

# MULTIFLEX SICAV

A SICAV UNDER LUXEMBOURG LAW

## PROSPECTUS

### GENERAL PART: 27 JULY 2022

Special Part A	CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND	1 July 2022
Special Part B	SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND	1 January 2022
Special Part D	GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part F	DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part H	GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part I	STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part J	DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part K	OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part L	LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part M	DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part P	LANSDOWNE ENDOWMENT FUND	1 January 2022
Special Part Q	OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part R	OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND	30 March 2022
Special Part S	THE SINGULARITY FUND	27 July 2022
Special Part T	OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND	30 March 2022

Subscriptions are only valid if they are based on this Prospectus or the Key Investor Information Document in conjunction with the most recent annual report and the most recent semi-annual report where this is published after the annual report.

No information other than that contained in this Prospectus or in the Key Investor Information Document may be given.

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**I. General Part**

1. Introductory remarks .....	5
2. Organisation and Management .....	7
3. Investment Objectives and Investment Policy .....	8
4. Investor Profile .....	8
5. Investment Limits .....	8
6. Special Investment Techniques and Financial Instruments .....	14
6.1. Financial Instruments .....	14
6.1.1. Financial futures and forward contracts .....	14
6.1.2. Swaps .....	14
6.1.3. Options .....	15
6.1.4. Structured products .....	16
6.1.5. Regulation (EU) 2015 / 2365 on transparency of securities financing transactions and reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648 / 2012 .....	16
6.2. Investment Techniques .....	17
6.3. Efficient portfolio management - other investment techniques and instruments .....	18
6.4. Securities Lending .....	19
6.5. Securities repurchase agreements .....	19
6.6. Collateral management for transactions in OTC derivatives and techniques for efficient portfolio management. ....	19
6.7. Investments in financial indices pursuant to Article 9 of the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008.	21
6.8. Risks associated with the use of derivatives and other special investment techniques and financial instruments .....	21
7. Sustainability risks .....	26
7.1. Sustainability risks as part of the investment process .....	26
7.1.1. Instrument specific considerations .....	26
7.1.2. Sustainability related data .....	27
7.1.3. Principal adverse impact .....	28
8. The Company .....	28
9. Management Company and Domiciliary Agent .....	29
10. Depositary .....	29
11. Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent; Registrar and Transfer Agent .....	31
12. General information on investment advice and/or investment management .....	32
13. Paying agents and representatives .....	32
14. Distributors .....	32
15. Co-Management .....	33
16. Description of Shares .....	34
17. Issue of Shares .....	35
18. Redemption of Shares .....	38
19. Switching of Shares .....	40

20. Distributions.....	41
21. Calculation of Net Asset Value.....	41
22. Suspension of calculation of net asset value, and of the issue, redemption and switching of Shares .....	42
23. Fees and Costs .....	43
24. Taxation.....	44
24.1 The Company .....	44
24.2 The Shareholders.....	45
24.3 Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”) of the United States of America (“US”).....	45
25. General meeting of shareholders and reporting.....	46
26. Applicable law, jurisdiction .....	47
27. Remuneration Policy .....	47
28. Documents for inspection.....	48
29. Data Protection Information.....	48

## II. Special Parts

1. Special Part A      MULTIFLEX SICAV – CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND
2. Special Part B      MULTIFLEX SICAV – SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND
3. Special Part D      MULTIFLEX SICAV – GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND
4. Special Part F      MULTIFLEX SICAV – DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND
5. Special Part H      MULTIFLEX SICAV – GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND
6. Special Part I      MULTIFLEX SICAV – STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND
7. Special Part J      MULTIFLEX SICAV – DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND
8. Special Part K      MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND
9. Special Part L      MULTIFLEX SICAV – LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND
10. Special Part M      MULTIFLEX SICAV – DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND
11. Special Part P      MULTIFLEX SICAV – LANSDOWNE ENDOWMENT FUND
12. Special Part Q      MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND
13. Special Part R      MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND
14. Special Part S      MULTIFLEX SICAV – THE SINGULARITY FUND
15. Special Part T      MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND

## 1. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”; “**MULTIFLEX SICAV**”) is organised as a “*société d’investissement à capital variable*” (SICAV) on the basis of the valid version of the law of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg dated 10 August 1915 (the “**1915 Law**”), and authorised as an undertaking for collective investments (UCITS) under Part I of the law dated 17 December 2010 (the “**2010 Law**”).

Before, the Company was initially organised as a specialised investment fund (SIF) pursuant to the Luxembourg law of 13<sup>th</sup> February 2007 on specialised investment funds, as amended. Subsequently, in February 2015, the Company was converted into an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) pursuant to the 2010 Law.

The Company qualifies as an “umbrella structure”, which allows subfunds (“**Subfunds**”) to be established corresponding to different investment portfolios, which can issue different categories of shares. The Company is authorised to appoint various specialised financial service providers to act as investment adviser or investment manager, as applicable, for one or more Subfunds, in each case under the supervision of the Board of Directors (as described in section “General information on investment advice or investment management”).

This Prospectus (the “**Prospectus**”) is divided into a general part (“**General Part**”), which contains the provisions applicable to all Subfunds, and into special parts (“**Special Parts**”), which describe the individual Subfunds and contain the provisions applicable to each Subfund. The complete Prospectus contains all Subfunds in the Special Parts and is available for inspection by the shareholders at the registered office of the Company. The Prospectus can be supplemented or modified at any time. The shareholders will be duly informed in such case.

In addition to the General Part and Special Parts of the Prospectus, a key investor information document will be produced for each Share Category (as defined below) and handed to each purchaser before he/she subscribes for Shares (“**Key Investor Information Document**”). As of the time at which the Key Investor Information Document exists, each purchaser declares by subscribing for shares that he/she has received the Key Investor Information Document prior to effecting the subscription.

Under the 2010 Law, the Company is authorised to produce one or more special prospectuses for the distribution of shares of one or more Subfunds or for one specific country of distribution. The special prospectuses always contain the General Part and the Special Part or Parts applicable to the relevant Subfund. Furthermore, they contain, as applicable, additional provisions of the country of distribution in which the Subfund or Subfunds concerned are authorised for distribution or are distributed.

The Board of Directors of the Company is authorised to issue shares (“**Shares**”) without par value relating to the Subfunds described in the Special Parts. The Company may in addition issue Share Categories with, inter alia, differing minimum subscription amounts, distribution modalities and fee structures (“**Share Category**”). The Share Categories issued in each case for the individual Subfunds are described in the respective Special Part of the corresponding Subfund. The Company can limit the distribution of the Shares of certain Subfunds or Share Categories to certain countries. Furthermore the above-mentioned Share Categories can be established in different currencies.

Shares will be issued at prices that are expressed in the currency of the relevant Subfund or in the currency of the relevant Share Category. A subscription fee may be charged – as described in the Special Parts. The subscription period and the subscription conditions for the initial issue of each Subfund are detailed in the relevant Special Part.

The Company may issue Shares in new, additional Subfunds at any time. The complete Prospectus and, if applicable, the relevant Special Parts, will be supplemented accordingly.

Shares may be redeemed at a price described in the section “Redemption of Shares”.

**Subscriptions are only accepted on the basis of the valid Prospectus or the valid Key Investor Information Document in conjunction with (i) the most recent annual report of the Company or (ii) the most recent semi-annual report where this is published after the annual report.**

Shares are offered on the basis of the information and descriptions of this Prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document and the documents mentioned in it. Other information or descriptions provided by any other persons must be deemed inadmissible.

**Selling Restrictions:**

This Prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document and any special prospectuses do not constitute an offer or advertisement in those jurisdictions in which such an offer or advertisement is prohibited, or in which persons making such an offer or advertisement are not authorised to do so, or in which the law is infringed if persons receive such an offer or advertisement.

Since the Company's Shares are not registered in the USA under the United States Securities Act of 1933, they may neither be offered nor sold in the USA, including any dependent territories, unless such an offer or such a sale is permitted by way of an exemption from registration under the United States Securities Act of 1933.

Shares in the Company may neither be offered nor sold to any US American benefit plan investor. For this purpose, a "benefit plan investor" means any (i) "employee benefit plan" within the meaning of Section 3(3) of the US Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("**ERISA**") that is subject to the provisions of Part 4 of Title I of ERISA, (ii) individual retirement account, Keogh Plan or other plan described in Section 4975 (e) (1) of the US Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (iii) entity whose underlying assets include "plan assets" by reason of 25% or more of any class of equity interest in the entity being held by plans described in (i) and (ii) above, or (iv) other entity whose underlying assets include "plan assets" by reason of an investment in the entity by plans described in (i) and (ii) above.

**Potential purchasers of Shares are responsible for obtaining information on the relevant foreign-exchange regulations and on the legal and tax regulations applicable to them.**

The information in this Prospectus and in every special prospectus complies with the current law and practices of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, and as such is subject to alterations.

In this Prospectus, figures in

- "CHF" or "Swiss Franc/s" refer to the currency of Switzerland;
- "EUR" or "Euro/s" to the currency of the European Economic and Monetary Union;
- "GBP" or "Pound Sterling" refer to the currency of Great Britain;
- "ILS" or "Israeli New Shekel/s" refer to the currency of Israel;
- "JPY" or "Japanese Yen" refer to the currency of Japan;
- "SGD" or "Singapore Dollar/s" refer to the currency of Singapore;
- "USD" or "US Dollar/s" refer to the currency of the United States of America.

The individual Share Categories may be listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

## 2. ORGANISATION AND MANAGEMENT

The Company's registered office is at 25, Grand-Rue, L-1661 Luxembourg.

### Board of Directors of the Company

#### Chairman

Martin Jufer                      Global Head of Wealth Management, GAM Investment Management (Switzerland) AG, Zurich

#### Members

Me Freddy Brausch              Independent Director, Luxembourg

Jean-Michel Loehr                Independent Director, Luxembourg

Florian Heeren                    General Counsel Continental Europe, GAM Investment Management (Switzerland) AG, Zurich

Martin Jürg Peter                 Client Director Team Head (Private Labelling), Executive Board member, GAM Investment Management (Switzerland) AG, Zurich

### Management Company and domiciliary agent

GAM (Luxembourg) S.A., 25, Grand-Rue, L-1661 Luxembourg

### Board of Directors of the Management Company

#### Chairman

Martin Jufer                      Global Head of Wealth Management, GAM Investment Management (Switzerland) AG, Zurich

#### Members

Elmar Zumbühl                    Member of the Group Management Board, GAM Group

Yvon Lauret                        Independent Director, Luxembourg

Samantha Keogh                  Independent Director, Delgany, Co Wicklow, Ireland

### Managing directors of the Management Company

Steve Kieffer                      Managing Director, GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.

Stefano Canossa                  Managing Director, GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.

Sean O'Driscoll                  Managing Director, GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.

### Depositary

#### Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent

#### Registrar and Transfer Agent

State Street Bank International GmbH, Luxembourg Branch, 49, Avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg ("SSB-LUX")

### Distributors

The Company or, as the case may be, the Management Company, may appoint Distributors to sell Shares in various jurisdictions.

### Auditor of the annual financial statements

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société cooperative, 2 rue Gerhard Mercator, B.P. 1443, L-1014 Luxembourg, has been appointed as auditor of the annual financial statements of the Company.

**Legal adviser**

Linklaters LLP, 35, Avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, is the legal adviser to the Company in Luxembourg.

**Supervisory authority in Luxembourg**

Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier ("**CSSF**"), 283 route d'Arlon, L-1150 Luxembourg

Further information and documents on the Company and the individual Subfunds may also be consulted on the website [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com), on which investors can also find a form for submitting complaints.

Additional details about the set-up of the individual Subfunds may be provided in the relevant Special Part.

**3. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND INVESTMENT POLICY**

The investment objectives of the Board of Directors in relation to each individual Subfund are described in the Special Part under "Investment objectives and investment policy".

The term "recognised countries", respectively "recognised country", as may be found in the Prospectus or relevant Special Part, shall mean a member state of the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development ("**OECD**"), and all other countries of Europe, North and South America, Africa, Asia and the Pacific Rim (hereinafter "**recognised country**").

Furthermore, in order to pursue the investment objectives, the Subfunds will, accordingly to the guidelines and limits established by Luxembourg law, use the investment techniques and financial instruments described below in section "**Financial instruments and investment techniques**".

**Although the Company endeavours to the best of its ability to achieve the investment objectives of the individual Subfunds, no guarantee can be given as to the extent to which the investment objectives will be achieved. As a result, the net asset values of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive or also negative income may be earned.**

The performance of the individual Subfunds is given in the Key Investor Information Document.

**4. INVESTOR PROFILE**

The investor profile of the individual Subfunds is described in the respective Special Part of the Prospectus.

**5. INVESTMENT LIMITS**

**1. Investments in securities, money market instruments, deposits and derivatives**

These investments comprise:

- (a) Transferable securities and money market instruments:
  - which are listed or traded on a regulated market (within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC);
  - which are traded on another regulated market in a member state of the European Union ("**EU**") which is recognised, open to the public and operates regularly;

- which are officially listed on a securities exchange in a non-EU state<sup>1</sup> or are traded on another regulated market of a third state which is recognised, open to the public and operates regularly;
  - resulting from new issues, provided the terms of issue contain an undertaking to apply for official listing on a securities exchange or another regulated market which is recognised, open to the public and operates regularly, and that the listing will be obtained within one year of the issue.
- (b) Sight deposits or deposits repayable on demand maturing in no more than 12 months with qualified credit institutions whose registered office is located in a member state of the EU or in a member state of the OECD or in a country that has ratified the resolutions of the Financial Action Task Force (“**FATF**” or Groupe d’Action Financière Internationale “**GAFI**”) (“qualified credit institution”).
- (c) Derivative financial instruments (“**derivatives**”), including equivalent cash-settled instruments, which are dealt in on a regulated market as specified in (a), first, second and third indent, and/or OTC (over the counter) derivatives provided that:
- the underlying securities are instruments as defined by Article 41 paragraph 1 of the 2010 Law or are financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies in which the Subfund may invest according to its investment objectives;
  - the counterparties in transactions with OTC derivatives are institutions subject to supervision belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF; and
  - the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at the initiative of the Company at their fair value.
- (d) Shares in UCITS authorised in accordance with Directive 2009/65/EC and/or other UCIs within the meaning of Article 1 paragraph 2, first and second indent of Directive 200/65/EC, having their registered office in a member state of the EU or a non-EU state, provided that:
- such other UCIs are authorised in accordance with legal requirements which subject them to official supervision considered by the CSSF to be equivalent to that under the EU Community law and that there is sufficient guarantee of cooperation between the authorities;
  - the level of protection for unitholders of such other UCIs is equivalent to the level of protection for unitholders of a UCITS and in particular that the requirements for segregation of the fund’s assets, borrowing, lending and uncovered sales of transferable securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of Directive 2009/65/EC;
  - semi-annual and annual reports are issued on the business activities of the other UCIs which enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period;
  - the UCITS or this other UCI, whose units are to be acquired, may, according to its constitutional documents, invest in total no more than 10% of its net asset value in units of other UCITS or other UCIs.
- If the Company purchases units in other UCITS and/or other UCIs which are managed directly or indirectly by the same Management Company or by another company to which the Management Company is linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding, the Management Company or the other company may not charge the Company any fees for subscription or redemption of Shares in other UCITS and/or UCI.
- A Subfund may invest in other Subfunds of the Company, subject to the prerequisites laid down in Article 181 paragraph 8 of the 2010 Law.
- (e) Money market instruments which are not traded on a regulated market and come under the definition of Article 1 of the 2010 Law, provided the issue or issuer of these instruments is itself subject to regulations governing the protection of deposits and investors, and provided that:

<sup>1</sup> As used in the Directive 2009/65/EC, a non-EU state is a country which is not a member of the EU.

- they are issued or guaranteed by a central governmental, regional or local authority or the central bank of an EU member state, by the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, a non-EU state or, in the case of a Federal State, one of the states making up the federation, or by a public international institution to which at least one EU member state belongs; or
- they are issued by an undertaking whose securities are traded on the regulated markets referred to in 1. (a); or
- they are issued or guaranteed by an institution subject to supervision in accordance with the criteria defined by EU Community law, or by an institution which is subject to and complies with prudential rules which in the opinion of the CSSF are at least as stringent as those under EU Community law; or
- they are issued by other issuers belonging to a category approved by the CSSF provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection regulations which are equivalent to those of the first, second or third indent and provided the issuer is either a company with own funds of at least ten (10) million Euro which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with the provisions of the 4<sup>th</sup> Directive 78/660/EEC, or an entity within a group comprising one or more companies listed on an official stock exchange which is dedicated to the financing of that group, or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.

(f) However:

- the Company may invest no more than 10% of the net asset value per Subfund in transferable securities and money market instruments other than those referred to in (a) to (e);
- the Company may not acquire precious metals or certificates representing them.

(g) The Company may hold ancillary liquid assets.

## 2. Investment restrictions

(a) The Company may invest no more than 10% of the net asset value of each Subfund in transferable securities or money market instruments of one and the same issuer. The Company may invest no more than 20% of the net asset value per Subfund in deposits made with one and the same institution.

The risk of default in OTC-derivatives transactions conducted by the Company must not exceed the following percentages:

- 10% of the net asset value of each Subfund when the counterparty is a qualified credit institution;
- and otherwise 5% of the net asset value of each Subfund.

In the case of non-sophisticated UCITS, the aggregate risk exposure relating to derivatives is determined by using the Commitment Approach and in the case of complex UCITS by means of a model-based approach (value-at-risk model) which takes into account all general and specific market risks that can lead to a non-negligible change in the value of the portfolio. If a Subfund uses a value-at-risk (VaR) method to calculate its aggregate risk, the calculation of the VaR is based on a 99% confidence interval. The holding period corresponds to one month (20 days) for the purpose of calculating the aggregate risk.

The calculation of the aggregate risk is done for the respective Subfund, either using the Commitment Approach or according to the VaR model (absolute or relative VaR with the corresponding benchmark) as listed in the table below.

Subfunds	Relative VaR / Absolute VaR / Commitment	Benchmark used to calculate the risk exposure (only in the case of relative VaR)
CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND	Commitment	n/a
DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND	Commitment	n/a
DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a
DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND	Commitment	n/a
GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a
LANSDOWNNE ENDOWMENT FUND	Commitment	n/a
LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a
OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a
OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a
OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	Commitment	n/a
STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND	Commitment	n/a
SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND	Commitment	n/a
THE SINGULARITY FUND	Commitment	n/a
OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND	Commitment	n/a

The aggregate risk of the underlying instruments must not exceed the investment limits set out in paragraphs (a) to (f). The underlying instruments of index-based derivatives do not have to be taken into account when calculating these investment limits. If a derivative is embedded in a transferable security or a money market instrument, it must be taken into account for the purpose of the provisions of this section.

- (b) The total value of the issuers' securities and money-market instruments in which a Subfund invests more than 5% of its net asset value must not exceed 40% of its net asset value. This limitation does not apply to deposits or OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to official supervision.
- (c) Irrespective of the individual maximum limits under (a), a Subfund may invest not more than 20% of its net asset value with one and the same institution in a combination of:
- transferable securities or money market instruments issued by this institution and/or
  - deposits made with this institution and/or
  - OTC derivatives acquired from this institution.
- (d) The upper limit stated in (a), first sentence, is raised to 35% if the transferable securities or money market instruments are issued or guaranteed by an EU member state or by its public local authorities, by a non-EU state or by public international institutions of which at least one EU member state is a member.
- (e) The upper limit stated in (a), first sentence, is raised to 25% for certain debt securities when they are issued by a credit institution having its registered office in an EU member state and which is subject, by law, to special prudential supervision designed to protect investors in debt securities. In particular, the income deriving from the issue of these debt securities must be invested in conformity with the legal regulations in assets which, during the whole term of the debt securities, sufficiently cover the liabilities resulting therefrom and which are intended to be used on a priority basis for repayment of the principal and interest that would be due in the event of default by the issuer.

If a Subfund invests more than 5% of its net asset value in the debt securities referred to in the above paragraph and which are issued by a single issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the net asset value of the Subfund concerned.

- (f) The transferable securities and money market instruments mentioned in (d) and (e) are not taken into account when applying the investment limit of 40% laid down in (b).

The limits stated in (a) to (e) may not be combined; therefore investments made in accordance with (a) to (e) in transferable securities or money market instruments of one and the same issuer or in deposits with said issuer or in derivatives made with that issuer may under no circumstances exceed 35% of the net asset value of a Subfund.

Companies which belong to the same group for the purpose of drawing up the consolidated accounts as defined in the Directive 83/349/EEC or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules are regarded as a single issuer for the purpose of calculating the above-mentioned investment limits.

The investments made by a Subfund in transferable securities and money market instruments within the same group may cumulatively not exceed 20% of its net asset value, subject to the proviso of paragraph (e) above.

(g) **Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) to (f), the Company is authorised in accordance with the principle of risk diversification to invest up to 100% of the net asset value of a Subfund in securities and money market instruments of different issues, which are issued or guaranteed by an EU member state or by its local or regional authorities, by an OECD member state or by public international organisations of which at least one EU member state is a member or Singapore or Hong Kong, but subject to the provision that the Subfund must hold securities and money market instruments of at least six different issues, whereby the securities and money market instruments of a single issue may not account for more than 30% of the net asset value of the Subfund concerned.**

(h) Without prejudice to the investment limits laid down in paragraph (j), the upper limit laid down in paragraph (a) for investments in Shares and/or debt securities issued by one and the same issuer may be raised to a maximum of 20% when the investment strategy of a Subfund is to replicate a particular stock or debt securities index recognised by the CSSF. This depends on the following conditions:

- the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified;
- the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers;
- the index is published in an appropriate manner.

The limit laid down in the previous paragraph is raised to 35% where this is justified by exceptional market conditions, in particular in regulated markets in which certain transferable securities or money market instruments are highly predominant. An investment up to this upper limit is permitted only for a single issuer.

(i) A Subfund may acquire units of target funds as defined in section 5.1 (d) above, up to a maximum of 10% of its net asset value if no investments in target funds beyond this limit are permitted in the relevant Special Part of the Prospectus. However, if a Special Part of the Prospectus permits investments in target funds for more than 10% of the net asset value of a Subfund, the Subfund may not

- invest more than 20% of its net asset value in one and the same target fund; and
- invest more than 30% of its net asset value in units of target funds that are not UCITS.

When applying these investment limits, each Subfund of a target fund is to be regarded as an independent issuer.

(j)

(A) The Company or the Management Company acting in connection with all of the investment funds which it manages and which qualify as UCITS may not acquire any shares carrying voting rights which would enable it to exercise significant influence over the management of the issuer.

(B) Moreover, for every Subfund, the Company may acquire no more than:

- 10% of the non-voting shares of one and the same issuer;
- 10% of the debt securities of one and the same issuer;
- 25% of the units of one and the same target fund;
- 10% of the money market instruments of one and the same issuer.

The limits laid down in the second, third and fourth indents may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of debt securities or money market instruments or the net amount of the outstanding shares cannot be calculated.

Paragraphs (A) and (B) shall not apply:

- to transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU member state or its local or regional authorities;

- to transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a non-EU state;
- to transferable securities and money market instruments issued by public international institutions of which one or more EU member states are members;
- to shares held by the Company in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-EU state which invests its assets mainly in securities of issuers having their registered office in that state, if under the legislation of that state, such a shareholding is the only way in which the Company can invest in the securities of issuers of that state. However, this derogation shall only apply if the investment policy of the company from the non-EU state does not exceed the limits laid down in (a) to (f) and (i) and (j) (A) and (B). Where the limits set in (a) to (f) and (i) are exceeded, (k) shall apply mutatis mutandis;
- to shares held by the Company alone or together with other UCIs in the capital of subsidiary companies which, exclusively on its own or their behalf, carry on only the business of management, advice or marketing in the country in which the subsidiary is located, with regard to the redemption of Shares at the investors' request.

(k)

- (A) The Company need not comply with the investment limits laid down herein when exercising subscription rights attaching to transferable securities or money market instruments which form part of its assets. While ensuring observance of the principle of risk diversification, each Subfund may derogate from the rules set out in paragraphs (a) to (h) for a period of six months following the date of its admission.
- (B) If the Company exceeds the limits referred to in paragraph (A) for reasons beyond its control or as a result of exercising subscription rights, it must adopt as a priority objective for its sales transactions the remedying of the situation, taking due account of its shareholders' interests.

(l)

- (A) The Company may not borrow. However, the Company may acquire foreign currency by means of a "back-to-back" loan.
- (B) By way of derogation from paragraph (A), the Company may for each Subfund (i) borrow up to 10% of its net asset value provided that the borrowing is on a short-term basis, and (ii) borrow the equivalent of up to 10% of its net asset value provided that the borrowing is to make possible the acquisition of real estate essential for the direct exercise of its business; under no circumstances may such borrowings and those referred to in (i) together exceed 15% of the net asset value concerned.

(m) The Company and the Depositary may not grant loans or act as guarantor for third parties for the account of the Subfund, without prejudice to points (a) to (e) under point 1. This shall not prevent the Company from acquiring transferable securities, money market instruments or units of target funds or financial instruments referred to in (c) and (e) under point 1 which are not yet fully paid.

(n) The Company and the Depositary may not carry out any uncovered sales of transferable securities, money market instruments, units of target funds or financial instruments referred to in (c) and (e) under point 1 for the account of the Subfunds.

(o) The Company may hold liquid assets, which under certain circumstances can be increased to up to 49% of the assets of the relevant Subfund.

### 3. Further investment guidelines

- (a) The Company will not invest in securities which entail unlimited liability.
- (b) The fund's assets must not be invested in real estate, precious metals or precious metal contracts where physical delivery may be required.

- (c) The Company can implement further investment restrictions in order to comply with the requirements in countries in which Shares will be offered for sale.

## 6. SPECIAL INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In the interests of efficient management or for hedging purposes, the Company may make use of the following investment techniques and financial instruments for each Subfund. It may also use derivatives for investment purposes if appropriate provision is made for this in the Special Part of the full Prospectus. It must at all times comply with the investment restrictions laid down in Part I of the 2010 Law and in the section "Investment limits" in this Prospectus, and must in particular take account of the fact that the securities which underlie derivatives and structured products used by each Subfund (underlying securities) have to be included in the calculation of the investment limits stated in the previous section. When using special investment techniques and financial instruments, the Company will at all times observe the requirements of CSSF Regulation 10-04 and the Luxembourg guidelines issued from time to time. In addition, derivatives may be traded over the counter (OTC) or on a recognised market.

The Company will also take into account the requirement to maintain an appropriate level of liquidity in respect of each Subfund when employing special investment techniques and financial instruments (particularly derivatives and structured products).

### 6.1. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company may notably, in the context of efficient portfolio management or for hedging purposes use the following financial instruments:

#### 6.1.1. FINANCIAL FUTURES AND FORWARD CONTRACTS

**Futures contracts:** The Subfunds may buy and sell different types of futures contracts, including those based on interest rates, bonds, currencies and indices, in order to increase the overall return through exposure to interest rate fluctuations, securities prices, prices of other investments or index prices, or to hedge them against changes in interest rates, securities prices, prices of other investments or index prices. An exposure achieved by using futures must be compatible with the investment policy applicable to the relevant Subfund. Futures contracts are traded on regulated markets, involve brokerage costs and have margin requirements.

**Contracts for difference (CFDs):** The Subfunds may conclude contracts for difference (CFDs). A CFD is a contractual agreement between two parties - buyer and seller - stipulating that the seller pays the buyer the difference between the current value of an asset (security, instrument, basket of securities or index) and its value on conclusion of the contract. If the difference is negative, the buyer owes the (corresponding) payment to the seller. CFDs are traded over the counter (OTC) and the counterparty must be a first-class financial institution specialising in this type of transaction.

**Forward currency contracts:** The Subfunds may conclude forward currency contracts. With a forward currency contract, the holder of the contract agrees to buy or sell the currency at a predetermined price, in a predetermined quantity and at a predetermined future date. Forward currency contracts are traded over the counter (OTC) and the counterparty must be a first-class financial institution specialising in this type of transaction.

#### 6.1.2. SWAPS

**Interest rate swaps or currency swaps:** The Subfunds may engage in interest rate and currency swap transactions. With an interest rate swap, one stream of future interest payments is exchanged for another on the basis of a specified principal sum. With interest rate swaps, a fixed payment is frequently exchanged for a variable payment that is tied to an interest rate. With a currency swap, interest payments and a principal sum in a particular currency are exchanged for a principal sum and interest payments with the same value in a different currency. Interest rate swaps and currency swaps are traded over the counter (OTC) and the counterparty must be a first-class financial institution specialising in this type of transaction.

**Inflation swaps:** The Subfunds may conduct inflation swap transactions. With an inflation swap, one party pays a fixed interest rate on a fictitious principal sum while the other party pays a variable interest rate that is tied to an inflation index such as the consumer prices index (CPI). The party paying the variable interest rate pays the inflation-adjusted rate, multiplied by the fictitious principal sum. Inflation swaps are traded over the counter (OTC) and the counterparty must be a first-class financial institution specialising in this type of transaction.

**Credit defaults swaps (CDS):** The Subfunds may conduct credit default swap transactions. A CDS is an arrangement where the credit risks of third parties are transferred from one party to another. A swap party (the "protection buyer") is generally exposed to the credit risk of a third party and the counterparty to the credit default swap (the "protection seller") undertakes to insure this risk in return for regular payments (similar to an insurance premium). On occurrence of a default event (as defined in the documentation for the swap contract), the protection buyer either delivers the distressed security of the reference debtor to the protection seller and receives the face value of the instrument ("physical settlement") or the protection seller pays the protection buyer the difference between the face value and the market price of a debt instrument of the reference debtor ("cash settlement"). Credit default swaps are traded over the counter (OTC) and may be bought or sold by the Subfunds in order to build up exposure to credit risks for investment purposes or to hedge counterparty risk. Counterparties must be first-class financial institutions specialising in this type of transaction.

**Total return swaps:** The Subfunds may conclude total return swaps, where the entitlement to an overall return, dividends or coupons plus capital gains or losses on a specific reference asset, index or basket of assets is exchanged for the right to make fixed or variable payments. Any assets received by the Fund must be compatible with the Fund's investment policy. If the Fund concludes a total return swap on a net basis, the two payment streams are netted and the Fund pays or receives, depending on the situation, only the net amount of the two payments. Total return swaps are traded over the counter (OTC) and the counterparty must be a first-class financial institution specialising in this type of transaction. The Subfunds may invest in total return swaps or in other derivatives with similar characteristics as described below:

- The underlyings of the total return swaps or other financial instruments with similar characteristics comprise in particular individual equities or bonds, baskets of equities or bonds or financial indices permitted in accordance with para. 48-61 of the ESMA Guidelines 2012/832. The components of the financial indices include equities, bonds and derivatives on commodities. The investment policy of the various Subfunds includes additional details on the use of total return swaps or other financial instruments with similar characteristics based on underlyings or strategies other than those described above.
- Counterparties to such transactions are regulated financial institutions that have a good credit rating and are specialised in this type of transaction.
- Default by a counterparty may have a negative influence on shareholder returns. The Investment Manager intends to minimise the settlement risk of the counterparties by only selecting counterparties that have a good credit rating and by monitoring the development of counterparty ratings. Furthermore, these transactions are only concluded on the basis of standardised framework agreements (ISDA with credit support annex, German framework agreement with collateralisation annex, etc.). The credit support or collateralisation annex defines the conditions under which collateral is transferred to the counterparty or accepted by it in order to lessen the default risk arising from derivative positions and therefore the negative implications for shareholder returns in the event of default by a counterparty.
- The counterparties for total return swaps or other financial instruments with comparable characteristics have no discretion with regard to the composition or management of the portfolio of a Subfund or the underlyings of these derivatives; nor is the counterparty's consent required in connection with the conclusion of such a transaction. In the event of a deviation from this principle, the investment policy of the Subfunds contains further details.
- The total return swaps or derivatives with similar characteristics are included in the calculation of the specified investment limits.

