Schroder International Selection Fund Prospectus

(a Luxembourg domiciled open-ended investment company)

31 July 2013





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Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. Internet Site: www.schroders.lu

Important Information

Copies of this Prospectus can be obtained from and enquiries regarding the Company should be addressed to:

Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

5, rue Höhenhof L-1736 Senningerberg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg Tel: (+352) 341 342 202 Fax: (+352) 341 342 342 This prospectus (the "Prospectus") should be read in its entirety before making any application for Shares. If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Prospectus you should consult your financial or other professional adviser.

Shares are offered on the basis of the information contained in this Prospectus and the documents referred to herein.

No person has been authorised to issue any advertisement or to give any information, or to make any representations in connection with the offering, placing, subscription, sale, switching or redemption of Shares other than those contained in this Prospectus and, if issued, given or made, such advertisement, information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Company or the Management Company. Neither the delivery of this Prospectus nor the offer, placement, subscription or issue of any of the Shares shall under any circumstances create any implication or constitute a representation that the information given in this Prospectus is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

The Directors, whose names appear below, have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this Prospectus is, to the best of their knowledge and belief, in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything material to such information. The Directors accept responsibility accordingly.

The distribution of this Prospectus and supplementary documentation and the offering of Shares may be restricted in certain countries. Investors wishing to apply for Shares should inform themselves as to the requirements within their own country for transactions in Shares, any applicable exchange control regulations and the tax consequences of any transaction in Shares.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any country in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or authorised, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

Investors should note that not all of the protections provided under their relevant regulatory regime may apply and there may be no right to compensation under such regulatory regime, if such scheme exists.

Holding and storing personal data in relation to the Investors is necessary to enable the Management Company to fulfil the services required by the Investors and to comply with its legal and regulatory obligations.

By subscribing to Shares of the Company, the Investors expressly agree that their personal data be stored, changed, otherwise used or disclosed (i) to Schroders and other parties which intervene in the process of the business relationship (e.g. external processing centres, dispatch or payment agents) or (ii) when required by law or regulation.

The personal data shall not be used or disclosed to any person other than as outlined in the preceding paragraph without the Investors' consent.

Reasonable measures have been taken to ensure confidentiality of the personal data transmitted within Schroders. However, due to the fact that the information is transferred electronically and made available outside of Luxembourg, the same level of confidentiality and the same level of protection in relation to data protection regulation as currently in force in Luxembourg may not be guaranteed while the information is kept abroad.

Schroders will accept no liability with respect to any unauthorised third party receiving knowledge of or having access to such personal data, except in the case of negligence by Schroders.

The Investors have a right of access and of rectification of the personal data in cases where such data is incorrect or incomplete.

Personal data shall not be held for longer than necessary with regard to the purpose of the data processing.

The distribution of this Prospectus in certain countries may require that this Prospectus be translated into the languages specified by the regulatory authorities of those countries.

Should any inconsistency arise between the translated and the English version of this Prospectus, the English version shall always prevail.

The Management Company may use telephone recording procedures to record any conversation. Investors are deemed to consent to the recording of conversations with the Management Company and to the use of such recordings by the Management Company and/or the Company in legal proceedings or otherwise at their discretion.

The price of Shares in the Company and the income from them may go down as well as up and an Investor may not get back the amount invested.

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Definitions

Accumulation Shares	shares which accumulate their net income so that the income is included in the price of the shares	
Articles	the articles of association of the Company as amended from time to time	
AUD	Australian Dollar	
Business Day	unless otherwise provided in the Fund's details in Appendix III, a Business Day is a week day other than New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day and the day following Christmas Day	
CHF	Swiss Franc	
Company	Schroder International Selection Fund	
Custodian	J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A., acting as custodian bank and fund administrator	
CSSF	Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (Luxembourg Financial Sector Supervisory Authority)	
Dealing Day	unless otherwise provided in the Fund's details in Appendix III, a dealing day is a Business Day which does not fall within a period of suspension of calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Fund. The Management Company may also take into account whether relevant local stock exchanges and / or Regulated Markets are open for trading and settlement, and may elect to treat such closures as non-Dealing Days for Funds which invest a substantial amount of their portfolio on these closed stock exchanges and/or Regulated Markets. A list of expected non-Dealing Days for the Funds is available from the Management Company on request and is also available on the Internet site www.schroders.lu	
Directors or Board of Directors	the board of directors of the Company	
Distributor	a person or entity duly appointed from time to time by the Management Company to distribute or arrange for the distribution of Shares	
Distribution Period	the period from one date on which dividends are paid by the Company to the next. This may be annual or shorter where dividends are paid more regularly	
Distribution Shares	shares which distribute their income	
EEA	European Economic Area	
Eligible Asset	a transferable security of any kind or any other permitted asset as more fully described in Appendix I 1.A	
Eligible State	includes any member state of the European Union ("EU"), any member state of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD"), and any other state which the Directors deem appropriate	
EMU	Economic and Monetary Union	
EU	European Union	
EUR	the European currency unit (also referred to as the Euro)	
Exchange Traded Fund	an investment fund listed on a stock exchange which represents a pool of securities, commodities or currencies which typically track the performance of an index. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) are traded like shares. Investment in open-ended or closed-ended ETFs will be allowed if they qualify as (i) UCITS or other UCIs or (ii) transferable securities, respectively. Funds launched prior to 23 November 2012 may hold ETFs that do not qualify as (i) or (ii) above up to a maximum of 10% of the Net Asset Value (together with any other investments made in accordance with investment restriction 1. A(9) in Appendix I) provided that such holdings are realised before 31 December 2013. Any new investments in ETFs that do not qualify as (i) or (ii) above are no longer permitted	
Fund	a specific portfolio of assets and liabilities within the Company having its own net asset value and represented by a separate Share Class or Share Classes	
GBP	Great British Pound	

