# Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Corporate Bond <br> \author{ A sub-fund of The Jupiter Global Fund SICAV 

}

## Fund Objective

To achieve long term income and capital growth through investment in fixed interest securities of issuers exposed directly or indirectly to emerging market economies worldwide.

## Fund Management

Alejandro Arevalo joined Jupiter in 2016. Alejandro has managed the Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Corporate Bond fund since March 2017.

## Fund Information as at 31.05 .2018

## Product Information

| Fund Launch Date: | 07.03 .2017 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Benchmark: | JPM CEMBI Broad Diversified |
| Morningstar Category: | Global Emerging Markets |
| Bond |  |
| Lipper Classification: | Bond Emerging Markets |
| FE Sector: | Global Corporates |
|  | Fixed Int - Emerging Markets |


| Price Information |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Valuation Day: | Every Business Day in Luxembourg |
| Base Currency: | USD |
| Available On: | www.jupiteram.com |
| Fund Size |  |
| Fund Value: |  |
| Long Holdings: | USD 104m |
| Short Holdings: | 138 |
|  | 0 |

## Fund Performance as at 31.05 .2018

## Cumulative Performance (\%)

|  | 1 yr | 3 yrs | 5 yrs | 10 yrs | Since <br> Launch |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fund | 1.9 | - | - | - | 4.4 |
| Benchmark | 0.5 | - | - | - | 2.8 |

Year-on-year Performance (\%)

|  | $2017-2018$ | $2016-2017$ | 2015-2016 | 2014-2015 | 2013-2014 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fund | 1.9 | - | - | - | - |
| Benchmark | 0.5 | - | - | - | - |


| Calendar Year Performance (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| YTD |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fund |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Performance Since Launch (\%)


Past performance is no indication of current or future performance. Performance data does not take into account commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of shares. All performance figures in this factsheet are for the I USD ACC share class.
Source: FE, gross income reinvested, net of fees. 31.05.2018.

## Risks

Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. Investors should carefully read the Prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) before making any investment decision. The fund invests in developing geographical areas and there is a greater risk of volatility due to political and economic change; fees and expenses tend to be higher than in western markets. These markets are typically less liquid, with trading and settlement systems that are generally less reliable than in developed markets, which may result in large price movements or losses to the fund. The fund invests primarily in bonds which have a low rating or are not rated by a credit rating agency including high yield and distressed bonds (i.e. bonds issued by companies and/or governments that are experiencing financial or operational problems or may be in bankruptcy). While such bonds may offer a higher income, the interest paid on them and their capital value is at greater risk of not being repaid, particularly during periods of changing market conditions. Bond values are sensitive to interest rate changes and downgrades by credit agencies. The value of monthly income payments will fluctuate. The fund manager can use derivatives for investment purposes, to take long and short positions based on their view of the market direction, so the fund's performance is unlikely to track the performance of broader bond and equity markets. Taking short positions creates the opportunity for a fund to deliver positive returns in falling markets, but also means that a fund could deliver negative returns in rising markets. The potential loss on a short position is unlimited, because the price of the underlying investment can carry on rising. Investment in financial derivative instruments can introduce leverage risks which can amplify gains or losses in the fund. There is also a risk that counterparties to derivatives may become insolvent, which may cause losses to the fund. In difficult market conditions, reduced liquidity in bond markets may make it harder for the manager to sell assets at the quoted price. This could have a negative impact on the value of your investment. In extreme market conditions, certain assets may become hard to sell in a timely manner or at a fair price. This could affect the Fund's ability to meet investors' redemption requests upon demand. Some share classes charge all of their expenses to capital, which can reduce the potential for capital growth. Please see the Prospectus for information. The KIID and Prospectus are available from Jupiter on request. This fund can invest more than $35 \%$ of its value in securities issued or guaranteed by an EEA state. For definitions please see the glossary of this factsheet or at www.jupiteram.com.

## Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Corporate Bond

A sub-fund of The Jupiter Global Fund SICAV

Fund Holdings as at 31.05 .2018

| Top Ten Holdings \% of Net Assets |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| US Treasury 2.875\% 31/05/25 | $2.9 \%$ |
| Koks 7.5\% 04/05/22 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Agua Y Saneamientos Argentinos SA 6.625\% 01/02/23 | $1.2 \%$ |
| SMC Global Power 7.5\% 07/11/19 | $1.1 \%$ |
| HPCL Mittal Energy 5.25\% 28/04/27 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Geopark 6.5\% 21/09/24 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Lundin Mining 7.875\% 11/01/20 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Perusahaan Listrik Negara 6.15\% 21/05/48 | $1.0 \%$ |
| srael Electric Corp 7.25\% 15/01/19 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Minejesa Capital 4.625\% 10/08/30 | $1.0 \%$ |
| Total | $12.3 \%$ |
|  |  |
| Credit Rating | $2.9 \%$ |
| AAA | $0.9 \%$ |
| AA | $3.0 \%$ |
| A | $23.4 \%$ |
| BBB | $33.7 \%$ |
| BB | $24.4 \%$ |
| B | $1.5 \%$ |
| CCC | $5.5 \%$ |
| Not Rated | $95.2 \%$ |


| Geographical Allocation |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Short | Long |
| Caribbean \& Latin America | $30.0 \%$ |  |
| Asia Pacific ex Japan | $25.7 \%$ |  |
| Emerging Europe | $12.1 \%$ |  |
| Africa | $10.5 \%$ |  |
| Middle East | $9.7 \%$ |  |
| North America | $4.7 \%$ |  |
| Europe ex UK | $2.5 \%$ |  |
| Cash | $95.2 \%$ |  |
| Total' | $4.8 \%$ |  |
| 'The figures may not equal 100\% due to rounding. | $100.0 \%$ |  |

## Charges and Codes

| Share Class | Income Distribution Policy | ISIN | Bloomberg | Valor | Initial Charge (max.) | Ongoing Charges Figure | Annual Manag Charge (max.) | SEDOL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I USD ACC | Accumulation | LU1551065813 | JUGEIUA LX | 35465461 | 5.00\% | 0.79\% | 0.65\% | BDQZ5G0 |

The Ongoing Charges Figure is based on fees and expenses for the year ended 30 September 2017. It includes the Annual Management Charge and aggregate operating fees chargeable to the fund. Where the fund invests in other funds, it includes the impact of the charges made in those funds. Jupiter does not engage in stock lending. For details of all share classes and fees and charges, please refer to the Prospectus and Annual Report for each financial year.

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## Jupiter Global Emerging Markets Corporate Bond

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## Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

Absolute return: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.
Ask / Bid price: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.
Bond: a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/ government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See Coupon.
CFROI: means cash flow return on investment.
Convertibles: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See Bond.
Coupon: denotes the interest in \% paid on a bond. See Bond.
Credit rating: an assessment of a borrower's creditworthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.
Delta/Weighted Average Delta: delta measures the change in value of a derivative from a change in the price of the underlying asset. It is sometimes referred to as the "hedge ratio." Weighted Average Delta refers to the overall delta of a collection of derivatives based on the delta of each individual derivative and their respective "weight" or size in the collection as a whole. See Derivative.
Derivative: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See Hedge, Leverage.
Distribution Yield: the total interest paid by a fund divided by the fund's value.
Duration/Modified Duration: Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. Modified duration estimates the effect that a $1 \%$ change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund. Effective duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See Bond.
Equity: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.
Exchange Traded Fund (ETF): a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.
Exposure: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure.
Fixed interest/income: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See Bond.
Floating rate note (FRN): a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to
a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See Bond.
Futures: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See Bond Future, Derivative.

Gearing: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See Leverage.
Gross exposure: the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See Net exposure.
Hedge: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See Derivative.
High Water Mark: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12month accounting period. See Net Asset Value.
High yield bond: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See Bond, Coupon.
Hurdle Rate: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See Performance fee.
Leverage: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See Notional value.
Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.
Long/short position: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.
Maturity: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See Bond.
Money market: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. Money market instruments are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.
Net asset value: in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.
Net exposure: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See Gross Exposure, Long/short Position.
Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See Bond.
Notional value: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See Derivative.
Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC): a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See Net Asset Value.
Performance fee: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a hurdle rate.
Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also Equity.
SICAV: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.
Spread: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See Ask/ Bid price.
Total return: the capital gain or loss plus any income
generated by an investment over a given period.
Unit Trust: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.
Value at Risk (VaR): value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.
Volatility: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.
Yield: the rate of interest or income on an investment, usually expressed as a percentage.