### 6.1.3. OPTIONS

The Company may on behalf of each Subfund sell or buy call and put options on any securities, futures contracts, swap contracts, currencies or indices consisting of securities that are compatible with the respective investment

policy. Options may be traded on a regulated market or over the counter (OTC). The sale and purchase of options are highly specialised activities where the counterparties must be first-class financial institutions specialising in this type of transaction.

**Options on securities:** The Subfunds may buy or sell put and call options on any security that is compatible with the respective investment policy of the Subfund. Options on securities are generally “plain vanilla” type. They may be traded on a regulated market or over the counter (OTC).

**Options on futures contracts:** The Subfunds may buy and sell put and call options on any futures contracts specified in 6.1.1. Any exposure achieved through options on futures contracts must be compatible with the respective investment policy of the Subfund. Options on futures contracts are generally traded on regulated markets.

**Options on swaps (swaptions):** The Subfunds may conclude swaption contracts. This is an option where an interest rate swap contract for a predetermined future date and with a specified interest rate is concluded in return for payment of an option premium. Swaptions are normally plain vanilla-type options and are generally used for managing the Subfund's interest rate and volatility risk. They may be used as a substitute for physical securities or as a less expensive or more liquid means of achieving the desired exposure. Swaptions are traded on an off-exchange basis.

**Options on currencies:** The Subfunds may buy and sell currency options. Currency options give the holder the right to buy or sell a currency at a predetermined exchange rate during a specific period. The Subfunds may use plain vanilla put or call options as well as non-standard options, including barrier or digital options, for hedging and investment purposes. With barrier options, the payment depends on whether the underlying has reached or exceeded a previously determined price (barrier) or not. With digital options, the payment is specified at the start of the contract and does not depend on how strongly the underlying performs. Currency options are generally traded on an off-exchange basis (OTC).

**Options on indices:** The Subfunds may buy and sell put and call options on indices consisting of securities that are compatible with the individual investment policy of the Subfund. Options on indices are generally “plain vanilla” type. They may be traded on a regulated market or over the counter (OTC).

#### 6.1.4. STRUCTURED PRODUCTS

The Company may make use of structured products for each Subfund for efficient management or hedging purposes. The range of structured products includes in particular credit-linked notes, equity-linked notes, performance-linked notes, index-linked notes and other notes whose performance is linked to underlying instruments permitted pursuant to Part I of the 2010 Law and its implementing provisions. In such transactions, the counterparty must be a first-class financial institution specialised in these types of transactions. Structured products are composite products. Derivatives and/or other investment techniques and instruments may also be embedded in structured products. Consequently, in addition to the risk characteristics of securities, the risk characteristics of derivatives and other investment techniques and instruments must be taken into account. In general, they are subject to the risks of the underlying markets or underlying instruments. Depending on their structure, they may be more volatile and thus entail greater risk than direct investments; as a result of price movements for the underlying market or instrument, there is also the risk of a loss of income or even a total loss of the capital invested.

#### 6.1.5. REGULATION (EU) 2015 / 2365 ON TRANSPARENCY OF SECURITIES FINANCING TRANSACTIONS AND REUSE AND AMENDING REGULATION (EU) No 648 / 2012

At the time of the preparation of this prospectus the following Subfunds employed total return swaps (included equity swaps and contracts for difference). The following table sets out the maximum and the expected proportion of the Subfunds' assets under management that could be subject to these instruments. Should this change in future, the Prospectus will be amended accordingly at the time of the next submission.

Subfunds	Total Return Swaps (incl. Equity Swaps and CFD)	
	Maximum value	Expected value
DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND	10%	0%

DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND	20%	5%
DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND	20%	5%
GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	100%	0%
LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	100%	0%
OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND	30%	0%
OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND	10%	0%
OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND	100%	0%
STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND	30%	0%
OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND	20%	0%

The types of assets that can be subject to total return swaps are those where such use is consistent with the investment policy of the relevant Subfund.

All revenues from total return swaps entered into by a Subfund, net of direct and indirect operational costs, will be returned to the relevant Subfund. The identities of the entities to which any direct and indirect costs and fees are paid shall be disclosed in the annual financial statements of the Company and such entities may include the Management Company, the Depositary or entities related to the Depositary. In selecting counterparties to these arrangements, the Investment Manager may take into account whether such costs and fees will be at normal commercial rates.

## 6.2. INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES

### a) Hedges against market risks and risks connected with stock market performance

For the purpose of hedging against poor market performance, the Company may, for each Subfund, sell futures contracts and call options on share price indexes, bond market indexes or other indexes or financial instruments, or buy put options on share price indexes, bond market indexes or other indexes or buy financial instruments or enter into swaps in which the payments between the Company and the counterparty depend on the performance of certain share price indexes, bond market indexes or other indexes or financial instruments.

Since these call and put transactions are conducted for hedging purposes, there must be a sufficient correlation between the composition of the securities portfolio to be hedged and that of the share price index employed.

### b) Hedges against interest-rate risks

For the purpose of hedging against the risks connected with changes in interest rates the Company may, for each Subfund, sell interest rate futures and call options on interest rates, or buy put options on interest rates and enter into interest rate swaps, forward rate agreements and options on interest rate swaps (swaptions) with first-class financial institutions specialised in transactions of this kind as part of OTC transactions.

### c) Hedges against inflation risks

For the purpose of hedging against risks resulting from an unexpected acceleration of inflation, the Company may, for each Subfund, conclude so-called inflation swaps with first-class financial institutions specialising in transactions of this kind as part of OTC transactions, or make use of other instruments to hedge against inflation.

### d) Hedges against credit default risk and the risk of a deterioration in a borrower's credit standing

For the purpose of hedging against credit default risk and/or the risk of losses owing to a deterioration in the borrower's credit standing, the Company may, for each Subfund, engage in credit options, credit spread swaps ("CSS"), credit default swaps ("CDS"), CDS (index) baskets, credit-linked total return swaps and similar credit derivatives with first-class financial institutions specialising in transactions of this kind as part of OTC transactions.

### e) Non-hedging transactions ("active management")

The Company may buy and sell forward contracts and options on all types of financial instruments for each Subfund.

The Company can also enter into interest rate and credit swaps (interest rate swaps, credit spread swaps ("CSS"), credit default swaps ("CDS"), CDS (index) baskets, etc.), inflation swaps, options on interest rate and credit swaps

(swaptions), but also swaps, options or other transactions in financial derivatives in which the Company and the counterparty agree to swap performance and/or income (total return swaps, etc.) for each Subfund. This also comprises contracts for difference – (“CFD”).

**Inflation swaps** are generally used for investment purposes, whereby a fixed payment is exchanged for a variable payment that is linked to an inflation benchmark. **Interest rate swaps** are generally used for investment purposes and for managing the Subfund's interest rate risk. They may be used as a substitute for a physical security or as a less expensive or more liquid means of achieving the desired exposure. **Currency swaps** are used in order to profit from comparative advantages. **Contracts for difference** enable the Subfunds to enter into synthetic long or short positions with variable collateral provision, whereby the maturity date and amount of the contract - unlike in the case of futures contracts - are undetermined. **Total return swaps** can either be used as a substitute for the purchase of a group of securities, for the hedging of specific index risks or to accumulate or reduce exposure within an index or linked to the performance of one or more underlying indices that are directly or indirectly linked to specific securities. Possible reasons for the conclusion of total return swaps may be that the Investment Manager wishes to invest in an index but no futures market is available, that the underlying market is more liquid than the futures market or that the future is traded on an exchange on which the Investment Manager believes it is unwise to trade.

**f) Securities forward settlement transactions**

In the interest of efficient management or for hedging purposes, the Company may conclude forward transactions with broker/dealers acting as market makers in such transactions, provided they are first-class financial institutions specialised in transactions of this kind and participate in the OTC markets. The transactions in question involve the purchase or sale of securities at their current price; delivery and settlement then take place on a later date that is fixed in advance.

Within an appropriate period in advance of the transaction settlement date, the Company can arrange with the broker/dealer concerned either for it to sell or buy back the securities or for it to extend the time-limit for a further period, all realised profits or losses on the transaction being paid to the broker/dealer or paid by the latter to the Company. However, the Company concludes purchase transactions with the intention of acquiring the securities in question.

The Company may pay the normal charges contained in the price of the securities to the broker/dealer concerned in order to finance the costs incurred by the broker/dealer owing to the later settlement.

**g) Hedging of currency risks**

For the purpose of hedging against currency risks, the Company may on behalf of each Subfund conclude currency forward contracts on an exchange or other regulated market or in an OTC transaction; it may sell currency call options or buy currency put options in order to reduce or fully eliminate exposure to a currency considered risky and to move it to the reference currency or to another currency in the investment universe that is considered less risky.

The Company may also sell or exchange (currency swaps) currency forwards through OTC transactions with first-class financial institutions specialising in such transactions. These may be used to

- (a) invest in foreign currencies within the framework of the Subfund's investment strategy;
- (b) hedge the nominal currency of the Subfund's assets against the Subfund's accounting currency;
- (c) lower the exchange rate risk between the Subfund's accounting currency and the currency in which the shares of a Share Category of the Subfund are denominated where such currency differs from the Subfund's accounting currency, or
- (d) hedge the denomination currency of the assets of the Subfund particular to a specific Share Category against the nominal currency of such Share Category where the latter differ from one another. “Caps” and “floors” may be used as part of this strategy.

**6.3. EFFICIENT PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT - OTHER INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES AND INSTRUMENTS**

In addition to investments in derivatives, the Company may in accordance with the conditions of Circular CSSF 08/356 (as amended, or replaced by any superseding circular) and the guidelines of the European Securities and

Markets Authority ESMA/2012/832, which were implemented in Luxembourg by Circular CSSF 13/559 (as amended by Circular CSSF 14/592), as well as any other guidelines issued on this subject, use other investment techniques and instruments involving securities and money market instruments. Investment techniques and instruments involving securities or money market instruments used for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, including derivatives, and not used for direct investment purposes, must meet the following criteria;

- a) they are economically appropriate insofar as they are used in a cost-effective manner;
- b) they are used with one or more of the following specific objectives:
  - i. Risk reduction;
  - ii. Cost reduction;
  - iii. Generation of additional capital or income for the Company, coupled with a risk that is compatible with the risk profile of the Company and the relevant Subfunds of the Company as well as the risk diversification rules applicable to them;
- c) Their risks are adequately documented through the Company's risk management procedures; and they must not result in a change in the stated investment objective of the relevant Subfund or be coupled with significant additional risks compared with the general risk strategy described in the Prospectus or Key Investor Information Document.

The techniques and instruments available for the purpose of efficient portfolio management are explained in the following section and are subject to the conditions described below.

Furthermore, such transactions may be conducted in relation to 100% of the assets held by the Subfund concerned, provided (i) they remain on an appropriate scale or the Company is entitled to request the return of the loaned securities to ensure that it is in a position to meet its redemption obligations at all times and (ii) such transactions do not jeopardise the management of the assets of the Company in accordance with the investment policy of the Subfund concerned. Risk is monitored in accordance with the Company's risk management procedures.

The use of efficient portfolio management can potentially have a negative effect on shareholder returns.

Efficient portfolio management can result in direct and indirect operating costs that are deductible from income. These costs will not contain any hidden fees.

It shall also be ensured that efficient portfolio management does not result in conflicts of interest that are detrimental to the investors.

#### **6.4. SECURITIES LENDING**

##### **Regulation (EU) 2015 / 2365 on transparency of securities financing transactions and reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648 / 2012**

At the time of preparation of this Prospectus none of the Subfunds of the Company are engaged in Securities Lending.

#### **6.5. SECURITIES REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS**

##### **Regulation (EU) 2015 / 2365 on transparency of securities financing transactions and reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No 648 / 2012**

At the time of preparation of this Prospectus none of the Subfunds of the Company are engaged in repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions.

#### **6.6. COLLATERAL MANAGEMENT FOR TRANSACTIONS IN OTC DERIVATIVES AND TECHNIQUES FOR EFFICIENT PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT.**

The following provisions correspond to the requirements of the guidelines of the European Securities and Markets Authority ESMA/2012/832, which are subject to change.

1. Collateral accepted in connection with OTC derivative transactions and techniques for efficient portfolio management must meet all the following criteria at all times:
  - (a) Liquidity: non-cash collateral must be highly liquid and traded at a transparent price on a regulated market or within a multilateral trading system to ensure that it can be sold at short notice at a price that is close to the valuation ascertained prior to the sale. In addition, the collateral accepted should meet the provisions of Article 48 of the 2010 Law.
  - (b) Valuation: the collateral must be valued on each trading day. Assets that exhibit a high degree of price volatility should only be accepted as collateral if suitable conservative valuation discounts (haircuts) are applied.
  - (c) Credit rating of the issuer: the issuer of the collateral should exhibit a high credit rating.
  - (d) Correlation: (d) the collateral should be issued by a legal entity that is independent of the counterparty and does not exhibit a high correlation with the development of the counterparty.
  - (e) Diversification: In relation to collateral, an appropriate degree of diversification must be ensured in terms of countries, markets and issuers. The criterion of appropriate diversification with regard to issuer concentration is deemed to be met if a Subfund contains a collateral basket where the maximum exposure to a specific issuer equals 20% of the net asset value. Where a Subfund has different counterparties, the various collateral baskets should be aggregated in order to calculate the 20% limit for exposure to a single issuer. By way of derogation from this limit, a Subfund may be fully collateralised by securities or money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the EU, one or more of its local authorities, a third country, or a public international body to which one or more Member States belong. Such a Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value. As far as a Subfund aims to be fully collateralised by securities described above, this will be disclosed in the Prospectus. Further, each Subfund will disclose in the respective Special Part which Member States or third countries, which local authorities or which public international bodies issue or guarantee the collateral which the Subfunds accept for more than 20% of its net asset value.
  - (f) Immediate availability: The Company must have the ability to sell the collateral accepted at any time without reference to the counterparty or approval on the part of the counterparty.
2. Without prejudice to the aforementioned criteria, permissible collateral for each Subfund must meet the following requirements:
  - (a) liquid assets such as cash or short-term bank deposits, money market instruments pursuant to Directive 2007/16/EC of 19 March 2007, documentary credits or request guarantees issued by a first-class credit institution not linked to the counterparty.
  - (b) bonds issued or guaranteed by a member state of the OECD.
3. In the event of a transfer of rights, the collateral accepted must be held in safekeeping by the Depositary or its representative. Where there is no transfer of rights, the collateral may be held in safekeeping by a third party that is subject to supervision and has no connection whatsoever with the collateral provider.
4. The Company has introduced a haircut strategy for each asset category that it accepts as collateral. A haircut is a discount on the value of an item of collateral in order to account for a deterioration in the valuation or liquidity profile of an item of collateral over time. The haircut strategy takes into account the characteristics of each asset category, including the credit rating of the collateral issuer, price volatility of the collateral and results of the stress tests conducted in connection with the safekeeping of the collateral. Without prejudice to the existing transactions with the respective counterparty, which may include minimum amounts for the transfer of collateral, the Company intends that collateral received, as defined in no. 2b), is adjusted by a valuation discount of at least 2%, which should correspond to the counterparty risk at least, in accordance with the haircut strategy.
5. Risks and potential conflicts of interest in connection with OTC derivatives and efficient portfolio management
  - (a) OTC derivative transactions, efficient portfolio management and the administration of collateral involve certain risks. Further information may be found in this Prospectus in the chapters "Risks associated with

the use of derivatives and other special investment techniques and financial instruments”, in particular under the risks in connection with derivatives, counterparty risk and counterparty risk vis-à-vis the Depositary. These risks can expose shareholders to an increased risk of loss.

- (b) The combined counterparty risk from a transaction with OTC derivatives or techniques for efficient portfolio management must not exceed 10% of the Subfund's assets where the counterparty is a bank domiciled in the EU or in a country in which supervisory rules are equivalent to those of the EU in the view of the Luxembourg supervisor. In all other cases, this limit is 5%.

#### **6.7. INVESTMENTS IN FINANCIAL INDICES PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 9 OF THE GRAND DUCAL REGULATION OF 8 FEBRUARY 2008.**

The Company may invest in derivatives which underlying assets replicate indices. The Company may also raise the diversification limits for an index component pursuant to Article 44 of the 2010 Law.

The raising of the diversification limits can occur in unusual market conditions when one or more components of the index acquires a dominant position within a particular market, sector or segment. A dominating position can arise due to special economic and market developments but also market, sector or segment-specific limitations. Further details are given in the investment policy of the Subfunds concerned.

The Company invests in derivatives which underlying assets replicate indices which composition is mainly rebalanced on a semi-annual or annual frequency. A distinction is drawn between the following cases:

- For exchange-traded derivatives, the rebalancing of the index composition merely results in changes in the calculation and has no direct or indirect impact on the costs of the Subfunds concerned.
- In the case of OTC derivatives, the counterparty does not usually hold the index component physically and instead secures its position primarily via derivative instruments. Should transactions take place as a consequence of the rebalancing of the index composition, this is carried out on highly liquid derivative markets to ensure that the impact on the costs of the Subfunds concerned remains minimal.

In the case of investments in commodity indices, the following rules also apply:

Commodity indices contain a representative, balanced selection of commodities from the entire commodities universe as well as futures. This representative, balanced selection of commodities reflects the existence of several commodities. Investments in individual commodity indices are excluded. The correlation of various index components is taken into account when evaluating commodity indices.

#### **6.8. RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF DERIVATIVES AND OTHER SPECIAL INVESTMENT TECHNIQUES AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Prudent use of these derivative and other special investment techniques and financial instruments may bring advantages, but does also entail risks which differ from those of the more conventional forms of investment and in some cases may be even greater. The following general outline covers important risk factors and other aspects relating to the use of derivative and other special investment techniques and financial instruments and on which the shareholder should be informed before investing in a Subfund.

##### **General risks**

- Market risks: These risks are of general nature and are present in all types of investments; the value of a particular financial instrument may change in a way that can be detrimental to the interests of a Subfund. As with most other investments, financial instruments are exposed to the risk that the market value of the instrument will change in a way that is detrimental to the Subfund's interests. Where an Investment Manager does not accurately forecast the value of securities and currencies or interest rates or other economic factors in relation to the use of derivatives for a Subfund, it may have been better for the Subfund not to have conducted the transaction concerned in the first place. Some strategies associated with financial instruments may reduce the risk of losses, but can also depress income opportunities or even result in losses by outweighing the favourable performance by other investments of the Subfund. It is possible that a Subfund will buy or sell a security at an unfavourable time because the Subfund is required by law to hold balancing positions in connection with certain derivative transactions or to be hedged through assets.

- Monitoring and control: Derivatives and other special investment techniques and financial instruments are specialised products which require different investment techniques and risk analyses than equities or bonds. The use of derivatives requires not just knowledge of the underlying instrument, but also of the derivative itself, although the performance of the derivative cannot be monitored under all the conceivable market conditions. In particular, the complexity of such products and their use require suitable control mechanisms to be set up for monitoring the transactions and the ability to assess the risks of such products for a Subfund and to estimate the trends in prices, interest rates and exchange rates.
- Liquidity risks: Liquidity risks arise when a certain stock is difficult to acquire or sell. In large-scale transactions or when markets are partially illiquid (e.g. where there are numerous individually agreed instruments) it may not be possible to execute a transaction or close out a position at an advantageous price.
- Counterparty risks/credit risks: The possibility of closing out positions is more limited with derivatives traded off-exchange (OTC) than with exchange-traded derivatives and there is a risk that the brokers/dealers involved in these transactions will be unable to fulfil their obligations (settlement risk), e.g. due to bankruptcy, subsequent illegality or a change in the tax or accounting regulations compared to those valid at the time the OTC derivative contract was concluded, and/or that the counterparty to a financial instrument is financially unable to meet a commitment or liability entered into in relation to the Subfund concerned (credit risk). This affects all counterparties with which derivative agreements are entered into. Trading in non-collateralised derivatives results in direct counterparty risk. The Subfund in question minimises a large part of its counterparty risk from derivative transactions by demanding that collateral amounting to at least the level of its exposure be placed with the relevant counterparty. If derivatives are not fully collateralised, however, counterparty default can lead to a reduction in the value of the Subfund. New counterparties are subject to a formal assessment and all approved counterparties are constantly monitored and reviewed. The Company ensures active control of its counterparty risk and collateral management.
- Counterparty risk vis-à-vis the Depositary: The Company's assets are entrusted to the Depositary for safekeeping. A note should be made in the books of the Depositary stating that the Company's assets belong to the Company. The securities held by the Depositary should be separated from the Depositary's other securities/assets, thereby reducing but not eliminating the risk of non-return in the event of the Depositary's bankruptcy. Shareholders are therefore exposed to the risk that in the event of its bankruptcy, the Depositary will be unable to meet its obligation to return all the Company's assets in full. In addition, it is possible that a Subfund's cash holdings with the Depositary will not be held separately from the Depositary's own cash holdings or the cash holdings of its other customers; in the event of the bankruptcy of the Depositary, a Subfund could therefore be treated as a non-preferential creditor in some circumstances.

It is possible that the Depositary will not keep all the Company's assets in safekeeping itself and may instead use a network of sub-custodians that do not always form part of the same group of companies as the Depositary. In cases where the Depositary bears no liability, it is possible that shareholders will be exposed to the risk of bankruptcy among the sub-custodians.

A Subfund may invest in markets where custody and/or settlement systems are not yet fully developed. The assets of the Subfunds traded on these markets and entrusted to these sub-custodians may be exposed to risk in cases where the Depositary is not liable.

- Mispricing and/or inaccurate valuations: The use of derivatives involves the risk of the mispricing of or inadequate valuation of derivatives and the risk that derivatives may not correlate perfectly with underlying assets, interest rates and indices. Inadequate valuations may lead to increased cash payment requirements by counterparties or to losses for a Subfund. In addition, the value of derivatives may not correlate perfectly with the value of the assets, reference rates or indices they are intended to follow precisely.
- Management risks: Derivative products are highly specialised instruments where different investment techniques and risk analyses are required to those for equities and bonds. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself, without the benefit of monitoring the performance of the derivative under all possible market conditions.
- Legal risks: Transactions with OTC derivatives are generally conducted in accordance with contractual arrangements that are based on the standards for framework agreements on derivatives laid down by the International Securities Dealers Association and are negotiated between the parties. Use of these contracts

can expose a Subfund to legal risks; for instance, the contract may not accurately reflect the intentions of the parties or the contract may be unenforceable vis-à-vis the counterparty in the jurisdiction in which it was drawn up.

- Absence of regulation: Default by the counterparty; in general, over-the-counter (OTC) markets (on which currency, spot and options contracts, certain options on currencies and swaps in general are usually traded) are subject to a lower degree of government regulation and supervision of transactions than in the case of transactions conducted on recognised markets. Furthermore, many of the protective regulations that benefit participants on a number of recognized (OTC) markets, such as the performance bond of a stock exchange clearing house, may not be available in the case of over-the-counter transactions. Options traded over the counter are not subject to any regulation. Over-the-counter options are non-exchange traded option contracts that are specially tailored to the needs of an individual investor. These options enable the user to structure the maturity date, market level and amount of a specific position in precise terms. The counterparty to such contracts is the actual firm participating in the transaction and not a recognised market; therefore, the insolvency or default of a counterparty with which a Subfund trades in off-exchange options could lead to considerable losses for the Subfund. Furthermore, a counterparty might not conclude a transaction in accordance with the terms because the contract is legally unenforceable or because it does not accurately reflect the intentions of the parties, or because a dispute about the terms of the contract (whether in good faith or not) or a credit or liquidity problem exists that could result in a loss for the Subfund. If a counterparty fails to fulfil his obligations and the Subfund cannot exercise its rights in relation to the assets in its portfolio, whether on a delayed basis or not at all, the latter may suffer an impairment of the position, lose income or incur costs in connection with the assertion of its rights and claims. The counterparty risk must be compatible with the investment restrictions of the Subfund. Irrespective of the measures that the Subfund may take to lessen the counterparty credit risk, there can be no guarantee that a counterparty will not default on its payment or that the Subfund will not suffer any loss as a result of these transactions.
- Other risks: The use of derivatives and other special investment techniques and financial instruments also includes the risk of different valuations of financial products resulting from different permitted valuation methods (model risks) and from the fact that there is no perfect correlation between derivative products and the underlying securities, interest rates, exchange rates and indices. Inaccurate valuations may lead to increased cash payment obligations in relation to the counterparty or to losses for the Subfund. Derivatives do not always fully match the performance of the securities, interest rates, exchange rates or indices they are intended to replicate. As a result, in certain circumstances the use of derivatives and other special investment techniques and financial instruments by a Subfund may not always be an effective way of achieving a Subfund's investment objective and may sometimes even prove to be counterproductive. Furthermore, contracts traded over the counter can involve additional risks given that there is no exchange-type market on which open positions can be closed out. At times of high levels of market tension or considerable volatility, it may be difficult to liquidate an existing position, evaluate a position or calculate the risk exposure.

#### **Risks associated with the use of certain types of derivatives**

- Risks associated with credit default swap ("CDS") transactions: The purchase of credit default swap protection allows the Company, on payment of a premium, to protect itself against the risk of default by an issuer. In the event of default by an issuer, settlement can be effected in cash or in kind. In the case of a cash settlement, the purchaser of the CDS protection receives from the seller of the CDS protection the difference between the nominal value and the attainable redemption amount. Where settlement is made in kind, the purchaser of the CDS protection receives the full nominal value from the seller of the CDS protection and in exchange delivers to him the security which is the subject of the default, or an exchange shall be made from a basket of securities. The detailed composition of the basket of securities shall be determined at the time the CDS contract is concluded. The events which constitute a default and the terms of delivery of bonds and debt certificates shall also be defined in the CDS contract. The Company can if necessary resell the CDS protection or restore the credit risk by purchasing call options.

Upon the sale of credit default swap protection, the Subfund incurs a credit risk comparable to the purchase of a bond issued by the same issuer at the same nominal value. In either case, the risk in the event of issuer default is in the amount of the difference between the nominal value and the attainable redemption amount.

Aside from the general counterparty risk (see “Counterparty risks”, above), when concluding credit default swap transactions there is also in particular a risk of the counterparty being unable to establish one of the payment obligations which it must fulfil. The different Subfunds which use credit default swaps will ensure that the counterparties involved in these transactions are carefully selected and that the risk associated with the counterparty is limited and closely monitored.

- Risks associated with credit spread swap (“CSS”) transactions: Concluding a credit spread swap allows the Company, on payment of a premium, to share the risk of default by an issuer with the counterparty of the transaction concerned. A credit spread swap is based on two different securities with differently rated default risks and normally a different interest rate structure. At maturity, the payment obligations of one or other party to the transaction depend on the different interest rate structures of the two underlying securities.

Aside from the general counterparty risk (see “Counterparty risks” above), when concluding credit spread swap transactions there is also in particular a risk of the counterparty being unable to establish one of the payment obligations which it must fulfil.

- Risks associated with inflation swap transactions: The purchase of inflation swap protection helps the Company to hedge a portfolio either entirely or partially against an unexpectedly sharp rise in inflation or to derive a relative performance advantage therefrom. For this purpose, a nominal, non-inflation-indexed debt is exchanged for a real claim that is linked to an inflation index. When the transaction is concluded, the inflation expected at this point is accounted for in the price of the contract. If actual inflation turns out to be higher than that expected at the time the transaction was entered into and accounted for in the price of the contract, the purchase of the inflation swap protection results in higher performance; in the opposite instance it results in a lower performance than if the protection had not been purchased. The functioning of the inflation swap protection thus corresponds to that of inflation-indexed bonds in relation to normal nominal bonds. It follows that by combining a normal nominal bond with inflation swap protection it is possible to synthetically construct an inflation-indexed bond.

When selling inflation swap protection, the Subfund enters into an inflation risk which is comparable with the purchase of a normal nominal bond in relation to an inflation-indexed bond: If actual inflation turns out to be lower than that expected at the time the transaction was entered into and accounted for in the price of the contract, the sale of the inflation swap protection results in higher performance; in the opposite instance it results in a lower performance than if the inflation swap protection had not been sold.

Aside from the general counterparty risk (see “Counterparty risks” above), when concluding inflation swap transactions there is also in particular a risk of the counterparty being unable to establish one of the payment obligations which it must fulfil.

- Risks involved in contracts for difference (“CFD”): Unlike with direct investments, in the case of CFDs the buyer may be liable for a considerably higher amount than the amount paid as collateral. The Company will therefore use risk management techniques to ensure that the respective Subfund can sell the necessary assets at any time, so that the resulting payments in connection with redemption applications can be made from redemption proceeds and the Subfund can meet its obligations arising from contracts for difference and other techniques and instruments.
- Risks associated with swap contracts and swaptions: Whether the use of swap contracts and options on swap contracts by a Subfund is successful depends on the Investment Manager's ability correctly to forecast whether certain types of investments are likely to generate higher returns than other investments. As swaps involve contracts between two parties and may have a term of more than seven days, swap contracts may be viewed as less liquid investments. Furthermore, in the event of a payment default or insolvency of the counterparty to a swap contract, the Subfund bears the risk of losing the amount expected to be received under a swap contract. It is possible that developments on the swap market, including potential government regulations, will reduce a Subfund's ability to close out swap contracts in order to realise the amounts it is due to receive under such contracts.
- Risks associated with currency contracts: A Subfund may buy and sell spot and forward currency options as well as currency futures, primarily in order to hedge positions in the securities contained in the portfolio. Currency contracts may be more volatile and involve greater risk than investments in securities. Whether the use of currency contracts is successful depends on the Subfund's ability to forecast the development of the

market and political conditions; this calls for abilities and techniques other than the ability to predict changes on the securities markets. If the Subfund incorrectly predicts the development of these factors, the Subfund's investment performance would be inferior to the performance that would have been achieved without the use of this investment strategy.

- Risks associated with options and futures contracts: Where indicated in the relevant investment policy, a Subfund may buy and sell options on specific securities and currencies and furthermore buy and sell futures contracts on equities, currencies and indices as well as associated options. Although these types of investments are used to hedge against changes in market conditions, the buying and selling of these investments may also be speculative.

Participation in the options and futures markets involves investment risks and transaction costs to which a Subfund would not be exposed if it were not to use these strategies. If the fund manager incorrectly predicts changes in the development of the securities markets, the negative consequences for the Subfund may place it in a poorer position than it would be had it not implemented the strategies.

Other risks in connection with the use of options and securities index futures include (i) dependence on the Subfund's ability correctly to forecast changes in the development of certain securities that are hedged or the development of the indices; (ii) the possibly unwelcome correlation between the price of options and futures and options on them, on the one hand, and the price movements in the hedged assets, on the other; (iii) the fact that the abilities required for the use of these strategies differ from those that are required for the choosing of individual securities and (iv) the possible non-existence of a liquid secondary market for a specific instrument at any given time.

The use of derivative instruments by a Subfund involves other risks or possibly greater risks than investing directly in securities or other more traditional investments. The following lists important risk factors associated with all derivative instruments that may be used by the Subfund.