НКД	Hong Kong Dollar		
Investment Fund(s)	a UCITS or other UCI in which the Funds may invest, as determined in the investment		
	rules described in Appendix I		
Investment Trust(s)	a closed-ended investment company that invests in shares of other companies. An Investment Trust is classified as a transferable security, and thereby qualifies as an eligible investment for a UCITS under the Luxembourg Law, if it is listed on a Regulated Market. Investments in Investment Trusts which are not listed on a Regulated Market, are currently limited to 10% of the Net Asset Value of a Fund under Luxembourg Law (together with any other investments made in accordance with investment restriction 1. A(9) in Appendix I)		
Investor	a subscriber for Shares		
JPY	Japanese Yen		
Law	the law on undertakings for collective investment dated 17 December 2010		
Management Company	Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.		
Net Asset Value	Net Asset Value per Share (as described below) multiplied by the number of Shares		
Net Asset Value per Share	the value per Share of any Share Class determined in accordance with the relevant provisions described under the heading "Calculation of Net Asset Value" as set out in Section 2.4		
отс	over-the-counter		
Real Estate Investment Fund or REIT	is an entity that is dedicated to owning, and in most cases, managing real estate. This may include, but is not limited to, real estate in the residential (apartments), commercial (shopping centres, offices) and industrial (factories, warehouses) sectors. Certain REITs may also engage in real estate financing transactions and other real estate development activities. The legal structure of a REIT, its investment restrictions and the regulatory and taxation regimes to which it is subject will differ depending on the jurisdiction in which it is established. Investment in REITs will be allowed if they qualify as (i) UCITS or other UCIs or (ii) transferable securities. A closed-ended REIT, the units of which are listed on a Regulated Market is classified as a transferable security listed on a Regulated Market thereby qualifying as an eligible investment for a UCITS under the Luxembourg Law. Funds launched prior to 23 November 2012 may hold REITs that do not qualify as (i) or (ii) above up to a maximum of 10% of the Net Asset Value (together with any other investments made in accordance with investment restriction 1. (A) (9) in Appendix I) provided that such holdings are realised by 31 December 2013. Any new investments in REITs that do not qualify as (ii) or (ii) above are no longer permitted		
Regulated Market	a market within the meaning of Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on markets in financial instruments or another regulated market, which operates regularly and is recognised and open to the public in an Eligible State		
Regulations	the Law as well as any present or future related Luxembourg laws or implementing regulations, circulars and CSSF's positions		
RMB	Renminbi, the official currency of the People's Republic of China; is used to denote the Chinese currency traded in the onshore and the offshore markets (primarily in Hong Kong). For clarity purposes, all the references to RMB in the name of a Fund or in its reference currency must be understood as a reference to offshore RMB		
Schroders	the Management Company's ultimate holding company and its subsidiaries and affiliates worldwide		
SGD	Singapore Dollar		
Share	a share of no par value in any one class in the capital of the Company		
Share Class	a class of Shares with a specific fee structure		
Shareholder	a holder of Shares		

UCITS	an "undertaking for collective investment in transferable securities" within the meaning of points a) and b) of Article 1(2) of the UCITS IV Directive
UCI	an "undertaking for collective investment" within the meaning of Article 2 (2) of the Law
UCITS IV Directive	Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009, as amended, on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to UCITS
UK	United Kingdom
USA or US	the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia), its territories, its possessions and any other areas subject to its jurisdiction
USD	United States Dollar
	All references herein to time are to Luxembourg Time unless otherwise
	indicated.

Words importing the singular shall, where the context permits, include the plural and vice versa.

Board of Directors

Chairman

Directors

Massimo TOSATO

Vice Chairman Schroders PLC 31 Gresham Street London EC2V 7QA United Kingdom

Jacques ELVINGER

Avocat, Elvinger, Hoss & Prussen 2, place Winston Churchill L-2014 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

- Daniel DE FERNANDO GARCIA

Independent Director Serrano 1 28001 Madrid Spain

Achim KUESSNER

Country Head Germany, Austria & CEE Schroder Investment Management GmbH Taunustor 2 60311 Frankfurt Germany

Ketil PETERSEN

Country Head Nordic Region Schroder Investment Management A/S Store Strandstraede 21 1255 Copenhagen K Denmark

Gavin RALSTON

Head of Official Institutions and Global Head of Product Schroder Investment Management Limited 31 Gresham Street London EC2V 7QA United Kingdom

Georges-Arnaud SAIER

Independent Director 6 rue Paul Baudry 75008 Paris France

- Carlo TRABATTONI

Head of Pan European Intermediary Distribution and GFIG Schroder Investment Management Limited 31 Gresham Street London EC2V 7QA United Kingdom

- Marie-Jeanne CHEVREMONT-LORENZINI

independent advisor 37C Avenue J.F. Kennedy L-1855 Luxembourg

Administration

5, rue Höhenhof L-1736 Senningerberg

Registered Office

Management Company and Domiciliary Agent

Investment Managers

Custodian

Independent Auditors

Principal Legal Adviser

Grand Duchy of Luxembourg Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. 5, rue Höhenhof L-1736 Senningerberg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

