-level ESG Rating calculated by CSAM applying the MSCI methodology (provided in this factsheet) and the ESG Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) CSAM uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) CSAM consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by CSAM. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/oursolutions/esg-investing/ .
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal	For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance.
QTD	Quarter-to-date
Rating	A measure of creditworthiness of a financial instrument (e.g. bond) or their issuer (e.g. corporate or sovereign). They are published by credit rating agencies and can be combined into a single representative metric.
Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR)	Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector
Sustainable investment objective	Where the 'sustainable investment objective' box is ticked, this means that the product implements CSAM investment strategies that allocate capital into companies that offer solutions to society's challenges and meet a sustainable investment objective. The sustainable investment objective is achieved through a dedicated investment process focusing on investments in themes and sectors whose economic activities address specific ESG challenges. An unticked box reflects that the product does not aim to meet a sustainable investment objective.
TNA	Total Net Assets
WAL	Weighted Average Life: the average length of time that each unit of unpaid principal is expected to remain outstanding.
YTD	Year-to-date

Warning statements

Asset breakdown	Indicative allocation may change over time. All holdings are shown strictly for information purposes only and do not constitute investment recommendations of Credit Suisse. Please note that this does not constitute an offer or a solicitation to buy or sell any interest or any investment.
Swinging Single Pricing	For more details, please refer to the relevant chapter "Net Asset Value" of the fund's prospectus
Performance start date	Performance calculation and presentation start with the first full month of an invested strategy. This can lead to a difference in launch and performance start dates.
PRIIP SRI	The Summary Risk Indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this Product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the Product will lose money because of movements in the markets.
Yield to maturity/Yield to worst	The shown yield to maturity/ yield to worst is calculated as of 31.03.2024 and does not take into account costs, changes in the portfolio, market fluctuations and potential defaults. The yield to maturity / yield to worst is an indication only and is subject to change.

ESG Notes

The figures contained in this section are not audited. Where ESG related information, statements and scorings are made in this document, CS may have, partially or entirely, relied on publicly available information, internally developed data and/or information obtained from other third-party sources which CS believes to be reliable. CS' ability to verify such ESG objectives may be limited by the reliability of the data available in respect of the underlying assets and the status of the regulations in relation to tracking and providing such data. CS has not independently verified any information obtained from these public and third-party sources and cannot make any representations or warranties as to its accuracy, completeness or reliability. It is possible that the data from ESG data providers may be incorrect, unavailable, or not fully updated. This is especially true where CS has limited access to data from external parties regarding the underlying elements of an investment, for example due to a lack of look-through data. Such data gaps could result in an incorrect assessment of a sustainability practice and/or related sustainability risks and opportunities. Investors shall not use the ESG data provided in this document for the sake of meeting their own regulatory disclosure or reporting requirements. CS cannot make any guarantee about the content or completeness of such ESG disclosures, which remain subject to change and cannot be relied upon. In particular, CS shall not be liable for any errors or omissions in connection with any ESG data herein, or for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits). In the absence of a standardized, industry-wide ESG classification system, CS has developed its own ESG framework (the "CS Sustainable Investment Framework"). Therefore, investors should note that the ESG classification of the fund reflects CS' opinion and is based on the CS Sustainable Investment Framework which classification may vary from the classification made by third parties. The fact that a fund follows the CS Sustainable Investment Framework does not necessarily mean that it meets the investors overall investment objectives, nor their sustainability preferences. Given that sustainability regulations and guidelines are still developing, CS may need to review certain ESG classifications/descriptions as industry practices change and as more regulatory guidance becomes available. The ESG-performance of a portfolio might also differ from its financial performance and CS cannot make any representation as to the correlation between financial and ESG performance. Sustainability-related practices also differ by region, industry and ESG issue and are continually evolving. Consequently, sustainability-related practices may change over time. Similarly, new local sustainability requirements may result in additional compliance costs, disclosure obligations or other restrictions on the fund. CS' view on the appropriate classification may also evolve over time, including in response to regulatory guidance or changes in industry approach to classification.

Risks associated with contingent capital securities

Potential capital loss: If the capital ratio of an issuing bank drops below a predetermined trigger, the CoCo bond will automatically be converted into equity or its nominal value will be written down in full or in part. In the event of a conversion to equity, investors may have to purchase the shares at a much lower price than when the CoCo bond was purchased. In the event of a writedown of the nominal value, investors may suffer the complete loss of their invested capital.

Forced conversion or writedown by the regulator: The regulatory authority may, at its own discretion, trigger a mandatory conversion or mandatory writedown even if the capital ratio is above the trigger level. The potential influence of the regulator introduces an additional uncertainty for investors in terms of the exact timing of the conversion or writedown of the CoCo bond.

High default risk: CoCos are subordinated bonds mostly with a noninvestment grade rating. A security of this type carries a higher default risk than a senior bond even if both are issued by the same issuer.

Full or partial coupon cancellation: Annual coupon payments on AT1 CoCos are discretionary, i.e. the bank may under certain conditions suspend interest payments in full or in part. This may lead to a partial or full cancellation of the coupon.

Liquidity risk: CoCos might exhibit low liquidity, particularly during stress phases. This can have negative implications for the fund, particularly if redemptions require securities to be sold during periods when demand is insufficient and the fund is consequently forced to sell at a significant discount.

Concentration on few securities: The fund invests in roughly 70 selected securities, thereby accepting a certain degree of concentration risk. If one of the securities defaults, investors may correspondingly suffer a relatively large loss.

High sector specific concentration risk: The fund focuses on issuers from the financial sector. This leads to a concentrated risk within a single sector, with the fund exposed to elevated systematic risks as a result. A high correlation may emerge among individual CoCos in the event of a new bank crisis, with the risk that the valuation of many CoCos may thus come under significant pressure and result in a substantial capital loss to investors.

Call risk: Future changes in legislation could lead to issuers no longer being able to count their CoCo bonds toward regulatory equity and consequently calling them early.

Risk of a rating downgrade: Since the fund invests mostly in noninvestment grade securities, it is subject to a higher risk of a rating downgrade and to an elevated default risk compared to investments in investment grade bonds.

Unrated bonds: Unrated bonds do not carry a rating from an independent rating agency. The fund may invest in unrated bonds.

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