Positions in futures may be illiquid, as certain exchanges limit the permitted price fluctuations for certain futures contracts during a single day by regulations referred to as "daily price fluctuation limits" or "daily limits". Under such daily limits, no trading may be conducted at prices beyond this daily limit on a single day. As soon as the price of a contract for a specific futures contract increases or decreases by an amount equivalent to the daily limit, positions in this futures contract may not be taken or liquidated unless the dealer is willing to execute transactions at the limit or within the limit. This may prevent a Subfund from liquidating disadvantageous positions.

- Risks associated with forward trading: Forward contracts and options thereon, unlike futures contracts, are not traded on exchanges and are not standardised; instead banks and dealers on these markets act as business partners, with each transaction negotiated individually. Forward and "spot" trading is essentially unregulated; there are no restrictions on daily price changes and no limits on speculative positions. The business partners trading on the forward markets are not obliged continuously to act as market-makers in the currencies or commodities they are trading, although such markets may temporarily - and sometimes for considerable periods of time - be illiquid. Market illiquidity or disruptions may result in considerable losses for a Subfund.
- Risks associated with non-availability: As the markets for some derivative instruments are relatively new and still at the development stage, suitable derivative transactions for hedging and other purposes may not be available in all circumstances. On expiry of a specific contract, the portfolio manager may wish to retain the position in the derivative instrument in the Subfund by concluding a similar contract. This may be impossible, however, if the counterparty to the original contract is unwilling to conclude a new contract and no other suitable counterparty can be found. There can be no guarantee that a Subfund will be able to conduct derivative transactions at any time or any given time. A Subfund's ability to use derivatives may be restricted owing to certain supervisory and tax-related factors.
- Margin: Certain derivatives used by a Subfund may require that the Subfund deposit collateral with the counterparty in order to cover a payment obligation in relation to the position taken. The margin held must be marked to market on a daily basis, requiring additional payments if the position in question shows a loss, as a result of which the capital deposited falls below the prescribed minimum level. If, however, the position exhibits a profit above the prescribed minimum level, this profit may be paid out to the Subfund. Counterparties may

increase their minimum margin requirements at their own discretion, especially at times of considerable volatility. This and/or the requirement to mark to market could directly increase the required minimum margin amount very significantly.

To fully understand the consequences of an investment in the individual Subfunds of the Company, investors should in addition consult the sections "Investment objectives and policy" (Special Part in each case), "Calculation of the net asset value", "Suspension of the calculation of the net asset value and the issue, redemption and conversion of shares" as well as "Dividends" in this Prospectus.

## **7. SUSTAINABILITY RISKS**

In accordance with the regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation or SFDR), the Management Company and each of the Investment Managers of the Subfunds have implemented sustainability risks of the Subfunds into their investment decisions as set out in this section. For the purposes of this section a sustainability risk means an environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment. The prospective investors of any Subfund shall read this section together with the relevant Special Part and note that any Subfund may deviate from these guidelines and such deviations are further clarified in the respective Special Part.

### **7.1. SUSTAINABILITY RISKS AS PART OF THE INVESTMENT PROCESS**

Investment Managers of each of the Subfunds have integrated sustainability risk factors as part of their investment process. Integration of sustainability risk assessment to actual investment decisions aims to ensure that the risks are considered similarly than all other risks that are integrated in the investment decision making. Investors shall note that the assessment of sustainability risk does not mean that the investment manager aims to invest in assets that are more sustainable than peers or even avoid investing in assets that may have public concerns about their sustainability. Such integrated assessment shall consider all other parameters used by the investment manager and it can e.g. be deemed that even a recent event or condition may have been overreacted in its market value. Similarly, a holding in an asset subject to such material negative impact does not mean that the asset would need to be liquidated. Furthermore, it is deemed that sustainability risks will similarly be assessed for investments that are deemed to be sustainable, e.g. a 'green bond' will be subject to similar sustainability risks as a non-green bond even where the other one is deemed to be more sustainable.

Investors should note that, if a Subfund (a) promotes environmental or social characteristics or a combination thereof investing in companies that follow good governance practices; or (b) if a Subfund has a sustainable investment as its objective such promotion or objective shall be further detailed in the Special Part of the Subfund.

#### **7.1.1. INSTRUMENT SPECIFIC CONSIDERATIONS**

- (i) equity and equity-like instruments such as corporate bonds that are bound to the performance of the company are deemed to be investments that inherently carry highest level of sustainability risks. The market value of an equity instrument will often be affected by environmental, social or governance events or conditions such as natural disasters, global warming, income inequality, anti-consumerism or malicious governance. The Subfunds that invest or may invest heavily in equities will be deemed to have inherently high level of sustainability risks.
- (ii) The market value of fixed-rate corporate bonds or other bonds that are not bound to the performance of the company, will inherently carry same or similar sustainability risks. As such instruments are effectively affected by the foreseen solvency of the company, the risks may be somewhat lower than in direct equity instruments and in some cases the more long-term conditions do not affect the solvency as likely as

more sudden events do. The Subfunds that invest heavily in corporate bonds will be deemed to have inherently moderate level of sustainability risks.

- (iii) Government and other sovereign bonds are subject to similar sustainability risks as equities and corporate bonds. While nations and other sovereign issuers are subject to seemingly sudden events, the underlying conditions are often well-known and understood and already priced-in to the market value of such assets. The Subfunds that invest mostly in government and other sovereign bonds will be deemed to have an inherently low level of sustainability risks.
- (iv) currencies, investments in currencies and the currency effect against the base currency of any Subfund, regardless if such risk is hedged or not, shall not be subject to assessment of sustainability risk. The market value fluctuations of currencies are deemed not to be affected by actions of any specific entity where a materiality threshold could be exceeded by a single event or condition.
- (v) investments where the market value is solely bound to commodities are left outside of sustainability risk assessment. While some commodities may inherently be subject to various sustainability risks, it looks likely that the sustainability risks are either effectively priced-in in the market value of a commodity or there is a lack of generally approved sustainability risk metrics.
- (vi) Investment decisions in bank deposits and ancillary liquid assets will be subject to an assessment of governance events which is an inherent part of the analysis for such instruments where the market value of the asset is bound only or mostly to a counterparty risk were the counterparty fails to fulfill its usually contractually or otherwise predetermined obligations.
- (vii) investments in diversified indices, other UCIs and diversified structured products are generally understood to be instruments where any event or condition in one underlying asset should unlikely have a material impact on the investment due to the diversification. The sustainability risks of such instruments are generally only assessed on a high level e.g. where such instrument has only or mostly underlying assets that would be subject to same conditions or events.
- (viii) sustainability risks derived from financial derivative instruments such as futures, forwards, options, swaps etc. will be assessed based on the underlying of such derivative. Investors shall note that for the purposes of this section, the sustainability risks are only assessed from the point of view of material negative impact. This means that material positive impact will not be assessed. Consequently, it means that any derivative instruments (even where not used purely for hedging purposes) that has a negative correlation to the ultimate underlying asset e.g. short selling will not be subject to a risk assessment where due to negative correlation a negative impact on the value of the underlying asset would not create a negative impact on the market value of the asset.

Notwithstanding anything set out above, investments intended for hedging purposes will not be subject to additional assessment of sustainability risks. The purpose of hedging is to fully or partially hedge against existing risks in the portfolio of the Subfund and should generally not add to sustainability-related risks.

#### **7.1.2. SUSTAINABILITY RELATED DATA**

The Company has chosen not to enforce the investment managers of the Subfunds to use any specific metrics, data or data providers in order to integrate sustainability risk as part of their investment decisions. The prospective investors shall note that while sustainable finance is among the most important recent themes in the field of investment management globally, and companies around the world have largely adopted different feasible, defensible and verifiable practices in order to create public data and control mechanisms in order to verify such data, the quality and availability of the data may still not be comparable with the general quality of more standardised and traditional financial data that is presented in annual financial statements or other financial reports

that comply with any accounting standards the reliability of which has been tried and tested for a longer period of time.

More information about the policies on integration of sustainability risks in the investment decision process and information on adverse sustainability impacts is available on the website [funds.gam.com](http://funds.gam.com).

### 7.1.3. PRINCIPAL ADVERSE IMPACT

The investment managers of the each of the subfunds do not consider the “principal adverse impacts”, if any, in their investment decisions if not otherwise specifically set out in the Special Part of the subfund. Such impact is subject to the perceived lack of reliable, high-quality data on these factors, which may often prevent the investment managers from being able to decisively conclude the investment decision’s actual or potential adverse impact.

## 8. THE COMPANY

### General information

The Company is organised in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg as an open-ended investment company (SICAV) under the current version of the 2010 Law. In accordance with Part I of the 2010 Law, the Company is authorised to perform collective investments in securities.

The Company was established on 17<sup>th</sup> August 2007 as a specialised investment fund under the 2007 Law. In February 2015, the Company was converted into an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) pursuant to Part 1 of the 2010 Law (as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus) for an indefinite period.

The Company is registered under number B-130.982 in the Luxembourg commercial and companies' register. The Articles of Incorporation (the “Articles”) may be consulted and will be sent out to existing or potential investors upon request. They were published in Luxembourg in the Memorial of 18<sup>th</sup> September 2007. The Articles have last been amended on 25<sup>th</sup> July 2018, as published in the RESA of 24<sup>th</sup> August 2018.

The registered office of the Company is 25, Grand-Rue, L-1661 Luxembourg.

### Minimum capital

The Company's minimum capital corresponds in Swiss Francs to the equivalent of EUR 1,250,000. If one or more Subfunds are invested in Shares of other Subfunds of the Company, the value of the relevant Shares is not to be taken into account for the purpose of verifying the statutory minimum capital. In the event that the capital of the Company should fall below two-thirds of the minimum capital laid down by the 2010 Law, the Board of Directors of the Company is required to submit the question of liquidation of the Company to a general meeting of shareholders within forty (40) days. The general meeting may resolve the question of liquidation by a simple majority of the shareholders present or represented, with no quorum being required.

In the event that the capital of the Company should fall below one quarter of the minimum capital laid down by 2010 Law, the Board of Directors of the Company is required to submit the question of liquidation of the Company to a general meeting of shareholders which is to be convened within the same time limit. In this case, liquidation may be resolved by one quarter of the votes of the shareholders who are present or represented at the general meeting, with no quorum being required.

### Liquidation/Merger

Under the terms of articles 67-1 and 142 of the 1915 Law, the Company may be liquidated with the approval of the shareholders. The liquidator is authorised to transfer all assets and liabilities of the Company to a Luxembourg UCITS against the issue of Shares in the absorbing UCITS (in proportion to the Shares in the Company in liquidation). Otherwise, any liquidation of the Company shall be carried out in accordance with Luxembourg law. Any liquidation proceeds remaining to be distributed to the shareholders but which could not be paid to them at the

end of the liquidation are deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* in Luxembourg in favour of the entitled beneficiary or beneficiaries, in accordance with Article 146 of the 2010 Law.

In addition, the Company may decide or propose to liquidate one or more Subfunds or merge one or more Subfunds with another Subfund of the Company or with another UCITS in accordance with Directive 2009/65/EC or with a Subfund within such other UCITS, as stated in greater detail in the section “Redemption of Shares”.

#### **Independence of the Subfunds**

The Company assumes liability in respect of third parties for the obligations of each Subfund only with the respective assets of the Subfund in question. In dealings among the shareholders, each Subfund is also treated as an independent unit and the obligations of each Subfund are assigned to that Subfund in the inventory of assets and liabilities.

#### **The Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors of the Company is detailed in the chapter “Organisation and Management”. The Company is managed under the supervision of the Board of Directors.

The Articles contain no provisions with regard to the remuneration (including pensions and other benefits) of the Board of Directors. The expenses of the Board of Directors shall be reimbursed. Remuneration must be approved by the shareholders at the general meeting.

### **9. MANAGEMENT COMPANY AND DOMICILIARY AGENT**

The Company is managed by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A. (the “**Management Company**”), which is subject to the provisions of Chapter 15 of the 2010 Law.

Furthermore, the Company is domiciled with the Management Company.

The Management Company was established on 8<sup>th</sup> January 2002 for an unlimited period. The share capital amounts to EUR 5,000,000. It is registered under number B-85.427 in the Luxembourg commercial and companies’ register, where copies of the articles of association are available for inspection and can be received upon request. The articles of association were last amended on 31<sup>st</sup> December 2015, as published in the “Mémorial” in Luxembourg on 16<sup>th</sup> January 2016. The registered office of the Management Company is 25, Grand-Rue, L-1661 Luxembourg.

Aside from managing the Company, the Management Company manages further undertakings for collective investment.

The Company pays the Management Company a remuneration for its services which is based on the net asset value of the respective Subfund at the end of each month, payable monthly in arrears.

### **10. DEPOSITARY**

The Company has appointed State Street Bank International GmbH, Luxembourg Branch (“**SSB-LUX**”) as the Depositary (“**Depositary**”) of the Company with responsibility for:

- a) Custody of the assets,
- b) Monitoring duties,
- c) Cash flow monitoring,

in accordance with applicable Luxembourg law, the relevant CSSF circular and other applicable mandatory provisions of the Regulation (hereinafter referred to as the “**Luxembourg Regulation**” in the respective current version) and the Custodian Agreement, which was entered into between the Company and SSB-LUX (“**Custodian Agreement**”).

SSB-Lux is subject to supervision by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (BaFin) and the Deutsche Bundesbank and has been approved by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) in Luxembourg as a depositary and central administrative office.

*To a) Custody of the assets*

In accordance with the Luxembourg Regulation and the Custodian Agreement, the Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of the financial instruments that can be held in safekeeping and for the accounting and verification of ownership of the other assets.

Delegation

Furthermore, the Depositary is authorized to delegate its custodian obligations under the Luxembourg Regulation to sub-custodians and to open accounts with sub-custodians, provided that (i) such delegation complies with the conditions laid down by the Luxembourg Regulation - and provided such conditions are observed; and (ii) the Depositary will exercise all customary and appropriate care and expertise with regard to the selection, appointment, regular monitoring and control of its sub-custodians.

*To b) Monitoring duties*

In accordance with the Luxembourg Regulation and the Articles of the Company, as well as with the Custodian Agreement, the Depositary will:

- (i) ensure that the sale, issue, redemption, switching and cancellation of the Company's shares are conducted in accordance with the Luxembourg Regulation and the Articles of the Company;
- (ii) ensure that the value of the Company's shares is calculated in accordance with the Luxembourg Regulation;
- (iii) execute the Management Company's instructions, provided they do not conflict with the Luxembourg Regulation and the Articles of the Company;
- (iv) ensure that in transactions concerning the Company's assets, any remuneration is remitted/forwarded to the Company within the customary time limits;
- (v) ensure that the Company's income is recorded in the accounts in accordance with the Luxembourg Regulation and the Articles of the Company.

*To c) Cash flow monitoring*

The Depositary is obligated to perform certain monitoring duties with regard to cash flows as follows:

- (i) reconciling all cash flows and conducting such reconciliation on a daily basis;
- (ii) identifying cash flows which in its professional judgment are significant and in particular those which may possibly not be in keeping with the Company's transactions. The Depositary will conduct its verification on the basis of the previous day's transaction statements;
- (iii) ensuring that all bank accounts within the Company's structure have been opened in the name of the Company;
- (iv) ensuring that the relevant banks are EU or comparable banking institutions;
- (v) ensuring that the monies that have been paid by the shareholders have been received and recorded on bank accounts of the Company.

Current information on the Custodian, its duties, potential conflicts, a description of all depositary functions delegated by the Custodian, a list of delegates and sub-delegates and the disclosure of all conflicts of interest that may arise in connection with the delegation of duties are made available to the shareholders, upon request, by the Custodian. Furthermore, a list of delegates and sub-delegates is available at [www.statestreet.com/about/office-locations/luxembourg/subcustodians.html](http://www.statestreet.com/about/office-locations/luxembourg/subcustodians.html).

**Conflicts of interest**

The Depositary is part of an international group of companies and businesses that, in the ordinary course of their business, act simultaneously for a large number of clients, as well as for their own account, which may result in actual or potential conflicts. Conflicts of interest arise where the Depositary or its affiliates engage in activities under the Custodian agreement or under separate contractual or other arrangements. Such activities may include:

- (i) providing nominee, administration, registrar and transfer agency, research, securities lending agent, investment management, financial advice and/or other advisory services to the Company;
- (ii) engaging in banking, sales and trading transactions including foreign exchange, derivative, principal lending, broking, market making or other financial transactions with the Company, either as principal and in the interests of itself, or for other clients.

In connection with the above activities, the Depositary or its affiliates:

- i) will seek to profit from such activities and are entitled to receive and retain any profits or compensation in any form and are not bound to disclose to, the Company, the nature or amount of any such profits or compensation including any fee, charge, commission, revenue share, spread, mark-up, mark-down, interest, rebate, discount, or other benefit received in connection with any such activities;
- (ii) may buy, sell, issue, deal with or hold, securities or other financial products or instruments as principal acting in its own interests, the interests of its affiliates or for its other clients;
- (iii) may trade in the same or opposite direction to the transactions undertaken, including based upon information in its possession that is not available to the Company;
- (iv) may provide the same or similar services to other clients including competitors of the Fund;
- (v) may be granted creditors' rights by the Company which it may exercise.

The Company may use an affiliate of the Depositary to execute foreign exchange, spot or swap transactions for the account of the Company. In such instances the affiliate shall be acting in a principal capacity and not as a broker, agent or fiduciary of the Company. The affiliate will seek to profit from these transactions and is entitled to retain and not disclose any profit to the Company. The affiliate shall enter into such transactions on the terms and conditions agreed with the Company.

Where cash belonging to the Company is deposited with an affiliate being a bank, a potential conflict arises in relation to the interest (if any) which the affiliate may pay or charge to such account and the fees or other benefits which it may derive from holding such cash as banker and not as trustee.

The Investment Manager or the Management Company may also be a client or counterparty of the Depositary or its affiliates.

The Company pays the Depositary a remuneration for its services based on the net asset value of the respective Subfund at the end of each month and is payable monthly in arrears. In addition, the Depositary is entitled to payment to recover expenses and the fees charged, in turn, by other correspondent banks

SSB-LUX is part of a company operating globally. In connection with the settlement of subscriptions and redemptions and the fostering of business relations, data and information about customers, their business relationship with SSB-LUX (including information about the beneficial owner) as well as, to the extent legally permissible, information about business transactions may be transmitted to affiliated entities or groups of companies of SSB-LUX abroad, to its representatives abroad or to the management company or the company. These service providers and the management company or society are required to keep the information confidential and use it only for the purposes for which they have been made available to them. The data protection laws in foreign countries may differ from the Privacy Policy in Luxembourg and provide a lower standard of protection.

## **11. CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION AND PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT; REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT**

SSB-LUX has been appointed to provide services as the Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent and as Registrar and Transfer Agent.

The Company pays SSB-LUX a remuneration for its services which is based on the net asset value of the respective Subfund at the end of each month, payable monthly in arrears.

## 12. GENERAL INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT ADVICE AND/OR INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

The Company and the Management Company have authorised various specialist financial services providers to act in this capacity as investment advisers ("**Investment Advisers**") and/or investment managers ("**Investment Managers**") for one or more Subfunds. The Investment Advisers and/or Investment Managers of the individual Subfunds are listed in the respective Special Part under "Investment Advisers" and/or "Investment Managers".

The Investment Advisers can make recommendations for investing the assets of the corresponding Subfunds, taking into account their investment objectives, policy and limits.

The Investment Managers are automatically authorised to effect investments directly for the corresponding Subfunds.

The Investment Advisers and Investment Managers may, as a matter of principle, make use of the assistance of affiliated companies in the performance of their duties, under their own responsibility and supervision, and are authorised to appoint sub-investment advisers and/or sub-investment managers.

The Investment Managers and/or Investment Advisers shall receive a fee for their work from the net asset value of the Subfund concerned; said fee is detailed in the respective Special Part in the section "Fees and Costs".

The Management Company is not obliged to do business with any broker. Transactions may be carried out through the Investment Advisor or Investment Manager or affiliated companies, provided their terms and conditions are comparable with those of other brokers or traders and regardless of whether they make a profit from such transactions. Although in general the Company seeks to pay favourable and competitive commissions, the cheapest brokerage or the most favourable margin is not paid in every case.

## 13. PAYING AGENTS AND REPRESENTATIVES

The Company or the Management Company has concluded agreements with various paying agents and/or representatives concerning the provision of certain administrative services, the distribution of Shares or the representation of the Company in various countries of distribution. The fees charged by paying agents and representatives may be borne by the Company, as agreed in each case. Furthermore, the paying agents and representatives may be entitled to the reimbursement of all reasonable costs that have been duly incurred in connection with the performance of their respective duties.

The paying agents or (processing) establishments necessitated by the local regulations on distribution specified in the Company's various countries of distribution, for example correspondent banks, may charge the shareholder additional costs and expenses, in particular the transaction costs entailed by customer orders, in accordance with the particular institution's scale of charges.

## 14. DISTRIBUTORS

The Company or the Management Company may, in accordance with the applicable laws, appoint distributors ("**Distributors**") responsible for offering and selling the Shares of various Subfunds in all countries in which the offering and selling of such Shares is permitted. The Distributors are authorised to retain a subscription fee for the Shares they have sold, or to waive all or part of the subscription fee.

The Distributors are entitled, taking into account the applicable national laws and practices in the country of distribution, to also offer Shares in connection with savings plans. In this respect, the Distributor is authorised in particular:

- a) to offer savings plans of several years' duration, giving details of the terms and modalities and the initial subscription amount and recurrent subscriptions; it being specified that amounts below the minimum subscription amount applicable to subscriptions according to this Prospectus may be accepted;
- b) to offer more favourable terms and conditions for savings plans in respect of selling, switching and redemption fees than the maximum rates otherwise quoted in this Prospectus for the issue, switching and redemption of Shares.

The terms and conditions of such savings plans, particularly with regard to fees, are based on the law of the country of distribution, and may be obtained from the local Distributors that offer such savings plans.

A Distributor is also authorised, taking into account the applicable national laws and rules and regulations in the country of distribution, to include Shares as the investment component in a fund-linked life assurance policy, and to offer Shares to the public in this indirect form. The legal relationship between the Company or the Management Company, the Distributor or insurance company and the shareholders or policyholders is governed by the life assurance policy and the applicable laws.

The Distributors and SSB-LUX must at all times comply with the provisions of the Luxembourg law on the prevention of money laundering, and in particular the law of 7<sup>th</sup> July 1989, which amends the law of 19<sup>th</sup> February 1973 on the sale of pharmaceuticals and the combating of drug dependency, the law of 12<sup>th</sup> November 2004 on the combating of money laundering and terrorist financing and the law of 5<sup>th</sup> April 1993 on the financial sector, as amended, as well as other relevant regulations of the government of Luxembourg or of supervisory authorities.

Subscribers of Shares must, inter alia, prove their identity to the Distributor and/or SSB-LUX or the Company, whichever accepts their subscription request. The Distributor and/or SSB-LUX or the Company must request from subscribers the following identity papers: in the case of natural persons a certified copy of the passport/identity card (certified by the Distributor or sales agent or the local government administration); in the case of companies or other legal entities a certified copy of the certificate of incorporation, a certified copy of the extract from the commercial register, a copy of the latest published annual accounts and the full names of the beneficial owners.

The Distributor must ensure that the aforementioned identification procedure is strictly applied. The Company and the Management Company may at any time require confirmation of compliance from the Distributor or SSB-LUX. SSB-LUX checks compliance with the aforementioned rules in all subscription/redemption requests which it receives from Distributors in countries with non-equivalent money laundering regulations. In case of doubt as to the identity of the party applying for subscription or redemption because of inadequate, inaccurate or non-existent identification, SSB-LUX is authorised, without incurring costs, to suspend or reject subscription/redemption applications for the reasons cited above. Distributors must additionally comply with all provisions for the prevention of money laundering which are in force in their own countries.

## **15. CO-MANAGEMENT**

In order to reduce current administration costs and achieve broader diversification of investments, the Company may decide to manage all or part of a Subfund's assets together with assets belonging to other Luxembourg UCIs managed by the same Management Company or the same investment manager and established by the same promoter, or to have some or all of the Subfunds co-managed. In the following paragraphs, the words "co-managed units" generally refer to all Subfunds and units with or between which a given co-management arrangement exists, and the words "co-managed assets" refer to the total assets of those co-managed units managed under the same arrangement.

Under the co-management arrangement, investment and realisation decisions can be made on a consolidated basis for the co-managed units concerned. Each co-managed unit holds a part of the co-managed assets corresponding to the proportion of the total value of the co-managed assets accounted for by its net asset value. This proportional holding is applicable to each category of investments held or acquired under co-management and its existence as such is not affected by investment and/or realisation decisions. Additional investments will be allocated to the co-managed units in the same proportion, and sold assets deducted pro rata from the co-managed assets held by each co-managed unit.

When new Shares are subscribed in a co-managed unit, the subscription proceeds will be allocated to the co-managed units in the new proportion resulting from the increase in the net asset value of the co-managed units to which the subscriptions have been credited, and all categories of investments will be changed by transferring assets from one co-managed unit to the other and thus adapted to the changed situation. Similarly, when Shares in a co-managed unit are redeemed, the required cash may be deducted from the cash held by the co-managed units accordingly, to reflect the changed proportions resulting from the reduction of the net asset value of the co-managed unit to which the redemptions were charged, and in such cases all categories of investments will be adapted to the changed situation. Shareholders should therefore be aware that a co-management arrangement

may cause the composition of the portfolio of the Subfund concerned to be influenced by events attributable to other co-managed units, such as subscriptions and redemptions. Provided there are no other changes, subscriptions of Shares in a unit with which a Subfund is co-managed will lead to an increase in that Subfund's cash. Conversely, redemptions of Shares in a unit with which a Subfund is co-managed will lead to a reduction in that Subfund's cash. However, subscriptions and redemptions may be held in the specific account opened for each co-managed unit outside the co-management arrangement and through which subscriptions and redemptions must pass. The possibility of large payments and redemptions being allocated to such specific accounts and of a Subfund ceasing to participate in the co-management arrangement at any time, prevent changes in a Subfund's portfolio caused by other co-managed units if these changes are likely to adversely affect the interests of the Subfund and the shareholders.

If a change in the composition of a Subfund's assets as a result of redemptions or payments of charges and costs relating to another co-managed unit (i.e. not attributable to the Subfund) would lead to a breach of the investment restrictions applying to that Subfund, the assets concerned will be excluded from the co-management arrangement before the changes are carried out, so that they are not affected by the changes.

Co-managed assets of a Subfund may be co-managed only with assets which are to be invested in accordance with investment objectives and an investment policy compatible with those of the co-managed assets of the Subfund concerned, to ensure that investment decisions are fully compatible with the Subfund's investment policy. Co-managed assets of a Subfund may be managed jointly only with assets for which the Depositary also acts as custodian, to ensure that the Depositary can fully comply with its functions and responsibilities under the 2010 Law. The Depositary must at all times keep the Company's assets separate from those of other co-managed units, and must therefore at all times be able to identify the Company's assets. As co-managed units may be following an investment policy which is not completely the same as that of a Subfund, the joint policy applied may be more restrictive than that of the Subfund.

The Company may end the co-management arrangement at any time and without prior notice.

Shareholders may contact the Company at any time for information on the percentage of assets which is co-managed, and on the units with which such co-management exists at the time of their inquiry. Annual and semi-annual reports are also required to specify the composition and percentage proportions of co-managed assets.

## **16. DESCRIPTION OF SHARES**

### **General**

Shares in the Company have no par value. The Company issues Shares only in registered form for each Subfund. No bearer shares are issued. Ownership of registered Shares is demonstrated by the entry in the shareholders' register.

In principle, no physical Share certificates will be issued.

Shares are also issued in fractions, which are rounded up or down to three decimal places.

Each Share grants an entitlement to share in the profits and result of the respective Subfund. Unless provided otherwise in the Articles or by law, each Share entitles its shareholder to one vote, which he/she may use at the general meeting of shareholders or at other meetings of the Subfund in question either in person or through a proxy. The Shares do not include rights of priority or subscription rights. They will neither currently nor in the future be associated with any outstanding options or special rights. The Shares are transferable without restriction unless the Company, in accordance with its Articles, has restricted ownership of the Shares to specific persons or organisations ("restricted category of purchasers").

### **Share Categories**

In the respective Special Part of the full Prospectus, the Company may provide for the issuance of distributing and accumulating Shares for each Subfund. Distributing Shares entitle the shareholder to a dividend, as determined at the general meeting of shareholders. Accumulating Shares do not entitle the shareholder to a dividend. When dividend payments are made, the dividend amounts are deducted from the net asset value of the distributing Shares. The net asset value of the accumulating Shares, on the other hand, remains unchanged.

Furthermore in the respective Special Part of the full Prospectus, the Company may provide for the issue of Share Categories in each Subfund having different minimum subscription amounts, distribution modalities, fee structures and currencies.

Where a Share Category is offered in a currency other than the accounting currency of the Subfund concerned, it must be identified as such. For these additional Share Categories the Company may, in relation to the Subfund concerned, hedge the Shares in these Share Categories against the accounting currency of the Subfund. Where such currency hedging is applied, the Company may, in relation to the Subfund concerned and exclusively for this Share Category, enter into foreign-exchange forward transactions, currency futures transactions, currency options transactions and currency swaps, in order to preserve the value of the currency of the Share Category against the accounting currency of the Subfund. Where such transactions are performed, the effects of this hedging shall be reflected in the net asset value and hence in the performance of the Share Category. Similarly, any costs arising as a result of such hedging transactions shall be borne by the Share Category in which they were incurred. Such hedging transactions may be performed regardless of whether the value of the currency of the Share Category rises or falls in relation to the accounting currency of the Subfund. Therefore, where such hedging is carried out, it may protect the shareholder in the corresponding Share Category against a fall in the value of the accounting currency in relation to the currency of the Share Category, though it may also prevent the shareholder from profiting from an increase in the value of the accounting currency. Shareholders' attention is drawn to the fact that complete protection cannot be guaranteed. Furthermore, no guarantee can be given that shareholders of the hedged categories will not be exposed to influences of currencies other than the currency of the Share Category concerned.

Notwithstanding the provision of the previous paragraph relating to the exclusive allocation of the transactions to a specific Share Category, it cannot be ruled out that hedging transactions for one Share Category of a Subfund may impair the net asset value of the other Share Categories in the same Subfund. This is due to the fact that there is no legal segregation of liabilities between the individual Share Categories.

The Board of Directors of the Company may decide at any time for all Subfunds to issue new or further Share Categories in a currency other than the accounting currency. The time at which such additional Share Categories are initially issued and the initial issue price will be available from time to time on [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com).

## **17. ISSUE OF SHARES**

### **General Information on the Issue**

The Shares are offered for sale on each Valuation Day (as defined below in the chapter "Calculation of Net Asset Value") following the initial issue.

Subscription requests can either be sent to one of the Distributors, which will forward them to SSB-LUX, or directly to the Company, or to SSB-LUX (cf. below, sub-heading "Nominee Service").

The application procedure (application and confirmation, and registration) is set out in the Special Part under "Application procedure".

All subscriptions received by SSB-LUX by no later than 15:00 hours Luxembourg local time (the cut-off time) on a Valuation Day will be processed at the issue price determined on the following Valuation Day unless otherwise specified in the Special Part. Subscriptions received after this time by SSB-LUX will be made at the issue price of the next Valuation Day. To ensure punctual forwarding to SSB-LUX, applications filed with Distributors in Luxembourg or abroad may be subject to earlier cut-off times for delivery of subscription applications. These times can be obtained from the Distributor concerned.