 Schroder Investment Management (Switzerland) AG Central 2 CH-8021 Zürich Switzerland

- Schroder Investment Management Limited 31 Gresham Street London EC2V 7QA United Kingdom
- Schroder Investment Management Australia Limited Level 20 Angel Place, 123 Pitt Street Sidney NSW 2000 Australia
- Schroder Investment Management Brasil DTVM S.A.
 Rua Joaquim Floriano, 100 14º andar cj. 141 / 142
 04534-000 São Paulo SP
 Brazil
- Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
 875 Third Avenue, 22nd Floor, New York
 New York 10022-6225
 United States of America
- Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited Suites 3301, Level 33, Two Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong
- Schroder Investment Management (Japan) Limited
 21st Floor Marunouchi Trust Tower Main, 1-8-3 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-Ku
 Tokyo 100-0005
 Japan
- Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited 65 Chulia Street 46-00, OCBC Centre Singapore 049513
- Ell Capital Management Inc.
 640 Fifth Avenue, 8th Floor,
 New York, New York 10019
 United States of America
- Fisch Asset Management AG Bellerive 241
 Postfach CH-8034, Zürich Switzerland
- J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. European Bank & Business Centre 6, route de Trèves L-2633 Senningerberg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
- PricewaterhouseCoopers, Société coopérative, 400, route d'Esch L-1471 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Elvinger, Hoss & Prussen 2, place Winston Churchill L-2014 Luxembourg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Principal Paying Agent

Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. 5, rue Höhenhof L-1736 Senningerberg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

Section 1

1. The Company

1.1 Structure

The Company is an open-ended investment company organised as a "société anonyme" under the laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and qualifies as a Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable ("SICAV"). The Company operates separate Funds, each of which is represented by one or more Share Classes. The Funds are distinguished by their specific investment policy or any other specific features.

The Company constitutes a single legal entity, but the assets of each Fund shall be invested for the exclusive benefit of the Shareholders of the corresponding Fund and the assets of a specific Fund are solely accountable for the liabilities, commitments and obligations of that Fund.

The Directors may at any time resolve to set up new Funds and/or create within each Fund one or more Share Classes and this Prospectus will be updated accordingly. The Directors may also at any time resolve to close a Fund, or one or more Share Classes within a Fund to further subscriptions.

Certain Shares are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. The Directors may decide to make an application to list other Shares, as well as list all such Shares on any recognised stock exchange.

1.2 Investment Objectives and Policies

The exclusive objective of the Company is to place the funds available to it in transferable securities and other permitted assets of any kind, including financial derivative instruments, with the purpose of spreading investment risks and affording its Shareholders the results of the management of its portfolios.

The specific investment objective and policy of each Fund is described in Appendix III.

The investments of each Fund shall at any time comply with the restrictions set out in Appendix I, and Investors should, prior to any investment being made, take due account of the risks of investments set out in Appendix II.

1.3 Share Classes

The Directors may decide to create within each Fund different Share Classes whose assets will be commonly invested pursuant to the specific investment policy of the relevant Fund, but where a specific fee structure, currency of denomination or other specific feature may apply to each Share Class. A separate Net Asset Value per Share, which may differ as a consequence of these variable factors, will be calculated for each Share Class.

Investors are informed that not all Distributors offer all Share Classes.

Shares are generally issued as Accumulation Shares. Distribution Shares will only be issued within any Fund at the Directors' discretion. Investors may enquire at the Management Company or their Distributor whether any Distribution Shares are available within each Share Class and Fund.

The particular features of each Share Class are as follows:

Initial and Distribution Charges

Initial Charge		
Shares	Initia	al Charge
A and AX Shares	—	Equity Funds:
		up to 5.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 5.26315% of the Net Asset Value per Share)
	—	Asset Allocation Funds:
		up to 5.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 5.26315% of the Net Asset Value per Share)
	—	Multi-Asset Funds:
		up to 5.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 5.26315% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Asian Diversified Growth, Global Multi-Asset Income, Global Diversified Growth and Japan DGF
		up to 4.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 4.16667% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Global Dynamic Balanced, Wealth Preservation EUR and Wealth Preservation USD
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Global Conservative and Strategic Beta
	—	Multi Manager Funds:
		up to 5.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 5.26315% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Fund Growth Portfolio
		up to 4.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 4.16667% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Fund Balanced Portfolio
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Fund Conservative Portfolio
	—	Absolute Return Funds:
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Asian Bond Absolute Return and Emerging Markets Debt Absolute Return
	—	Bond Funds:
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share)
	—	Liquidity Funds:
		None
	—	Currency Funds:
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share)
A1 Shares	—	Equity Funds:
		up to 4.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 4.16667% of the Net Asset Value per Share)
	—	Asset Allocation Funds:
		up to 4.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 4.16667% of the Net Asset Value per Share)

