(an open-ended umbrella unit trust)

**Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements** 

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

Registration No. C402109

# **Table of Contents**

	Page
Directors of the Manager and Other Information	1
Statement of the Manager's Responsibilities	2
Investment Manager's Report	3
Trustee's Report to the Unitholders	4
Independent Auditors' Report	5-7
Statement of Financial Position	8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	9
Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units	10
Statement of Cash Flows	11
Notes to the Financial Statements	12-28
Schedule of Investments	29-30
Statement of Material Changes in the Composition of the Portfolio (unaudited)	31-32
Appendix I: UCITS V – Remuneration Disclosure (unaudited)	33

# **Directors of the Manager and Other Information**

#### **Directors of the Manager**

Julian Alworth (USA)
Cormac Byrne (Ireland)\*
Michele Calzolari (Italy)\*
David Costin (UK and USA) (resigned 27 November 2020)
Fergal O'Leary (Ireland)\*

# **Investment Manager**

Foundation Asset Management (HK) Limited Suite 2703 Tower One Lippo Centre 89 Queensway Hong Kong

# Manager

European and Global Investments Limited 28-32 Upper Pembroke Street Dublin 2 Ireland

# Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent

CACEIS Ireland Limited
One Custom House Plaza
International Financial Services Centre
Dublin 1
Ireland

#### **Trustee**

CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch One Custom House Plaza International Financial Services Centre Dublin 1 Ireland

# Legal Advisers in Ireland

Dillon Eustace 33 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 Ireland

# **Independent Auditor**

Grant Thornton 13-18 City Quay Dublin 2 Ireland

# Secretary of the Manager

Tudor Trust Limited 33 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 Ireland

<sup>\*</sup>Non-executive Director.

# Statement of the Manager's Responsibilities

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

European and Global Investments Limited (the "Manager") is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements for each financial period in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The financial statements are required to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Apuano Funds (or the "Trust") at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss of the Trust for the financial period. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will continue in business.

The Manager is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Ireland and comply with the provisions of the Trust Deed and the UCITS Regulations.

The Manager has delegated responsibility for the administration of the Trust's affairs to CACEIS Ireland Limited for the purpose of maintaining proper accounting records. Accordingly, the accounting records are kept at CACEIS Ireland Limited, One Custom House Plaza, International Financial Services Centre, Dublin 1, Ireland. CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch is responsible for the safekeeping of the assets of the Trust in accordance with the Trust Deed. In this regards, it has entrusted the assets of the Trust to CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch for safekeeping in accordance with the Trust Deed.

The Manager is responsible for the maintenance and the integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Investment Manager's website <a href="www.egifunds.com">www.egifunds.com</a>. Legislation in the Republic of Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### Dealings with connected persons

Regulation 43(1) of the UCITS Regulations "Restrictions of transactions with connected persons" states that "A responsible person shall ensure that any transaction between a UCITS and a connected person is conducted a) at arm's length; and b) in the best interest of the unitholders of the UCITS".

As required under UCITS Regulation 81.4, the Manager, as responsible person is satisfied that: (i) there are arrangements in place, evidenced by written procedures, to ensure that the obligations set out in Regulation 43(1) of the Central Bank UCITS Regulations are applied transactions with connected persons; and (ii) all transactions with connected parties entered into during the financial period complied with the obligations set out in that regulation.

The Manager has reviewed and assessed the measures included in the Irish Funds Industry Association Corporate Governance Code for Irish Domiciled Collective Investment Schemes and Management Companies issued on December 14, 2011 with effect from December 31, 2012 and considers its corporate governance practices and procedures throughout the period to be consistent therewith.

Signed on behalf of the Manager by:

Cormac Byrne Director

Date: 21 April 2021

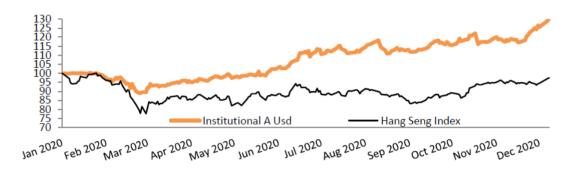
# **Investment Manager's Report**

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# Institutional A Usd Class Monthly Return (%)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
2020	0.11	-4.77	-2.03	3.57	1.85	5.15	8.21	3.81	-2.78	4.11	-0.35	11.63	31.02

# Performance - from 24/01/2020 to 31/12/2020



#### **Market Overview**

The Chinese equity market staged a V-shape recovery throughout 2020. The COVID-19 outbreak in early 2020 started to weigh on the market performance and then deteriorated to a sharp dive in March when the panic over the virus hit the peak. Hang Seng Index plunged as much as 23% to year-low in mid-March from the beginning of the year. Given its effective control of the spread of the virus, China was the first country to bottom out from the pandemic woe while other countries in the world were still plagued by COVID-19. As such, China's economy recovered quickly with the official manufacturing PMI swinging back to expansion in March from contraction a month ago while GDP growth returned to +3.2% in 2Q20 after -6.8% in 1Q20. Given China's resilient fundamentals, Chinese growth stocks, in particular new economy stocks, led the rally first until they entered consolidation beginning in November until the year end. Sector rotation to value stocks gained steam from November as the market expected the vaccines to restore global economic activities.

# **Fund Performance**

The Apuano Foundation China Fund (the "Fund") registered a positive return of 31.02% for 2020, outperforming the 3.4% decrease of the Hang Seng Index and 26.7% gain of MSCI China. The Fund's annualised volatility of 16.5% since inception was significantly lower than the 21.2% of the Hang Seng Index. The outperformance was attributable to our robust bottom-up stock picking technique and flexible hedging strategy. The Fund compared favorably with the Hang Seng Index even during the tough period when the Fund only fell 11% in mid-March since inception vs Hang Seng Index's 22% drop. The Fund performance quickly returned to positive territory in mid-June as the Fund held high quality large cap names that were resilient to the adverse macro environment given their strong growth prospects and healthy cash flow. In November, the Fund made a significant rebalancing to allocate more to high quality value stocks, laying the foundation for a decent performance in December.

Foundation Asset Management (HK) Limited January 2021



# Apuano Funds

# Annual Trustee Report to unitholders

We, CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch, appointed Trustee to Apuano Funds ('the Trust') provide this report solely for the unitholders of the Trust for the year ended 31 December 2020 ("Annual Accounting Period").

This report is provided in accordance with the UCITS Regulations - European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 352 of 2011) (as amended) and the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48 (1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2015 which implemented Directive 2009/65/EU into Irish Law (the "Regulations"). We do not, in the provision of this report, accept nor assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown.

In accordance with our Trustee obligations as provided for under the Regulations, we have enquired into the conduct of the Trust for this Annual Accounting Period and we hereby report thereon to the unitholders of the Trust as follows;

We are of the opinion that the Trust has been managed during the Annual Accounting Period, in all material respects:

- (i) in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers of the Trust by the constitutional documents and by the Regulations; and
- (ii) otherwise in accordance with the provisions of the constitutional documents and the Regulations.

CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch

21 April 2021



# Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of Apuano Funds

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

# **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Apuano Funds (or the "Trust") for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Participating Units, Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is Irish law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion, Apuano Funds financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union of the state of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Trust as at 31 December 2020 and of its financial performance for the financial period then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the UCITS Regulations and the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2019 (the "Central Bank UCITS Regulations")

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) ('ISAs (Ireland)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, namely the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA) Ethical Standard concerning the integrity, objectivity and independence of the auditor, and the ethical pronouncements established by Chartered Accountants Ireland, applied as determined to be appropriate in the circumstances for the Trust. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors of the Manager's use of going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the original financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors of the Manager with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### **Other information**

Other information comprises information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Directors of the Manager are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies in the financial statements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.



# Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of Apuano Funds

# Responsibilities of the Directors of the Manager for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the statement of Manager's responsibilities, the Directors of the Manager are responsible for the financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union, and for such internal control as they determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors of the Manager are responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors of the Manager either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors of the Manager are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.

# Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

The auditor's objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), the auditor will exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. The auditor will also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for their opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Trust's internal control;
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors of the Manager;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors of the Manager use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If they conclude that a material uncertainty exists, they are required to draw attention in the auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify their opinion. Their conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern; and
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a matter that achieves a true and fair view.

The auditor communicates with the Directors of the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that may be identified during the audit.



# Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of Apuano Funds (continued)

# The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Trust's unitholders, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trust's unitholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Trust and the Trust's unitholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

David Lynch

For and on behalf of

**Grant Thornton** 

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm 13 – 18 City Quay
Dublin 2

Date: 21 April 2021

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2020

Assets	Note	Apuano Foundation China Fund* 31 December 2020 USD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
- Transferable securities	4	25 704 244
- Derivative contracts	4	25,791,341 115,704
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,871,820
Margin cash	6	633,437
Receivable for securities sold		1,116,396
Interest and dividend receivable		16,358
Other assets		5.386
Total assets	_	29,550,442
Liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: - Derivative contracts Payable for securities purchased Management fees payable Performance fees payable Administrator fees payable Trustee fees payable Audit fees payable Other liabilities Total liabilities	4 8 8 8 8	176,090 541,201 52,693 990,644 3,161 2,039 13,121 71,580 1,850,529
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	****	27,699,913

<sup>\*</sup>Apuano Foundation China Fund commenced operations on 24 January 2020. As Apuano Foundation China Fund was the only Sub-Fund of the Trust as at 31 December 2020, the above details and those in the accompanying notes also represent the total for the Trust as at 31 December 2020.

The notes on pages 12 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Signed on behalf of the Manager by:

Cormac Byrne Director

Date: 21 April 2021

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

		Apuano Foundation China Fund* For the financial
		period ended
		31 December 2020
	Note	USD
Income		
Dividend income	3	129,267
Interest income	3	3,094
Total income		132,361
Expenses		
Management fees	8	339,219
Performance fees	8	990,644
Administrator fees	8	40,751
Trustee fees	8	32,782
Audit fees		13,121
Legal fees		16,397
Transfer Agency fees		9,435
Transaction costs	3	255,815
Establishment fees	3	105,657
Other fees and expenses		74,746
Total expenses		1,878,567
Net investment loss		(1,746,206)
Net realised and unrealised gain/(loss) on investments and foreign currency		
Net realised gain on foreign currency	5	71,157
Realised gain from investments at fair value through profit and loss Change in unrealised gain from investments at fair value through	5	3,750,807
profit and loss	5	4,495,737
Energy costs		8,317,701
Finance costs Withholding toy		(7.570)
Withholding tax	3	(7,579)
Interest expense	3	(7,324)
		(14,903)
Change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units re-	sulting	
from operations		6,556,592

<sup>\*</sup>Apuano Foundation China Fund commenced operations on 24 January 2020. As Apuano Foundation China Fund was the only Sub-Fund of the Trust for the financial period from 19 December 2019 to 31 December 2020, the above details and those in the accompanying notes also represent the total for the Trust for the financial period.

All amounts arose solely from continuing operations. There were no recognised gains or losses other than those dealt with in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The notes on pages 12 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

**Apuano Foundation China** Fund\* For the financial period ended 31 December 2020 USD Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for dealing purposes at beginning of the period Change in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units resulting from operations 6,556,592 Share capital transactions Redeemable units issued 22,982,314 (1,838,993) Redeemable units redeemed Net increase in net assets resulting from share capital transactions 21,143,321 Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units at end of period 27,699,913

The notes on pages 12 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup>Apuano Foundation China Fund commenced operations on 24 January 2020. As Apuano Foundation China Fund was the only Sub-Fund of the Trust for the financial period from 19 December 2019 to 31 December 2020, the above details and those in the accompanying notes also represent the total for the Trust for the financial period.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

	Apuano Foundation China Fund* For the financial period ended 31 December 2020 USD
Cash flows from operating activities	
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units resulting	
from operations	6,556,592
Cash flows used in operating activities	
Increase in net accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,133,238
Movement in margin cash balance	(633,437)
Increase in interest and dividend receivable	(16,358)
Increase in other assets	(5,386)
Movement in financial assets and financial liabilities	(26,306,150)
Net cash used in operating activities	(19,271,501)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Proceeds from issue of redeemable units	22,982,314
Payments on redemption of redeemable units	(1,838,993)
Net cash provided by financing activities	21,143,321
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,871,820
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	<u>-</u> _
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1,871,820
Net cash flow from operating activities and financing activities includes:	
Interest received	3,094
Interest paid	(7,324)
Dividend received	112,909

<sup>\*</sup>Apuano Foundation China Fund commenced operations on 24 January 2020. As Apuano Foundation China Fund was the only Sub-Fund of the Trust for the financial period from 19 December 2019 to 31 December 2020, the above details and those in the accompanying notes also represent the total for the Trust for the financial period.

The notes on pages 12 to 28 form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Apuano Funds is an open-ended umbrella unit trust (the "Trust") established on 19 December 2019. The Trust has been authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland (the "Central Bank") as a UCITS pursuant to the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011, (as amended) (the "UCITS Regulations") and the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2019 as amended (the "Central Bank UCITS Regulations") on 19 December 2019

The Trust is structured as an umbrella fund and may comprise several Sub-Funds each representing a separate portfolio of assets.

The Trust currently has one Sub-Fund, the Apuano Foundation China Fund (the "Sub-Fund") which was authorised on 19 December 2019. The Sub-Fund launched on 24 January 2020.

# Investment objective

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to achieve long-term capital appreciation by primarily investing in equities and equity-related securities issued by companies that are incorporated in China or companies which have significant operations in or derive a significant portion of revenue or profits from China.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 have been prepared in accordance with the UCITS Regulations and the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement) Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2019 (the "Central Bank UCITS Regulations") and in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union ("EU").

# (b) Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

# (c) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in US Dollar ("USD"), which is the Sub-Fund's functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates.

# (d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that may affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the financial period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that financial period or in the financial period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### (e) New standards and interpretations

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2021, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Trust.

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### (a) Financial assets/financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

#### Classification

The Trust classifies its investments based on both the Trust's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Trust is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Trust has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are presented as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. As such, the Trust classifies all of its investment portfolio as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The Trust's policy requires the Manager to evaluate the information about these financial assets and financial liabilities on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

#### Recognition/Derecognition

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date, which is the date that the Trust commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at cost, and transaction costs for all financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed as incurred. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Trust has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the financial period in which they arise.

#### **Fair Value Estimation**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Trust utilises the mid-market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities. Use of mid-market pricing results in a valuation of an asset or liability at the mid-point of the bid-ask spread.

For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques, which include using arm's length transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same; discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models making as much use of available and supportable market data as possible.

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the end of the reporting period.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (a) Financial assets/financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

# **Forward Foreign Currency Contracts**

The Trust may enter into forward foreign currency contracts. All forward foreign currency contracts are fair valued using exchange rates prevailing at the relevant valuation date for the remaining period to maturity and any resulting unrealised gains are recorded as financial assets and unrealised losses as financial liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position, accordingly. Realised gains and losses are recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income at the time that the forward foreign currency contracts settle.

#### **Futures Contracts**

Futures contracts are contracts for delayed delivery of commodities, securities or money market instruments in which the seller agrees to make delivery at a specified future date of a specified commodity or instrument, at a specified price or yield. Gains and losses on futures are recorded by the Trust based upon market fluctuations and are recorded as realised or unrealised gains or losses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. All financial assets and financial liabilities are presented gross as at 31 December 2020.