The Company or the Management Company may set different cut-off times for certain groups of shareholders, for example, for shareholders in distribution countries in which this is justified by a different time zone. If such times are set, the valid cut-off time must as a matter of principle be earlier than the time at which the net asset value in question is calculated. Different cut-off times may be agreed separately either with the distribution countries concerned or be published in an appendix to the full Prospectus or in another marketing document used in the distribution countries concerned.

Hence Shares are subscribed for an unknown net asset value (forward pricing).

Irrespective of this, the Company or the Management Company may instruct the Transfer Agent to deem subscription applications to have been received only when the total amount of the subscription has been received by the Depositary (“**Cleared funds settlement**”). Subscription applications received on the same Valuation Day are to be treated equally. The issue price applicable to subscriptions processed in accordance with this procedure shall be that of the Valuation Day after receipt of the subscription amount by the Depositary.

**Issue Price/Subscription Fees**

The issue price is based on the net asset value per Share on the relevant Valuation Day; the issue price is determined or rounded according to the principles set out in the Special Part of the respective Subfund, plus any applicable subscription fee charged by the Distributor or the Company. Special price-setting procedures (e.g. “Swing Pricing”), may be set in the Special Part. Further details of the issue price may be obtained from the registered office of the Company.

The subscription fee which is payable to a Distributor or the Company is expressed as a percentage of the amount invested and may not exceed a maximum of 5% of the respective net asset value.

In addition, a Distributor is entitled, according to the respective Special Part, to offer the Shares without a subscription fee (“no-load”) and in return to charge a redemption fee on redemption of the Shares of up to 3% of the relevant net asset value. The maximum amount of the subscription or redemption fee may be set lower for each Subfund in the respective Special Part .

In the case of large orders the Distributor and the Company may waive in full or in part the subscription fee to which they are entitled. If the subscription fee is payable to the Company, the latter may charge the subscription fee on a particular day only at the same rate on comparable orders within a Subfund.

**Minimum Investment**

In the respective Special Part of the Prospectus the Company may set minimum investment amounts or a minimum number of Shares to be subscribed or held for individual Subfunds and/or Share Categories.

**Payments**

In principle, the shareholders are entered in the register on the day on which the incoming subscription is recorded in the accounts. The value of the total amount of the subscription must be credited to the respectively named account in the currency of the relevant Subfund or the relevant Share Category within a time limit of a number of Luxembourg banking days as determined in the respective Special Part during the initial issue period, and upon expiry of the initial issue period or thereafter within a time limit of a number of Luxembourg banking days as determined in the respective Special Part or, as the case may be, according to any national regulations that may be applicable after the relevant Valuation Day. The Company or the Management Company are automatically authorised to subsequently reject and reverse-process applications for which the subscription amount is not received within the specified time-limit.

If, however, the Company or the Management Company has instructed the Transfer Agent to deem subscription applications to have been received only when the total amount of the subscription has been received by the Depositary (“Cleared funds settlement”), the shareholders’ names will be entered in the register on the day on which the subscription amount is recorded in the accounts.

A purchaser should instruct his/her bank to transfer the amount due to the corresponding currency account of SSB-LUX, as listed below, for the beneficiary, MULTIFLEX SICAV; the exact identity of the subscriber(s), the Subfund(s) to be subscribed and if applicable the Share Category and if applicable the currency within the Subfund to be subscribed must be indicated.

Payments in the respective currencies must have been credited to the following accounts on the day indicated for this purpose in the Special Part. In case payments are credited late, the subscriber may be charged debit interest, if applicable:

Ccy	Correspondent Bank BIC	Beneficiary Account number	Beneficiary Account name
-----	------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------------

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

CHF	BOFACH2X (Bank of America Zurich)	CH45 0872 6000 0401 0701 6	GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.
EUR	BOFADEFX (Bank of America Frankfurt)	DE40 5001 0900 0020 0400 17	GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.
GBP	BOFAGB22 (Bank of America London)	GB24 BOFA 1650 5056 6840 14	GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.
SGD	BOFASG2X (Bank of America Singapore)	6212 59535-018	GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.
USD	BOFAUS3N (Bank of America New York)	6550068052	GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.

Once the subscription application has been processed, an order confirmation will be issued, which will be sent to the shareholder no later than one day after the order has been executed.

### **In-Kind Contribution**

In exceptional cases, a subscription can take the form of an in-kind contribution, in whole or in part, under the following conditions:

- The composition of the in-kind contribution must be consistent with the investment limits contained in the General Part and with the investment objectives and policy described in the respective Special Part.
- The valuation of the in-kind contribution must be confirmed independently by the Company's auditor.
- The cost of the in-kind contribution (particularly for the independent audit report) will be borne by the investor/s contributing in kind.

### **Nominee Service**

Investors can subscribe to Shares directly from the Company. Investors may also purchase Shares in a Subfund by using the nominee service offered by the relevant Distributor or its correspondent bank. A Distributor or its correspondent bank with registered office in a country with equivalent anti-money laundering regulations subscribes to and holds the Shares as a nominee in its own name but for the account of the investor. The Distributor or correspondent bank then confirms the subscription of the Shares to the investor by means of a letter of confirmation. Distributors that offer nominee services either have their registered office in a country with equivalent anti-money laundering regulations or execute their transactions through a correspondent bank with registered office in a country with equivalent anti-money laundering regulations.

Investors who use the nominee service may issue instructions to the nominee regarding the exercise of the votes conferred by their Shares and at any time may request direct ownership by submitting a request in writing to the relevant Distributor or to the Depositary.

The Company draws investors' attention to the fact that each investor can only assert his/her investor's rights (in particular the right to take part in shareholders' meetings) in their entirety directly against the Company if the investor him-/herself is enrolled in his/her own name in the Company's register of shareholders. In cases where an investor makes his/her investment in the Company via an intermediary, which makes the investment in its own name but for the investor's account, not all investor's rights can necessarily be asserted by the investor directly against the Company. Investors are advised to obtain information on their rights.

### **Restrictions**

The Company reserves the right to reject subscription applications in full or in part. In this case any payments already made or credit balances would be transferred back to the applicant.

In addition, the Company or the Management Company may refuse to accept new applications from new investors for a specific period if this is in the interests of the Company and/or shareholders, including in situations where the Company or a Subfund have reached a size such that they can no longer make suitable investments.

Subscriptions and redemptions are made for investment purposes only. Neither the Company nor the Management Company nor SSB-LUX will permit market timing or any other excessive trading practices. Such practices may be

detrimental to the performance of the Company and its Subfunds and may impair management of the portfolio. To minimise these negative consequences, the Company, the Management Company and SSB-LUX reserve the right to reject subscription and switching applications from investors whom they believe to be engaging in, or to have engaged in, such practices or whose practices would adversely affect the other shareholders.

The Company or the Management Company may also compulsorily redeem the Shares of a shareholder engaging in or having engaged in such practices. They shall not be liable for any gain or loss resulting from such rejected applications or compulsory redemptions.

## **18. REDEMPTION OF SHARES**

### **General information about redemption**

Applications for redemption of Shares must be sent by shareholders in writing, either directly or via one of the Distributors, to reach SSB-LUX by no later than 15:00 hours Luxembourg local time (the “cut-off time”) on the day before the Valuation Day (unless otherwise specified in the Special Part) on which the Shares are to be redeemed. To ensure punctual forwarding to SSB-LUX, applications filed with Distributors in Luxembourg or abroad may be subject to earlier cut-off times for delivery of redemption applications. These times can be obtained from the Distributor concerned.

The Company or the Management Company may set different cut-off times for certain groups of shareholders, for example, for shareholders in distribution countries in which this is justified by a different time zone. If such times are set, the valid cut-off time must as a matter of principle be earlier than the time at which the net asset value in question is calculated. Different cut-off times may be agreed separately either with the distribution countries concerned or be published in an appendix to the full Prospectus or in another marketing document used in the distribution countries concerned.

Hence, Shares are redeemed at an unknown net asset value (forward pricing).

A correctly submitted application for redemption is irrevocable, except in the case of and during the period of a suspension or postponement of redemptions.

Applications for redemption received by SSB-LUX after the cut-off time will be executed one Valuation Day later, with the proviso that the Company is not obliged to redeem more than 10% of the currently issued Shares in a Subfund on one Valuation Day or within a period of seven (7) successive Valuation Days.

Once the redemption application has been processed, an order confirmation will be issued, which will be sent to the shareholder no later than one day after the order has been executed.

If the fulfilment of a redemption application for part of the Shares of a Subfund leads to a situation in which the share ownership in one of these Subfunds afterwards amounts to a total of less than a minimum amount mentioned in the Special Part for the respective Subfund or to less than a minimum number otherwise fixed by the Board of Directors, the Company is entitled to take back all the remaining Shares which the shareholder concerned owns in this Subfund.

Payments are usually made in the currency of the relevant Subfund or, as applicable, the relevant Share Category, within five (5) banking days in Luxembourg after the respective Valuation Day. If in the case of redemptions owing to exceptional circumstances the liquidity of the investment assets of a Subfund should not be sufficient for payment within this period, payment will be made as soon as possible but, as far as is legally permissible, without interest.

The value of Shares at the time of redemption may be higher or lower than their purchase price, depending on the market value of the Company’s assets at the time of purchase/redemption.

### **Redemption price/Redemption fee**

The price of each Share submitted for redemption (“redemption price”) is based on the net asset value per Share of the Subfund concerned that is valid on the Valuation Day, with the redemption price being determined or rounded according to the principles set out in the relevant Special Part. Special price-setting procedures (e.g. “Swing Pricing”), may be set in the Special Part). The prerequisite for the calculation of the redemption price on the Valuation Day is receipt of the redemption application by the Company.

If no subscription fee has been charged ("no-load"), the Distributor is entitled to charge a redemption fee of up to 3% of the relevant net asset value per Share, provided that this is stipulated in the corresponding Special Part of the full Prospectus. The maximum amount of the redemption fee may be set lower for each Subfund in the Special Part of the Prospectus.

The Redemption Price may be obtained from the registered office of the Company or from one of the Distributors and from the different publications.

If, under exceptional circumstances, redemption applications lead to a situation in which one or more assets of the Subfund concerned have to be sold at below their value, the Board of Directors of the Company may decide that the spread between the actual value and the sale value attained be debited proportionally to the redemption applicant concerned, in favour of the Subfund. The amount of the debit is a maximum of 2% and may be determined by the Board of Directors at its discretion and taking into account the interests of all shareholders. The shareholders are to be informed of any measure that may be taken.

#### **Redemption in kind**

In special cases the Company's Board of Directors may decide, at the request or with the agreement of a shareholder, to pay the redemption proceeds to the shareholder in the form of a full or partial payment in kind. It must be ensured that all shareholders are treated equally and the auditor of the Company's annual financial report must independently confirm the valuation of the payment in kind.

#### **Redemption deferral**

The Board of Directors may decide to postpone the redemption or switching of Shares until further notice if, on a Valuation Day or during a period of seven (7) successive Valuation Days, the Company receives applications for redemption or switching corresponding to more than 10% of the Shares of a Subfund that have been issued at that time. In the shareholders' interests, such a postponement must be lifted again as quickly as possible. The Special Parts may also provide for different modalities for individual Subfunds. Such applications for redemption or switching that have been affected by a postponement will take precedence over applications received subsequently.

If the calculation of the net asset value is suspended or redemption is postponed, Shares offered for redemption will be redeemed on the next Valuation Day after the suspension of valuation of the net asset value or the postponement of redemption has ended, at the net asset value applying on that day, unless the redemption request has previously been revoked in writing.

#### **Liquidation of Subfunds**

If, over a period of sixty (60) successive Valuation Days, the total net asset value of all outstanding Shares should fall below twenty-five (25) million Swiss francs or the equivalent in another currency, the Company may, within three (3) months of the occurrence of such a situation, notify all shareholders in writing that, following appropriate notification, all Shares will be redeemed at the net asset value applicable on the appointed Valuation Day (less the trading and other fees decided on and/or estimated by the Board of Directors, as described in the full Prospectus, and less the liquidation costs). This is without prejudice to the legal provisions governing liquidation of the Company.

If, for whatever reason, the net asset value of a Subfund remains below ten (10) million Swiss francs (or the equivalent value if the Subfund has a different currency) for a period of sixty (60) successive days or if the Board of Directors deems it appropriate on account of changes in the economic or political circumstances which affect the Subfund concerned, or if it is in the shareholders' interests, the Board of Directors may, once it has informed the shareholders concerned in advance, redeem all (but not only some) Shares of the Subfund concerned, at the net asset value applicable on the Valuation Day appointed for this purpose (less the trading and other fees decided on and/or estimated by the Board of Directors, as described in the full Prospectus, and less the liquidation costs), but without any other redemption fee.

The liquidation of a Subfund in conjunction with the compulsory redemption of all Shares concerned for reasons other than that given in the previous paragraph, may only be carried out with the prior consent given by the shareholders of the Subfund to be liquidated at a properly convened meeting of the shareholders of the Subfund concerned. Such a resolution may be passed with no quorum requirement and with a majority of 50% of the Shares present or represented.

Any liquidation proceeds which could not be paid out to the shareholders after completion of the liquidation of a Subfund will be deposited with the *Caisse de Consignation* in Luxembourg in favour of the beneficiaries, in accordance with Article 146 of the 2010 Law and will be forfeited after thirty (30) years.

#### **Merging of Subfunds**

In addition, the Board of Directors may, once it has informed the shareholders concerned in advance in the manner required by law, merge a Subfund with another Subfund of the Company or with another UCITS in accordance with Directive 2009/65/EC, or with a subfund thereof.

A merger decided on by the Board of Directors, which is to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 8 of the 2010 Law, is binding on the shareholders of the Subfund concerned after expiry of a 30-day period from the corresponding notification of the shareholders concerned. During this notification period, the shareholders may return their Shares to the Company without paying a redemption fee, with the exception of the sums retained by the Company to cover costs connected with disinvestments. The above-mentioned time-limit ends five (5) banking days before the Valuation Day that is determining for the merger.

A merger of one or more Subfunds, as a result of which the SICAV ceases to exist, must be resolved by the general meeting and be recorded by the notary public. No quorum is required for such decisions and a simple majority of the shareholders present or represented is sufficient.

#### **Merger or liquidation of Share Categories**

In addition, the Board of Directors may, once it has informed the shareholders concerned in advance, merge a Share Category with another Share Category of the Company, or liquidate said Share Category. A merger of Share Categories is conducted on the basis of the net asset value on the Valuation Day that is determining for the merger and is confirmed by the Company's auditor.

## **19. SWITCHING OF SHARES**

In principle, each shareholder is entitled to request that some or all of his/her Shares be switched to Shares in another Subfund on a Valuation Day which can be used for both Subfunds and, within a Subfund, that Shares of one Share Category be switched to Shares of another Share Category, according to the switching formula below and in keeping with the principles laid down by the Board of Directors for each Subfund.

The Board of Directors is entitled to define these switching possibilities more precisely for each Subfund and for each Share Category by imposing restrictions and limitations on the frequency of switching applications, the Subfunds for which switching is possible and the levying of any switching fee; these restrictions are described in more detail in the relevant "Special Part" in the section "Switching of Shares".

Shares can be switched on every Valuation Day at the issue price valid on this day, provided that the switching application is received by SSB-LUX by no later than 15:00 hours Luxembourg time (cut-off time) on the day before the Valuation Day (unless otherwise specified in the Special Part). Switching of Shares is also governed by the provisions concerning cut-off time and forward pricing (cf. the sections "Issue of Shares" and "Redemption of Shares").

An application should be submitted either directly to the Company, to SSB-LUX, or to one of the Distributors. The application must contain the following information: The number of Shares in the Subfund to be switched or in the Share Category to be switched and the desired new Subfund or Share Category and the value ratio according to which the Shares are to be distributed in each Subfund or each Share Category if more than one new Subfund or Share Category is desired.

The Company applies the following formula to calculate the number of Shares into which the shareholder would like to switch his/her holding:

$$A = \frac{[(B \times C) - E] \times F}{D}$$

where:

- A = Number of Shares to be issued in the new Subfund or Share Category;
- B = Number of Shares in the Subfund or Share Category originally held;
- C = Redemption Price per Share of the Subfund or Share Category originally held, less any selling costs;
- D = Issue price per Share of the new Subfund or Share Category, less reinvestment costs;
- E = Switching fee charged, if any (max. 2% of the net asset value), with comparable switching applications on the same day being charged the same switching fee.
- F = Exchange rate; if the old and new Subfunds or Share Categories have the same currency, the exchange rate is 1.

Any switching fee that is charged is paid to the Distributor concerned.

## 20. DISTRIBUTIONS

The Board of Directors proposes to the general meeting of shareholders a reasonable annual dividend payment for the distributing Shares in the Subfunds, ensuring that the net asset value does not fall below the minimum capital of the Company.

Subject to the same limitation, the Board of Directors may also fix interim dividends. Any Special Part of this Prospectus may foresee to issue Shares for which a regular interim dividend is planned which is to be paid in the intervals described in the respective Special Part (for example, monthly) in the currency of the Subfund or of the respective Share Category.

In the case of accumulating Shares, no dividend payments are made. Instead, the values allocated to the accumulating Shares are reinvested for the benefit of the shareholders holding them.

The dividends determined are published on [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com) and, as the case may be, in other media designated by the Company from time to time.

Distributions take place, in principle, within one (1) month of the fixing of the dividend in the currency of the Subfund or Share Category concerned. A shareholder may request that his/her dividends also be paid in another currency established by the Management Company, using the exchange rates applicable at the time and at the shareholder's expense. Dividends on distributing Shares are paid to the shareholders entered in the Company's book of registered shareholders.

Claims for dividends which have not been asserted within five (5) years shall be forfeited and revert to the Subfund in question.

## 21. CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The net asset value of a Subfund and the net asset value of the Share Categories issued in the Subfund are determined in the applicable currency on every Valuation Day – as defined below –except in the cases of suspension described in the section “Suspension of calculation of net asset value, and of the issue, redemption and switching of Shares”. Unless other provisions are made in the Special Part relating to a particular Subfund, the Valuation Day for each Subfund is every Luxembourg banking day which is not a normal public holiday for the stock exchanges or other markets which represent the basis for valuation of a major part of the net asset value of the corresponding Subfund. The total net asset value of a Subfund represents the market value of the assets held by the Subfund (the “assets of the Subfund”) less its liabilities. The net asset value of a Share of a Share Category of a Subfund is determined by dividing the total of all assets allocated to this Category, minus the liabilities allocated to this Category, by all outstanding Shares of the same Category of the Subfund concerned. The net asset values of the Subfunds are calculated in accordance with the valuation regulations and guidelines (“valuation regulations”) laid down in the Articles and issued by the Board of Directors.

The valuation of securities held by a Subfund and listed on a stock exchange or on another regulated market is based on the latest available price on the principal market on which these securities are traded, using a procedure for determining prices accepted by the Board of Directors.

The valuation of securities whose prices are not representative and all other eligible assets (including securities not listed on a stock exchange or traded on a regulated market) is based on their probable realisation value determined with care and in good faith by or, if applicable, under the supervision of the Board of Directors.

All assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than that of the Subfund in question are converted using the exchange rate to be determined at the time of valuation.

The net asset value determined per Share in a Subfund is considered final once it is confirmed by the Board of Directors or an authorised member of the Board of Directors or an authorised representative of the Board of Directors, except in the case of a manifest error.

In its annual reports, the Company must include an audited consolidated financial statement for all Subfunds in Swiss francs.

If, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, and as a result of particular circumstances, the calculation of the net asset value of a Subfund in the applicable currency is either not reasonably possible or is disadvantageous for the shareholders in the Company, the calculation of the net asset value, the issue price and the Redemption Price may temporarily be carried out in another currency.

The derivatives and structured products used in the individual Subfunds are valued on a regular basis in accordance with the mark-to-market principle, in other words at the latest available market price.

## **22. SUSPENSION OF CALCULATION OF NET ASSET VALUE, AND OF THE ISSUE, REDEMPTION AND SWITCHING OF SHARES**

The Company may temporarily suspend the calculation of the NAV of each Subfund and the issue and redemption of Shares in the Subfund, as well as the right to switch Shares of any Subfund into Shares of another Subfund in the following circumstances:

- a) where one or more stock exchanges or other markets which are the basis for valuing a substantial part of the NAV of a Subfund (except on normal public holidays) is closed or where trading is suspended; or
- b) where in the opinion of the Board of Directors it is impossible to sell or to value assets as a result of particular circumstances; or
- c) where the communication technology normally used in determining the price of a security of this Subfund fails or provides only partial functionality; or
- d) where the transfer of monies for the purchase or sale of assets by the Company is impossible; or
- e) in case of a feeder Subfund, if the NAV calculation of the master UCITS is suspended; or
- f) in case of a merger of a Subfund with another Subfund of the Company or with another UCITS (or a subfund thereof), provided that this appears justified to protect the shareholders; or
- g) where, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, circumstances which are beyond the control of the Board of Directors make it impracticable or unfair vis-à-vis the shareholders to continue trading the Shares; or
- h) in case of the Company's liquidation or in the case a notice of termination has been issued in connection with the liquidation of a Subfund or a Share Category.

The Company shall suspend the issue, redemption and switching of Shares without delay when an event resulting in liquidation occurs or such is required by the CSSF.

Shareholders having offered their Shares for redemption or switching shall be notified of the suspension in writing within seven (7) days of such suspension, and shall be immediately informed of the end of such suspension.

The suspension of the issue, redemption and switching of Shares in any one Subfund shall not affect the calculation of the NAV or the issue, redemption and switching of Shares in the other Subfunds.

## 23. FEES AND COSTS

### Lump-Sum Fee or Management Fee

A general maximum fee ("lump-sum fee") is charged on the basis of the net asset value of the respective Subfund and debited to the latter for the activity of the Management Company, Depositary, Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent, the investment managers or investment advisers, paying agents, representatives and distributors (if applicable) and for further advisory and support activities.

As an alternative to the lump-sum fee described in the above paragraph, each Special Part of this Prospectus may provide that on the basis of the net asset value of the respective Subfund, an annual maximum fee be debited to the latter for the management of and advisory services to the securities portfolio and for related administrative and, if applicable, marketing services ("Management Fee"). In the case of the Management Fee, the remuneration of the Management Company, Depositary, Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent, Registrar and Transfer Agent is paid separately and amounts to a maximum of 0.40% p.a. ("**Servicing Fee**"). Where this is expressly foreseen in the Special Part, the Servicing Fee may amount to a maximum of 0.50%. The Special Part may foresee a minimum amount for the Servicing Fee for the case that the percentage mentioned does not cover the effective administration costs.

The amount of the lump-sum fee or the Management Fee is indicated for each Subfund in the respective Special Part in the section "Fees and Costs". The fee is calculated on each Valuation Day and is payable monthly in arrears.

### Additional Charges

The Company also pays costs relating to its business operations. These include, inter alia, the following:

Costs of operational management and supervision of the Company's business, for taxes, costs of legal and auditing services, annual and semi-annual reports and prospectuses, publication costs in relation to the convening of the general meeting, Share certificates and the payment of dividends, registration fees and other costs arising from or relating to reporting requirements to the authorities in the different distribution countries, sales support, paying agents and representatives, SSB-LUX (provided it is not already included in the aforementioned fee according to the provisions in the Special Part concerned), fees and expenses of the Board of Directors of the Company, insurance premiums, interest, stock exchange listing fees and brokerage fees, the sale and the monitoring of investments (including, where deemed appropriate for a given Subfund, IT-systems/tools for the purpose of research and/or the evaluation of investments and/or risk management and/or investment controlling and/or reporting) purchase and sale of securities, public charges, license fees, reimbursement of expenses to the Depositary and all other contractual parties of the Company as well as the costs of publishing the net asset value per Share and the Share prices.

Where such expenses and costs apply to all Subfunds equally, each Subfund is charged pro rata the costs corresponding to its share of the volume of the Company's total assets. Where expenses and costs only apply to one or some of the Subfunds, the costs are charged in full to the Subfund or Subfunds in question. Marketing and advertising expenditure may only be charged in individual cases following a resolution of the Board of Directors.

### Investments in Target Funds

Subfunds that may invest in other existing UCIs and UCITS (target funds) as part of their investment policy can incur charges at the level of both the target fund and the Subfund. If a Subfund acquires shares of target funds that are managed directly or indirectly by the Management Company, or by a company to which the latter is linked by common management or control or by a substantial direct or indirect shareholding ("related target fund"), no sales or redemption fees may be charged to the investing Subfund by the related target funds when it subscribes to or redeems said Shares.

### Performance Fee

In the case of Subfunds with qualified administrative expenditure, an additional performance-related fee (“**Performance Fee**”), as defined in the Special Part of the Subfunds concerned, may be provided for, to be paid to the Investment Adviser or Investment Manager. The Performance Fee is calculated on the basis of the performance per Share and is measured according to a percentage of that portion of realised profit that is above a predetermined benchmark (Hurdle Rate) and/or above a so-called High Water Mark for these Shares, as defined for the Subfunds concerned in the Special Part.

#### **Launch Costs**

All fees, costs and expenses payable by the Company are first charged against income, and only subsequently against the capital. The costs and expenditure for the organisation and registration of the Company as a UCITS in Luxembourg, which did not exceed CHF 120,000.00, were borne by the Company and written off in equal amounts over a period of five (5) years from the date they arose. The costs of setting-up, launching and registering an additional Subfund are charged to this Subfund by the Company and written off in equal amounts over a period of five (5) years from the date this Subfund was launched.

#### **Incentives**

The Management Company, individual employees of the latter or outside service providers may under certain circumstances receive or grant pecuniary or other advantages which could, as the case may be, be regarded as incentives. The main provisions of the relevant agreements on fees, commissions, and/or gratifications offered or granted in non-pecuniary form are available for inspection in summary form at the registered office of the Company. Details are available on request from the Management Company.

## **24. TAXATION**

The following summary is based on the law and the practices currently valid and applied in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, which are subject to alteration in the course of time.

### **24.1 THE COMPANY**

#### *Luxembourg*

The Company is subject to Luxembourg tax jurisdiction. Under Luxembourg law and according to current practice, the Company is not subject to income tax or to any tax on capital gains in respect of realised or unrealised valuation profits. No taxes are payable in Luxembourg on the issue of Shares, neither are distributions carried out by the Company currently subject to Luxembourg withholding tax.

The Company is subject to an annual tax of 0.05% of the net asset value reported at the end of each quarter, and which is payable quarterly. However, to the extent that parts of the Company’s assets are invested in other Luxembourg UCITS and/or UCI which are subject to the tax, those parts are not taxed in the Company.

The net asset value which corresponds to a Share Category for “institutional investors” within the meaning of Luxembourg tax legislation, as described in the corresponding Special Part, if applicable, attracts a reduced tax rate of 0.01% p.a., on the basis of the classification by the Company of the shareholders in this Share Category as institutional investors within the meaning of the tax legislation. This classification is based on the Company’s understanding of the present legal situation which may be subject to changes having retroactive effect, which can also lead to a tax rate of 0.05% being charged retroactively.

#### *In general*

Capital gains and income from dividends, interest and interest payments which the Company generates from its investments in other countries may be subject to non-recoverable withholding tax or capital gains tax at different rate levels in those countries. It is often not possible for the Company to take advantage of tax breaks due to existing double taxation agreements between Luxembourg and these countries or because of local regulations. Should this situation change in future and a lower tax rate result in tax refunds to the Company, the net asset value of the respective Subfunds as at the original time the tax was withheld will not be recalculated; instead the repayments will be made indirectly pro rata to the existing shareholders at the time the refund is made.

## 24.2 THE SHAREHOLDERS

### *Luxembourg*

Under Luxembourg law and according to current practice, shareholders in Luxembourg are not subject to capital gains tax, income tax, gift tax, inheritance tax or other taxes (with the exception of shareholders resident or having their tax domicile or permanent place of business in Luxembourg as well as former residents of Luxembourg, if they hold more than 10% of Company's shares).

### **Automatic exchange of financial information in the field of taxation**

Many countries, including Luxembourg and Switzerland, have already concluded agreements on the automatic exchange of information (**AEOI**) with regard to taxation or are considering concluding such agreements. To this end, a reporting standard has been coordinated within the OECD. This so-called common reporting standard ("**CRS**") forms the framework for the exchange of financial information in the range of taxation between countries.

CRS obliges financial institutions to gather and, as the case may be, report information on financial assets which are kept under custody or administered across the border for taxpayers from countries and territories which participate in the AEOI. This information will be exchanged between the participating countries' tax authorities.

The member countries of the European Union have decided to implement the AEOI and CRS within the EU by means of Directive 2014/107/EU of the Council of 9 December 2014 amending Directive 2011/16/EU as regards mandatory automatic exchange of information in the field of taxation.

Luxembourg has implemented Directive 2014/107/EU by enacting the Law of 18<sup>th</sup> December 2015 on the automatic exchange of information regarding financial accounts ("**Financial Accounts Information Exchange Law**") and substantiated by further regulations. Accordingly, from 2016 on, in-scope Luxembourg financial institutions will collect certain investor information relating to the holders of financial accounts (as well as, as the case may be, relating to persons controlling account holders) and, from 2017, will begin reporting this information relating to the reportable accounts to Luxembourg tax authorities. These reports will be transferred by the Luxembourg tax authorities to certain foreign tax authorities, in particular within the EU.

According to the assessment of the Board of Directors, the Company is subject to the Financial Accounts Information Exchange Law in Luxembourg. The Company has been classified as "reporting financial institute" (investment entity) according to the Financial Accounts Information Exchange Law. Therefore, the Company gathers and, as the case may be, reports information relating to account holders pursuant to the principles laid down above.

The Company reserves the right to refuse applications for the subscription of Shares or compulsorily redeem Shares if the information provided by the applicant respectively investors does not meet the requirements of Directive 2014/107/EU and, respectively, of the Financial Accounts Information Exchange Law. Moreover, to fulfil their obligations in Luxembourg under the Financial Accounts Information Exchange Law, respectively, under Directive 2014/107/EU, the Company, the Management Company or the nominees may require, depending on the circumstances, additional information of the investors in order to comply or dispense with their fiscal identification and, as the case may be, reporting duties.

Applicants and investors are made aware of the Company's duty to transmit information on reportable accounts and their holders as well as, as the case may be, of controlling individuals to the Luxembourg tax authorities, which, depending on the circumstances, may forward this information to certain tax authorities in other countries with which a treaty on the automatic exchange of information has been concluded.

The scope and application of the AEOI or CRS may vary from country to country and the applicable rules may change. It is the responsibility of investors to seek advice on taxes and other consequences (including on the exchange of tax information) which may result from the subscription, ownership, return (redemption), switching and transfer of Shares, as well as distributions, including any regulations regarding the control on the movement of capital.

## 24.3 FOREIGN ACCOUNT TAX COMPLIANCE ACT ("**FATCA**") OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ("**US**")

The US have introduced FATCA to obtain information with respect to foreign financial accounts and investments beneficially owned by certain US taxpayers.