Shares	Initial Charge			
	_	Multi-Asset Funds:		
		up to 4.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 4.16667% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Asian Diversified Growth, Global Multi-Asset Income, Global Diversified Growth and Japan DGF		
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Global Dynamic Balanced, Wealth Preservation EUR and Wealth Preservation USD		
		up to 2.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 2.04081% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Global Conservative and Strategic Beta		
	—	Multi Manager Funds:		
		up to 4.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 4.16667% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Fund Growth Portfolio		
		up to 3.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 3.09278% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Fund Balanced Portfolio		
		up to 2.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 2.04081% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Fund Conservative Portfolio		
	_	Absolute Return Funds:		
		up to 2.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 2.04081% of the Net Asset Value per Share) of Funds Asian Bond Absolute Return and Emerging Markets Debt Absolute Return		
	—	Bond Funds:		
		up to 2.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 2.04081% of the Net Asset Value per Share)		
	—	Liquidity Funds:		
		None		
	—	Currency Funds:		
		up to 2.00% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 2.04081% of the Net Asset Value per Share)		
B Shares	None)		
B1 Shares	None)		
C Shares		0 1% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 1.0101% of the Asset Value per share), except for Liquidity Funds.		
	-	Liquidity Funds:		
D Shares	None	None		
E Shares		7 9 1% of the total subscription amount (equivalent to 1.0101% of the		
	•	Asset Value per share)		
I Shares	None			
IZ Shares	None			
J Shares	None			
X Shares	None			
Z Shares	None			

The Management Company and Distributors are entitled to the initial charge, which can be partly or fully waived at the Directors' discretion.

Distribution Charge

Shares	Distribution Charge
A and AX Shares	None
A1 Shares 1	0.50% per annum of the net assets of Funds, except for the following:
	 0.60% per annum of the net assets of Multi Manager Funds
	 0.10% per annum of the net assets of Liquidity Funds (except the Fund US Dollar Liquidity)
	 0.00% per annum of the net assets ot the Fund US Dollar Liquidity
B Shares ²	 Equity Funds 0.60% per annum of the net assets of Funds
	 Absolute Return Funds 0.50% per annum of the net assets of the Funds
	 Bond Funds 0.50% per annum of the net assets of Funds with the exception of 0.10% per annum of the net assets of the Fund EURO Short Term Bond
	 Liquidity Funds 0.10% per annum of the net assets of Funds with the exception of 0.00% per annum of the net assets of the Fund US Dollar Liquidity
	 Currency Funds 0.50% per annum of the net assets of Funds
	 Asset Allocation Funds 0.60% per annum of the net assets of Funds
	 Multi-Asset Funds 0.50% per annum of the net assets of Funds Wealth Preservation EUR and Wealth Preservation USD 0.60% per annum of the net assets of Fund Global Multi-Asset Income, Global Dynamic Balanced and Asian Diversified Growth 0.80% per annum of the net assets of Fund Global Diversified Growth
B1 Shares ¹	1.25% per annum of the net assets of Funds (including a shareholder servicing fee of 0.25% p.a.), except for the following:
	 1.30% per annum of the net assets of Fund Balanced Portfolio and Fund Growth Portfolio
	 1.15% per annum of the net assets of Fund Conservative Portfolio
	 0.60% per annum of the net assets of Fund Global Conservative
C Shares	None
D Shares ¹	1% per annum of the net assets of the Funds
E Shares	None
I Shares	None
IZ Shares	None
J Shares	None
X Shares	None
Z Shares	None

Minimum Subscription Amount, Minimum Additional Subscription Amount and Minimum Holding Amount

A, AX, A1, B, B1 and D Shares

The minimum subscription amount for A, AX, A1, B, B1 and D Shares is EUR 1,000 or USD 1,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for A, AX, A1, B, B1 and D Shares is EUR 1,000 or USD 1,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for A, AX, A1, B, B1 and D Shares is EUR 1,000 or USD 1,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on A, AX, A1, B, B1 and D Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

¹ Distribution charges in respect of A1, B1 and D Shares are paid at such intervals as may be agreed from time to time between the Company and those Distributors that are appointed specifically for the purpose of distributing such Shares.

² Distribution charges in respect of B Shares are payable quarterly.

C and E Shares

The minimum subscription amount for C and E Shares is EUR 500,000 or USD 500,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for C and E Shares is EUR 250,000 or USD 250,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for C and E Shares is EUR 500,000 or USD 500,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on C and E Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

I Shares

(see under "Specific Features" below)

IZ Shares

(see under "Specific Features" below)

J Shares

(see under "Specific Features" below)

X Shares

(see under "Specific Features" below)

Z Shares

(see under "Specific Features" below)

Specific features of certain Share Classes

AX, A1 and B1 Shares

AX, A1 and B1 Shares will only be available to Investors who at the time the relevant subscription order is received are customers of certain Distributors appointed specifically for the purpose of distributing the AX, A1 and B1 Shares and only in respect of those Funds for which distribution arrangements have been made with such Distributors.

B1 Shares

No initial charge will be payable by an Investor on the acquisition of B1 Shares of any Fund. Instead a contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") may be payable to the Management Company or such other party as the Management Company may from time to time appoint. Where B1 Shares are redeemed within 4 years (5 years in the case of Multi Manager Funds) of the date of their issue, the redemption proceeds thereof will be subject to a CDSC at the rates set forth in the table below:

Redemption during years since issue (All Funds except Multi Manager Funds)	Applicable Rate of CDSC
1st Year	4%
2nd Year	3%
3rd Year	2%
4th Year	1%
After end of 4th Year	None
Redemption during years since issue (Multi Manager Funds)	Applicable Rate of CDSC
1st Year	4%
2nd Year	3%

Redemption during years since issue (Multi Manager Funds)	Applicable Rate of CDSC
3rd Year	2%
4th Year	1%
5th Year	1%
After end of 5th Year	None

The applicable rate of CDSC is determined by reference to the total length of time during which the Shares being redeemed (including the B1 Shares from which they were derived (if any) as a result of a switch from another Fund) were in issue. In determining whether a CDSC is applicable, the calculation will be effected in a manner that results in the lowest possible rate being applied. It will therefore be assumed that, first, a redemption will be made of those B1 Shares in issue for a period exceeding four years (five years for Multi Manager Funds) and then those B1 Shares in issue for the longest period of time during the four year period (five year period for Multi Manager Funds). No CDSC is payable in respect of those B1 Shares which have been in issue for longer than a four year period (five year period for Multi Manager Funds). Dividends paid on B1 distribution Share Classes cannot be automatically reinvested and will be paid in cash.