# Realised Gains and Losses from Sale of Investments

Realised gains and losses on investment transactions are calculated using the average cost method. Gains and losses realised on the sale of all financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# (b) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into USD at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the Statement of Financial Position date are translated into USD at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling as at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value through profit or loss are translated into USD at the exchange rate as at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into USD using the exchange rate as at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency differences arising on translation and on derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the realised gain/(loss) on foreign exchange line.

# (c) Interest income and interest expense

Interest income is earned from deposits held at bank held by the Sub-Fund. Interest expense comprises of interest incurred from short-term overdraft balances and certain deposit accounts. Interest income and interest expense are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual basis.

#### (d) Dividend income

Dividends are credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the dates on which the relevant securities are listed as "ex-dividend". Income is shown gross of any non-recoverable withholding taxes, which is disclosed separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, and net of any tax credits.

#### (e) Taxation

The Trust is an investment undertaking as defined in section 739B of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997. Therefore, the Trust will not be liable to Irish tax in respect of its income and gains, other than on the occurrence of a chargeable event. A chargeable event includes any distribution payments to unitholders or any encashment, redemption or transfer of units or the ending period for which the investments was held.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (e) Taxation (continued)

Generally, a chargeable event arises on any distributions, redemption, repurchase, cancellation, transfer of units or the ending of a "relevant period". A relevant period is an eight year period beginning with the acquisition of the units by the unitholder and each subsequent period of eight years beginning immediately after the preceding relevant period.

A gain on a chargeable event does not arise in respect of:

- a unitholder who is not an Irish resident and not ordinarily resident in Ireland at the time of the chargeable event, provided the necessary signed statutory declarations are held by the Trust;
- (ii) certain exempted Irish tax resident investors who have provided the Trust with the necessary signed statutory declarations;
- (iii) an exchange of units arising on a qualifying amalgamation or reconstruction of the Trust with another fund:
- (iv) any transaction in relation to units held in a recognised clearing system as designated by order of the Revenue Commissioners of Ireland;
- (v) certain exchanges of units between spouses and former spouses on the occasion of judicial separation and/or divorce; and
- (vi) an exchange by a unitholder, effected by way of an arm's length bargain where no payment is made to the unitholder of units in the Trust for other units in the Trust.

Capital gains, dividends and interest (if any) received on investments made by the Trust may be subject to withholding taxes imposed by the country from which the investment income/gains are received and such taxes may not be recoverable by the Trust or its unitholders.

In the absence of an appropriate declaration, the Trust will be liable for Irish tax on the occurrence of a chargeable event and the Trust reserves its right to withhold such taxes from the relevant unitholders. There were no chargeable events in the financial period under review.

# (f) Expenses

The Sub-Fund of the Trust pays all of its expenses and such proportion of the Trust's expenses as is attributable to it. All expenses are accrued on a daily basis as part of net asset valuation. See Note 8 "Charges and Expenses" for further details on fees paid by the Sub-Fund.

# (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term investments in an active market with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are presented as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

# (h) Margin cash

Margin cash consists of cash holdings with brokers transferred as collateral against derivatives. Margin overdrafts are presented as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. Margin cash is restricted.

#### (i) Units

Unitholders may redeem their units in respect of any dealing day. All redemptions will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis, i.e. by reference to the redemption price calculated in respect of the Sub-Fund as at the valuation point on the relevant valuation day. In accordance with IAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Presentation", such instruments give rise to a financial liability for the present value of the redemption amount.

# (j) Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses consist of expenses outstanding payment.

# (k) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, issue or disposal of a financial asset or financial liability. An incremental cost is one that would not have been incurred if the Trust had not acquired, issued or disposed of the financial instrument.

When a financial asset or financial liability is recognised initially, an entity shall measure it at its fair value through profit or loss plus, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (k) Transaction costs (continued)

Transaction costs on the purchase and sale of some derivative instruments are included in the purchase and sale price of an investment. They cannot be practically or reliably gathered as they are embedded in the cost of the investment and cannot be separately verified or disclosed. Only transaction costs which are separately identifiable are disclosed. These include transaction costs paid to CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch and sub-custodians, identifiable brokerage charges, identifiable transaction related taxes and other market charges and separately identifiable transaction costs related to derivative financial instruments.

# (I) Subscription fee

A subscription fee may be added to the issue price of the initial issue of units and may be retained by the Manager or by any placing or sales agent or agents or distributors appointed by the Manager for its or their absolute use or benefit and shall not form part of the assets of the relevant Sub-Fund. The Manager may at its sole discretion waive such subscription fee or differentiate between applicants as to the amount of such subscription fee within the permitted limits.

In the case of units issued subsequently to the initial issue of units in the relevant Sub-Fund the Manager shall deduct a subscription fee not exceeding five per cent (5%) of the total subscription amount from the total subscription amount and such fee may differ between Sub-Funds and classes of units in a particular Sub-Fund. A subscription fee applied upon any subsequent issue of units shall be deducted from the total subscription amount upon issue of units and shall be paid to the Manager or to any placing or sales agents or distributors appointed by the Manager for its or their absolute use or benefit and shall not form part of the assets of the relevant Sub-Fund.

#### (m) Establishment fees

For the purpose of calculating the dealing Net Asset Value and as per the Trust's Prospectus, the preliminary expenses incurred in connection with the establishment and initial issue of units in the Sub-Fund when incurred will be amortised over the first three financial years of the Trust. However, as required by IFRS, this expense must be written off when incurred and so these financial statements have been adjusted accordingly, as set out in Note 11 "Reconciliation of the Dealing Net Asset Value to Financial Statements Net Asset Value". This is for financial purposes only and has no impact on the Dealing Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund.

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

# (a) Overall risk management

The main risks arising from the Trust's investments are market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and leverage. Further details of the risks associated with an investment in the Trust are set out in the Prospectus.

The Trust is also exposed to operational risk such as custodian/counterparty risk. Custodian/counterparty risk is the risk of loss being incurred on securities in custody as a result of the counterparty's or the Trustee's insolvency, negligence, misuse of assets, fraud, poor administration or inadequate record-keeping. In the event that one of the Trust's counterparties or Trustee becomes bankrupt and/or fails to segregate the Trust's assets on deposit as required, the Trust may be subject to a risk of loss. Although an appropriate legal framework is in place that reduces the risk of loss of value of the securities held by the counterparty, in the event of its failure, the ability of the Trust to transfer the securities might be temporarily impaired.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Trust. There is a possibility that an issuer will be unable to make interest payments and repay principal when due. Changes in an issuer's financial strength or in a financial instrument's credit rating may affect a financial instrument's value.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (continued)

As at the reporting date, financial assets and financial liabilities exposed to credit risk include forward foreign currency contracts, futures contracts, cash and cash equivalents and margin cash. The carrying amount of the financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position.

It is the opinion of the Manager that the carrying amounts of these financial assets and financial liabilities represent the maximum credit risk exposure as at the reporting date. The credit risk on cash transactions and transactions involving derivative financial instruments is mitigated by transacting with counterparties that are regulated entities subject to prudential supervision, or with counterparties with high credit ratings assigned by a recognised rating agency.

#### Counterparty risk

The Sub-Fund has credit exposure to counterparties by virtue of investment positions in forward foreign currency contracts and futures contracts held by the Sub-Fund. To the extent that a counterparty defaults on its obligation and the Sub-Fund is delayed or prevented from exercising its rights with respect to the investments in its portfolio, it may experience a decline in the value of its position, lose income and incur costs associated with asserting its rights. Although the Sub-Fund's portfolio will be diversified as required by the UCITS Regulations, the Sub-Fund will also be exposed to a credit risk in relation to the counterparties with whom they trade and may bear the risk of counterparty default. Substantially all of the assets of the Trust are held in segregated accounts by the Trustee, CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch and futures contracts are held with Essence Futures (Hong Kong) Limited. Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Trustee or counterparties may cause the Trust's rights with respect to securities held by the Trustee or counterparties to be delayed in certain cases. The Trust monitors its risk by monitoring the credit quality and financial positions of the counterparties the Trustee uses.