In regards to the implementation of FATCA in Luxembourg, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg has signed a Model 1 intergovernmental agreement with the US on 28 March 2014 (the "Lux IGA"), which has been transposed into Luxembourg legislation according to the terms of the Law of 24<sup>th</sup> July 2015 ("Lux IGA Legislation"). Under the terms of the Lux IGA, a Luxembourg resident financial institution ("Lux FI") will be obliged to comply with the provisions of the Lux IGA Legislation, rather than directly complying with the US Treasury Regulations implementing FATCA. A Lux FI that complies with the requirements of the Lux IGA Legislation will be treated as compliant with FATCA and, as a result, will not be subject to withholding tax under FATCA ("FATCA Withholding"), provided the Lux FI properly certifies its FATCA status towards withholding agents.

The Board of Directors considered the Company to be a Lux FI that will need to comply with the requirements of the Lux IGA Legislation and classified the Company and its Subfunds as Sponsored Investment Entities under the Lux IGA. Sponsored Investment Entities qualify for a deemed-compliant status and constitute a Non-Reporting Lux FI under the Lux IGA.

For Sponsorship purposes under the Lux IGA, the Company appointed the Management Company as Sponsoring Entity, which registered in this capacity on the FATCA online registration portal of the US Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and agreed to perform the due diligence, withholding, and FATCA reporting obligations on behalf of the Company ("Sponsoring Entity Service").

As determined in the Lux IGA, the Company retains the ultimately responsibility for ensuring that it complies with its obligations under the Lux IGA Legislation, notwithstanding the appointment of the Management Company to act as Sponsoring Entity to the Company.

In the performance of the Sponsoring Entity Service, the Management Company may use the assistance and contribution of sub-contractors, including the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent.

Under the Lux IGA Legislation, the Management Company will be required to report to the Luxembourg Tax Authority certain direct or possibly indirect holdings by certain US investors in the Company, and the payments related hereto, as well as investors that do not comply with the terms of FATCA or with a relevant applicable Intergovernmental Agreement, as of 1 July 2014 and under the terms of the Lux IGA, such information will be onward reported by the Luxembourg Tax Authority to the IRS.

Investors not holding investments in the Company directly as shareholders (i.e. legal holder of records) but via one or several nominees, including but not limited to distributors, platforms, depositaries and other financial intermediaries ("**Nominees**"), should inquire with such Nominees in regard to their FATCA compliance status in order to avoid FATCA information reporting and/ or potentially withholding.

Additional information may be required by the Company, the Management Company or Nominees from investors in order to comply with their obligations under FATCA or under an applicable Intergovernmental Agreement with the US, e.g. depending on the circumstances, to perform or refrain from information reporting and/ or potentially withholding, as applicable.

The Company reserves the right to refuse applications for the subscription of Shares or to impose a compulsory redemption of Shares if the information provided by the applicant or shareholder does not meet the requirements of the Company for the fulfilment of its obligations under the Lux IGA or the Lux IGA regulations.

The scope and application of FATCA Withholding and information reporting pursuant to the terms of FATCA and the relevant applicable Intergovernmental Agreements may vary from country to country and is subject to review by the US, Luxembourg and other countries, and the applicable rules may change. Investors should contact their own tax or legal advisers regarding the application of FATCA to their particular circumstances.

## **25. GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS AND REPORTING**

The annual general meeting of shareholders of the Company takes place in Luxembourg every year on 20<sup>th</sup> October at noon. If this day is not a bank business day in Luxembourg, the general meeting will take place on the following bank business day in Luxembourg. Other extraordinary general meetings of shareholders of the Company or meetings of individual Subfunds or their Share Categories may be held in addition. Notices of general meetings of shareholders and other meetings are issued in accordance with Luxembourg law. They are published in the

Luxembourg Official Gazette (“Mémorial”), in the Luxembourg newspaper “Luxemburger Wort” and in other media selected by the Board of Directors. The notices contain information about the place and time of the general meeting, the requirements for attending, the agenda and - if necessary - the quorum requirements and majority requirements for resolutions. Furthermore, the invitation to attend the meeting may provide that the quorum and majority requirements be established on the basis of the Shares which have been issued and are outstanding on the fifth day preceding the general meeting at 12.00 midnight (Luxembourg time). A shareholder’s rights to take part in and vote at a general meeting will also be determined according to the number of shares he/she owns at that point in time.

The Company’s financial year shall commence on 1<sup>st</sup> July of each year and end on 30<sup>th</sup> June of the following year.

The annual report containing the audited consolidated annual financial statement of the Company or the Subfunds, as applicable, must be available at the registered office of the Company no later than fifteen (15) days before the annual general meeting. Un-audited semi-annual reports will be available there within two (2) months of the end of the half-year concerned. Copies of these reports may be obtained from the respective national representatives and from SSB-LUX.

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports, which relate to all the Subfunds, separate annual reports and semi-annual reports can also be drawn up for individual Subfunds.

## 26. APPLICABLE LAW, JURISDICTION

Any legal disputes between the Company, the shareholders, the Depositary, the Management Company, the domiciliary agent, the Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar and Transfer Agent, the Investment Advisers or Investment Managers, the national representatives and the Distributors will be subject to the jurisdiction of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The applicable law will be Luxembourg law in each case. However, the above entities may, in relation to claims from shareholders from other countries, accept the jurisdiction of those countries in which Shares are offered and sold.

## 27. REMUNERATION POLICY

In accordance with Directive 2009/65/EC, as amended by Directive 2014/91/EU (together the „**UCITS Directive**“), the Management Company has a remuneration policy which is implemented by the Management Company being included in the Remuneration Policy of GAM Group (“Group Compensation Policy”) which is made *inter alia* pursuant to the principles laid down in Article 14(b) of the UCITS Directive. This remuneration policy is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management and discourages risk-taking that is inconsistent with the risk profile set up in the Articles of Associations of the Companies managed by the Management Company. The remuneration policy focuses on the control of risk-taking behaviour of senior management, risk takers, employees with control functions and employees receiving total remuneration that falls within the remuneration bracket of senior management and risk takers whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profiles of the Company and the Subfunds.

In line with the provisions of the UCITS Directive and the guidelines issued by ESMA, each of which may be amended from time to time, the Management Company applies the Group Compensation Policy and practices in a manner which is proportionate to its size and that of the Company, its internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities.

Entities to which investment management activities have been delegated in accordance with Article 13 of the UCITS Directive are also subject to the requirements on remuneration under the relevant ESMA guidelines unless such entities and their relevant staff are subject to regulatory requirements on remuneration that are equally as effective as those imposed under the relevant ESMA guidelines.

This remuneration system is established in a remuneration policy, which fulfils following requirements:

- a) The remuneration policy is consistent with and promotes sound and effective risk management and discourages risk-taking behaviour.

- b) The remuneration policy is in line with the Company's strategy, objectives, values and interests of the GAM Group (including the Management Company and the UCITS which it manages, as well as the UCITS' investors) and it comprises measures to prevent conflicts of interest.
- c) The assessment of performance is set in a multi-year framework.
- d) Fixed and variable components of total remuneration are appropriately balanced and the fixed component represents a sufficiently high proportion of the total remuneration to allow the operation of a fully flexible policy on variable remuneration components, including the possibility to pay no variable remuneration component.

Further details relating to the current Group Compensation Policy are available on [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com). This includes a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated and the identity of persons responsible for awarding the remuneration and benefits as well as the identification of the members of the remuneration committee. A paper copy will be made available upon request and free of charge by the Management Company.

## 28. DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

Copies of the following documents may be inspected at the registered office of the Company in Luxembourg during normal business hours on every bank business day in Luxembourg and at the offices of the respective national representatives on their business days:

- 1a) the investment advisory or investment management agreements, the Fund Management Contract, the agreements with the Depositary, the domiciliary agent, the Central Administration and Principal Paying Agent, the Registrar and Transfer Agent. These agreements may be amended with the approval of both contracting parties;
- 1b) the Articles of the Company.

The following documents may be obtained free of charge on request:

- 2a) the currently valid Key Investor Information Document and the full Prospectus;
- 2b) the most recent annual and semi-annual reports.

The Articles, the Key Investor Information Document, the full Prospectus, the Group Compensation Policy and the annual and semi-annual reports may also be obtained on the website [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com).

In the event of contradictions between the above-mentioned English-language documents and any translations thereof, the English-language version shall be the authentic text. This is without prejudice to mandatory conflicting regulations governing distribution and marketing in jurisdictions in which the Company's Shares have been lawfully distributed.

## 29. DATA PROTECTION INFORMATION

Prospective investors should note that by completing the application form they are providing information to the Company, which may constitute personal data within the meaning of the Coordinated Text of the Law of 2 August 2002 on the Protection of Persons with regard to the Processing of Personal Data and Amendments thereto as may be amended or re-enacted from time to time, including any statutory instruments and regulations that may be made pursuant thereto from time to time, and including any amendments to any of the foregoing and the General Data Protection Regulation (EU 2016/679) ("GDPR") (together the Data Protection Acts). This data will be used for the purposes of client identification and the subscription process, administration, transfer agency, statistical analysis, market research and to comply with any applicable legal or regulatory requirements, disclosure to the Company (its delegates and agents) and, if an applicant's consent is given, for direct marketing purposes.

Data may be disclosed to third parties including:

- (a) regulatory bodies, tax authorities; and

- (b) delegates, advisers and service providers of the Company and their or the Company's duly authorised agents and any of their respective related, associated or affiliated companies wherever located (including outside the EEA which may not have the same data protection laws as in Luxembourg) for the purposes specified. For the avoidance of doubt, each service provider to the Company (including the Management Company, its delegates and its or their duly authorised agents and any of their respective related, associated or affiliated companies) may exchange the personal data, or information about the investors in the Company, which is held by it with another service provider to the Company.

Personal data will be obtained, held, used, disclosed and processed for any one of more of the purposes set out in the application form.

Investors have a right to obtain a copy of their personal data kept by the Company and the right to rectify any inaccuracies in personal data held by the Company. As of 25 May 2018 being the date the General Data Protection Regulation (EU 2016/679) comes into effect, investors will also have a right to be forgotten and a right to restrict or object to processing in a number of circumstances. In certain limited circumstances, a right to data portability may apply. Where investors give consent to the processing of personal data, this consent may be withdrawn at any time.

#### **Beneficial Ownership**

The Company may also request such information (including by means of statutory notices) as may be required for the maintenance of the Company's beneficial ownership register (the "RBE") in accordance with the law of 13 January 2019 establishing the register of beneficial owners (the "RBE Law"), as well as the related Grand-Ducal Regulations and the related CSSF Regulations and Circulars, as amended from time to time, and in accordance with the Luxembourg law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering. Such information includes, but is not limited to, first name, last name, nationality, country of residence, home or business address, national identification number and information regarding the nature and extent of the beneficial ownership held by each beneficial owner in the Company. The Company is further required, among other things, (i) to make such information available upon request to certain Luxembourg national authorities (including the CSSF, the *Commissariat aux Assurances*, the *Cellule de Renseignement Financier*, the Luxembourg tax authorities and other national authorities) and (ii) to register such information in a publicly accessible central RBE.

In accordance with the RBE Law, it is an offence for a beneficial owner to fail to fulfil his obligation to inform the Company of his status as beneficial owner. It is further an offence for the Company (i) fail to comply with the terms of a beneficial ownership notice or (ii) provide materially false information in response to such a notice or (iii) fail to obtain and store, at the place of its registered office, all the relevant information.

Further details on the purposes of this processing, the various functions of the recipients of the investor's personal data, the categories of personal data concerned and the rights of the investor in relation to these personal data and any other information required under the Data Protection Act can be found in the privacy policy, which can be found at the following link: <https://www.gam.com/de/legal/privacy-policy>.

## **MULTIFLEX SICAV**

# **CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND**

A Subfund of the MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”), established by GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.

### **SPECIAL PART A: 1 JULY 2022**

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund MULTIFLEX SICAV – CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND (hereinafter referred to as “CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND” or “Subfund”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

## Contents

### Special Part A:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objectives and Investment Policy of the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND	3
3.	Sustainability risks .....	5
4.	Investor Profile .....	6
5.	The Investment Manager .....	6
6.	Valuation Day .....	6
7.	Description of Shares in the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND .....	6
8.	Dividend Policy .....	8
9.	Fees and Costs .....	8
10.	Issue and Redemption of Shares, Cut-Off Times .....	9
11.	Switching Shares .....	10
12.	Application Procedure .....	10
13.	Risk Considerations .....	11

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The initial issue period during which Shares in the MULTIFLEX SICAV – CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND (“**CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND**“, “**Subfund**”) could be subscribed took place from 5 to 15 November 2007, at an initial issue price of CHF 1000 per Share.

At the time of the initial issue of the Shares, the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND, as all other subfunds of the Company, was organised as a specialised investment fund (SIF) pursuant to the Luxembourg law of 13 February 2007 on specialised investment funds, as amended. Subsequently, in February 2015, the Company was converted into an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) pursuant to the 2010 Law (as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus).

## 2. Investment Objectives and Investment Policy of the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND

The investment objective of the Company in relation to the MULTIFLEX SICAV - CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND is to achieve long term capital appreciation through the investment of at least two thirds of its assets in a portfolio of carefully selected shares, which are listed on a stock-exchange or dealt on another Regulated Market or Multilateral Trading Facility (“MTF”) worldwide (including Emerging Markets) and other equity securities and rights of companies with energy-efficient products and technologies or of companies whose main activity consists of owning shareholdings in such companies or financing such companies.

The investment universe of the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND comprises all companies which develop, devise, promote, utilise, market and/or sell products, services, technologies, methods or processes eligible to reduce energy consumption and polluting emissions directly or indirectly. The universe includes predominantly but not exclusively companies that supply products and services in the sectors of building equipment, process and other industrial technology, power generation, infrastructure, emissions reduction, rail and ship transport and automotive industry. The Investment Manager will make a sustainability analysis on each investment following the “Sustainable Development Goals” set by the United Nations General Assembly. Each analysis is documented according to the Investment Manager’s impact investing process.

### **Further disclosures on sustainability**

Further to the Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector (SFDR), certain additional disclosures must be made with respect to the Subfund’s sustainable investment objective which is set out above.

The Subfund has sustainable investment as its objective such that it is an environmentally friendly investment vehicle as per article 9 of the SFDR. The Subfund’s objective is to invest in companies with sustainable economic activities that substantially contribute to climate change mitigation.

In identifying investments which allow the Subfund to pursue its sustainable investment objective, the Investment Manager adopts the following strategies:

The Investment Manager screens for companies that offer products and services enabling the transition to a climate-neutral economy, primarily by improving the energy efficiency. This includes activities that are not climate-neutral but correspond to the best performance standard in the industry. As set out in the Investment Objectives and Investment Policy above, the manager compiles an investment universe of companies which develop, devise, promote, utilise, market and/or sell products, services, technologies, methods or processes eligible to

reduce energy consumption and polluting emissions directly or indirectly. The universe includes predominantly but not exclusively companies that supply products and services in the sectors of building equipment, process and other industrial technology, power generation, infrastructure, emissions reduction, rail and ship transport and automotive industry.

The Investment Manager makes a sustainability analysis on each investment following the “Sustainable Development Goals” set by the United Nations General Assembly. Each analysis is documented according to the Investment Manager’s impact investing process. The analysis and the documentation include the share of turnover, R & D expenses and the contribution to climate change mitigation of the relevant activities (positive impact).

The analysis also ensures that a company’s activities do not significantly harm environmental objectives (negative impact).

If the adverse effects out-weigh the positive effects from the climate change mitigation, the company is not eligible for investment by the Subfund. Companies are excluded from the investment universe if sales with nuclear technology, defence technology and other controversial activities surpass a defined threshold (exclusion list).

Companies active in the production and transport of fossil fuels are excluded. The activity analysis is performed with the help of leading external research providers. The investment manager follows procedures to ensure that minimum safeguards regarding human rights and other minimum standards set out by the OECD, UNO and ILO are respected. The analysis is carried out by the investment manager with the support of leading external research providers. Engagement is casted by (proxy) votes directly or via dedicated voting providers (ESG incorporation).

The Investment Manager implements this strategy on a continuous basis through the regular analysis of the companies’ activities and offerings. The analysis is performed on the basis of published sustainability reports, through the direct contact with the companies, and with the help of external research providers. These results relate the greenhouse gas emission reduction to the objectives of the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Further detailed analysis assesses the impact of the investment companies according to specified criteria and quantifies the impacts within a range from 0 to 3. The results of the analysis are mapped along portfolio holdings and the addressed SDGs. This Impact Heatmap an Impact Ranking List reveal the quality and the contributions to the SDGs. An Impact Report presents the results of the five process steps in which the positive (minus the negative) effects are reflected.

The environmental characteristics and objectives of the Subfund, the description of the methodologies used to assess, measure and monitor the impact of the investments can be found on the website of the investment manager [www.carnotcapital.com](http://www.carnotcapital.com). The strategy and the aggregated impact analysis of the investments are published on this website.

The Subfund does not use a designated reference benchmark to determine whether the sustainability objectives are met because the Subfund has a narrow investment focus and has only little overlap with any market benchmarks. The achievement of the objectives is ensured by the investment process and the impact analysis described above. However, the Investment Manager does disclose comparative figures from independent research providers that compare the Subfund to broad market indices in terms of carbon footprint, controversial activities and sustainability ratings.

Up to one third of the assets of the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND may also be invested in the following assets: (i) shares and other equity securities of other companies; (ii) money market instruments; (iii) derivatives on shares and other equity securities; (iv) structured products on shares and other equity (in total up to a maximum of 20% of assets); (v) fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, convertible bonds and bonds with warrants attached; (vi) units of other UCITS and/or UCI, including exchange traded funds (in total up to a maximum of 10% of the assets).

Ancillary liquid assets (cash and cash equivalents) may be held which, under certain circumstances and notwithstanding the 2/3-rule of the first paragraph of this chapter, may

amount to up to 49% of the assets. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Prospectus or the abovementioned limits, the Subfund invests, in accordance with its investment policy, continuously at least 51% of the net assets of the Subfund in qualified shares so as to qualify as equity fund within the meaning of the German Investment Tax Act 2018 ("GITA") (as amended) for as long as this is required. In doing so, the actual capital participation rates (within the meaning of the GITA) of target investment funds can be taken into account.

The CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND is denominated in CHF. The investments may be denominated in CHF or in other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the CHF. A depreciation caused by exchange rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

Investments in derivatives may entail higher risks, particularly due to higher volatility. If a derivative is embedded in a transferable security, it must be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for the purposes of risk monitoring.

The CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND may also acquire investments which are either issued by issuers from so-called emerging market countries and/or which are denominated in or economically linked to currencies of emerging market countries. The term "emerging markets" generally means markets in countries currently developing into modern industrialised countries, and which therefore exhibit high potential but also increased risk. In particular, these include the countries listed in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. As regards investments in emerging markets countries, the section "Information regarding investments in Emerging Market Countries" below should be considered.

**The Company makes every effort to achieve its investment objectives with regard to the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. As a result, the net asset value of the Shares may become greater or smaller, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.**

### 3. Sustainability risks

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks as described in the section 7 "Sustainability" of the General Part of the Prospectus. As the Subfund is an equity fund, and even when it has a clear sustainable investment objective, equities in general are deemed to be subject to higher level sustainability risks than for example investments in corporate or government bonds. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out in section 13 "Risk Considerations" below about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of the sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

As detailed in Section 2 "Investment Objectives and Investment Policy of the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND", the Subfund's objective is to invest in companies with sustainable economic activities that substantially contribute to climate change mitigation.

According to the assessment of the Investment Manager, all investee companies fulfil this objective. The Investment Manager's analysis and documentation described in section 2 above results in a 67% share of activities that are in environmentally sustainable economic activities and that are as such aligned with Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment ("**Taxonomy Regulation**"). These activities contribute in themselves to the environmental objective of climate change mitigation or are activities that enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to such objective. The assessment by the Investment Manager of activities aligned with the Taxonomy Regulation follows a proprietary model that is not identical with the classification set out by the Taxonomy Regulation but that is very similar. As soon as sufficient standardized data becomes available in the market and the Company has implemented the respective data feed, further disclosures will be made that are based on a classification as per the criteria set out by the Taxonomy Regulation.

#### **4. Investor Profile**

This Subfund is suitable only for investors who have experience in equity investments, an in-depth knowledge of the capital markets and who wish to take specific advantage of the market performance in specialised markets and who are familiar with the specific opportunities and risks of these market segments. Investors must expect fluctuations in the value of the investments, which may temporarily even lead to very substantial losses of value. The Subfund may be used as a supplementary investment within a widely diversified overall portfolio.

#### **5. The Investment Manager**

The Company has appointed Carnot Capital AG as investment manager ("**Investment Manager**"). Carnot Capital AG was established in 2007. It is established as a Swiss public limited company registered in Switzerland with its registered office at Lindenhofweg 4, Bäch, Switzerland. Carnot Capital AG qualifies as an asset manager of collective investments schemes within the meaning of the Swiss Collective Investment Scheme Act and as such is supervised by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA).

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the supervision of the Board of Directors and/or the supervisory body or bodies appointed by the Board of Directors.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company's consent.

#### **6. Valuation Day**

The net asset value of the Subfund is calculated as per any Valuation Day. The Valuation Day for the Subfund will be each banking day in Luxembourg. The valuation will be based on the value of the Subfund's assets on the last preceding banking day (Valuation Point).

Subscriptions and Redemptions will be effected on each Valuation Day.

#### **7. Description of Shares in the CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND**

The Subfund may issue the following Share Categories: "A" in CHF and EUR, "D" in CHF and EUR, "D2" in CHF and EUR and "C" in CHF and EUR having the characteristics as specified below.

The Subfund issues shares in registered form only. Fractions of Shares may be issued up to 3 decimal places in accordance with the section "Description of Shares" of the General Part of this Prospectus.

MULTIFLEX SICAV - SPECIAL PART A: CARNOT EFFICIENT ENERGY FUND

The Share Categories issued by the Subfund shall have the following characteristics:

Share Category	A	C	D	D2	A	C	D	D2
Currency	CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
Swiss Valor		3525067	3525060	49892134		3525069	3525062	49892139
ISIN		LU0330110163	LU0330108852	LU2049584837		LU0330114827	LU0330111302	LU2049585057
Sales charge <sup>1)</sup>	Max. 2%	Max. 3%	Max. 2%	Max. 2%	Max. 2%	Max. 3%	Max. 2%	Max. 2%
Redemption Fee <sup>1)</sup>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Entry Spread <sup>2)</sup>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Exit Spread <sup>2)</sup>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Notice period for redemption <sup>3)</sup>	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
	Redemptions are also subject to section 10 "Issue and Redemption of Shares, Cut-Off Times"							
Management Fee p.a. (max.)	1.35%	1.2%	0.9%	0.9%	1.35%	1.2%	0.9%	0.9%
Performance Fee (see also section "Fees and Costs")	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dividend policy (see also section "Dividend Policy")	Distributing	Capitalizing	Capitalizing	Capitalizing	Distributing	Capitalizing	Capitalizing	Capitalizing
Minimum Subscription	CHF 5 million or investors who have an agreement in writing with Carnot Capital AG	None	None	None	EUR 5 million or investors who have an agreement in writing with Carnot Capital AG	None	None	None
	Subscriptions are subject to section 11 "Issue and Redemption of Shares, Cut-Off Times" and section 13 „Application Procedure"							
Performance Fee & Hurdle Rate	See section 9 "Fees and Costs" below							

- 1) in favour of the Distributor;
- 2) in favour of the Subfund;
- 3) if the final day on which notice may be given is a non-Luxembourg banking day, redemption orders must be placed with the Registrar and Transfer Agent by the last Luxembourg banking day that precedes it. The notice period for redemptions is calculated by reference to the Valuation Day.

“A” Shares are issued to “institutional investors” within the meaning of Article 174 et seq. of the 2010 law.

“C” Shares are issued to all investors.

“D” and “D2”-Shares are issued exclusively to “institutional investors” within the meaning of Article 174 et seq. of the 2010 Law which have signed an asset management or investment advisory agreement with Carnot Capital AG. In case the contractual basis for holding “D” or “D2”-Shares is no longer given, the Company will automatically switch “D”-Shares or “D2” into Shares of another category which are eligible for the shareholder in question, and all provisions regarding the Shares of such other category (including provisions regarding fees and taxes) shall be applicable on such Shares.

With respect to “D2”-shares only, the Management Company and the Company have agreed with the Investment Manager that the Investment Manager may not enter into any agreement where the fees received by it for providing its services to the Company would be shared with a third party due to their distribution or marketing activities. For the avoidance of doubt, companies within the same group of companies and the shareholders of the Investment Manager are not deemed to be third parties for the purposes of this restriction.

## 8. Dividend Policy

**A Shares** intend to pay distributions of yearly estimated 3% to 4% of the Share Category’s NAV. The payments may but don’t have to be split into an income and a capital part. Distributions may happen even if the Subfund’s performance in the respective period is negative, irrespective of how negative it is. The Company may in exceptional circumstances reduce or suspend the distribution for a respective period partially or entirely, e.g. to comply with legal requirements, if it is operationally not feasible based on failure of systems, natural disasters and force majeure, or investors agree in writing to do without the payment. The Investment Manager has to keep an accurate level of liquidity and to observe the impact on investment limits.

**C, D and D2 Shares** do not intend to pay dividends or other distributions to Shareholders out of the Subfund’s profits, which are intended to be reinvested, nor is it intended that dividends be paid from any other source, for example share premium or the net of accumulated realised and unrealised capital gains and accumulated realised and unrealised capital losses. Dividends when declared and paid shall be allocated to the relevant category of distributing Shares. The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time, particularly for tax reasons, in the interests of the investors.

## 9. Fees and Costs

### Management Fee

For the management of the investments of the portfolio a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each Share Category’s NAV.

- A Shares: max. 1.35%
- C Shares: max. 1.2%
- D Shares: max. 0.9%

- D2 Shares: max. 0.9%

In addition thereto, a fee of up to 0.30% p.a. of the net asset value of the Subfund shall be charged on a monthly basis, covering the services of the depository, administrative agent, principal paying agent and transfer agent.

#### **Performance Fee**

In addition to the Management Fee above, the Investment Manager is entitled to receive a performance-related annual fee ("**Performance Fee**") **on C, D, and D2 Shares only** as set out below on the appreciation in the net asset value per relevant Share Category and currency. The Performance Fee will be calculated on each Valuation Day and is to be paid annually in arrears at the end of the financial year.

The Performance Fee with respect to the Subfund will be governed by a "High Water Mark" and a "Hurdle Rate". The Investment Manager is only entitled to receive a Performance Fee provided the net asset value per Share on a Crystallisation Date (as defined below) is above the High Water Mark (as defined below) and the Hurdle Rate of 5% p.a. (before deduction of the Performance Fee).

The Performance Fee is equal to 10% of the daily outperformance of the net asset value per Share over the higher of the High Water Mark and the Hurdle Rate.

The Performance Fee is recalculated on each Valuation Day subject to the aforementioned conditions and an accrual is formed in the Subfund's accounts. The accrual is adjusted (up or down) on the basis of the difference between the newly calculated amount and the amount previously set aside.

A Crystallisation Date is either (i) the last Valuation Day of each financial year or (ii) the Valuation Day on which redemptions representing more than 5% of the Subfund's net assets have been received and accepted by the Company. In the case of (ii), the Performance Fee will be crystallised and set aside in proportion to the number of Shares redeemed, however it will not be paid to the Investment Manager until the end of the financial year.

The initial High Water Mark of each Share Category corresponds to the Issue Price at launch of the relevant Share Category. If the net asset value per Share exceeds the High Water Mark and the Hurdle Rate on the last Valuation Day of a subsequent financial year, then the High Water Mark will be set at the net asset value on such last Valuation Day of the relevant financial year, after deduction of the Performance Fee per Share. In all other cases the High Water Mark remains unchanged.

**Calculation of Performance Fee is based on STOXX Europe 600. STOXX Europe 600 is a benchmark pursuant to the Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (EU Benchmark Regulation). The registration of the benchmark and of the administrator, STOXX, who provides the benchmark, has been made in the ESMA-Register referred to in art. 36 of the EU Benchmark Regulation.**

**The Company has established robust written plans outlining the measures it would take if the benchmarks were to change significantly or if it were no longer available. The relevant guidelines of the GAM Group are available at [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com).**

**For the avoidance of doubt, A Shares are without Performance Fee.**

## **10. Issue and Redemption of Shares, Cut-Off Times**

### **Issue**

Shares in the Subfund are offered for subscription daily on each Valuation Day (as set out in section 6 "Valuation Day" above). The Company (to the attention of the Registrar and Transfer Agent) must receive applications for subscriptions of Shares no later than 11.00 am Central European Time ("**CET**") ("**Cut-off Time**") 1 (one) Luxembourg banking day prior to the relevant Valuation Day ("**Subscription Time Limit**").

Subject to this requirement, Shares will be issued at an Issue Price based on the net asset

value per Share on the applicable Valuation Day, rounded up or down to two decimal places. A sales charge of a maximum of 3% may be applied, as described for each Share Category in the table in section 7 above. Subscriptions received after this time will be dealt with on the following Valuation Day at the Issue Price calculated on such Valuation Day.

### **Redemption**

Shares in the Subfund may be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day (as set out in section 6 “Valuation Day” above). Applications to redeem Shares must be received by the Company (to the attention of the Registrar and Transfer Agent) no later than 11.00 am CET (“**Cut-off Time**”) 1 (one) Luxembourg banking day prior to the relevant Valuation Day (“**Redemption Time Limit**”).

Subject to this requirement, Shares will be redeemed at a Redemption Price based on the net asset value per Share on the applicable Valuation Day rounded up or down to two decimal places, plus any applicable redemption fee. Redemptions received after the relevant Cut-off Time of the relevant Redemption Time Limit will be dealt with on the following applicable Valuation Day at the Redemption Price calculated on such Valuation Day.

The total amount of the redemption proceeds will generally be paid out within three (3) banking days after the calculation of the Net Asset Value but in normal circumstances not later than 30 business days in Luxembourg following the relevant Valuation Day.

Readers are urged to read the provisions in the General Part of this Prospectus (cf. the section “General Information on the Issue, Redemption and Switching of Shares”).

The Company is authorised to defer redemptions to the extent that the amount of the redemption requests on one Valuation Day exceeds 10% of the outstanding Shares of the Subfund. The Board of Directors of the Company will try not to defer the redemption requests (except in extraordinary circumstances) for more than two Valuation Days.

## **11. Switching Shares**

Shares in the Subfund may be switched for Shares in other Subfunds of the Company for which such switch is allowed, upon a payment of a switching fee of a maximum of 2% of the net asset value of said Shares. No switching fee will be levied in the case of a switch into another Subfund for which Carnot Capital AG acts as investment manager.

## **12. Application Procedure**

Investors may subscribe to Shares in the Subfund directly with the Registrar and Transfer Agent or, as the case may be, with a Distributor, on any Valuation Day (as more fully set out in section 6 above “Valuation Day”).

The total amount of the subscription amount must be credited to the currency account indicated in the General Part of this Prospectus within 3 (three) banking days after the relevant Valuation Day. Payment in cash must be made by wire transfer in the currency of applicable Share Category. Where payments are tendered by a subscriber or requested in a currency other than that in which the Shares concerned are designated, the necessary foreign exchange transactions are arranged for the account of, and at the expense of, the applicant at prevailing exchange rates on the relevant payment date.

Shares will be in registered form and share certificates will not be issued.

The Company and the Management Company reserve the right to reject any application for Shares in whole or in part for any reason. If any application is not accepted in whole or in part, the application monies or (where an application is accepted in part only) the balance thereof will be returned (without interest) in the same currency in which the application monies for such Shares were received by telegraphic transfer to the account from which funds were received at the discretion of the Company and the Management Company and at the expense and risk of the applicant.

