

Strategy

The fund aims to generate stable, natural income and capital growth over a market cycle by investing primarily in Asia Pacific assets, while managing volatility and drawdown. The fund follows a team approach with portfolio managers drawing upon the expertise of the broader multi asset team and Fidelity's research capabilities. The fund is unconstrained and is managed actively with a flexible investment approach to navigate different market environments and deliver consistently on the objectives. It seeks to capture attractive income opportunities from a diversified range of traditional and alternative asset classes while managing volatility and drawdown in volatile markets.

Objectives & Investment Policy

Objective: The fund aims to achieve capital growth over the medium to long term and provide income.

Investment Policy: The fund invests at least 70% of its assets, in equities and debt securities issued governments, quasi-governments or companies that are listed, headquartered or do most of their business in the Asia Pacific region including Australia and New Zealand and excluding Japan. These investments may be from emerging markets and some bond investments may be below investment grade.

The fund may invest in the following assets according to the percentages indicated:

equities: up to 80%

below investment grade bonds: up to 50%

eligible commodity exposure: up to 10%

eligible REITs: up to 30%

investment grade bonds: up to 75%

China A and B shares and listed onshore bonds (directly and/or indirectly): less than 50% (in aggregate)

hybrids and contingent convertible (CoCo) bonds: less than 30%, with less than 20% in CoCos

money market instruments: up to 30%

SPACs: less than 5%.

The fund may also invest in other subordinated financial debt and preference shares.

The fund's exposure to distressed securities is limited to 10% of its assets.

Investment Process: In actively managing the fund, the Investment Manager combines macroeconomic, market and fundamental company analysis to flexibly allocate investments across asset classes and geographic areas based on their potential to generate capital growth and income within the portfolio. The Investment Manager takes into account Sustainability Risks in its investment process.

For more information, see "Sustainable Investing and ESG Integration".

Derivatives and Techniques: The fund may use derivatives for hedging, efficient portfolio management and investment purposes.

Benchmark: None.

Fund Facts

Launch date: 31.05.16

Portfolio manager: George Efstathopoulos, Becky Qin, Evelyn Huang

Appointed to fund: 31.05.16, 01.10.22, 01.01.24

Years at Fidelity: 13, 10, 2

Fund size: € 64m

Number of allocations in fund: 12

Fund reference currency: US Dollar (USD)

Fund domicile: Luxembourg

Fund legal structure: SICAV

Management company: FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

Capital guarantee: No

Share Class Facts

Other share classes may be available. Please refer to the prospectus for more details.

Launch date: 11.07.18

NAV price in share class currency: 7.893

ISIN: LU1846738604

SEDOL: BDFSN99

Bloomberg: FFMAEUH LX

Distribution type: Accumulating

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year: 1.79% (30.04.23)

OCF takes into account annual management charge per year: 1.25%

Risk Indicator



The risk indicator assumes you keep the product for 3 years. The actual risk can vary significantly if you cash in at the early stage and you may get back less.

The summary risk indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the product will lose money because of movements in the markets or because we are not able to pay you. We have classified this product as 3 out of 7, which is a medium risk class. This rates the potential losses from future performance at a medium level, and poor market conditions could impact the capacity to pay you. Returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. This product does not include any protection from future market performance so you could lose some or all of your investment. If FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. is not able to pay you what is owed, you could lose your entire investment.

Important Information

The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested. The use of financial derivative instruments may result in increased gains or losses within the fund. This fund invests in emerging markets which can be more volatile than other more developed markets. Liquidity is a measure of how easily an investment can be converted into cash. Under certain market conditions assets may be more difficult to value or sell at a desired price. This could affect the fund's ability to meet redemptions in a timely manner. There is a risk that the issuers of bonds may not be able to repay the money they have borrowed or make interest payments. When interest rates rise, bonds may fall in value. Rising interest rates may cause the value of your investment to fall. The investment policy of this fund means it invests mainly in other funds or invests mainly in units in collective investment schemes. Funds are subject to charges and expenses. Charges and expenses reduce the potential growth of your investment. This means you could get back less than you paid in. The costs may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. Please refer to the Prospectus and KID of the fund before making any final investment decisions. When referring to sustainability - related aspects of the promoted fund, the decision to invest should take into account all characteristics or objectives of the promoted fund as detailed in the Prospectus. Information on sustainability-related aspects is provided pursuant to SFDR at <https://www.fidelity.lu/sfdr-entity-disclosures>.

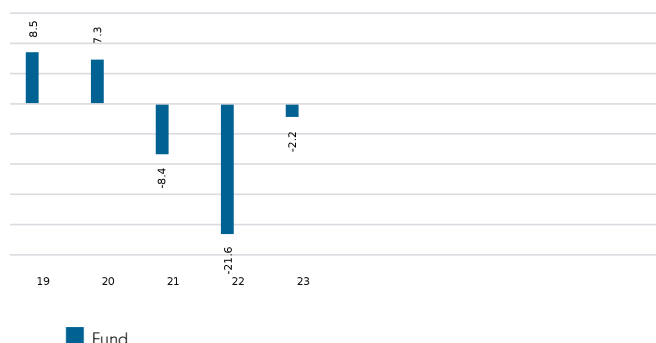
Past performance does not predict future returns. Currency hedging is used to substantially reduce the risk of losses from unfavourable exchange rate movements on holdings in currencies that differ from the dealing currency. The investment which is promoted concerns the acquisition of units or shares in a fund, and not in a given underlying asset owned by the fund.