As at 31 December 2020, the Standard and Poor's rating of CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch was A+ and the China Securities Regulatory Commission rating of Essence Futures (Hong Kong) Limited was AA.

# Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Transactions with counterparties are governed by ISDA agreements. None of the financial assets and financial liabilities are offset in the Statement of Financial Position. The disclosures set out in the tables overleaf include the financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements and similar agreements. The agreements do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position. This is because the Trust and its counterparty do not intend to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Under the terms of the master netting agreement, collateral can only be seized by a party in the event of default of the other party. An event of default includes the following:

- failure by a party to make a payment when due;
- failure by a party to perform any obligation required by the agreement (other than payment) if such failure is not remedied by the end of the business day following the business day after notice of such failure is given to the party;
- or bankruptcy.

As at 31 December 2020, all of the forward foreign currency contracts and futures contracts of the Trust which are subject to such arrangements are held with CACEIS Bank and Essence Futures (Hong Kong) Limited respectively.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# (b) Credit risk (continued)

# Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

The following tables represent the Sub-Fund's forward foreign currency contracts and futures contracts subject to offsetting, master netting arrangements and similar agreements or otherwise as at 31 December 2020:

# **Apuano Foundation China Fund**

31 December 2020	Gross amounts of	Gross amounts of recognised financial liabilities set-off in the Statement of Net Assets	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the Statement of Net Assets	Statemen Attributab	nts not offset in the t of Net Assets le to Holders of mable Units	
	recognised financial	Attributable to Holders of	Attributable to Holders of	Financial	Cash collateral	
Description	assets	Redeemable Units	Redeemable Units	instruments	received/(pledged)	Net Amount
CACEIS Bank	115,704	-	115,704	(3,060)	-	112,644
	115,704	-	115,704	(3,060)	-	112,644
	Gross amounts of	Gross amounts of recognised financial assets set-off in the Statement of Net Assets	Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the Statement of Net Assets	Statemen Attributab	nts not offset in the t of Net Assets le to Holders of mable Units	
	recognised financial	Attributable to Holders of	Attributable to Holders of	Financial	Cash collateral	
Description	liabilities	Redeemable Units	Redeemable Units	instruments	received/(pledged)	Net Amount
CACEIS Bank	(3,060)	-	(3,060)	3,060	-	-
Essence Futures (Hong Kong) Limited	(173,030)	<u> </u>	(173,030)	-	173,030	
	(176,090)		(176,090)	3,060	173,030	

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trust may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Sub-Fund's redeemable units are redeemable at the unitholder's option for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Sub-Fund's Net Asset Value ("NAV").

The Sub-Fund invests in marketable securities and other financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash and cash equivalents.

To manage liquidity risk, where outstanding redemption requests from all holders of units in the Sub-Fund on any Dealing Day total an aggregate of more than 10% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund on such Dealing Day, the Manager shall be entitled at their discretion to refuse to redeem such number of units in issue in respect of the Sub-Fund on that Dealing Day in respect of which redemption requests have been received in excess of 10% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund as the Manager shall determine.

If the Trust refuses to redeem units for this reason, the requests for redemption on such date shall be reduced rateably and the units to which each request relates which are not redeemed shall be redeemed on each subsequent Dealing Day in priority to any request received thereafter, provided that the Trust shall not be obliged to redeem more than 10% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund outstanding on any Dealing Day, until all the units to which the original request related have been redeemed.

The Manager monitors the Sub-Fund's liquidity risk on a daily basis in accordance with the Sub-Fund's investment objectives, policies and investment guidelines. The Trust's overall liquidity positions are reviewed on a daily basis for the Sub-Fund.

The Manager performs Liquidity Stress Testing on a monthly basis as per ESMA guidelines utilising both historical and hypothetical scenarios considering the investment objectives, policies and investment guidelines for each Sub-Fund. The Manager also reviews the liquidity profile of the Sub-Fund on a monthly basis. The Liquidity Stress Testing Policy has been implemented per the ESMA quidelines since 30 September 2020. Please refer to Note 15 "Significant Events during the Financial Period" for details on the impact of COVID-19 on the Sub-Fund.

The following tables detail the Sub-Fund's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Sub-Fund can be required to pay.

The following table sets out the Sub-Fund's total exposure to liquidity risk as at 31 December 2020:

Apuano Foundation China Fund					
31 December 2020	Less than	1 Month-	3 Months-	1 Year-	
	1 Month	3 Months	1 Year	5 Years	Total
	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
Liabilities					
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or					
loss:					
<ul> <li>Forward foreign currency contracts</li> </ul>	-	3,060	-	-	3,060
- Futures contracts	173,030	-	-	-	173,030
Payable for securities purchased	541,201	-	-	-	541,201
Management fees payable	52,693	-	-	-	52,693
Performance fees payable	990,644	-	-	-	990,644
Administration fees payable	3,161	-	-	-	3,161
Depositary fees payable	2,039	-	-	-	2,039
Audit fees payable	-	13,121	-	-	13,121
Other liabilities	71,580	-	-	-	71,580
Net Asset Value attributable to holders of					
redeemable units	27,699,913	-	-	-	27,699,913
Total liabilities	29,534,261	16,181	-	-	29,550,442

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (d) Market risk

# (i) Market price risk

Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of investments held, which are classified as financial assets at fair value. It represents the potential loss that the Trust might suffer, through its holdings in the face of price movements. The Manager of the Sub-Fund reviews the positions and gains and losses on a daily basis to monitor the underlying risks. Market price risk is managed by the Manager through careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within the Sub-Fund's mandates and specified limits. The Manager maintains the Sub-Fund's overall exposures making sure they fall within the diversification limits of the Sub-Fund. The Sub-Fund may invest up to 100% of its NAV in transferable securities including equity securities. These securities are subject to market price risk.

As at 31 December 2020, if the total market prices increased or decreased by 5% then under normal market conditions it is estimated that the Sub-Fund's portfolio would increase or decrease by USD 1,286,548.

# Limitations to sensitivity analysis:

This sensitivity analysis is not necessarily indicative of the effect on the Trust's NAV as future market movements are impossible to predict. The analysis is based on historical data and cannot take into account of the fact that future market price movements and the portfolio of the Sub-Fund may bear no relation to historical patterns.

The Trust employs an advanced risk management methodology which monitors global exposure using a risk management process which, aims to ensure that on any day the absolute Value at Risk (VaR) of the Sub-Fund will be no greater than its respective limit. The VaR limit for the Sub-Fund cannot be greater than 20% of the NAV of the Sub-Fund. The VaR for the Sub-Fund will be calculated using a 99% confidence level, a twenty day holding period and the historical period will not be less than one year unless a shorter period is justified. The Manager monitors the aggregate exposure of the Sub-Fund on a daily basis to ensure that the VaR limit is not breached.

Some limitations of VaR/sensitivity analysis are:

- the models are based on historical data and cannot take account of the fact that future market price movements, correlations between markets and levels of market liquidity in conditions of market stress may bear no relation to historical patterns;
- the market price risk information is a relative estimate of risk rather than a precise and accurate number;
- the market price information represents a hypothetical outcome and is not intended to be
  predictive (in the case of probability-based methods, such as VaR, profits and losses are
  almost certain to exceed the reported amount with a frequency depending on the confidence
  interval chosen); and
- future market conditions could vary significantly from those experienced in the past.

Global exposure is measured using the VaR approach which considers the full constituents of the portfolios.

The use of derivative instruments may expose the Sub-Fund to a higher degree of risk, in particular, derivative contracts can be highly volatile, and the amount of initial margin is generally small relative to the size of the contract so that transactions may be leveraged in terms of market exposure. A relatively small market movement may have a potentially larger impact on derivatives than on standard instruments. Leveraged derivative positions can therefore increase volatility of the Sub-Fund.