The amount of CDSC is calculated by multiplying the relevant percentage rate as determined above by the lower of a) the Net Asset Value per Share of the Shares being redeemed on the relevant Dealing Day or b) the price paid for the original issue of Shares being redeemed or for the B1 Shares of another Fund from which those Shares were exchanged, in either case calculated in the relevant dealing currency of the Shares being redeemed.

Investors in B1 Shares will not be permitted to switch the holding of such Shares into other Share Classes, nor will they be permitted to transfer such Shares from one Distributor to another. However, holdings in B1 Shares will be converted automatically into A1 Shares on the last Business Day of the month in which the sixth anniversary of issue of such Shares occurs on the basis of the respective Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant B1 Shares and A1 Shares. This conversion may give rise to a tax liability for Investors in certain jurisdictions. Investors should consult their tax adviser about their own position.

In all instances of switching that involve B1 Shares into another B1 Share Class, the age of the old B1 Shares will carry over and continue in the new B1 Shares. No CDSC is payable at the time of a switch of B1 Shares to B1 Shares in another Fund.

B1 Shares will also be subject to an annual distribution charge of 1%, and an annual shareholder servicing fee of 0.25%, (exceptions to this are highlighted in the table titled Distribution Charge, above), both calculated and accrued daily by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share of such Shares and paid monthly to the Management Company or such other party as the Management Company may appoint from time to time.

The amounts accrued as CDSC, annual distribution charge and shareholder servicing fee are incurred for the provision of certain services pertaining to the sales, promotion, marketing and financing of B1 Shares.

B1 Share Classes are now closed to subscriptions from new and existing Investors.

D Shares

D Shares will only be available to Investors who at the time the relevant subscription order is received are customers of certain Distributors appointed specifically for the purpose of distributing the D Shares and only in respect of those Funds for which distribution arrangements have been made with such Distributors.

No initial charge will be payable by an Investor on the acquisition of D Shares of any Fund. However some charges, for example redemption or administration charges may be deducted by the Distributor from the redemption proceeds as agreed separately between the Shareholders and the Distributor. Shareholders should check with the respective Distributors for details of the arrangement.

Investors in D Shares will not be permitted to switch the holding of such Shares into other Share Classes, nor will they be permitted to transfer such Shares from one Distributor to another.

E Shares

E Shares will only be available, with prior agreement of the Management Company. The E Shares will only be available until the total Net Asset Value of all available E Share Classes within a Fund reaches or is greater than EUR 50,000,000 or USD 50,000,000 or an equivalent amount in another currency, or any other amount as specifically determined by the Management Company.

Once the total Net Asset Value of the E Share Classes available in a Fund, ordinarily, reaches or is greater than EUR 50,000,000 or USD 50,000,000 or an equivalent amount in another currency, or any other amount as specifically determined by the Management Company, the E Share Classes in that Fund will be closed to Investors for subscriptions.

The management fees per annum of the E Share Classes are 50% of the management fees per annum of the C Share Classes of the same Fund.

I Shares

I Shares will only be offered to Investors:

- (A) who, at the time the relevant subscription order is received, are clients of Schroders with an agreement covering the charging structure relevant to the clients' investments in such Shares, and
- (B) who are institutional investors, within the meaning of Article 174 of the Law and as may be defined from time to time by the guidelines or recommendations issued by the CSSF.

The minimum subscription amount for I Shares is EUR 5,000,000 or USD 5,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for I Shares is EUR 2,500,000 or USD 2,500,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for I Shares is EUR 5,000,000 or USD 5,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on I Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

The Company will not issue, or effect any switching of, I Shares to any Investor who may not be considered an institutional investor. The Directors may, at their discretion, delay the acceptance of any subscription for I Shares restricted to institutional investors until such date as the Management Company has received sufficient evidence on the qualification of the relevant Investor as an institutional investor. If it appears at any time that a holder of I Shares is not an institutional investor, the Directors will instruct the Management Company to propose that the said holder convert their Shares into a Share Class within the relevant Fund which is not restricted to institutional investors (provided that there exists such a Share Class with similar characteristics). In the event that the Shareholder refuses such switching, the Directors will, at their discretion, instruct the Management Company to redeem the relevant Shares in accordance with the provisions under "Redemption and Switching of Shares".

As I Shares are, inter alia, designed to accommodate an alternative charging structure whereby the Investor is a client of Schroders and is charged management fees directly by Schroders, no management fees will be payable in respect of I Shares out of the net assets of the relevant Fund. I Shares will bear their pro-rata share of the fees payable to the Custodian and the Management Company, as well as of other charges and expenses.

IZ Shares

IZ Shares will only be available, with prior agreement of the Management Company, to institutional investors, within the meaning of Article 174 of the Law and as may be defined from time to time by the guidelines or recommendations issued by the CSSF.