### 13. Risk Considerations

#### Emerging markets

Emerging markets are markets in countries that are currently developing into modern industrial states. As a result, they exhibit high potential but also increased risk. Risks include the following:

- a) Potentially low or non-existent trading volumes in the securities on the securities market potentially leading to liquidity bottlenecks and comparatively wide price fluctuations.
- b) Uncertain political, economic and social conditions and the inherent risks of expropriation or confiscation, the risk of extraordinarily high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments.
- c) Potentially sizeable fluctuations in the currency exchange rate, differences in legal systems, existing or potential currency export controls, customs or other constraints and any laws or other restrictions applied to investments.
- d) Political or other events limiting investment opportunities for the Subfund, e.g. constraints affecting issuers or industries regarded as sensitive within the context of national interests.
- e) Nonexistence of adequately developed legal structures for private or foreign investments and a possible threat to private ownership.
- f) Risks relating to the settlement of securities transactions, i.e., the risk of the securities not being delivered, or being delivered late, despite payment having been made by the Subfund.
- g) Securities being counterfeited or stolen.
- f) The introduction of currency controls.

Page left blank intentionally

## **MULTIFLEX SICAV**

# **SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND**

A Subfund of the MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”), established by GAM (Luxembourg) S.A.

### **SPECIAL PART B: 1 JANUARY 2022**

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund MULTIFLEX SICAV – SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND (hereinafter referred to as “SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND” or “Subfund”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

**CONTENTS: SPECIAL PART B:**

1. Initial issue of SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND shares .....	3
2. Investment objectives and investment policy of the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND .....	3
3. Investor Profile.....	3
4. Risk considerations .....	4
5. The SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND's Investment Manager .....	4
6. Valuation Day, Dealing Day and Fixed Time .....	4
7. Description of SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND shares.....	5
8. SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND's Dividend Policy.....	5
9. SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND's Fees and Costs .....	5
10. Issue and redemption of SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND Shares.....	6
11. Switching Shares.....	6
12. Application procedure.....	6

## 1. INITIAL ISSUE OF SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND SHARES

The initial issue period during which shares in the MULTIFLEX SICAV – SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND (“SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND”, “Subfund”) could be subscribed took place from 3<sup>rd</sup> until 14<sup>th</sup> December 2007, at an initial issue price of CHF 100 per share.

The initial issue of shares and first net asset value calculation took place on 17<sup>th</sup> December 2007. Thereafter, the calculation of the net asset value and the issue of shares shall take place on such Valuation respectively Dealing Days as defined in section 6 below.

At the time of the initial issue of the Shares, the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND, as all other subfunds of the Company, was organised as a specialised investment fund (SIF) pursuant to the Luxembourg law of 13<sup>th</sup> February 2007 on specialised investment funds, as amended. Subsequently, in February 2015, the Company was converted into an undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) pursuant to the 2010 Law (as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus).

## 2. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND

The investment objective of this Subfund is principally to achieve a long-term capital growth in the accounting currency.

The Subfund invests at least two thirds in equities and similar instruments (shares, dividend-right certificates, participation certificates, warrants on equities, etc.) of large and small and medium-sized companies which are domiciled in Switzerland, or which carry out the bulk of their business activities in that country, in accordance with the principle of risk diversification, protection of the capital invested and liquidity of the Subfund’s assets. For diversification purposes, the Subfund may however invest up to 10% of its net asset value in securities that are not listed on a stock exchange or other regulated market or MTF.

Up to a maximum of one third of the assets of SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND may be invested in other assets permissible under Article 41 paragraph 1 of the 2010 Law and under the relevant ordinances and supervisory circulars issued, including derivative financial instruments.

Furthermore derivative financial instruments and special investment techniques can also be used for efficient portfolio management and hedging purposes.

The Subfund is denominated in CHF. The investments may be denominated in CHF or in other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the CHF. A depreciation caused by exchange rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

Ancillary liquid assets may be held which, under certain circumstances and notwithstanding the 2/3-rule of the first paragraph of this chapter, may amount to up to 49% of the assets.

**Prospective investors should be aware that the investment strategy, assets and techniques used by the Investment Manager may entail certain investment risks. Consequently, the net asset value of the shares may be higher or lower, and positive or negative returns of different levels may arise. Investors should be prepared and should be able to bear the risk of a substantial loss of their investment.**

## 3. INVESTOR PROFILE

This Subfund is suitable only for investors who have experience in volatile investments, an in-depth knowledge of the capital markets and who wish to take specific advantage of the market performance in specialised markets and who are familiar with the specific opportunities and risks of these market segments. Investors must expect fluctuations in the value of the investments, which may temporarily even lead to very substantial losses of value. Each of these Subfunds may be used as a supplementary investment within a widely diversified overall portfolio.

#### **4. RISK CONSIDERATIONS**

Each prospective Shareholder should consider whether the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND's investment policy and objectives are suitable for his personal profile and investment objectives.

The Subfund is suitable for investors who have experience with volatile investments, have sound knowledge of the capital markets and wish to participate in the performance of the capital markets so as to pursue their specific investment objectives. Investors must expect fluctuations in the value of the investments, which may temporarily even lead to substantial loss of value. The Subfund may be used as a supplementary investment within a widely diversified portfolio.

##### **Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund is deemed to have a high level of sustainability risks, which may have significant effect on the value of the portfolio. The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

#### **5. THE SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND'S INVESTMENT MANAGER**

The company has appointed Swiss Asset Partners Vermögensverwaltungs AG as investment manager. Swiss Asset Partners Vermögensverwaltungs AG was established 2003. It is today established as a Swiss public limited company registered in Switzerland with its registered office at Beethovenstrasse 1, Zurich, Switzerland.

It is an asset manager of collective investments schemes within the meaning of the Swiss Collective Investment Scheme Act and as such is supervised by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA).

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND. It shall act under the supervision of the Board of Directors and/or the supervisory body or bodies appointed by the Board of Directors.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company's consent.

#### **6. VALUATION DAY, DEALING DAY AND FIXED TIME**

The net asset value of the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND is calculated on each Valuation Day following the initial issue.

The Valuation Day for the Subfund will be each bank business day in Luxembourg which is not a normal public holiday for the stock exchanges or other markets which represent the basis for valuation of a major part of the net assets of the corresponding Subfund, as determined by the Company. The valuation will be based on the value of the Subfund's assets on the last preceding banking day.

The Dealing Day for the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND will be each Valuation Day.

## 7. DESCRIPTION OF SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND SHARES

The Subfund will issue 3 Share classes: classes A, B and C having the characteristics as specified below.

The Subfund issues Shares in registered form only. Fractions of Shares may be issued up to 3 decimal places in accordance with the section “Description of Shares” of the General Part of this Offering Document.

The Share classes issued by the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND shall have the following characteristics:

Share class	A	B	C
Investor Type	Institutional Investors	Institutional Investors	Institutional Investors
Currency	CHF	CHF	CHF
Distributing/accumulating	distributing	accumulating	accumulating
Swiss Valor	3591117	3591119	3591121
ISIN	LU0334094355	LU0334094439	LU0334094512
Sales charge*)	Max. 3%	Max. 3%	Max. 3%
Redemption Fee	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Entry Spread	None	None	None
Exit Spread	None	None	None
Management Fee p.a. (max.)	2%	2%	2%
Minimum Subscription Volume	None	None	CHF 50'000
	Subscriptions are subject to the section „Application Procedure” below.		

\*) to be paid to the Distributor

All Shares are only issued to “institutional investors” within the meaning of Article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies with a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND’S DIVIDEND POLICY

In accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations, the Company intends to apply the following dividend policy:

For the Share class A, an annual dividend shall be distributed upon proposal of the Board of Directors.

For the Share classes B and C no dividends will be paid out.

## 9. SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND’S FEES AND COSTS

### Management Fee

The Company charges the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND for each Share class a fee of up to 2.0% p.a. of the net asset value of the Subfund respectively Share class for the management of the investments of the portfolio.

In addition thereto, a fee of up to 0.5% of the net asset value of the Subfund shall be charged on a monthly basis, covering the services of the depository, administrative agent, principal paying agent, registrar and transfer agent and the Management Company.

## 10. ISSUE AND REDEMPTION OF SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND SHARES

On expiry of the initial issue period, the Shares in the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND are offered for sale and redeemed on each Dealing Day. The Registrar and Transfer Agent must receive applications for subscriptions of Shares no later than 11.00 am Luxembourg time ("**Fixed Time**") on the last banking day directly preceding the Dealing Day. Subject to this requirement Shares will be issued at the Issue Price calculated on the Valuation Day relating to the relevant Dealing Day.

Applications to redeem Shares must be received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on the last banking day directly preceding the Dealing Day, no later than 11.00 am Luxembourg time. Subject to this requirement, Shares will be redeemed at the Redemption Price calculated on the Valuation Day relating to the relevant Dealing Day.

The total amount of the subscription must be deposited in the respective Share class currency in the currency account indicated in the General Part of this Offering Document within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the issue date. Precise details shall be given of the subscriber and the name of the Subfund.

The Issue Price shall be rounded up or down to two decimal places. A sales charge of a maximum of 3% may be applied, as described for each share class in the table under 7. above.

The Shares are redeemed at a Redemption Price that shall be rounded up or down to two decimals. No redemption fee shall be levied.

In exceptional cases, a subscription can have the form of an in-kind contribution, in whole or in part, whereby the composition of the in-kind contribution must be consistent with the investment objectives and policy as well as the investment limits of the respective Subfund. Furthermore, the Company's auditor must perform an independent valuation of the in-kind contribution.

Readers are urged to read the provisions in the General Part of this Offering Document (cf. "General information on the issue, redemption and switching of shares").

The Company is authorised to defer redemptions to the extent that the amount of the redemption requests on one Dealing Day exceeds 10% of the net asset value of the Subfund. The Board of Directors of the Company will try not to defer the redemption requests (except in extraordinary circumstances) for more than seven Dealing Days.

## 11. SWITCHING SHARES

Shares in the Subfund may be switched for Shares in other Subfunds of the Company for which such switch is allowed, upon a payment of a switching fee of a maximum of 2% of the net asset value of said Shares. No switching fee will be levied in the case of a switch into another Subfund for which Swiss Asset Partners Vermögensverwaltungs AG acts as investment manager.

## 12. APPLICATION PROCEDURE

Investors may subscribe to Shares in the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND directly with the Registrar and Transfer Agent or, as the case may be, with a Distributor, on any Dealing Day.

No minimum initial subscription and minimum holding amount shall apply to investments in any of the Share classes of the SWISS ASSET PARTNERS EQUITY FUND.

Payments must be made by normal bank payment methods to the currency account indicated in the General Part of this Offering Document within a period of 3 banking days after the issue date.

No share certificates will be issued, but will instead be held on behalf of the investor by the paying agent or a bank designated by it. Any delivery of share certificates will be at the expense (postage and, if necessary, insurance) and risk of the investor.

The Company and the Management Company reserve the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part. If an application is rejected in full or in part, then the subscription amount or the corresponding balance will

be returned to the subscriber without delay, at the latter's risk and expense.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART D: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part D:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND were issued for subscription for the first time on 18 May 2015 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND is to maximise total return consistent with prudent investment management.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 25% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- b) **inflation-linked bonds**;
- c) **money market instruments**;
- d) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- e) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- f) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.
- g) overall, a maximum of 35% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide.
- h) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS or other UCI, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full.
- i) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets.

Overall, an aggregate maximum (i) of 35% of its assets in convertible securities, as described under a) above, and equity, as described under g) above and (ii) less than half of its assets in investments listed from f) to i) above.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives and structured products, please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

### **Subfund Currency**

The GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

## **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### 4. Risk Disclosure

The Company endeavours to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries

The attention of potential investors in the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### C) Information on CoCo-Bonds

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

##### D) Information on the Use of Derivatives

The GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk. If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

**E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund has available rather wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

**5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor's overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading "Risk Disclosure" and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

**6. Investment Manager**

Schroder Investment Management Limited, 1 London Wall Place London, EC2Y 5AU, United Kingdom.

Schroder Investment Management Limited (SIML) is a limited company registered in England and Wales and authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) in the United Kingdom to provide investment management services.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment manager:

- Schroder Investment Management North America Inc., 7 Bryant Park, New York, NY 10018-3706, United States of America, SIML's affiliate registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter

Only registered Shares will be issued.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

### B) Other Costs

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount shall be EUR 100'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

**11. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and

Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

Page left blank intentionally

## **MULTIFLEX SICAV**

# **DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND**

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### **SPECIAL PART F: 30 MARCH 2022**

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND**” or “**Subfund**”)

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part F:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	4
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	6
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	7
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	8
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND were issued for subscription for the first time on 6 July 2017 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 25% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;
- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

**Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund’s net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section “Risk Disclosure” further below.

**Subfund Currency**

The DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

**3. Leverage**

The leverage of the DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the “commitment approach”.

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities (“MVPS”) and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments (“NGE”), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components (“CCE”), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{MVPS + NGE - CCE}{NAV}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker’s acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

**4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually

be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

**A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

**B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

**C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

**D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment.

A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund is deemed to have a moderate level of sustainability risks.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor's overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading "Risk Disclosure" and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

BLACKROCK INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (UK) LIMITED, 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London EC2N 2DL, United Kingdom.

The Investment Manager is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority (FCA) of 25 North Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London E14 5HS in the conduct of its regulated activities.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

### **7. Description of the Shares**

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to “institutional investors” within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund (“Dividend Distribution”), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;

- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund’s portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category’s net asset value (“NAV”).

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

### B) Other Costs

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category’s NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

### C) Performance Fee

In relation to the DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

## 10. Issue of Shares

### A) General

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.



- GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part H
- STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND Special Part I
- DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part J
- OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part K
- LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part L
- DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part M
- OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part Q
- OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part R
- OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND Special Part T

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

### **13. Quarterly Reports**

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

Page left blank intentionally

## **MULTIFLEX SICAV**

# **GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND**

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### **SPECIAL PART H: 30 MARCH 2022**

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part H:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 27 to 28 July 2016 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND follows a multi-asset solution strategy with a total return approach with a focus on the full spectrum of fixed income assets combined with equity. This approach is instrumental to enhance yield while limiting volatility and market risk.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 35% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 45% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 20% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be

levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

#### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

#### **Subfund Currency**

The GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

### **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as "CoCos" are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the

so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

AXA INVESTMENT MANAGERS PARIS, Tour Majunga - La Défense 9, 6, place de la Pyramide, 92800 Puteaux, France

The Investment Manager is registered with the Trade and Companies Registry (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés) of Nanterre under number 353 534 506. It is a portfolio management company (société de gestion de portefeuille), holder of Autorité des Marchés Financiers (the “AMF”) approval no GP 92-08 issued on 7 April 1992.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment managers:

- AXA Investment Managers Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 100 West Putnam Avenue, Greenwich, CT 06830 USA, which is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in the USA under the number 80160374.
- AXA Investment Managers UK Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, having its registered office at 7 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7NX, and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 100'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

**11. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART I: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part I:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 27 to 28 July 2016 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND follows a multi-asset solution strategy which aims to provide an attractive level of total return with a flexible approach to the different asset classes. The Fund invests the majority of its assets in fixed and floating rate debt securities issued in developed and emerging markets.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds")), overall up to a maximum of 30% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 35% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 30% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by

another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

#### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

#### **Subfund Currency**

The STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

### **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

J.P. MORGAN ASSET MANAGEMENT (UK) LIMITED, 60 Victoria Embankment, London EC4Y 0JP, United Kingdom

The Investment Manager is a private limited company under the laws of England and Wales and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) to act as a portfolio manager for third parties as well as financial advisor.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management

Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

### B) Other Costs

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

## **10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 100'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## **11. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and

Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART J: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part J:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 27 to 28 July 2016 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND invests across a range of asset classes, within the broad areas of fixed income and equity. Within fixed income, these would include high quality government bonds, investment grade bonds, high yield bonds, securitised and emerging market debt. Within equities, the Fund invest both in developed equity regions and in emerging markets. The aim is to build a well-diversified portfolio to enhance yield while limiting volatility.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 25% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 45% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the

Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.11.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

### **Subfund Currency**

The DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

## **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund has available rather wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

MORGAN STANLEY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED, 25 Cabot Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 4QA, United Kingdom

The Investment Manager is a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of England and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom (FCA) in the conduct of its investment management business.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management

Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment managers:

- Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc., its affiliate registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended;
- Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company, its affiliate based in Singapore and holder of a capital markets license for, inter alia, fund management under the Singapore Securities and Futures Act.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 100'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

**11. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND Special Part D
- DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND Special Part F
- GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part H
- STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND Special Part I
- DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part J
- OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part K
- LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part L
- DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part M
- OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part Q
- OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part R
- OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND Special Part T

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### **SPECIAL PART K: 30 MARCH 2022**

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part K:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued for subscription for the first time from 29 April to 6 May 2019 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND follows a multi-asset solution strategy which aims to provide an attractive level of total return with a flexible approach to the different asset classes. The Fund invests the majority of its assets in fixed and floating rate debt securities issued in developed and emerging markets.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 35% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 45% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 35% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant

direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

**Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund’s net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section “Risk Disclosure” further below.

**Subfund Currency**

The OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

**3. Leverage**

The leverage of the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the “commitment approach”.

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities (“MVPS”) and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments (“NGE”), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components (“CCE”), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{MVPS + NGE - CCE}{NAV}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker’s acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as "CoCos" are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may

lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

MORGAN STANLEY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED, 25 Cabot Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 4QA, United Kingdom

The Investment Manager is a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of England and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom (FCA) in the conduct of its investment management business.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment managers:

- Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc., its affiliate registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended;
- Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company, its affiliate based in Singapore and holder of a capital markets license for, inter alia, fund management under the Singapore Securities and Futures Act.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

## **10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 10'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## **11. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI- ASSET FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART L: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part L:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 27 February to 1 March 2017 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND follows a multi-asset solution strategy with a total return approach with a focus on the full spectrum of fixed income assets combined with equity. This approach is instrumental to enhance yield while limiting volatility and market risk.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 40% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 35% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 25% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant

direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

### **Subfund Currency**

The LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

## **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as "CoCos" are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the

so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

AXA INVESTMENT MANAGERS PARIS, Tour Majunga - La Défense 9, 6, place de la Pyramide, 92800 Puteaux, France

The Investment Manager is registered with the Trade and Companies Registry (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés) of Nanterre under number 353 534 506. It is a portfolio management company (société de gestion de portefeuille), holder of Autorité des Marchés Financiers (the “AMF”) approval no GP 92-08 issued on 7 April 1992.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment managers:

- AXA Investment Managers Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 100 West Putnam Avenue, Greenwich, CT 06830 USA, which is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in the USA under the number 80160374.
- AXA Investment Managers UK Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, having its registered office at 7 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7NX, and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 10'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## 11. Redemption of Shares

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART M: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part M:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	9
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 27 February to 1 March 2017 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND invests across a range of asset classes, within the broad areas of fixed income and equity. Within fixed income, these would include high quality government bonds, investment grade bonds, high yield bonds, securitised and emerging market debt. Within equities, the Fund invest both in developed equity regions and in emerging markets. The aim is to build a well-diversified portfolio to enhance yield while limiting volatility.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 30% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 55% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;

- g) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;
- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

#### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

#### **Subfund Currency**

The DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

### **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

**D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

**E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

**5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

**6. Investment Manager**

MORGAN STANLEY INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED, 25 Cabot Square, Canary Wharf, London E14 4QA, United Kingdom

The Investment Manager is a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of England and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority of the United Kingdom (FCA) in the conduct of its investment management business.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment managers:

- Morgan Stanley Investment Management Inc., its affiliate registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended;
- Morgan Stanley Investment Management Company, its affiliate based in Singapore and holder of a capital markets license for, inter alia, fund management under the Singapore Securities and Futures Act.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 10'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## 11. Redemption of Shares

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# LANSLOWNE ENDOWMENT FUND

a Subfund of MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”), a SICAV governed by Luxembourg law,  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART P: 1 JANUARY 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – LANSLOWNE ENDOWMENT FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**LANSLOWNE ENDOWMENT FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part P:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
2.1.	Investment Objective .....	3
2.2.	Investment Policy .....	3
2.3.	Asset Classes .....	3
2.4.	Liquid Assets .....	5
2.5.	Use of Derivatives .....	5
2.6.	Subfund Currency .....	5
3.	Risk Disclosures .....	5
4.	Investor Profile .....	6
5.	Investment Manager .....	6
6.	Description of the Shares .....	7
7.	Dividend Policy .....	8
8.	Fees & Costs .....	8
8.1.	Management Fee .....	8
8.2.	Servicing Fee and Additional Charges .....	8
8.3.	Performance Fee / High Water Mark .....	8
8.4.	Information Relating to Investments in Target Funds .....	10
9.	Valuation and Transaction Frequency / Valuation Day .....	10
9.1.	Valuation Day (daily / weekly) .....	10
9.2.	Issue and Redemption Day (weekly) .....	10
9.3.	Order Day (weekly) .....	10
10.	Issue of Shares .....	11
10.1.	General .....	11
10.2.	Minimum Initial Subscription Amount .....	11
10.3.	Application Procedure .....	11
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	12
12.	Switching of Shares .....	12
13.	Overview of the Subfund and Share Categories .....	12

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the LANSDOWNE ENDOWMENT FUND (the “**Subfund**”) were issued for subscription for the first time on 6 June 2019 at an initial issue price per Share as follows. The first NAV was calculated on 11 June 2019.

A-Shares	EUR 100.-	Up to 0.5% of NAV
B-Shares	EUR 100.-	Up to 0.5% of NAV
C-Shares	EUR 1,000.-	No Sales Fee applicable
Ca-Shares	EUR 1,000.-	No Sales Fee applicable
D1-Shares	EUR 1,000.-	No Sales Fee applicable
D2-Shares	EUR 1,000.-	No Sales Fee applicable
E-Shares	EUR 100.-	Up to 0.5% of NAV
F-Shares	EUR 1,000.-	No Sales Fee applicable
P-Shares	EUR 1,000.-	No Sales Fee applicable
R-Shares	EUR 100.-	Up to 0.5% of NAV
Ra-Shares	EUR 100.-	Up to 0.5% of NAV

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### 2.1. Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the Subfund is to seek to achieve an attractive return on capital while simultaneously attempting to limit the risk of capital loss.

This investment objective shall be achieved primarily through investment in open-ended undertakings for collective investment (“**target funds**”) which themselves seek exposure to equities, fixed income securities, real estate, commodities, currencies, insurance derivatives and hedge funds. The Subfund may also invest directly in equities, fixed income securities and currencies and may use derivatives (as outlined below) to gain indirect exposure to equities, fixed income securities, real estate, commodities and currencies.

### 2.2. Investment Policy

By way of derogation from the provisions of the General Part, up to 100% of the assets of the Subfund may be invested in target funds.

The Investment Manager’s preference will be to invest in target funds which are shares or units of UCITS or open-ended UCIs, including *Exchange Traded Funds* (“**ETFs**”) designed, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus.

### 2.3. Asset Classes

The Subfund will gain exposure to the following asset classes:

#### a) Equity

The Subfund may gain exposure to equities of up to a maximum of 65% of the assets of the respective Subfund by investing in equity target funds. Equity target funds may invest in stocks and other equities and equity rights of companies worldwide. Equity target funds may focus on geographic regions, industry sectors or market capitalisation and may be actively managed or try to mirror specific stock market indices. There are no specific constraints.

The Subfund may also invest directly into equities or deploy equity derivatives, which comply with the provisions of article 41 of the law of 2010.

b) Fixed Income

The Subfund may gain exposure to fixed income securities of up to a maximum of 90% of the assets of the respective Subfund by investing in fixed-income target funds (so-called bond funds). Bond funds may invest in fixed-interest, floating rate, convertible and exchangeable securities, debt securities and claims, and other fixed-interest investments issued or guaranteed by issuers worldwide. Fixed income target funds may focus on issuers (government / corporate), geographic regions, currency or credit quality. There are no specific constraints.

The Subfund may also invest directly into fixed income instruments or deploy fixed income derivatives. The Subfund may not directly invest into asset backed securities (ABS), mortgage backed securities or similar instruments.

c) Real Estate

The Subfund may gain exposure to real estate of up to a maximum of 10% of the assets of the respective Subfund by investing in (i) target funds which themselves invest in stocks and other equity securities of real-estate companies, (ii) closed-ended real estate funds and/or (iii) listed real estate investment trusts (REITs) which fulfil the requirements of article 41(1) of the Law of 2010.

The Subfund may also seek indirect real estate exposure by deploying derivatives and structured products on real estate indices (or respective sub-indices) which are representative, broadly diversified and appropriately published and which in each case meet the requirements of Articles 8 and 9 or, as applicable, Article 2 of Directive 2007/16/EC.

d) Commodities

The Subfund may gain exposure to commodities of up to a maximum of 20% of the assets of the respective Subfund by investing in commodity funds, commodity ETFs or so-called exchange traded commodities (ETC).

The Subfund may also seek indirect commodity exposure by deploying derivatives and structured products on commodity indices (or respective sub-indices) which are representative, broadly diversified and appropriately published and which in each case meet the requirements of Articles 8 and 9 or, as applicable, Article 2 of Directive 2007/16/EC.

e) Currencies

The Subfund may gain exposure to currencies of up to a maximum of 60% of the assets of the respective Subfund by investing in target funds which themselves invest in money market instruments or sight deposits and deposits at notice denominated in particular currencies.

The Subfund may also invest directly into money market instruments, or sight deposits and deposits at notice or deploy currency derivatives, such as currency futures, forwards or currency swaps.

f) Insurance Derivatives

The Subfund may invest into target funds with the purpose of gaining exposure to catastrophe bonds of up to a maximum of 35% of the assets of the respective Subfund, i.e. debt securities that transfer the risk of catastrophic events from insurance companies, reinsurance companies, corporations, governments, etc. to the capital markets. The purpose of these investments is to gain a broadly diversified exposure to the sector i.e. target funds are expected to seek exposure to different perils, transaction types, triggers and geographies.

#### g) Hedge Funds

The Subfund may invest into target funds offering access to absolute return and other hedge fund strategies of up to a maximum of 25% of the assets of the respective Subfund. Absolute return strategies have usually statistically significant betas to multiple asset classes, but without enough asset-class concentration to belong to any of the above-mentioned categories and in most market environments, no one asset class delivers a majority of these investments' directionality. Other hedge fund strategies the Subfund may invest in include for example trend-following, long-short equity, volatility, and relative value strategies and other investment strategies which do not necessarily seek absolute return but are known to exhibit lower correlation to traditional asset classes than simple or direct investments in such assets. Hedge funds as described in this item are known often, but not always, to utilise liquid global futures, options and forwards and other derivative instruments.

#### 2.4. Liquid Assets

Each Subfund may hold ancillary liquid assets which may amount to up to 49% of the assets of each Subfund.

#### 2.5. Use of Derivatives

With regard to the Subfund, derivatives may be employed for the purpose of hedging and efficient portfolio management as well as for active investment in transferable securities and active currency allocation. The range of possible derivatives includes in particular long and short positions on exchange traded futures and options on transferable securities, interest rates and currencies as well as on other derivative financial instruments and on financial indices.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives and structured products, please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" below.

#### 2.6. Subfund Currency

The Subfund is denominated in Euro (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

### 3. Risk Disclosures

The Company endeavours to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the NAV of the Shares may increase or decrease and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned. Prospective investors should consider the risks of investing in the Subfund, specifically, but in no way exclusively, with regards to the following factors:

The Subfund may make use of derivatives and other special investment techniques and financial instruments, in particular futures, options, certificates and structured products. As a result, the risk features of derivatives and other investment techniques and instruments in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, they are exposed to the risks of the markets or instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks of such instruments may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

In addition to the general risks, derivatives and structured products on commodity indices and/or commodity sub-indices or individual commodities involve an additional risk potential. These risks consist in particular of political, military, economic (e.g. supply and demand) and natural (e.g. weather or environmental disasters) influences as well as terrorist or criminal activities, which may, inter alia, impair the production of or trade in commodities or which may adversely affect the availability or the price of the commodity concerned.

### **Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated into the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

## **4. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor's overall portfolio.

An investment in the Subfund is designed to be a long-term investment of typically 5 years. Therefore, investors should not expect to obtain short-term gains from such investment. The Subfund is suitable for investors who can afford to set aside the capital for the investment cycle and who seek a medium to high investment risk.

Investors must expect fluctuations in the value of the investment which may temporarily even lead to substantial loss of value. The Subfund may be used as a basic investment within a widely diversified overall portfolio.

## **5. Investment Manager**

LANSDOWNE PARTNERS AUSTRIA GmbH, Wallnerstrasse 3/21, A-1010 Vienna.

LANSDOWNE PARTNERS AUSTRIA GmbH is a Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung (GmbH), i.e. a private limited company, pursuant to the laws of Austria and is authorised as an Alternative Investment Fund Manager by the Finanzmarktaufsicht Österreich (FMA), i.e. the Austrian Financial Market Authority.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company's and/or the Management Company's consent.

## 6. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following Share Categories:

A-Shares	distributing, for retail investors, as described hereafter;
B-Shares	accumulating, for retail investors, as described hereafter;
C-Shares	accumulating, for institutional investors, as described hereafter;
Ca-Shares	distributing, for institutional investors, as described hereafter;
D1-Shares	accumulating, for institutional investors, as described hereafter;
D2-Shares	accumulating, for retail investors, as described hereafter;
E-Shares	accumulating, for certain distributors, as described hereafter;
F-Shares	accumulating, for institutional investors, as described hereafter;
P-Shares	accumulating, for natural persons, as described hereafter;
R-Shares	accumulating, for certain distributors, as described hereafter;
Ra-Shares	distributing, for certain distributors, as described hereafter.

Only registered Shares will be issued.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF / GBP / USD. Details of the Share Categories can be requested at any one time from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**A-Shares** are distributing retail shares and open to all investors.

**B-Shares** are accumulating retail shares and open to all investors.

**C-Shares** are accumulating and may be purchased exclusively by "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 ff. of the 2010 Law.

**Ca-Shares** are distributing and may be purchased exclusively by "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 ff. of the 2010 Law.

**D1-Shares** are accumulating and issued exclusively to "institutional investors" (as defined above) explicitly authorised by Lansdowne Partners Austria GmbH, Vienna, Austria, for the subscription of D1-Shares.

**D2-Shares** are accumulating and issued exclusively to natural persons that are directors or employees of the Investment Manager or natural persons that are explicitly authorised by Lansdowne Partners Austria GmbH, Vienna, Austria, for the subscription of D2-Shares.

**E-Shares** are accumulating and issued exclusively to distributors in defined distribution markets, provided the Board of Directors of the Company has decided on a special authorisation for the distribution of E-Shares. The list of the respective countries in which E-Shares will be issued is available from the Management Company. Other distributors are not allowed to acquire E-Shares.

**F-Shares** are accumulating and issued only until the Subfund reaches EUR 50 million in assets under management, exclusively to "institutional investors" (as defined above). Once the aforementioned threshold is reached, no further subscriptions in the F-Shares will be allowed.

**P-Shares** are accumulating shares and open to natural persons, subject to the minimum investment hurdle.

**R- and Ra-Shares** are accumulating and distributing, respectively, and issued exclusively to distributors respectively to investors domiciled in the United Kingdom.