The table below details the VaR of the Sub-Fund for the financial period ended 31 December 2020:

	%Wgt	VaR %(Para)	VaR %(MC)	VaR %(Hist1Y)
Apuano Foundation China Fund	100.00	12.78	12.81	19.61
Cash	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.02
Derivatives	0.00	2.01	2.18	3.03
Equity	0.94	14.30	14.56	22.62

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (d) Market risk (continued)

# (i) Market price risk (continued)

# Global exposure and leverage

Leverage will be generated by the Sub-Fund through the leverage inherent in derivative instruments. Under normal market conditions, the Sub-Fund will not be leveraged in excess of 150% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund and in exceptional circumstances leverage may reach 200% of the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund. Leverage will be calculated based on the sum of the notionals of the derivatives used in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank. Further details of the risk management process of the Trust are set out in the Prospectus.

Disclosed in the table below is the leverage employed during the financial period ended 31 December 2020.

Sub-Fund	Total Gross Long Exposure (FDI) Exposure (FDI)		Gross Short Exposure (FDI)	Leverage	Long	Short	Leverage Limit
Apuano Foundation China Fund	4,335,484	-	4,335,484	16%	-	16%	200%

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Trust's interest bearing financial assets and financial liabilities expose it to risk associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The table below summarises the Sub-Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Sub-Fund's assets and financial liabilities at fair value, categorised by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

# Apuano Foundation China Fund 31 December 2020

31 December 2020						
	Less than 1 Month USD	1 Month- 1 Year USD	1 Year- 5 Years USD	More than 5 Years USD	Non-Interest Bearing USD	Total USD
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,871,820	-	-	-	-	1,871,820
Margin cash	633,437	-	-	-	-	633,437
Financial assets at fair value through						
profit or loss:						
- Equity securities	-	-	-	-	25,791,341	25,791,341
- Forward foreign currency contracts	-	-	-	-	115,704	115,704
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	1,138,140	1,138,140
Total assets	2,505,257	-	-	-	27,045,185	29,550,442
	Less than	1 Month-	1 Year-	More than	Non-Interest	
	1 Month	1 Year	5 Years	5 Years	Bearing	Total
	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
Liabilities						
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit or loss:						
- Forward foreign currency contracts	-	-	-	-	(3,060)	(3,060)
- Futures contracts	-	-	-	-	(173,030)	(173,030)
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	(1,674,439)	(1,674,439)
Total liabilities	-	-	-	-	(1,850,529)	(1,850,529)
Total interest sensitivity gap	2,505,257	-	-	-	25,194,656	27,699,913

As at 31 December 2020, if interest rates on short-term deposits had been 50bps higher or lower with all other variables held constant, the decrease or increase in the NAV would have been USD 12,526 lower or higher.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

#### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (d) Market risk (continued)

# (iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Trust may invest in financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the base currency or in financial instruments which are determined with references to currencies other than the base currency.

The Sub-Fund, however, will invest a portion of its assets in financial instruments denominated in USD or in financial instruments which are determined with references to USD. To the extent that the base currency is a denomination other than the denomination of the financial instruments owned by the Sub-Fund and no hedge is utilised, the value of the Sub-Fund's net assets will fluctuate based on fluctuations of the exchange rates as well as with price changes of their investments in the various local markets and currencies.

An increase in the value of the USD compared to the other currencies in which the Sub-Fund may make investments will reduce the effect of increases and magnify the USD equivalent of the effect of decreases in the prices of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments in their local markets. Conversely, a decrease in the value of the USD will have the opposite effect of magnifying the effect of increases and reducing the effect of decreases in the prices of the Sub-Fund's non-USD financial instruments. It may not be possible or practical to hedge against the consequent currency risk exposure and in certain instances the Manager may consider it desirable not to hedge against such risk. Currency risk is managed in the Sub-Fund by monitoring the overall currency exposures and ensuring they fall within the Sub-Fund's specified mandates and limits. The Manager uses forward foreign currency contracts and futures contracts for hedging purposes at portfolio level.

The following table sets out the total exposure to foreign currency risk, possible currency movements and the impact of a 10% currency movement on the size indicated on the net assets as at 31 December 2020.

#### **Apuano Foundation China Fund**

							impact to Net
			Net Other	Net Cash and	<b>Forwards</b>		Assets of a
	Financial	<b>Financial</b>	Assets/	Cash	Inflow/		10% Currency
	Assets	Liabilities	(Liabilities)	<b>Equivalents</b>	(Outflow)	Exposure	Movement
	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD
CHF	-	-	2,545	-	-	2,545	255
CNY	7,468,968	-	-	6	-	7,468,974	746,897
EUR	-	-	(638,129)	155,683	16,273,215	15,790,769	1,579,077
HKD	11,144,405	(173,030)	638,054	2,325,990	-	13,935,419	1,393,542

#### (e) Fair value of financial instruments

The Sub-Fund's investments will be carried at fair value on the Statement of Financial Position. Usually the fair value of the financial assets and financial liabilities can be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates. The carrying amounts of all the Sub-Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities at the Statement of Financial Position date will approximate their fair values.

# **Determining fair values**

The determination of fair value for financial assets for which there is no observable market price requires the use of valuation techniques. For financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value is less objective, and requires varying degrees of judgement depending on liquidity, concentration, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument.

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# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (e) Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

#### Valuation of financial instruments

The Sub-Fund measures fair values using the following hierarchy of methods:

- Level 1 Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived by prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all
  instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the
  unobservable inputs could have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category
  includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where
  significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between
  the instruments.

The majority of the Sub-Fund's investments are equity securities which along with futures contracts are classified within Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted investments.

The forward foreign currency contracts are classified within Level 2 - Other significant observable inputs.

The table below summarises the Sub-Fund's classification of investments, into the above hierarchy levels as at 31 December 2020:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
USD	USD	USD	USD
25,791,341	-	-	25,791,341
-	115,704	-	115,704
25,791,341	115,704	-	25,907,045
			_
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
USD	USD	USD	USD
-	(3,060)	-	(3,060)
(173,030)	-	-	(173,030)
(173,030)	(3,060)	-	(176,090)
	USD  25,791,341  25,791,341  Level 1  USD  - (173,030)	USD USD  25,791,341 - 115,704  25,791,341 115,704  Level 1 Level 2  USD USD  - (3,060) (173,030) -	USD USD USD  25,791,341 115,704

There were no transfers between the levels for the financial period ended 31 December 2020.

The following tables analyse within the fair value hierarchy the Trust's assets and liabilities (by classification) not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed:

# Apuano Foundation China Fund

31 December 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	USD	USD	USD	USD
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,871,820	-	-	1,871,820
Margin cash	633,437	-	-	633,437
Receivable for securities sold	-	1,116,396	-	1,116,396
Other assets	-	21,744	-	21,744
	2,505,257	1,138,140	-	3,643,397

# **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# (e) Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

# Valuation of financial instruments (continued)

The following tables analyse within the fair value hierarchy the Trust's assets and liabilities (by classification) not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed (continued):

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
USD	USD	USD	USD
-	541,201	-	541,201
-	52,693	-	52,693
-	990,644	-	990,644
-	89,901	-	89,901
-	27,699,913	-	27,699,913
	29,374,352	•	29,374,352
	USD -	USD USD  - 541,201 - 52,693 - 990,644 - 89,901 - 27,699,913	USD USD USD  - 541,201 52,693 990,644 89,901 27,699,913 -

# 5. NET GAINS AND LOSSES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Apuano Foundation China Fund	31 December 2020 USD
Net realised gain from financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:	
Equity securities	3,439,423
Futures contracts	(475,032)
Forward foreign currency contracts	786,416
Foreign currency	71,157
	3,821,964
Net unrealised gain from financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:	
Equity securities	4,556,123
Futures contracts	(173,030)
Forward foreign currency contracts	112,644
	4,495,737
Total net gain on financial assets and financial liablilties at fair value through	
profit or loss	8,317,701

#### 6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND MARGIN CASH

# **Apuano Foundation China Fund**

	CACEIS Bank, Es	ssence Futures	
31 December 2020	Ireland Branch	Limited	Total
	USD	USD	USD
Cash at bank	1,871,820	-	1,871,820
Margin cash		633,437	633,437
	1,871,820	633,437	2,505,257

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

#### 7. UNITHOLDERS' INTERESTS

Units of each Sub-Fund are all freely transferable and entitle the unitholder to participate equally in the profits and distributions (if any) of that Sub-Fund and in its assets in the event of termination. The units, which are of no par value and which must be fully paid for upon issue, carry no preferential or preemptive rights. A unit in a Sub-Fund represents the beneficial ownership under a trust of one undivided unit in the assets of the relevant Sub-Fund attributable to the relevant Class.