The minimum subscription amount for IZ Shares is EUR 100,000,000 or USD 100,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for IZ Shares is EUR 20,000,000 or USD 20,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for IZ Shares is EUR 100,000,000 or USD 100,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on IZ Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

The Company will not issue, or effect any switching of, IZ Shares to any Investor who may not be considered an institutional investor. The Directors may, at their discretion, delay the acceptance of any subscription for IZ Shares restricted to institutional investors until such date as the Management Company has received sufficient evidence on the qualification of the relevant Investor as an institutional investor. If it appears at any time that a holder of IZ Shares is not an institutional investor, the Directors will instruct the Management Company to propose that the said holder convert their Shares into a Share Class within the relevant Fund which is not restricted to institutional investors (provided that there exists such a Share Class with similar characteristics). In the event that the Shareholder refuses such switching, the Directors will, at their discretion, instruct the Management Company to redeem the relevant Shares in accordance with the provisions under "Redemption and Switching of Shares".

J Shares

J Shares will only be offered to, and can only be acquired by Japanese Fund of Funds, which are institutional investors within the meaning of Article 174 of the Law and as may be defined from time to time by the guidelines or recommendations issued by the CSSF. "Japanese Fund of Funds" means an investment trust or investment corporation that is established under the Law Concerning Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (Law No. 198 of 1951, as amended) of Japan (an "investment trust") the purpose of which is to invest its assets only in beneficial interests in other investment trusts or shares of investment corporations or collective investment schemes similar thereto established under the laws of any country other than Japan.

The Company will not issue any J Shares to any Investor who is not a Japanese Fund of Funds or permit any J Share to be switched to share(s) of any other Share Class of the Company. The Directors may, at their discretion, refuse to accept any application for subscription for J Shares until and unless the Management Company notifies the Directors that it is satisfied that the applicant for subscription is a Japanese Fund of Funds.

The minimum subscription amount for J Shares is USD 5,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for J Shares is USD 2,500,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for J Shares is USD 5,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on J Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

X Shares

X Shares will only be available, with prior agreement of the Management Company, to institutional investors, as within the meaning of Article 174 of the Law and may be defined from time to time by the guidelines or recommendations issued by the CSSF.

The Company will not issue, or effect any switching of, X Shares to any Investor who may not be considered an institutional investor. The Directors of the Company may, at their discretion, delay the acceptance of any subscription for X Shares restricted to institutional investors until such date as the Management Company has received sufficient evidence on the qualification of the relevant Investor as an institutional investor. If it appears at any time that a holder of X Shares is not an institutional investor, the Directors will instruct the Management Company to propose that the said holder convert their Shares into a Share Class within the relevant Fund which is not restricted to institutional investors (provided that there exists such a Share Class with similar characteristics). In the event that the Shareholder refuses such switching, the Directors will, at their discretion, instruct the Management Company to redeem the relevant Shares in accordance with the provisions under "Redemption and Switching of Shares". No initial charge will be payable by an Investor on the acquisition of X Shares of any Fund.

The minimum subscription amount for X Shares is EUR 25,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for X Shares is EUR 12,500,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for X Shares is EUR 25,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on X Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

Z Shares

With the prior agreement of the Management Company Z shares may be offered in certain limited circumstances (i) for distribution in certain countries and through certain Distributors and/or (ii) to professional investors.

The minimum subscription amount for Z Shares is EUR 100,000,000 or USD 100,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum additional subscription amount for Z Shares is EUR 20,000,000 or USD 20,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

The minimum holding amount for Z Shares is EUR 100,000,000 or USD 100,000,000 or their near equivalent in any other freely convertible currency.

These minima on Z Shares may be waived at the Directors' discretion from time to time.

Section 2

2. Share Dealing

Each Investor will be given a personal account number which, along with any relevant transaction number, should be quoted on any payment by bank transfer. Any relevant transaction number and the personal account number should be used in all correspondence with the Management Company or any Distributor.

Different subscription procedures may apply if applications for Shares are made through Distributors.

All applications to subscribe for Shares shall be dealt with on an unknown Net Asset Value basis before the determination of the Net Asset Value per Share for that Dealing Day.

2.1 Subscription for Shares

How to subscribe

Investors subscribing for Shares for the first time should complete an application form and send it with applicable identification documents by post to the Management Company. Application forms may be accepted by facsimile transmission or other means approved by the Management Company, provided that the original is immediately forwarded by post. If completed application forms and cleared funds are received by the Management Company for any Dealing Day before 13.00, except for Funds QEP Global Value Plus, Global Tactical Asset Allocation, Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds (see below), Shares will normally be issued at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share, as defined under "Calculation of Net Asset Value", determined on the Dealing Day (plus any applicable initial charge). For completed applications received after 13.00, Shares will normally be issued at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share on the immediately following Dealing Day (plus any applicable initial charge).

However, the Directors may permit, if they deem it appropriate, different dealing cut-off times to be determined in justified circumstances, such as distribution to Investors in jurisdictions with a different time zone. Such different dealing cut-off times may either be specifically agreed upon with Distributors or may be published in any supplement to the Prospectus or other marketing document used in the jurisdiction concerned. In such circumstances, the applicable dealing cut-off time applied to Shareholders must always precede the valuation point of the Funds for that Dealing Day.

In respect of the Funds QEP Global Value Plus, Global Tactical Asset Allocation, Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds, application forms and cleared funds must be received before 13.00 in order to be dealt with at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share the following Dealing Day, as defined below under "Calculation of Net Asset Value", determined on the Dealing Day (plus any applicable initial charge). Application forms and cleared funds for Shares received after 13.00 will be dealt with on the second following Dealing Day.