## 7. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy with respect to the different available Share Categories, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the articles of association and this prospectus:

In accumulating Shares, no dividend payments are made, but the values allocated to the accumulating shares are reinvested for the benefit of the shareholders.

The annual dividend payment for A- and Ra-Shares is made, in principle, within one month after determination of the dividend in the currency of the respective Share Category.

The amount of payment of dividends is not fixed and varies according to economic and other circumstances. The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time, particularly for tax reasons, in the interests of the shareholders. Further information can be found in the General Part of the Prospectus (see section 19 "Distributions").

## 8. Fees & Costs

### 8.1. Management Fee

For management, advisory and distribution services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each Share Category's NAV.

A-Shares	0.90% p.a.
B-Shares	0.90% p.a.
C-Shares	0.40% p.a.
Ca-Shares	0.40% p.a.
D1- and D2-Shares	0.00% p.a.
E-Shares*	1.50% p.a.
F-Shares	0.00% p.a.
P-Shares	0.60% p.a.
R- and Ra-Shares	0.90% p.a.

\* An additional distribution fee of up to a maximum of 0.75% p.a. is included in the Management Fee.

### 8.2. Servicing Fee and Additional Charges

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and the principal paying agent as well as the Registrar and the Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.35% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each Share Category's NAV.

Additional Charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to section 22 "Fees and Costs" of the General Part of the Prospectus.

### 8.3. Performance Fee / High Water Mark

In addition to the above, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance-linked remuneration ("**Performance Fee**") subject to the conditions set out below:

The Performance Fee is calculated and charged to the net asset value of the relevant Share Category according to the percentage and conditions as defined below and accrued on every Issue Day. At the end of each accounting year, the then accrued payable performance fee will be crystallized and is to be paid in arrears to the Investment Manager.

The Performance Fee is based on the Relative Return (also referred to as Geometric Return) that measures the proportional performance of a Share Category to the associated reference index as listed below (the “**Reference Index**”). It is the return of a Share Category divided by the return of the Reference Index over a given period.

<b>Reference Index for the calculation of the Performance Fee</b>	
EUR Share Category	50% MSCI World NR Index and 50% Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index, EUR-Hedged
GBP Share Category	50% MSCI World NR Index and 50% Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index, GBP-Hedged
CHF Share Category	50% MSCI World NR Index and 50% Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index, CHF-Hedged
USD Share Category	50% MSCI World NR Index and 50% Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index, USD-Hedged

In each instance, these reference indices are rebalanced on a monthly basis. For purposes of daily return calculations, the value of the respective Reference Index on the last day of the previous month (or from inception) will serve as reference point at the beginning of each month until the following month-end.

**MSCI World NR Index and Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index are benchmarks pursuant to the Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (EU Benchmark Regulation). The benchmarks are provided by administrators (MSCI Limited and Bloomberg Index Services Limited) located in the EU and registered in the register according to Article 36 of the EU Benchmark Regulation. The Company has established robust written plans outlining the measures it would take if the benchmarks were to change significantly or if they were no longer available. The relevant guidelines of the GAM Group are available at [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com).**

#### **C-, Ca- F- and P- Shares**

The Investment Manager is entitled to a Performance Fee for the Share Categories listed below, provided the geometric return since the beginning of the accounting year is above that of the Reference Index of the Share Categories (“**Outperformance of the Reference Index**”). At the same time, the cumulative outperformance of the Reference Index (“Cumulative Outperformance of the Reference Index”) since the launch of Share Categories listed below must exceed the relative High Water Mark as described hereafter. Both conditions must be fulfilled.

The Performance Fee amounts to a maximum percentage of the Outperformance of the relative High Water Mark since the beginning of the accounting year. The maximum Performance Fee as a percentage of the Outperformance of the relative High Water Mark is as follows:

C-Shares	15%
Ca-Shares	15%
F-Shares	15%
P-Shares	15%

The relative High Water Mark for a given accounting year corresponds to the maximum cumulative outperformance of the Reference Index after deduction of the Performance Fee at the end of the three previous accounting years. Launch date of a Share Category will be considered as the first

Cumulative Outperformance of the Reference Index and set at 0% accordingly. Thereafter, at the beginning of each new accounting year, the relative High Water Mark will be set at the maximum of the cumulative relative outperformance at the end of the three preceding accounting years.

#### **A-, B-, E-, R- and Ra-Shares**

The Investment Manager is entitled to a Performance Fee for the Share Categories listed below, provided the geometric return since the beginning of the accounting year is above that of the Reference Index of the Share Categories ("**Outperformance of the Reference Index**").

The Performance Fee amounts to a maximum percentage of the Outperformance of the Reference Index since the beginning of the accounting year.

The maximum Performance Fee as a percentage of the Outperformance of the Reference Index year is as follows:

A-Shares	20%
B-Shares	20%
E-Shares	20%
R- and Ra-Shares	20%

#### **D1- and D2-Shares**

The Share Categories D1- and D2-Shares are not entitled to a Performance Fee.

#### **8.4. Information Relating to Investments in Target Funds**

In addition to the costs that will be charged to the Subfund's assets pursuant to the provisions of this Offering Document and the Articles of Association, costs will accrue on Target Fund level for administration, custodian fees, auditors, taxes and other costs, provisions and commissions. As a consequence, a multiple charging of similar costs may occur. The management fees that are charged to the Target Funds by their respective servicers will amount to no more than 2.5%. Besides, some Target Funds may, in addition, charge a performance fee.

### **9. Valuation and Transaction Frequency / Valuation Day**

#### **9.1. Valuation Day (daily / weekly)**

The NAV of all Unit Classes is calculated every day that is a bank business day in Luxembourg (Valuation Day). The NAV is based on the closing prices (Valuation Point / NAV-date) of the day two business days prior to the Valuation Day. Any NAV so calculated will not serve as a basis for the determination of the subscription and redemption prices of Units.

An additional NAV, serving for the determination of the subscription and redemption prices of all Unit Classes, will be calculated weekly on every Thursday or, if such Thursday is no bank business day in Luxembourg, on the following bank business day in Luxembourg. The NAV is based on the closing prices (Valuation Point / NAV-date) of the day two business days prior to the Valuation Day.

#### **9.2. Issue and Redemption Day (weekly)**

Issue and Redemption Day for all Unit Classes to be subscribed or redeemed is Tuesday of every week or, if such Tuesday is no bank business day in Luxembourg, on the following bank business day in Luxembourg.

#### **9.3. Order Day (weekly)**

The Order Day is the closing date for requests for subscription and redemptions.

Order Day for subscriptions and redemptions is two (2) Luxembourg bank business days prior to the Issue and Redemption Day (usually Friday) of every week or, if such day is no bank business day in Luxembourg, on the prior bank business day in Luxembourg.

## 10. Issue of Shares

### 10.1. General

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period (as specified in section 1), the Shares in the Subfund will be issued on each Issue Day, as defined above. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Issue Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 0.5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied for certain Share Categories of the Subfund, as the case may be.

### 10.2. Minimum Initial Subscription Amount

Subscriptions of A-, B-, D1-, D2-, E-, R- and Ra-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

In the case of C-, Ca-, F- and P-Shares, the following minimum initial subscription amount per Share Category applies in EUR or the equivalent in the currency of the relevant Share Category:

C-Shares	1,000,000.-
Ca-Shares	1,000,000.-
F-Shares	100,000.-
P-Shares	10,000.-

The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount.

Further subscriptions of C-, Ca-, F- and P-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

### 10.3. Application Procedure

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the Subfund directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors respectively paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares of the Subfund received by the Principal Paying Agent on an Order Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Issue Day. Subscriptions received by the Principal Paying Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Issue Day after the next Issue Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within three (3) Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Issue Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## 11. Redemption of Shares

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors respectively paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed weekly on each Redemption Day, as defined above.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the Subfund received by the Principal Paying Agent on a Order Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Redemption Day. Redemption requests received by the Principal Paying Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Redemption Day after the next Redemption Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Redemption Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within four (4) Luxembourg banking days after the Redemption Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

Shares in the Subfund may be switched for Shares in other Subfunds of the Company for which such switch is allowed, upon a payment of a switching fee of a maximum of 2% of the NAV of said Shares.

No switching fee will be levied in the case of a switch into another Subfund for which LANSDOWNE PARTNERS AUSTRIA GmbH acts as investment manager.

## 13. Overview of the Subfund and Share Categories

The table below provides a general overview of the most important features of the Subfund and Share Categories. It does not serve as a substitute for reading the Prospectus. The following Share Categories of the Subfund are available on the date of this Special Part P of the Prospectus. A full and updated list of the Share Categories is available at the registered office of the Company or the Management Company.

Share	ISIN-Code	Currency	Min Subscription Amount / Initial Subscription*	Mgmt Fee (max)	Performance Fee (max)	High Water Mark**
A	LU1946059513	EUR	--	0.90%	20%	X
	LU1946059604	CHF				
	LU1946059786	GBP				
	LU1946059869	USD				
B	LU1946059943	EUR	--	0.90%	20%	X
	LU1946060016	CHF				
	LU1946060107	GBP				
	LU1946060289	USD				
C	LU1946060362	EUR	1,000,000.-	0.40%	15%	X
	LU1946060446	CHF				
	LU1946060529	GBP				
	LU1946060792	USD				
Ca	LU2360079011	EUR	1,000,000.-	0.40%	15%	X
	LU2360078633	CHF				

Share	ISIN-Code	Currency	Min Subscription Amount / Initial Subscription*	Mgmt Fee (max)	Performance Fee (max)	High Water Mark**
	LU2360079284	GBP				
	LU2360078807	USD				
D1	LU1946060875	EUR	--	0.00%	0%	
	LU1946060958	CHF				
	LU1946061097	GBP				
	LU1946061170	USD				
D2	LU1946061253	EUR	--	0.00%	0%	
	LU1946061337	CHF				
	LU1946061410	GBP				
	LU1946061501	USD				
E	LU1946061683	EUR	--	1.50%	20%	X
	LU1946061766	CHF				
	LU1946061840	GBP				
	LU1946061923	USD				
F	LU1946062061	EUR	100,000.-	0.00%	15%	X
	LU1946062145	CHF				
	LU1946062228	GBP				
	LU1946062491	USD				
P	LU1946062574	EUR	10,000.-	0.60%	15%	X
	LU1946062657	CHF				
	LU1946062731	GBP				
	LU1946062814	USD				
R	LU1946062905	EUR	--	0.90%	20%	X
	LU1946063036	CHF				
	LU1946063119	GBP				
	LU1946063200	USD				
Ra	LU1946063382	EUR	--	0.90%	20%	X
	LU1946063465	CHF				
	LU1946063549	GBP				
	LU1946063622	USD				

\* In accordance with section 9 "Issue of Shares", article 2 above, the Minimum Subscription Amount applies in EUR or the equivalent in the currency of the relevant Share Category.

\*\* As described in section 8 "Fees and Costs", article 4 above.

Page left blank intentionally

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

## SPECIAL PART Q: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part Q:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	9
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 18 to 22 May 2018 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND follows a multi-asset solution strategy with a total return approach with a focus on the full spectrum of fixed income assets combined with equity. This approach is instrumental to enhance yield while limiting volatility and market risk.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds")), overall up to a maximum of 40% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 30% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be

levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

### **Subfund Currency**

The OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR by using currency forwards and currency options. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

## **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the

so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

AXA INVESTMENT MANAGERS PARIS, Tour Majunga - La Défense 9, 6, place de la Pyramide, 92800 Puteaux, France

The Investment Manager is registered with the Trade and Companies Registry (Registre du Commerce et des Sociétés) of Nanterre under number 353 534 506. It is a portfolio management company (société de gestion de portefeuille), holder of Autorité des Marchés Financiers (the “AMF”) approval no GP 92-08 issued on 7 April 1992.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

The Management Company and the SICAV have agreed to the appointment of the following sub-investment managers:

- AXA Investment Managers Inc., a company incorporated under the laws of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 100 West Putnam Avenue, Greenwich, CT 06830 USA, which is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") in the USA under the number 80160374.
- AXA Investment Managers UK Limited, a company incorporated under the laws of England and Wales, having its registered office at 7 Newgate Street, London EC1A 7NX, and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

For the time being, only the Cm-Shares in EUR will be launched.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 100'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.



## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI- ASSET FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

## SPECIAL PART R: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part R:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	6
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	8
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The Shares of the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND were issued for subscription for the first time from 18 to 22 May 2018 at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per Share.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND follows a multi-asset solution strategy which aims to provide an attractive level of total return with a flexible approach to the different asset classes. The Fund invests the majority of its assets in fixed and floating rate debt securities issued in developed and emerging markets.

### Core Investments

To this end, the Company invests the major part of the Subfund's assets in a portfolio of fixed-interest or floating-rate securities, debt securities and claims as well as other interest-bearing and fixed income related securities of all kinds, issued by corporate or sovereign (government and municipal) issuers worldwide. Such investments will also include:

- a) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- b) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds"), overall up to a maximum of 45% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- e) overall, a maximum of 40% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- f) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- g) overall, a maximum of 30% of its assets in **target funds**, i.e. shares or units of other UCITS, including ETFs, within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by

another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full;

- h) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.1.1.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

### **Subfund Currency**

The OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR by using forward foreign exchange contracts. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

## **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **B) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

##### **C) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, they are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

##### **D) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **E) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets. What is set out about increased risk of investing in emerging market countries is also applicable to sustainability risks. Also, the availability of sustainability related data in emerging market countries may be poorer than in developed countries.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

### **6. Investment Manager**

J.P. MORGAN ASSET MANAGEMENT (UK) LIMITED, 60 Victoria Embankment, London EC4Y 0JP, United Kingdom

The Investment Manager is a private limited company under the laws of England and Wales and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) to act as a portfolio manager for third parties as well as financial advisor.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management

Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

For the time being, only the Cm-Shares in EUR will be launched.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares.

### B) Other Costs

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 100'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

**11. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be

calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND Special Part D
- DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND Special Part F
- GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part H
- STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND Special Part I
- DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part J
- OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part K
- LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part L
- DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part M
- OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part Q
- OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND Special Part R
- OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND Special Part T

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.

# MULTIFLEX SICAV

## THE SINGULARITY FUND

a Subfund of MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”), a SICAV governed by Luxembourg law,  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART S: 27 JULY 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – THE SINGULARITY FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part S

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Risk and General Disclosures .....	5
4.	Investor Profile .....	12
5.	Investment Manager / License Provider / Currency Hedging Agent .....	12
6.	Description of the Shares .....	12
7.	Dividend Policy .....	13
8.	Fees & Costs .....	13
9.	Issue of Shares .....	14
10.	Redemption of Shares .....	15
11.	Switching of Shares .....	15
12.	Overview of the Subfund and Share Categories .....	15

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

Shares of THE SINGULARITY FUND (the “**Subfund**”) were issued for initial subscription on 17 September 2018 until (and including) 1 October 2018, on which date the Subfund has been launched, at an initial issue price of USD 100 per Share plus, as the case may be, a sales fee of not more than 5% of the net asset value.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the Subfund is to provide returns in line with the performance of the Nasdaq Singularity Index™ (the “**Index**”).

### Investment Policy

The Subfund’s assets will primarily be invested directly in equity securities to physically replicate the composition of the Index. Furthermore, the Subfund’s assets may be invested up to 10% temporarily in shares of collective investment schemes for cash parking purposes between rebalancing dates of the Index.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the prospectus and the above investment policy, in order for the Subfund to qualify as an equity fund according to the German Investment Tax Act 2018 (“**GITA**”, as may be amended), the Subfund will ensure that at least 51% of its net assets are continuously invested in qualifying equity securities as long as the Subfund needs to comply with such provisions. In doing so, the actual capital participation rates (within the meaning of the GITA) of target investment funds can be taken into account.

In the implementation of its investment policy, the Subfund promotes environmental or social characteristics in the meaning of article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation; “**SFDR**”) by investing a substantial portion of its assets in companies with sound environmental, social and governance (“**ESG**”) quality by reference to the Index; the Subfund does not, however, have sustainable investments in the meaning of article 9 SFDR as its objective. By tracking the Index and its portfolio companies, the Subfund excludes investments with poor ESG performance, and ensures that the assets in which the Subfund invests benefit investors, society and the environment, while at the same time enhancing investment returns and protecting the value of the Subfund.

### Information on the ESG characteristics of the Index

The methodology applied by the Index involves selection and ongoing monitoring of companies for its portfolio which position themselves in key areas of innovation and technologies relevant to their business area by integrating standards with respect to ESG considerations. For purposes of such ESG analysis, the methodology considers in the selection of such key areas of innovation and technologies various aspects, including but not limited to management of water, waste and emissions, energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions, land or water pollution to assess the environmental characteristics of companies; workers’ rights and protection of workers, diversity and equal opportunities at workplace, social dialogue, employee compensation, workplace health and safety policies to assess the social characteristics of companies; and management structures, independence, code of conduct and gender diversity of governance bodies, anti-bribery and remuneration policies to assess the governance aspects of the companies. Evaluation based on such considerations allows the Index to select companies with a suitable ESG profile.

### ESG Exclusion Criteria

To ensure an appropriate ESG quality of companies in its portfolio, the Index uses binding

exclusion criteria to screen and exclude companies based on an analysis of data provided by MSCI ESG Research, an independent provider of ESG data, reports and ratings (“**MSCI ESG**”). MSCI ESG assesses the impact of companies’ operations, products and services which may potentially violate national or international laws, regulations, and commonly accepted global norms. The severity of the assessment is signalled through color-coded flags. Red indicates at least one very severe controversy. Orange denotes one or more major controversies that approach the criteria for a red flag. Yellow indicates noteworthy controversies, while green denotes either less significant controversies or none at all. Companies which carry a red flag as defined by MSCI ESG and show involvement in undesired business areas are not included in the Index. For environmental aspects, the Index enforces a maximum limit of 5% for orange and yellow flagged companies cumulatively.

MSCI ESG applies a norms-based screening of companies by analysing and assessing their ESG aspects based on a comprehensive list of international norms and conventions, including but not limited to the following:

- United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)
- OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- The Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- The UN Human Rights Norms for Business
- The UN Guiding Principles on Business & Human Rights (UNGPBHR)
- International Labour Organisation (ILO) Conventions, 4 core principles
- ILO Tripartite Declaration of Principles Concerning Multinational Enterprises and Social Policy
- Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons
- Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)
- Convention on Cluster Munitions
- UN Convention on Biological Diversity
- Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework on Climate Change
- The United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
- Greenhouse Gas Protocol
- United Nations Collaborative Programme on Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation in Developing Countries
- United Nations Convention against Corruption
- OECD Anti-bribery Convention
- EU’s Anti-Money Laundering Directive
- European Banking Authority Guidelines on Remuneration Policies and Practices

The Index further excludes companies engaged in a number of controversial business areas, including but not limited to controversial weapons and tobacco. Companies, the business activities of which are in any manner whatsoever associated with these areas, are excluded from the Index.

For more information on the selection of portfolio companies for the Index, please refer to the following website: <https://indexes.nasdaqomx.com/Index/Overview/NQ2045>.

### **Information on the Index**

The Index aims to intelligently provide an economic exposure to the following sectors identified as *Singularity* sectors: 3D Printing, Artificial Intelligence, Big Data, Bioinformatics, Blockchain, Internet of Things, Nanotechnology, Neuroscience, New Energy, Robotics, Space, Virtual and Augmented

Reality. The Index includes 300 constituents of *Singularity* sectors selected by a proprietary methodology taking into account, inter alia, economic exposure to *Singularity*, liquidity filters, capitalisation, and industry concentration. The Index is rebalanced twice a year, usually in April and November.

Details relating to the constituents and weightings<sup>1</sup> of the Index are published on a regular basis on the following website <https://indexes.nasdaqomx.com/Index/Overview/NQ2045>.

In pursuit of the Investment Objective, a tracking error of the Subfund may not be excluded. A tracking error is defined as the volatility of the difference between the return of the Subfund and the return of the Index and is anticipated not to exceed 0.75% under normal market conditions.

Main factors for the occurrence of a tracking error include differences between the Subfund's assets and the Index constituents, cash management of the Subfund, costs incurred by the Subfund, withholding tax implications on the assets of the Subfund, timing of undertaking investment decisions following the rebalancing of the Index (also due to stock market/banking holidays).

### **Subfund Currency**

The Subfund is denominated in United States Dollars (USD). The currency of investment may be USD or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the USD through the employment of spot trades. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

## **3. Risk and General Disclosures**

### **A) General Risks**

Performance of the Company with respect of the Subfund is dependent on its investments as per the Investment Policy. No guarantee or representation can be given that the Investment Objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned. Past performance is not an indicator of current or future trends. Prospective investors should consider the risks of investing in the Subfund, specifically, but in no way exclusively, the following factors.

### **B) Index Risks**

While seeking to achieve returns in line with the performance of an index, the Subfund may engage in investments to which, due to issues attributable to the index provider, administrator or the methodology underlying an index (e.g. calculation errors, rebalancing issues) which resulted in the correction of such Index, the Subfund should not have been exposed. Such tracking errors may result in negative or positive performance of the Subfund. Liability for such tracking errors will usually be excluded by the index provider or administrator.

No assurance is given by the index provider or administrator relative to continuity of calculation, significant amendments to the methodology and/or other amendments with significant impact.

### **C) Tracking Error**

In its continuous endeavouring to match performance of the Index, returns of the Subfund may deviate (positively or negatively) from the Index which may be due to various factors such as i.a. costs, discrepancies in the proportions of the holdings of the Subfund, timing of valuation of holdings etc.

---

<sup>1</sup> Log-in information is required the provider to obtain access to figures related to weightings.

**D) Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a security in the portfolio will decline in price or the issuer will fail to make dividend, interest or principal payments when due because the issuer of the security experiences a decline in its financial status. Issuers may be highly leveraged and financial covenants may affect the ability of issuers to operate effectively.

**E) Liquidity**

In some circumstances, and despite the above-mentioned liquidity filters, investments may be relatively illiquid, making it difficult or impossible to acquire or dispose of them at the prices quoted on the various exchanges or at the prices which the Investment Manager considers reflects their fair value. Accordingly, the Subfund's ability to respond to market movements may be impaired and the Subfund may experience adverse price movements upon liquidation of its investments. Furthermore, settlement of transactions may be subject to delay and administrative uncertainties.

**F) Sustainability risks**

The Index replicated by the Subfund applies ESG exclusion criteria as well as research efforts aimed to reduce sustainability risks. Both ESG exclusion criteria and research efforts are used to evaluate the ESG effects in the selection of key areas of innovation and technologies for purposes of Index construction. Since the Subfund strictly follows this Index, the Investment Manager does not perform any additional sustainability risks assessment.

The Subfund promotes environmental characteristics in the meaning of article 8 SFDR (as defined above). It should however be noted that the Subfund does not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities within the meaning of the Taxonomy Regulation and its portfolio alignment with such Taxonomy Regulation is not calculated. Therefore, the "do not significant harm" principle does not apply to any of the investments of the Subfund.

**G) Counterparty Risk**

The Subfund is subject to the risk of the inability of any counterparty to perform with respect to its contractual undertakings, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy, liquidity or other causes.

**H) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

**General**

The attention of potential investors in the Subfund is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries (e.g. Russia, China, India, etc.) involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

### **Shanghai or Shenzhen Hong Kong Stock Connect Programme**

The Subfund may invest directly in certain permissible China A shares through the Shanghai or Shenzhen Hong Kong Stock Connect Programme (the **Stock Connect Programme**). The Stock Connect Programme is a securities trading and clearing programme developed by Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (**HKEx**), the Shanghai Stock Exchange (**SSE**) or the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (**SZSE**) and China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited (**ChinaClear**), whose objective is to provide mutual access to the stock markets of Hong Kong and the PRC.

Under the Stock Connect Programme, foreign investors (including the Subfund) can trade certain China A shares listed on the SSE and SZSE (the **SSE securities** or **SZSE securities**, collectively the **SSE/SZSE securities**) (known as Northbound Trading), subject to the currently applicable regulations governing the Northbound Trading Link. Conversely, investors in Mainland China have an opportunity to participate through the SSE or SZSE and clearing houses in Shanghai or Shenzhen (Southbound Trading) in trading in selected securities listed on the HKEx.

The SSE securities comprise the scope of all shares contained at the relevant time in the SSE 180 Index and in the SSE 380 Index, as well as all China A shares listed on the SSE. The SZSE securities contain all shares included in the SZSE Component index and the SZSE Small/Mid Cap Innovation Index at the respective time, which show a market capitalization of at least RMB 6 billion and all A shares traded on the SZSE that have a respective H-Share, and are listed on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (**SEHK**) except for (i) SZSE shares that are not traded in RMB and (ii) SZSE shares that are under risk monitoring.

Furthermore, investors' attention is drawn to the fact that under the applicable ordinances, a security may be removed from the scope of the Stock Connect Programme. This may impair the ability of the Subfund to achieve its investment objective, for example, if the investment manager would like to buy a security that has been removed from the scope of the Stock Connect Programme.

Further information as well as the types of shares traded on the Stock Connect Programme can be obtained and reviewed on the HKEx website.

Apart from risks connected with investments in international markets and emerging countries, and other general investment risks, which are described above and also apply to investments in China, investors should also consider the additional specific risks related to Shanghai-Hong-Kong Stock Connect, which are set out below:

- **Quota Risk**

Trading is also subject to a cross-border maximum quota (**Aggregate Quota**) and to a daily quota (**Daily Quota**). The Aggregate Quota relates to the restriction on the absolute funds flows to Mainland China through the Northbound trading link. The Daily Quota restricts the maximum net buying trades that may be conducted in cross-border trading on a daily basis under the Stock Connect Programme. As soon as the remaining balance of the Northbound Daily Quota reaches zero or is exceeded at the beginning of a session, new buying orders may be rejected.

In addition, there are restrictions on the aggregate holdings of foreign investments that apply to all investors from Hong Kong and abroad, as well as restrictions on the holdings of individual investors from abroad. On account of this quota restriction, impairments may occur if a pending investment in China A shares is not possible through the Stock Connect Programme and, as a

result, the investment strategy cannot be efficiently implemented.

- **Restriction of Foreign Share Ownership**

The PRC requires that the existing buying restrictions for foreign investors also be applied in conjunction with the Stock Connect Programme. Hong Kong and foreign investors come within the scope of these restrictions on share ownership. The limits may be altered at any time and are currently as follows:

- Shareholdings of foreign individual investors (including the Subfund), of each Hong Kong or foreign investor in China A shares, may not exceed 10% of the shares issued.
- Shareholdings of all foreign investors, of all Hong Kong and foreign investors in China A shares may not exceed 30% of the shares issued.

- **SSE Price Limit**

SSE securities are subject to a general price limit, which is calculated on the basis of the closing price of the previous day. The price limit for shares and investment funds is currently between +/- 10% and for shares under special treatment +/-5%. All orders must be within this price limit, which may change from time to time.

- **Exposure Risk**

Both the SEHK and the SSE or SZSE reserve the right to suspend trading if it is necessary to ensure an orderly and fair market, and to control the risks prudentially. This may have a negative influence on the ability of the Subfund to gain access to the market of the PRC.

- **Different Trading Days**

The Stock Connect Programme is only available when both the markets in the PRC and those in Hong Kong are open for trading, and when the banks in both markets are also open on the settlement days concerned.

It may therefore happen that it is a usual trading day for the market in the PRC, whereas the market in Hong Kong is closed and investors from Hong Kong (such as, for example, the Subfund) cannot trade China A shares. During this period, the Subfund may be exposed to the risk of price fluctuations on China A shares owing to the fact that the Stock Connect Programme is not available for trading.

- **Short Selling**

The legal regulations of the PRC provide that sufficient shares must be available on the account before an investor may sell shares. If this is not the case, the SSE or SZSE rejects the sales orders concerned. Before trading, the SEHK checks the sales orders of its exchange participants (i.e. share brokers) in relation to China A shares in order to make sure that no short selling is taking place.

- **Processing Models**

Various Stock Connect Models have been developed for order processing. One of these is the "integrated model" in which the Subfund's local sub-custodian bank and broker belong to the same group. This allows the broker to confirm the availability, without transfer, of the securities, and the local sub-custodian bank to settle the account with a guarantee that the securities will not be transferred until the payment of the trade has been carried out (hence the name "synthetic DvP"). In another model, however, the respective shares are transferred to a broker one day before the planned purchase.

Another model is the "multi-broker model" or "SPSA model", in which up to 20 brokers can be appointed in addition to a local sub-custodian bank. This model only became possible in March 2015, when the authorities introduced the Special Segregated Accounts (SPSA) which enables local sub-custodian banks to open a SPSA directly with Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company

Limited (HKSCC). Each investor is identified by a specific ID number. Thereby, the availability of securities can be confirmed, without them having to be transferred to a particular broker in advance. Thus, the SPSA model also takes into account all concerns regarding the beneficial ownership of shares. Once a separate account is opened, the Investment Manager and the name of the Subfund in question will appear on the account belonging to at the beneficial owner of the respective shares held in the account, according to the HKEx. However, under the classic SPSA "multi-broker model", the settlement process can give rise to the risk that the cash settlement of securities sold by a broker for one of his customers takes place only a few hours after the securities are transferred and credited to the customer.

- **Clearing and Settlement Risks**

The Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited (**HKSCC**) and ChinaClear provide the clearing connection by entering into mutual shareholdings in order to facilitate the clearing and settlement of cross-border transactions. As the national central counterparty for the PRC's securities market, ChinaClear operates a comprehensive network with clearing, settlement and share depository infrastructure. ChinaClear has established a risk management concept and measures that are approved and monitored by the China Securities Regulatory Commission (**CSRC**).

In the unlikely event of a payment default by ChinaClear and the latter being unable to meet its payment obligations, HKSCC shall only be liable in its clearing contracts with the market participants of the Northbound trading link to the extent that these market participants will receive support in enforcing their claims against ChinaClear. The HKSCC will attempt in good faith to settle and obtain the outstanding securities and funds through the available legal channels or apply for liquidation of ChinaClear. In this case, the Subfund may only be able to call in their losses resulting from transactions with ChinaClear late or not in their entirety. On the other hand, an omission or a delay on the part of HKSCC in fulfilling its obligations may lead to a settlement failure or the loss of Stock Connect securities or related funds, which may subsequently cause losses to the Subfund and their investors.

- **Nominee Arrangements for the Holding of China A Shares**

If the Subfund acquires SSE/SZSE securities through the Stock Connect programme, HKSCC is the "nominee holder". HKSCC for its part holds the Stock Connect shares of all participants as a single nominee through a collective securities account (single nominee omnibus Securities account), which is held in its name with ChinaClear. HKSCC acts only as the nominee holder, whereas the Subfund remains the beneficial owners of the Stock Connect shares.

The Stock Connect rules laid down by the CSRC expressly provide that investors who acquire SSE / SZSE securities through the Stock Connect Programme can enforce their rights, which are in accordance with currently applicable Chinese law. However, it is uncertain whether the Chinese courts would recognize the ownership rights of Stock Connect investors and would give them the opportunity to take legal action against Chinese companies, if this were necessary.

Therefore, the Subfund and the Depository cannot ensure that the ownership of these securities by the Subfund concerned is guaranteed under all circumstances.

Furthermore, according to the HKSCC Clearing rules for securities listed or traded on the SEHK, HKSCC as the nominee holder is not under any obligation to take legal action or to conduct judicial proceedings to enforce rights for investors in relation to SSE / SZSE securities in the PRC or elsewhere. Therefore, problems or delays may occur for the Subfund in enforcing its rights in relation to China A shares, even if the ownership of the corresponding Subfund is ultimately recognized.