"A" units are non-distributing units and, accordingly, the Manager does not intend to make distributions in respect of "A" units.

The Administrator will at any time, following receipt of a request in writing by a unitholder, redeem on any dealing day all or any part of such unitholder's holding of units at a price per unit equal to the Net Asset Value per unit.

Unit transactions for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 are summarised in the table below:

# Apuano Foundation China Fund 31 December 2020

	A Institutional	A Retail Plus	A Retail Premium	A Institutional
	USD	EUR	EUR	EUR
Opening Balance	-	-	-	-
Units issued	84,182	28,747	50,747	40,384
Units redeemed	(682)	(1,000)	(6,063)	(7,337)
Ending balance	83,500	27,747	44,684	33,047

#### 8. CHARGES AND EXPENSES

#### **Management Fees**

European and Global Investments Limited (the "Manager") is entitled to an annual management fee as set out in the table below, accrued daily and payable monthly in arrears out of the assets of the Sub Fund attributable to the class and is calculated on that proportion of the Net Asset Value of the class (plus VAT, if any).

A Retail Premium EUR A Institutional EUR A Retail Premium EUR A Institutional EUR Management F 1.50% 2.25% 2.25% 1.50%	
A Institutional EUR 1.50% A Institutional D EUR 1.00%	

The Manager, in its capacity as Global Distributor shall also be entitled to a service and maintenance fee (plus VAT, if any), accrued daily and payable monthly out of the net assets of each class of the Sub-Fund attributable to the relevant class at an annual rate, which will be 0.30% of the net assets in respect of each class of the Sub Fund subject to minimum of EUR 50,000 for net assets below EUR 45 million. The service and maintenance fee on net assets in excess of EUR 45 million will be 0.15% of the net assets in respect of each class of the Sub Fund. The Investment Manager's fee is paid out of the management fees.

Management fees charged for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 were USD 339,219 of which USD 52,693 were payable as at the financial period end.

# **Performance Fees**

The Manager shall also be entitled out of the assets attributable to a relevant class to a performance fee at a rate of 15% per annum of the increase in the Net Asset Value of the relevant class (plus VAT, if any), taking subscriptions and redemptions into account. At the end of the first performance period, the benchmark is the initial price of the relevant class. If the Net Asset Value per unit at the end of a performance period, which runs from the first business day of the accounting period to the last business day of the accounting period, exceeds the benchmark, a performance fee is payable. The benchmark is the value, on the last valuation day of each performance period which the Net Asset Value per unit on the same day must exceed in order for a performance fee to be payable. The performance fee shall be accrued on each valuation day and will crystallise and be payable annually in arrears at the end of each performance period. The Investment Manager's fee is paid out of the performance fees.

Performance fees charged for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 were USD 990,644, all of which were payable as at the financial period end.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

#### 8. CHARGES AND EXPENSES (continued)

#### Administrator Fees

CACEIS Ireland Limited (the "Administrator") shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Sub-Fund an annual fee, accrued and calculated on each valuation point and payable monthly in arrears, at a rate of:

- 0.07% per annum up to EUR 100 million of the average net assets of each Sub-Fund; and
- 0.06% per annum on the average net assets of each Sub-Fund between EUR 100 million and EUR 300 million: and
- 0.05% per annum on the average net assets of each Sub-Fund in excess of EUR 300 million.

The administration fee is subject to an annual minimum fee of EUR 20,000 per Sub-Fund in the first year and EUR 36,000 per annum thereafter.

The Administrator is also entitled to receive out of the assets of the Sub-Fund, reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in relation to the administration of the Sub-Fund.

Administrator fees charged for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 were USD 40,751, of which USD 3,161 were payable as at the financial period end.

#### **Trustee Fees**

CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch (the "Trustee") shall be entitled to receive out of the assets of the Sub-Fund an annual fee, accrued and calculated on each valuation point and payable monthly in arrears, at a rate of 0.035% per annum of the net assets of each Sub-Fund.

The Trustee fee is subject to an annual minimum fee of EUR 20,000 per Sub-Fund in the first year and EUR 24,000 per annum thereafter.

The Trustee is also entitled to receive out of the assets of the Trustee, reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Trustee and for transaction charges, banking and safe custody fees (which will not exceed normal commercial rates) and reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of any sub-custodian appointed by the Trustee.

Trustee fees charged for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 were USD 32,782, of which USD 2,039 were payable as at the financial period end.

# 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As at 31 December 2020, the Manager is satisfied that all transactions with related parties, Manager or any party in which they have a material interest are entered into in the ordinary course of business on normal commercial terms.

European and Investment Consulting ("EIC") provides risk and performance measurement to the Sub-Fund. Fees charged for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 were USD 4,963. Julian Alworth is a Director of the Manager and part owner of EIC.

As Manager, European and Global Investments Limited is entitled to receive hedging fees. Hedging fees charged for the financial period ended 31 December 2020 were EUR 8,970.

The Directors of the Manager may be entitled to remuneration as determined by the Manager. The Trust is not liable for the directors' fees of the Manager.

The fees payable to related parties are discussed in Note 8 "Charges and Expenses".

# 10. NET ASSET VALUE COMPARISON

#### **Apuano Foundation China Fund**

A Institutional USD
Net Asset Value
Units in Issue
Net Asset Value per unit

31 December 2020 USD 10,907,950 83,500 USD 130.63

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

# 10. NET ASSET VALUE COMPARISON (continued)

#### **Apuano Foundation China Fund (continued)**

 A Retail Plus EUR
 31 December 2020

 Net Asset Value
 EUR 3,607,490

 Units in Issue
 27,747

 Net Asset Value per unit
 EUR 130.01

 A Retail Premium EUR
 31 December 2020

 Net Asset Value
 EUR 5,802,269

 Units in Issue
 44,684

 Net Asset Value per unit
 EUR 129.85

A Institutional EUR

Net Asset Value
Units in Issue

Net Asset Value per unit

Substitutional EUR

31 December 2020

EUR 4,314,210

EUR 4,314,210

EUR 130.55

# 11. RECONCILIATION OF THE DEALING NET ASSET VALUE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NET ASSET VALUE

Apuano Foundation
China Fund
31 December 2020
USD

Net Asset Value for dealing purposes 27,782,482
Adjustment for write off of organisation costs (82,569)
Net Asset Value per financial statements 27,699,913

# 12. EFFICIENT PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Efficient portfolio management transactions relating to the assets of a Sub-Fund may be entered into by the Manager/Portfolio Manager with one of the following aims a) a reduction of risk; b) a reduction of cost; c) generation of additional capital or income (relative to the expected return) and the diversification requirements in accordance with the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and any applicable guidance issued by the Central Bank. In relation to efficient portfolio management operations the Manager/Portfolio Manager will look to ensure that the techniques and instruments used are economically appropriate in that they will be realised in a cost effective way. Such techniques and instruments may include foreign exchange transactions which alter the currency characteristics of transferable securities held on behalf of the Sub-Fund.

The underlying exposures of the financial derivative instruments will be consistent with the Sub-Fund's' investment objectives and policies and in each case may relate to transferable securities, collective investment schemes (including exchange traded funds), Money Market Instruments, stock indices, fixed income indices, foreign exchange rates or currencies.