Subsequent subscriptions for Shares do not require completion of an additional application form. However, Investors shall provide written instructions as agreed with the Management Company to ensure smooth processing of subsequent subscriptions. Instructions may also be made by letter, facsimile transmission, in each case duly signed, or such other means approved by the Management Company.

Confirmations of transactions will normally be dispatched on the Business Day following the execution of subscription instructions. Shareholders should promptly check these confirmations to ensure that they are correct in every detail. Investors are advised to refer to the terms and conditions on the application form to inform themselves fully of the terms and conditions to which they are subscribing.

How to pay

Payment should be made by electronic bank transfer net of all bank charges (i.e. at the Investor's expense). Further settlement details are available on the application form.

Shares are normally issued once settlement in cleared funds is received. In the case of applications from approved financial intermediaries or other investors authorised by the Management Company, the issue of Shares is conditional upon the receipt of settlement within a previously agreed period not exceeding three Business Days from the relevant Dealing Day (four Business Days for Funds Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds). Any non-Dealing Days for a Fund falling within the settlement period are excluded from the calculation of the settlement date. If, on the settlement date, banks are not open for business in the country of the currency of settlement, then settlement will be on the next Business Day on which those banks are open. Payment should arrive in the appropriate bank account, as specified in the settlement instructions, at the latest by 17.00 on the settlement date. Payments received after this time may be considered to have settled on the next Business Day on which the bank is open. If timely settlement is not made, an application may lapse and be cancelled at the cost of the applicant or his/ her financial intermediary. Failure to make good settlement by the settlement date may result in the Company bringing an action against the defaulting Investor or his/her financial intermediary or deducting any costs or losses incurred by the Company or Management Company against any existing holding of the applicant in the Company. In all cases, any confirmation of transaction and any money returnable to the Investor will be held by the Management Company without payment of interest pending receipt of the remittance.

Payments in cash will not be accepted. Third party payments will only be accepted at the Management Company's discretion.

Payment should normally be made in the currency of the relevant Share Class. However, a currency exchange service for subscriptions is provided by the Management Company on behalf of, and at the cost and risk of, the Investor. Further information is available from the Management Company or any of the Distributors on request.

Price Information

The Net Asset Value per Share of one or more Share Classes is published daily in such newspapers or other electronic services as determined from time to time by the Directors. It may be made available on the Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. Internet site www.schroders.lu, and is available from the registered office of the Company. Neither the Company nor the Distributors accept responsibility for any error in publication or for non-publication of the Net Asset Value per Share.

Types of Shares

Shares are issued only in registered form. Registered Shares are in non-certificated form. Fractional entitlements to registered Shares will be rounded to two decimal places. Shares may also be held and transferred through accounts maintained with clearing systems. For any physical bearer Share certificates in issue at the date of this Prospectus it should be noted that there may be a time delay in the issuing of any replacement physical bearer certificates and that the Management Company reserves the right to charge the Investor up to a maximum of EUR 100 per delivery for the cost of printing and handling such certificates. For the avoidance of any doubt the Company will not issue new bearer Shares.

General

Instructions to subscribe, once given, are irrevocable, except in the case of a suspension or deferral of dealing. The Management Company and/or the Company in their absolute discretion reserve the right to reject any application in whole or in part. If an application is rejected, any subscription money received will be refunded at the cost and risk of the applicant without interest. Prospective applicants should inform themselves as to the relevant legal, tax and exchange control regulations in force in the countries of their respective citizenship, residence or domicile.

The Management Company may have agreements with certain Distributors pursuant to which they agree to act as or appoint nominees for Investors subscribing for Shares through their facilities. In such capacity, the Distributor may effect subscriptions, switches and redemptions of Shares in nominee name on behalf of individual Investors and request the registration of such operations on the register of Shareholders of the Company in nominee name. The Distributor or nominee maintains its own records and provides the Investor with individualised information as to its holdings of Shares. Except where local law or custom proscribes the practice, Investors may invest directly in the Company and not avail themselves of a nominee service. Unless otherwise provided by local law, any Shareholder holding Shares in a nominee account with a Distributor has the right to claim, at any time, direct title to such Shares.

The Management Company draws however the Investors' attention to the fact that any Investor will only be able to fully exercise his Shareholder rights directly against the Company, if the Investor is registered himself and his own name in the Shareholders' register. In cases where an Investor invests in the Company through a Distributor or a nominee investing into the Company in his own name but on behalf of the Investor, it may not always be possible for the Investor to exercise certain Shareholder rights directly against the Company. Investors are advised to take advice on their rights.

Subscriptions in Kind

The Board of Directors may from time to time accept subscriptions for Shares against contribution in kind of securities or other assets which could be acquired by the relevant Fund pursuant to its investment policy and restrictions. Any such subscriptions in kind will

Different settlement procedures may apply if applications for Shares are made through Distributors. be made at the Net Asset Value of the assets contributed calculated in accordance with the rules set out in Section 2.4 hereafter and will be the subject of an independent auditor's report drawn up in accordance with the requirements of Luxembourg law and will be at the subscriber's expense.

Should the Company not receive good title on the assets contributed this may result in the Company bringing an action against the defaulting Investor or his/her financial intermediary or deducting any costs or losses incurred by the Company or Management Company against any existing holding of the applicant in the Company.

Anti Money Laundering Procedures

Pursuant to international norms, Luxembourg laws and regulations (comprising but not limited to the law of 12 November 2004 relating to the fight against money laundering and terrorism financing, as amended) obligations have been imposed on the Company to prevent money laundering and terrorism financing.