Cumulative performance in EUR (rebased to 100)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

Performance for calendar years in EUR (%)



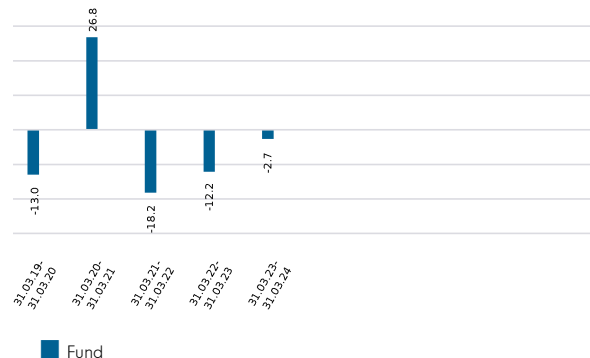
Performance to 31.03.24 in EUR (%)

	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	Since 11.07.18*
Fund cumulative growth	1.6	1.1	1.1	-2.7	-30.1	-22.8	-21.1
Fund annualised growth	-	-	-	-2.7	-11.2	-5.1	-4.0

Source of fund performance and volatility and risk measures is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge. Basis: nav-nav with income reinvested, in EUR, net of fees. If you took an initial charge of 5.25% from an investment, this is the equivalent of reducing a growth rate of 6% per annum over 5 years to 4.9%. This is the highest initial charge applicable, if the initial charge you pay is less than 5.25%, the impact on the overall performance will be less. Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

*Performance commencement date.

Performance for 12 month periods in EUR (%)



Volatility & Risk (3 years)

Annualised Volatility: fund (%)	14.18
Sharpe Ratio: fund	-0.87

Calculated using month-end data points. Definitions of these terms can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet.

Introduction

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The Top Allocations table shows the manager's choice of investment disciplines, funds or other holdings. It includes cash held as a strategic investment. Investment disciplines includes the use of "pools". For internal management purposes, Fidelity forms "pools" to co-manage assets from different funds. (These pools are not directly available to customers and do not constitute separate entities.)

Top Allocations (% TNA)

Allocation	Sub-Asset Class	% TNA
Fidelity Funds - Asia Pacific Multi Asset Growth and Income Pool	Non Standard	20.8
Fidelity Funds - Multi Asset Asia Defensive Equities Pool	Equity	18.6
Fidelity Funds - Asian Bond	Investment Grade Bonds	16.7
Fidelity Funds - Asia Pacific Dividend	Equity	15.3
Fidelity Funds - Solutions Asian High Yield Pool	High yield bonds	14.6
Fidelity Funds - Asian Smaller Companies	Equity	7.3
Fidelity Funds - Emerging Market Local Currency Debt	EM Debt - Local Currency	2.4
Fidelity Funds - Japan Growth Pool	Equity	1.5
Fidelity Funds - China Focus	Equity	1.4
Fidelity Funds - China Consumer	Equity	1.0

Figures may not always sum to totals due to rounding

Glossary / additional notes

Volatility & Risk

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility and will be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index.

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned less than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund's return, then dividing the result by the fund's volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund's expected return (based on its beta) and the fund's actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would be expected given its beta.

Beta: a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets.

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund's excess returns. The higher the fund's tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index.

Information ratio: a measure of a fund's effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund's annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund's tracking error.

R²: a measure representing the degree to which a fund's return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund's performance can be explained by the index. If the R² is 0.5 or lower, the fund's beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

Ongoing charges

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds with fixed ongoing charges, this may not vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes undergoing corporate actions (eg amendment to annual management charge), the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the criteria are met for an actual ongoing charges figure to be published.

The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges.

It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another collective investment undertaking.

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

Historic yield

The historic yield for a fund is based on its dividends declared over the preceding 12 months. It is calculated by summing the dividend rates declared in that period, divided by the price as at the date of publication. Declared dividends may not be confirmed and may be subject to change. Where 12 months of declared dividend data does not exist a historic yield will not be published.

Sector/industry classification

GICS: The Global Industry Classification Standard is a taxonomy mainly used across MSCI and S&P indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 69 industries and 158 sub-industries. More information is available at <http://www.msci.com/gics>

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark is a taxonomy mainly used across FTSE Russell indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 industries, 20 supersectors, 45 sectors and 173 subsectors. More information is available at <https://www.ftserussell.com/data/industry-classification-benchmark-icb>

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange's First Section. It is calculated and published by the TSE.

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index - All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

Independent Assessment

Primary share class: is identified by Morningstar when the analysis calls for only one share class per fund to be in the peer group. It is the share class Morningstar recommends as the best proxy for the portfolio for the relevant market and category/GIF combination. In most cases the share class chosen will be the most retail version (based upon actual management charge, inception date, distribution status, currency and other factors) unless a share class that is less retail focused has a much longer track record. It is different to the oldest share class data point in that it is on an available for sale level and not all markets will have the oldest share class for sale in that region. The Primary share class is also based on category so each available for sale/category combination for the fund will have its own primary share class.



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This share class is registered and distributed in the following locations: Hungary, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Oman, Qatar, Spain.

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Documentation can also be obtained from the following paying agents/distributors: **Hungary** - Raiffeisenbank Zentralbank Österreich AG, Akademia u. 6, 1054 Budapest.

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