During the financial period, the Trust entered into forward foreign currency contracts and futures contracts for the purpose of hedging currency risk on investments and cash holdings. Details of open forward foreign currency contracts as at 31 December 2020 are disclosed in the Schedule of Investments. The counterparty in respect of the forward foreign currency contracts held as 31 December 2020 is CACEIS Bank. The counterparty in respect of the futures contracts held as 31 December 2020 is Essence Futures (Hong Kong) Limited.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the financial period from 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

#### 13. EXCHANGE RATES

The following exchange rates were used as at 31 December 2020 to convert investments and other assets and liabilities denominated from local to base currency:

	31 December 2020
CHF	1.1313
CNY	0.1529
EUR	1.2236
HKD	0.1290

# 14. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS

Foundation Asset Management (HK) Limited, as Investment Manager has entered into Soft Commission Arrangements with 2 brokers (Essence & Huatai) and herewith make the below disclosure.

		Transaction	Soft
Apuano Foundation China Fund	CCY	Executed	Commission
Transaction executed with Essence	USD	69,382,854	20,815
Transaction executed with Huatai	USD	9,670,161	1,934
	_	79,053,015	22,749

The nature of the Soft Commission Arrangements is to pay for the Bloomberg services, agreements are available upon request.

#### 15. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

During the financial period we saw the development of the coronavirus Covid-19 outbreak initially in China and now reaching most continents. It has been declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation. The nature and extent of the impact of such an event is difficult to predict but it may adversely affect the return on the Sub-Fund and its investments and there is growing concern about the impact on the world economy, especially if there is another wave in the coming months. There was a significant correction in the financial markets in the financial period although this has been partially recouped. The Manager and the Investment Manager continue to monitor the efforts of governments to contain the spread of the virus and monitor the economic impact on the investments in the portfolios.

Investors should be aware of the liquidity risk presented by this global pandemic. There is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Market disruptions or closures may result in the Investment Manager being unable to accurately value the assets of the Sub-Fund, or in the event of high levels of redemption, the Manager may use certain liquidity management tools permitted by the Central Bank, including deferred redemptions, the implementation of fair value pricing or temporarily suspension of the Sub-Fund.

David Costin resigned as Director to the Manager effective 27 November 2020.

The Manager has evaluated events that have occurred during the financial period and determined that no other events have occurred that would require recognition or additional disclosures in the financial statements.

# 16. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE FINANCIAL PERIOD END DATE

For the period from 1 January 2021 through 21 April 2021, the Trust received subscriptions and paid redemptions of the below amounts:

Sub-Fund	CCY	Subscriptions	Redemptions
Apuano Foundation China Fund	USD	14,125,659	1,225,436

The Manager has evaluated events that have occurred up to the date of approval of the financial statements and determined that no events have occurred that would require recognition or additional disclosures in the financial statements.

# 17. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Manager on 21 April 2021.

# **Schedule of Investments**

As at 31 December 2020

Quantity Description	0 11	Fair Value	% of Net
	e Securities	USD	Asset Value
Equity Secu	ırities		
Canada			
5,836 NUTRIEN -	REGISTERED	281,062	1.01%
		281,062	1.01%
Cayman Isla	ands		
81,000 ASM PACIFI	C TECHNOLOGY	1,068,666	3.86%
5,591 BAIDU INC	A- ADR REPR 1/10 SH -A-	1,208,998	4.36%
3,434,000 BOSIDENG	INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LTD	1,749,358	6.32%
38,200 ENN ENER	GY HOLDINGS LTD	560,644	2.02%
171,000 LI NING CO		1,175,451	4.24%
13,100 MEITUAN D	ANPIN - SHS 114A/REG S	497,720	1.80%
142,000 SMOORE IN	TERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	1,096,059	3.96%
7,100 TENCENT H	IOLDINGS LTD	516,439	1.86%
146,500 ZHONGSHE	NG GROUP HOLDINGS LTD	1,043,882	3.77%
		8,917,217	32.19%
China	OO HOLDINGS H	4 400 040	0.070/
919,000 CHINA COS		1,102,249	3.97%
	PRARY AMPEREX TECHNO. CO LTD A	1,138,293	4.11%
363,000 GREAT WAL		1,245,288	4.50%
· ·	ENGLI HYDRAULIC CO LTD	1,187,569	4.29%
3,600 KWEICHOW		1,099,846	3.97%
173,900 LIER CHEM		555,751	2.01%
76,102 MIDEA GRO		1,145,517	4.14%
	POWER SUPPLY CO LTD	1,175,997	4.25%
	Y BIO - REGISTERED SHS -A-	1,165,995	4.21%
541,800 XINJIANG G	OLDWIND SCIENCE & TECHN CO LTD	1,088,649	3.93%
United State	es of America	10,905,154	39.38%
503 ADOBE INC	s of Affienca	251 560	0.90%
	MICRO DEVICES INC	251,560 230,651	0.90%
		•	
81 AMAZON.CO	DIVI INC	263,811	0.95% 0.94%
1,981 APPLE INC 907 AUTODESK	INC	262,859	
		276,943	1.00%
1,027 BOEING CC		219,840	0.79%
·	RIKE HOLDINGS INC	262,021	0.95%
	ENERGY SPONS ADR REPR 5 SHS	963,017	3.48%
852 FACEBOOK		232,732	0.84%
	MCMORAN COPPER AND GOLD INC	274,849	0.99%
731 ILLUMINAIN		270,470	0.98%
·	ECH - REGISTERED SHS -A-	262,888	0.95%
1,137 MICROSOF		252,892	0.91%
1,549 MODERNA		161,824	0.58%
6,948 MP MATERIA		223,517	0.81%
443 NVIDIA COR		231,335	0.84%
1,191 PAYPAL HO		278,932	1.01%
	TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION	237,628	0.86%
477 SERVICENO		262,555	0.95%
2,454 TAIWAN SEI	MICONDUCTOR CO ADR (REPR 5 SHS)	267,584	0.97%
		5,687,908	20.53%
Total Equity	Securities	25,791,341	93.11%

# Schedule of Investments (continued) As at 31 December 2020

Futures	s Contracts						
Quantity Pagarintian			CCY	Maturity Date	Counterparty	Fair Value	% of Net Asset Value
Quantity Description (24) HANG SENG INDEX			HKD	•	Essence Futures	000	ASSET VAIUE
(-	.,,.,,.,,		1110	01 January 2021	(Hong Kong) Limited	(173,030)	(0.62%)
	<b>Total Futures Contracts</b>	- Liabilities				(173,030)	(0.62%)
Forwar	d foreign currency contract	ts					
						Unrealised	% of Net
CCY	Buy	CCY	Sell	Maturity Date	Counterparty		Asset Value
EUR	12,300,000	USD (	14,957,661)	15 March 2021	CACEIS Bank	115,704	0.42%
Unrealised gain on forward foreign currency contracts						115,704	0.42%
						Unrealised	% of Net
CCY	Buy	CCY	Sell	<b>Maturity Date</b>	Counterparty	Loss USD	Asset Value
EUR	550,000	USD	(676,385)	15 March 2021	CACEIS Bank	(2,360)	(0.01%)
EUR	450,000	USD	(552,173)	15 March 2021	CACEIS Bank	(700)	0.00%
	Unrealised loss on forwa	ard foreign	currency co	ntracts		(3,060)	(0.01%)
Description						Fair Value	% of Net Asset Value
						030	ASSEL Value
Investments at fair value						25,791,341	93.11%
Unrealised gain on forward foreign currency contracts						115,704	0.42%
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss						25,907,045	93.53%
Unrealised loss on forward foreign currency contracts						(3,060)	(0.01%)
Unrealised gain on futures contracts						(173,030)	(0.62%)
Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss						(176,090)	(0.63%)
Other assets in excess of other liabilities						1,968,958	7.10%
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units						27,699,913	100.00%
Analysi	is of Total Assets						
							% of Total
Assets							Assets
Transferable securities							87.28%
Financial derivative instruments  Cash and cash equivalents and margin cash						0.39% 8.48%	
Other a	•	ngin cash					3.85%
Outer a	33013					•	100.00%
							100.00/0