If it is assumed that HKSCC performs custodial functions in relation to assets held through it, it

should be noted that the Depository and the Subfund have no legal relationship with HKSCC and have no direct recourse against HKSCC if the Subfund should sustain losses due to the performance or insolvency of HKSCC.

- **Trading Costs**

In connection with Northbound trades of China A shares through the Stock Connect Programme, in addition to payment of trading taxes and stamp duty, further costs are also incurred such as new portfolio fees, dividend taxes and income taxes from share transfers, which taxes are determined by the competent authorities.

- **Regulatory Risk**

The Stock Connect Programme is a new programme that is subject to the various regulations of the PRC and Hong Kong. Furthermore, the implementing directives of the securities exchanges participating in the Stock Connect Programme are applicable. Since this programme is new, the regulations have not yet been tried and tested, so that there is not yet any certainty about the way in which they will be applied. The current regulations may be altered at any time. Moreover, there are no commitments with regard to the continued existence of the Stock Connect Programme in the future.

The attention of the investors of the Subfund who may invest in the markets of Mainland China through the Stock Connect Programme is therefore drawn to the fact that they have to expect change, which may have a detrimental effect.

- **TAXATION OF INVESTMENTS IN THE PRC**

The tax regulations in the PRC are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect. Changes in tax regulations may reduce the Subfund's after-tax profits and/or the capital invested in the PRC.

The Subfunds investing in securities and deposits in the PRC may be subject to a withholding tax and other taxes levied in the PRC, including the following:

- Dividends and interest paid by companies in the PRC are subject to a withholding tax. The company in the PRC paying these dividends and this interest is currently responsible for withholding the tax when the payment is made.
- Gains from the trading of securities in the PRC may be subject to a tax, although there are currently no clear guidelines for the way in which it will be imposed. Gains from the sale of China A shares via the Stock Connect Programme by foreign investors on or after 17 November 2014 are provisionally exempt from taxation, although no termination date for this exemption is currently known. There is no guarantee that this provisional exemption will remain in place in future or that it will not be cancelled, possibly with retroactive effect.

The Management Company and/or the Company reserve(s) the right at any time to make provisions for taxes or gains of the Subfund which invests in assets in the PRC; this may affect the valuation of the Subfund.

Given the uncertainty as to whether and how certain income from investments will be taxed in the PRC, and the possibility that the laws and practices in the PRC will change and that taxes may possibly also be levied retroactively, the tax provisions formed for the Subfund may turn out to be excessive or insufficient to settle the final tax liabilities in the PRC. Consequently, this may work to the advantage or disadvantage of investors, depending on the final taxation of this income, the actual amount of the provision and the time of the purchase and/or sale of their units in the Subfund. In particular, if the actual provisions are less than the final tax liabilities, and this gap has to be covered by the assets of the Subfund, this would have a negative impact on the value of the assets of the Subfund and, consequently, on the current investors; in any case, the net asset value of the Subfund is not recalculated during the period of the missing, insufficient or excessive provisions.

### **Risks involved with investments in Russia**

In Russia, evidence of ownership of securities consists of entries in the registers of the company issuing the securities or of its Registrar (which is neither an agent of the custodian bank nor accountable to the latter). In this respect the custodian's duty of supervision is restricted to supervision according to its best efforts within the scope of what is reasonably possible.

Share certificates representing shareholdings in companies in Russia are not held in safe custody by the custodian or sub-custodian or an effective central safe custody system. As a consequence of this system and owing to the absence of effective government regulation and enforcement, the Company might lose its registration and ownership of Russian securities as a result of fraud, negligence or simply due to oversight. It is also noted that such share certificates are generally available only in the form of photocopies, and as a result their legal value is open to challenge.

#### **I) Disclaimer on the Nasdaq Singularity Index™**

The Subfund (**Product**) is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Nasdaq, Inc. or its affiliates (Nasdaq, with its affiliates, are referred to as the "Corporations"). The Corporations have not passed on the legality or suitability of, or the accuracy or adequacy of descriptions and disclosures relating to, the Product. The Corporations make no representation or warranty, express or implied to the owners of the Product or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Product particularly, or the ability of the Nasdaq Singularity Index™ to track general stock market performance. The Corporations' only relationship to the Company, the Product, the Investment Manager and/or the Investment Advisor (as the case may be, each a "Licensee") is in the licensing of the Nasdaq® and certain trade names of the Corporations and the use of the Nasdaq Singularity Index™ which is determined, composed and calculated by Nasdaq without regard to Licensee or the Product. Nasdaq has no obligation to take the needs of the Licensee or the owners of the Product into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Nasdaq Singularity Index™. The Corporations are not responsible for and have not participated in the determination of the timing of, prices at, or quantities of the Product to be issued or in the determination or calculation of the equation by which the Product is to be converted into cash. The Corporations have no liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Product.

**THE CORPORATIONS DO NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR UNINTERRUPTED CALCULATION OF NASDAQ SINGULARITY INDEX™ OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY LICENSEE, OWNERS OF THE PRODUCT, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE NASDAQ SINGULARITY INDEX™ OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE WITH RESPECT TO THE NASDAQ SINGULARITY INDEX™ OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL THE CORPORATIONS HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.**

#### **J) Benchmark Regulation**

The Index is a benchmark pursuant to the Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 (EU Benchmark Regulation) and the registration of the benchmark and the administrator who provides the benchmark has been made in the ESMA-Register referred to in art. 36 of the EU Benchmark Regulation.

The Company has established robust written plans outlining the measures it would take if the

benchmark were to change significantly or if it were no longer available. The relevant guidelines of the GAM Group are available at [www.funds.gam.com](http://www.funds.gam.com).

#### 4. Investor Profile

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for non-professional investors as well as for institutional and professional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor's overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out in section 4 "Risk Disclosure" and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

#### 5. Investment Manager / License Provider / Currency Hedging Agent

##### Investment Manager

**DARA CAPITAL US, INC** (the **Investment Manager**) corporation pursuant to the laws of Delaware, USA whose registered office is at C/O United Corporate Services Inc., 874 Walker RD STE C, Dover 19904, Delaware, U.S, and is located in 86 SW 8th Street, Suite 2307, Miami, Florida 33130, U.S., is authorised as a registered investment adviser by the U.S Securities and Exchange Commission to act as a portfolio manager for third parties as well as financial advisor.

The Investment Manager has been appointed by the Company to provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

##### License Provider

The Company has entered into an agreement with The Singularity Group AG in its capacity as the license provider of the Index (the **License Provider**) pursuant to which full access to the Index, its components and its proprietary data is granted to the Company, such information being required to pursue the investment objective of the Subfund.

The Singularity Group AG is an *Aktiengesellschaft* pursuant to the laws of Switzerland with its registered office at Obere Zäune 16, 8001 Zürich.

##### Currency Hedging Agent

**GAM International Management Ltd.**, 8 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7GB, UNITED KINGDOM (the "**Currency Hedging Agent**" or "**GIML**")

The Currency Hedging Agent is authorised and supervised as an asset manager by the Financial Conduct Authority ("**FCA**") of the United Kingdom. GIML is a 100% indirect group company of the GAM Holding AG, Zurich, Switzerland.

The Currency Hedging Agent will provide technical currency hedging execution for some Share Categories with currency hedging, as further detailed in this Special Part. The Currency Hedging Agent will not provide investment management or investment advisory services to the Subfund.

#### 6. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following Share Categories:

D01-Shares	accumulating; institutional investors exclusively during the launch as described hereafter
D02-Shares	accumulating; professional investors exclusively during the launch as described hereafter

D1-Shares	accumulating; professional investors, including institutional investors, as described hereafter
D1h-Shares	accumulating and currency hedged; professional investors, including institutional investors, as described hereafter
D2-Shares	accumulating; professional investors as described hereafter
D3-Shares	accumulating; non-professional investors
D3h-Shares	accumulating and currency hedged; non-professional investors

If the Share Category has the addition “h” in its denomination, it is referred to as a fully or partially hedged category.

Only registered Shares will be issued.

The Company may issue Shares in the accounting currency of the Subfund, USD, as well as in CHF / EUR / GBP. Details of the Share Categories can be requested at any one time from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**D01-Shares** were issued exclusively during the launch period of the Subfund to “institutional investors” within the meaning of article 174 seqq. of the 2010 Law which observes the minimum subscription amount set forth in Sec. 9,B). No further subscriptions to D01-Shares will be allowed after the launch day of the Subfund.

**D02-Shares** were issued exclusively during the launch period of the Subfund to professional investors in accordance with Annex II of the Directive 2014/65/EU on markets in financial instruments (MiFID) as amended from time to time, including private individual investors requesting to be treated as professional investors and satisfying the relevant criteria (opt-in professional investors) observing the minimum subscription amount set forth in Sec. 9,B). No further subscriptions to D02-Shares will be allowed after the launch day of the Subfund. To the extent permissible by law and regulation, the Company and/or the Management Company may request information from professional investors to verify compliance with the requirements of this Share Category.

**D1-Shares** and **D1h-Shares** are intended to be issued primarily to professional investors, including “institutional investors” (both as defined above).

**D2-Shares** are intended to be issued primarily to professional investors (as described above).

**D3-Shares** and **D3h-Shares** are intended to be issued primarily to non-professional investors.

## 7. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy with respect to the different available Share Categories, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the articles of association and this prospectus:

In accumulating Shares, no dividend payments are made, but the values allocated to the accumulating shares are reinvested for the benefit of the investors.

Further information can be found in the General Part of the Prospectus (see section 19 “Distributions”).

## 8. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management, advisory and distribution services (incl. rebates to investors) relating to the

Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each Share Category's net asset value ("NAV") as follows:

D01-Shares	0.10% p.a.
D02-Shares	0.10% p.a.
D1-Shares	0.45% p.a.
D1h-Shares	0.45 % p.a.
D2-Shares	0.65% p.a.
D3-Shares	0.85% p.a.
D3h-Shares	0.85% p.a.

**B) Licensing Fees**

A Licensing Fee of 0.94% will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of the Subfund's NAV for the use of the Index.

**C) Servicing Fee and Additional Charges**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Depository, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.35% p.a. (minimum amount of USD 60'000) will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each Share Category's NAV.

Additional Charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to section 22 "Fees and Costs" of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**D) Currency Hedging Fee**

For Share Categories with currency hedging, an additional annual fee of maximum 0,03% (subject to a minimum annual fee of USD 20,000 per aggregate hedged currency) may be charged per Share Category and paid to the Currency Hedging Agent (the "Currency Hedging Fee").

**9. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the Subfund will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

For subscription of D01-, D02-, D1-, D1h- and D2-Shares, the following minimum initial subscription amount per Share Category in USD or the equivalent in the currency of the relevant Share Category is applicable:

D01-, D1-, D1h-Shares: USD 250'000.00 or equivalent

D02-, D2-Shares: USD 50'000.00 or equivalent

D3-, D3h-Shares: no minimum amount

The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount.

Further subscriptions of D01-, D02-, D1-, D1h-, D2-, D3- and D3h -Shares are not subject to a

minimum subscription amount.

### **C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the Subfund directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the Subfund received by the Principal Paying Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Principal Paying Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within three (3) Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## **10. Redemption of Shares**

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the Subfund received by the Principal Paying Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Principal Paying Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within three (3) Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## **11. Switching of Shares**

Shares in the Subfund may be switched for Shares in other Subfunds of the Company for which such switch is allowed, upon a payment of a switching fee of a maximum of 2% of the net asset value of said Shares.

No switching fee will be levied in the case of a switch into another Subfund for which the Investment Manager provides investment management services.

## **12. Overview of the Subfund and Share Categories**

The table below provides a general overview of the most important features of the Subfund and Share Categories. It does not serve as a substitute for reading the Prospectus. The following

MULTIFLEX SICAV - SPECIAL PART S: THE SINGULARITY FUND

Share Categories of the Subfund are available on the date of this Special Part S of the Prospectus. A full and updated list of the Share Categories is available at the registered office of the Company or the Management Company.

Share	ISIN-Code	Currency	Min Initial Subscription in USD	Mgmt Fee (max)	Licence Fee (max)
D01	[TBC]	EUR	250'000.00 exclusively issued during the launch period	0.1%	0.94 %
	[TBC]	CHF			
	[TBC]	GBP			
	LU1873186537	USD			
D02	[TBC]	EUR	50'000.00 exclusively issued during the launch period	0.1%	0.94 %
	[TBC]	CHF			
	[TBC]	GBP			
	LU1873186610	USD			
D1	LU2178932914	EUR	250'000.00	0.45%	0.94 %
	[TBC]	CHF			
	[TBC]	GBP			
	LU1779697538	USD			
D1h	LU2409343964	CHF	250'000.00	0.45%	0.94 %
D2	[TBC]	EUR	50'000.00	0.65%	0.94 %
	[TBC]	CHF			
	[TBC]	GBP			
	LU1779697884	USD			
D3	[TBC]	EUR	None	0.85%	0.94 %
	[TBC]	CHF			
	[TBC]	GBP			
	LU2209331995	USD			
D3h	LU2409344004	CHF	None	0.85%	0.94 %

## MULTIFLEX SICAV

# OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND

A Subfund of the SICAV under Luxembourg law MULTIFLEX SICAV (the “**Company**”),  
established by GAM (LUXEMBOURG) S.A.

### SPECIAL PART T: 30 MARCH 2022

This Special Part of the Prospectus supplements the General Part with regard to the Subfund **MULTIFLEX SICAV – OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND** (hereinafter referred to as “**OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND**” or “**Subfund**”).

The following provisions must be read in conjunction with the corresponding provisions in the General Part of the Prospectus.

# Contents

## Special Part T:

1.	Initial Issue of Shares .....	3
2.	Investment Objective and Investment Policy .....	3
3.	Leverage .....	4
4.	Risk Disclosure.....	5
5.	Investor Profile .....	6
6.	Investment Manager .....	7
7.	Description of the Shares.....	7
8.	Dividend Policy.....	7
9.	Fees & Costs.....	7
10.	Issue of Shares .....	8
11.	Redemption of Shares .....	9
12.	Switching of Shares .....	9
13.	Quarterly Reports.....	9

## 1. Initial Issue of Shares

The shares of the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND will be issued upon the expiry of initial subscription period at an initial issue price of EUR 100 per share. Initial subscription period expires at 31 March 2020 or any date earlier where the aggregate net asset value of all share classes would be over minimum initial subscription amount of EUR 10'000'000 at launch ("Early Launch"). Subscription period starts at 6 December 2019. Each Investor is notified by means of electronic communication in case of Early Launch.

## 2. Investment Objective and Investment Policy

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company with regard to the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND is to seek to provide investors with an annual income as well as a total return over the long term.

### Investment Focus

The OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND follows a multi-asset strategy which aims to provide an attractive level of total return with a flexible approach to different asset classes.

### Core Investments

The Subfund's investment focus is to invest mainly in debt securities issued in developed and emerging markets. The Company aims to make the investments by investing in UCITS and other UCIs (including exchange traded UCITS and UCIs funds), within the meaning of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus. The Subfund may invest up to 100 % of its assets in such target funds. The Investment Manager may invest assets of the Subfund in target funds managed directly or indirectly by the Investment Manager or by another company linked through common administration or control or by a significant direct or indirect shareholding. In such cases, no investment management fee may be levied, or the Investment Manager shall agree that such investment management fee shall be paid back to the Subfund in full. However, the Subfund is not limited to such indirect investments and the Investment Manager or the Company may also decide to make the investments directly in the target assets. Such investments will also include (either indirectly or directly):

- a) **high yield bonds**, meaning interest-bearing securities which promise a higher return but in turn have no good credit standing (rated below investment grade) and **unrated bonds**;
- b) **emerging market bonds** (in both, hard and local currencies).

The term "emerging markets" is generally taken to mean the markets of countries that are in the process of developing into modern industrialised countries and thus display a high degree of potential but also involve a greater degree of risk. They include in particular the countries included in the S&P Emerging Broad Market Index or the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. **In connection with investments in emerging market countries, please refer to the section "Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries" below.**

- c) **convertible securities**, meaning securities that are or may become convertible into equity (e.g. convertible bonds, bonds with warrant attached, contingent convertible bonds ("CoCo-Bonds")), overall up to a maximum of 35% of the Subfund's assets, whereby the Subfund's exposure to coco-bonds is limited to a maximum of 10% of its assets;
- d) **inflation-linked bonds**.

### Ancillary Investments

On an ancillary basis, the Subfund may invest:

- a) overall, a maximum of 45% of its assets in UCITS and other UCIs (including exchange traded UCITS and UCIs funds), within the meaning and subject to the restrictions of section 5 of the General Part of the Prospectus, that invest in equity, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- b) overall, a maximum of 45% of its assets in **equity**, i.e. shares and other equity securities and equity rights of companies worldwide;
- c) overall, a maximum of 49% of its assets in liquid assets, i.e. **money market instruments** and money market funds as well as sight **deposits** and deposits repayable on demand, as defined in section 5 of the General Part;
- d) overall, a maximum of 10% of its assets in transferrable securities and money market instruments other than those mentioned under section 5.11.(a) to (e) of the General Part of the Prospectus.

Notwithstanding the investment limits detailed above, under particular circumstances and for the purpose of liquidity management or capital preservation, the Subfund may temporarily also hold liquid assets to an unlimited extent.

#### **Use of Derivatives**

Apart from derivatives embedded in securities permitted for investment, explicit derivatives shall only be employed for the purposes of currency hedging on a non-speculative basis. Currency hedging and currency positions will be only implemented by using forward foreign exchange contracts and no over-hedging, nor cross currency hedging is allowed. In particular, the net short exposure of FX forwards in a currency different from Euro may not exceed the market value of the assets denominated in that currency held by the Subfund. This limit is calculated separately for each non-EUR currency and the calculations for the net short exposure and the market value will be made in EUR.

In accordance with the General Part, the Subfund may be fully collateralised in collateral issued or guaranteed by a Member State of the European Union, one or more of its local authorities, a third country which is a member of the OECD, or a public international body to which one or more Member States of the European Union belong. The Subfund must receive securities from at least six different issues, but securities from any single issue should not account for more than 30% of the Subfund's net asset value.

As for the risks in connection with investments in derivatives, please refer to the section "Risk Disclosure" further below.

#### **Subfund Currency**

The OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND is denominated in Euros (EUR). The currency of investment may be EUR or other currencies. Foreign currency risks may be fully or partially hedged versus the EUR. A depreciation caused by exchange-rate fluctuations cannot be ruled out.

### **3. Leverage**

The leverage of the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND is determined in accordance with the calculation principles defined by the UCITS regulations and the application defined within the CESR (Committee of European Securities Regulators) guidelines on measuring global exposure, with reference to the "commitment approach".

In addition to the above, the level of leverage of the Subfund will be calculated by comparing the sum between the market value of the securities ("MVPS") and the net global exposure of the derivative financial instruments ("NGE"), determined as indicated above, reduced by the cash and equivalent components ("CCE"), to the NAV of the Subfund, according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{MVPS} + \text{NGE} - \text{CCE}}{\text{NAV}}$$

MVPS: Market value of securities and funds

NGE: Net global exposure of derivatives (excluding derivatives implicit in securities such as convertible bonds, option bonds etc.) after hedging / netting according to CESR

CCE: Cash and Cash equivalents (cash, money market funds, bonds issued by government / government agencies (time to maturity up to 90 days), discount notes, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and banker's acceptances).

In addition, the above ratio is always expected to be less than or equal to 100%.

#### **4. Risk Disclosure**

The Company endeavors to achieve the investment objectives of the Company in respect of the Subfund. However, no guarantee can be given that the investment objectives will actually be achieved. Hence the net asset value of the Shares may increase or decrease, and different levels of positive as well as negative income may be earned.

##### **A) Information on Investments in other UCITS and UCIs ("Target Funds")**

Although the Investment Manager will seek to select Target Funds with prudence and care, the Target Funds may be subject to similar risks than the Sub-fund itself. There can be no assurance that the liquidity of Target Funds will always be sufficient to meet redemption requests. Any lack of liquidity may affect the liquidity of the Shares of the Subfund and the value of its investments. Furthermore, as the investments of the Target Funds may not be controlled by the Investment Manager, there may be a risk of inadvertent concentration of underlying assets in case where several portfolio managers of separate Target Funds have similar allocations of the Target Funds' portfolios or in case where the portfolio manager of a Target Fund fails to meet its obligations to prudently diversify the portfolio.

##### **B) Information on Investments in Emerging Market Countries**

The attention of potential investors in the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND is drawn to the fact that investments in emerging market countries involve increased risk. In particular, the investments are subject to the following risks:

- a) trading volumes in relation to the securities may be low or absent on the securities market involved, which can lead to liquidity problems and serious price fluctuations;
- b) uncertainties surrounding political, economic and social circumstances, with the associated dangers of expropriation or seizure, unusually high inflation rates, prohibitive tax measures and other negative developments;
- c) potentially serious fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate, different legal frameworks, existing or potential foreign exchange export restrictions, customs or other restrictions, and any laws and other restrictions applicable to investments;
- d) political or other circumstances which restrict the investment opportunities of the Subfund, for example restrictions with regard to issuers or industries deemed sensitive to relevant national interests, and
- e) the absence of sufficiently developed legal structures governing private or foreign investments and the risk of potentially inadequate safeguards with respect to private ownership.

Foreign exchange export restrictions and other related regulations in these countries may also lead to the delayed repatriation of all or some of the investments or may prevent them from being repatriated in full or in part, with the result that there may be a delay in the payment of the redemption price.

##### **C) Information on the Use of High Yield Bonds**

So-called high yield bonds, also referred to as high return bonds, are securities from issuers which, according to market assessments, do not have good credit standing and may promise higher returns than comparable investment-grade bonds. With such bonds, higher-than-

average volatility must be expected and substantial, if not even the complete loss of some investments cannot be ruled out.

#### **D) Information on the Use of Derivatives**

The OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND shall use derivatives only for the purposes of currency hedging. The risk features of derivatives in addition to the risk features of securities must be considered. In general, derivatives are exposed to the risks of instruments underlying them and therefore frequently involve greater risks than direct investments in securities. Potential risks from use of derivatives may, for example, arise from the complexity, non-linearity, high volatilities, low liquidity, restricted ability to be valued, risk of a loss of returns or even a total loss of the invested capital, or from the counterparty risk.

If a derivative is embedded in a security, this must also be taken into account when applying the investment restrictions and for risk monitoring.

#### **E) Information on CoCo-Bonds**

CoCo-Bonds, also referred to as “CoCos” are contingent convertible bonds. They qualify as securities with a hybrid character insofar as they are issued in the form of bonds, which may lose their nominal value (i.e. be written down) or, following a determined trigger event, be transformed in equity. The trigger event will notably materialise when the prudential ratio (the so called “Tier One”) of the issuing bank falls under a certain threshold or upon a decision of the competent supervisory authority. In such case, the CoCo-Bonds initially issued under the form of a bond will be automatically converted into equity without the holder of the CoCo-Bond being preliminarily consulted. Moreover, the coupon may be cancelled on a discretionary basis by the issuing bank. The Investment in CoCo-Bonds is subject to different risks, which may result in the total or partial loss of the invested sums or a delay in payment. A detailed analysis of the risks inherent to CoCo-Bonds may be found in the statement ESMA/2014/944 ([http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944\\_statement\\_on\\_potential\\_risks\\_associated\\_with\\_investing\\_in\\_contingent\\_convertible\\_instruments.pdf](http://www.esma.europa.eu/system/files/2014-944_statement_on_potential_risks_associated_with_investing_in_contingent_convertible_instruments.pdf)).

#### **F) Sustainability risks**

The market value of underlying investments of the Subfund are subject to sustainability risks described in the General Part. The Subfund employs a wide selection of different instruments and techniques in order to meet its investment objective. The sustainability risks will vary depending on the composition of the portfolio from time to time.

The sustainability risk assessment is integrated to the investment decisions of the Investment Manager and shall be carried out at least periodically throughout the life-time of such investment. In addition to asset level considerations, the Investment Manager may make sustainability risk assessments on an asset-type level when making allocation decisions between different types of assets.

For the purposes of sustainability risk assessment, the Investment Manager may use any sustainability information available such as publicly available reports of invested companies, other publicly available data (such as credit ratings) and data made and distributed by external data vendors.

The investments underlying this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

### **5. Investor Profile**

The investment objective and policy of the Subfund are suitable for both retail and institutional investors seeking to achieve investment objectives which align with those of the Subfund in the context of the investor’s overall portfolio.

Investors in the Subfund are expected to be informed investors, who have taken professional advice, understand and accept the risks associated with investing in the Subfund as set out under the heading “Risk Disclosure” and view investment in the Subfund as a medium to long term investment.

## 6. Investment Manager

BancoPostaFondi SPA SGR, Viale Europa 190, 00144 Roma, Italy

The Investment Manager is a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of Italy and it holds an asset manager (Società di Gestione del Risparmio; SGR) license issued by the Bank of Italy and is registered under the number 23 in the Bank of Italy's SGR Registry.

The Investment Manager will provide discretionary investment management services, in accordance with the investment objectives, investment policy and investment limits of the Company and the Subfund. It shall act under the ultimate supervision of the Management Company and/or the Board of Directors of the Company or the auditor(s) appointed by the Management Company.

The Investment Manager may seek the support of investment advisers or sub-investment managers with the Company and/or the Management Company's consent.

## 7. Description of the Shares

After the initial issue date, the Company may issue Shares of the Subfund in the following share categories:

- **Cm-Shares:** distributing shares with a periodic distribution for "institutional investors" as described hereafter.

Shares will be issued only in registered form.

The Company may issue Shares both in the accounting currency of the Subfund, EUR, as well as in CHF/USD/GBP. Details of the share categories available at any one time may be requested from the central administration as described in the General Part.

**Cm-Shares** are issued exclusively to "institutional investors" within the meaning of article 174 of the 2010 Law which are, in principle, defined as companies constituted as a corporate legal entity or equivalent legal form, holding these Shares either as part of their own business assets or under contract on behalf of institutional investors as defined above, or else reselling the Shares exclusively to institutional investors or using them on their own behalf and for account of third parties within the scope of discretionary portfolio management.

## 8. Dividend Policy

The Company intends to apply the following dividend policy in respect of distributing **Cm-Shares**, in accordance with the laws of Luxembourg, the Articles and this Prospectus:

- normally on a quarterly basis, the Company may make payment within the limit of the net cumulated realized profits in the Subfund ("**Dividend Distribution**"), as resulting from the audited quarterly reports drawn up and made available to investors in the Subfund in accordance with section 13 below. Each Dividend Distribution shall be paid within 3 (three) months following the end of the relevant quarter;
- distribution out of capital can be made but such payment shall not be considered as a Dividend Distribution.

The Company reserves the right to change the dividend policy at any time in the interest of the investors.

## 9. Fees & Costs

### A) Management Fee

For management and advisory services relating to the Subfund's portfolio and related administrative services, a maximum annual Management Fee, as follows, will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's net asset value ("**NAV**").

- Cm-Shares: 0.40% p.a.

Distributors will not be paid any commission for distribution activities undertaken in connection with the sale, offering or holding of Shares. The management fee above does not include the fees levied by the Target Funds.

**B) Other Costs**

For the remuneration of the Management Company, the Custodian, the central administration and principal paying agent and the Registrar and Transfer Agent, an annual Servicing Fee of max. 0.20% p.a. will be charged to the Subfund on the basis of each share category's NAV. The other costs above do not include the fees levied by the Target Funds.

Any costs related to the issuance of Quarterly Reports (as defined under section 13 below) will be charged to the Subfund.

Additional charges may be debited to the Subfund pursuant to the terms of the General Part of the Prospectus.

**C) Performance Fee**

In relation to the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND, no performance fee will be levied.

**D) Fees of Target Funds**

In addition to the costs that will be charged to the Subfund's assets pursuant to the provisions of this Prospectus and the Articles of Association, there will be costs paid from the assets of Target Funds for example for administration, custody, auditors, taxes and other costs, provisions and commissions. As a consequence, a multiple charging of similar costs may occur. The maximum management fees of Target Funds by their respective service providers will amount to no more than 2.00%.

**10. Issue of Shares**

**A) General**

Upon expiry of the initial subscription period, the Shares in the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND will be issued on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part. The Issue Price is based on the NAV per Share on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places.

A sales fee of up to 5%, payable in favour of the Subfund, may be applied as the case may be.

**B) Minimum Initial Subscription Amount**

The minimum initial subscription amount for Cm-Share shall be EUR 10'000'000. The Company's Board of Directors may at its own discretion accept initial subscription applications for an amount lower than the stated minimum subscription amount. Further subscriptions of Cm-Shares are not subject to a minimum subscription amount.

**C) Application Procedure**

Investors may at any time subscribe to Shares in the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND directly with the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries). The exact identity of the subscriber, the name of the Subfund to be subscribed, and the Share Category to be subscribed must be stated.

All subscriptions for Shares the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Issue Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Subscriptions received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Issue Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The total amount of the subscriptions of Shares in the Subfund must be credited within 3 Luxembourg banking days of the applicable Valuation Day.

Share coupons or certificates will not be delivered.

The Company reserves the right to reject applications or to accept them only in part or to require further information and/or documents. If an application is rejected in full or in part, the subscription amount or the corresponding balance is returned to the applicant.

## 11. Redemption of Shares

Shares will be redeemed upon application to the Principal Paying Agent in Luxembourg mentioned in the General Part of the Prospectus (or with local distributors resp. paying agents appointed, as the case may be, in particular distribution countries).

Shares will be redeemed daily on each Valuation Day, as defined in the General Part of the Prospectus.

All requests for redemptions in Shares in the OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent on a Valuation Day no later than 15:00 p.m. Luxembourg local time (cut-off time), will be handled at the Redemption Price, which will be calculated on the next Valuation Day. Redemption requests received by the Registrar and Transfer Agent after this time will be handled at the Redemption Price of the Valuation Day after the next Valuation Day.

The Redemption Price will be based on the NAV of the Shares on the applicable Valuation Day and will be rounded to two decimal places. No redemption fee shall be charged.

Payment of the redemption of Shares in the Subfund will be made within 3 Luxembourg banking days after the Valuation Day.

## 12. Switching of Shares

The Shares in each subfund of the Company contained in the following list (and described in the respectively indicated Special Part of the Prospectus) may be switched into Shares in the respective other subfunds of the Company contained in the same list:

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| • GLOBAL MULTI-ASSET INCOME FUND        | Special Part D |
| • DIVERSIFIED DISTRIBUTION FUND         | Special Part F |
| • GLOBAL OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND       | Special Part H |
| • STRATEGIC INSURANCE DISTRIBUTION FUND | Special Part I |
| • DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND              | Special Part J |
| • OLYMPIUM DYNAMIC MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part K |
| • LONG-TERM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part L |
| • DYNAMIC LONG-TERM MULTI-ASSET FUND    | Special Part M |
| • OLYMPIUM OPTIMAL MULTI-ASSET FUND     | Special Part Q |
| • OLYMPIUM INSURANCE MULTI-ASSET FUND   | Special Part R |
| • OLYMPIUM SEVERUM FUND                 | Special Part T |

No switching fee will be levied in this case.

## 13. Quarterly Reports

In addition to the annual reports and semi-annual reports referred to in section 24 of the General Part of the Prospectus, and in accordance with the relevant provisions thereunder, audited quarterly reports of the Subfund (the “**Quarterly Reports**”) shall be drawn up and made available to investors within two (2) months of the end of each quarter.