Statement of Material Changes in the Composition of the Portfolio (unaudited)
For the financial period 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

Purchases	USD
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LTD	2,922,606
ASM PACIFIC TECHNOLOGY	2,662,159
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	2,473,509
WEICHAI POWER CO LTD -H-	2,245,465
ISHARES 1-3 YEAR TREASURY BOND BARCLAYS	2,235,521
MEITUAN DIANPIN - SHS 114A/REG S	2,209,713
ZHONGSHENG GROUP HOLDINGS LTD	2,181,400
A-LIVING SERVICES CO LTD	2,080,752
SZ MINDRAY BIO - REGISTERED SHS -A-	2,040,494
SANDS CHINA LTD	1,939,333
BOSIDENG INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LTD	1,928,005
ENN ENERGY HOLDINGS LTD	1,852,794
CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHNO. CO LTD A	1,812,406
MICROSOFT CORP	1,728,384
HKBN LTD 144A REG	1,727,421
ADOBE INC	1,692,800
AMAZON.COM INC	1,651,915
CHINA COSCO HOLDINGS CO LTD -H-	1,647,685
TAL EDUCATION GROUP -A- ADR REPR 1/3 SH -A-	1,622,961
AIA GROUP LTD	1,617,197
S&P GLOBAL	1,594,820
PCCW LTD	1,522,109
SINOPHARM GROUP CO LTD	1,521,944
NARI TECHNOLOGY CO LTD -A-	1,486,116
APPLE INC	1,452,360
ANGEL YEAST CO LTD -A-	1,442,279
ESTEE LAUDER COMPANIES INC -A-	1,336,052
ILLUMINA INC	1,272,460
HK ELECTRIC INVESTMENTS LTD	1,257,095
FACEBOOK -A-	1,246,805
SHENZHEN LUXSHARE PRECISION INDUSTRY -A-	1,232,221
SMOORE INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED	1,228,920
BGI GENOMICS REGISTERED SHS -A-	1,151,681
GUANGZHOU AUTOMOBILE GROUP CO LTD	1,142,888
CHINA SHENHUA ENERGY CO LTD	1,131,560
PAYPAL HOLDINGS INC	1,124,227
ASYMCHEM LAB REGISTERED	1,120,720
BAIDU INC -A- ADR REPR 1/10 SH -A-	1,093,345
XINJIANG GOLDWIND SCIENCE & TECHN CO LTD	1,045,109
SUNGROW POWER SUPPLY CO LTD	1,041,760
MIDEA GROUP CO -A-	1,026,725
NVIDIA CORP	1,023,410
DAQO NEW ENERGY SPONS ADR REPR 5 SHS	978,563
LI NING CO	964,596
GREAT WALL MOTOR CO-H-	955,170
JIANGSU HENGLI HYDRAULIC CO LTD	945,369
LONZA GROUP AG UNSPONSORED ADR REPR 1/10TH SH	929,608
PING AN INSURANCE GROUP CO OF CHINA LTD	911,458

Under UCITS Regulations (as amended), the Trust is required to disclose all purchases and all sales over 1% of total purchases and total sales respectively and at a minimum the largest twenty purchases and the largest twenty sales during the financial period.

# Statement of Material Changes in the Composition of the Portfolio (unaudited) (continued)

For the financial period 19 December 2019 (date of establishment) to 31 December 2020

Sales	USD
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LTD	2,926,088
TENCENT HOLDINGS LTD	2,269,547
MEITUAN DIANPIN - SHS 114A/REG S	2,236,018
ISHARES 1-3 YEAR TREASURY BOND BARCLAYS	2,235,960
WEICHAI POWER CO LTD -H-	2,219,528
A-LIVING SERVICES CO LTD	2,166,274
SANDS CHINA LTD	1,844,295
ANGEL YEAST CO LTD -A-	1,835,290
CHINA COSCO HOLDINGS CO LTD -H-	1,665,834
TAL EDUCATION GROUP -A- ADR REPR 1/3 SH -A-	1,650,266
HKBN LTD 144A REG	1,634,541
NARI TECHNOLOGY CO LTD -A-	1,631,127
ENN ENERGY HOLDINGS LTD	1,608,631
AIA GROUP LTD	1,589,328
S&P GLOBAL	1,582,418
ASM PACIFIC TECHNOLOGY	1,581,917
ZHONGSHENG GROUP HOLDINGS LTD	1,551,495
SHENZHEN LUXSHARE PRECISION INDUSTRY-A-	1,534,407
PCCW LTD	1,487,066
MICROSOFT CORP	1,482,009
ADOBE INC	1,480,813
SINOPHARM GROUP CO LTD	1,448,992
AMAZON.COM INC	1,440,173
SZ MINDRAY BIO - REGISTERED SHS -A-	1,336,329
ESTEE LAUDER COMPANIES INC -A-	1,324,744
APPLE INC	1,284,333
HK ELECTRIC INVESTMENTS LTD	1,270,791
CONTEMPORARY AMPEREX TECHNO. CO LTD A	1,227,236
CHINA SHENHUA ENERGY CO LTD	1,113,602
BGI GENOMICS REGISTERED SHS -A-	1,091,358
TESLA MOTORS INC	1,086,419
GUANGZHOU AUTOMOBILE GROUP CO LTD	1,049,654
ASYMCHEM LAB REGISTERED	1,038,562
FACEBOOK -A-	1,030,084
ILLUMINA INC	967,622
LONZA GROUP AG UNSPONSORED ADR REPR 1/10TH SH	958,950
ANHUI CONCH CEMENT CO LTD	941,501
PING AN INSURANCE GROUP CO OF CHINA LTD	926,196
NVIDIA CORP	925,035
PAYPAL HOLDINGS INC	888,138
WUXI APPTEC CO LTD	885,372
KUNLUN ENERGY CO LTD	799,717
VISA INC -A-	780,582

Under UCITS Regulations (as amended), the Trust is required to disclose all purchases and all sales over 1% of total purchases and total sales respectively and at a minimum the largest twenty purchases and the largest twenty sales during the financial period.

# Appendix I: UCITS V - Remuneration Disclosure (unaudited)

The Manager has designed and implements a remuneration policy which is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management by having a business model which by its nature does not promote excessive risk taking that is inconsistent with the risk profile of the Sub-Fund. The Manager's remuneration policy is consistent with the business strategy, objectives, values and interests of the Sub-Fund and the Unitholders of the Sub-Fund and includes measures to avoid conflicts of interest.

In line with the provisions of the UCITS Directive and ESMA Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Policies under the UCITS Directive and AIFMD (2016/ESMA/411) (the "ESMA Remuneration Guidelines") each of which may be amended from time to time, the Manager applies its remuneration policy and practices in a way and to the extent that is proportionate to its size, its internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities.

Where the Manager delegates investment management functions in respect of the Sub-Fund, it will ensure that:

- a. the entities to which investment management activities have been delegated are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration that are equally as effective as those applicable under the ESMA Remuneration Guidelines; or
- b. appropriate contractual arrangements are put in place to ensure that there is no circumvention of the remuneration rules set out in the ESMA Remuneration Guidelines.

Details of the remuneration policy of the Manager including, but not limited to, a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated, the identity of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits including the composition of the remuneration committee, where such a committee exists, will be available at <a href="https://www.egifunds.com">www.egifunds.com</a> and a paper copy will be made available free of charge upon request from the Manager.

During the financial year, there were 6 staff members including Executive Directors working on the management of the Company, full time or part time. To these staff members remuneration fees, including pension contributions, of EUR 268,115 were paid. Of this total remuneration fees of EUR 50,000 were paid to Executive Directors during the financial year.