As a result of such provisions, the Company requires the Management Company to verify the identity of the Company's customers and perform ongoing due diligence on them in accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations. To fulfil this requirement, the Management Company may request any information and supporting documentation it deems necessary, including information about beneficial ownership, source of funds and origin of wealth. In any case, the Management Company may require, at any time, additional documentation to comply with applicable legal and regulatory requirements. In case of delay or failure by a customer to provide the documents required, an application for subscription or, if applicable, for redemption or any other transaction may not be accepted. Neither the Company nor the Management Company have any liability for delays or failure to process deals as a result of the customer providing no or only incomplete information and/or documentation.

Statement for the purposes of the UK Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009

In accordance with the requirements laid out in Chapter 6 of the UK Offshore Funds (Tax) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009/3001) the Directors hereby state that:

Equivalence Condition

The Company complies with the requirements of the UCITS IV Directive.

Genuine Diversity of Ownership Condition

Shares in the Company are widely available to all investors who meet the broad requirements for investment in any given Share Class, and are not intended to be limited to particular investors or narrowly-defined groups of investor. Please refer to Section 1.3 for details of the minimum levels of investment and/or investor categories that are specified as eligible to acquire particular Share Classes.

Provided that a person meets the broad requirements for investment in any given Share Class, he/she may obtain information on and acquire the relevant Shares in the Company, subject to the paragraphs immediately following.

Investment Restrictions applying to US Investors

The Company has not been and will not be registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940 as amended (the "Investment Company Act"). The Shares of the Company have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 as amended (the "Securities Act") or under the securities laws of any state of the US and such Shares may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred only in compliance with the 1933 Securities Act and such state or other securities laws. The Shares of the Company may not be offered or sold within the US or to or for the account, directly or indirectly, of any US Person or any non-US Person if any US Person is a direct or indirect beneficiary. For these purposes, US Person is as defined in Rule 902 of Regulation S under the Securities Act or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

Rule 902 of Regulation S under the Securities Act defines US Person to include inter alia any natural person resident of the United States and with regards to Investors other than individuals, (i) a corporation or partnership organised or incorporated under the laws of the US or any state thereof; (ii) a trust: (a) of which any trustee is a US Person except if

such trustee is a professional fiduciary and a co-trustee who is not a US Person has sole or shared investment discretion with regard to trust assets and no beneficiary of the trust (and no settlor if the trust is revocable) is a US Person or (b) where a court is able to exercise primary jurisdiction over the trust and one or more US fiduciaries have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust and (iii) an estate (a) which is subject to US tax on its worldwide income from all sources; or (b) for which any US Person is executor or administrator except if an executor or administrator of the estate who is not a US Person has sole or shared investment discretion with regard to the assets of the estate and the estate is governed by foreign law.

The term "US Person" also means any entity organised principally for passive investment (such as a commodity pool, investment company or other similar entity) that was formed: (a) for the purpose of facilitating investment by a US Person in a commodity pool with respect to which the operator is exempt from certain requirements of Part 4 of the regulations promulgated by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission by virtue of its participants being non- US Persons or (b) by US Persons principally for the purpose of investing in securities not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, unless it is formed and owned by "accredited investors" (as defined in Rule 501 (a) under the Securities Act of 1933) who are not natural persons, estates or trusts.

Pursuant to the Code, the term US Person means (i) a citizen or resident of the US, (ii) a partnership organized under the laws of the US or any political subdivision thereof, (iii) a corporation or other entity treated as a corporation for US federal income tax purposes organized under the laws of the US or any political subdivision thereof, (iv) an estate the income of which is subject to US federal income tax without regard to its source or (v) a trust, if, either (a) a court within the US is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more US persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust, or (b) the trust was in existence on August 20, 1996 and properly elected to be treated as a US person.

If you are in any doubt as to your status, you should consult your financial or other professional adviser.

Investment Restrictions applying to Canadian Investors

The Shares of the Company will not be publicly offered in Canada. Any offering of Shares of the Company in Canada will be made only by way of private placement: (i) pursuant to a Canadian offering memorandum containing certain prescribed disclosure, (ii) on a basis which is exempt from the requirement that the Company prepare and file a prospectus with the relevant Canadian securities regulatory authorities and pursuant to applicable requirements in the relevant Canadian jurisdictions, and (iii) to persons or entities that are "accredited investors" (as such term is defined in National Instrument 45-106 Prospectus and Registration Exemptions) and, if required, "permitted clients" (as such term is defined in National Instrument 31-103 Registration Requirements, Exemptions and Ongoing Registrant Obligations).

The Management Company is not registered in any capacity in any jurisdiction in Canada and may rely on one or more exemptions from various registration requirements in certain Canadian jurisdictions. In addition to being an "accredited investor", a Canadian-resident Investor may also be required to be a "permitted client". If a Canadian-resident Investor, or an Investor that has become a Canadian-resident after purchasing Shares of the Company, is required to be a "permitted client" and does not qualify, or no longer qualifies, as a "permitted client", the Investor will not be able to purchase any additional Shares of the Company and may be required to redeem its outstanding Shares.

2.2 Redemption and Switching of Shares

Redemption Procedure

Redemption instructions accepted by the Management Company for any Dealing Day before 13.00, except for the Funds QEP Global Value Plus, Global Tactical Asset Allocation, Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds (see below), or such other time at the Directors' discretion, will normally be executed at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share, as defined under "Calculation of Net Asset Value", calculated on the Dealing Day (less any applicable redemption charge). Instructions accepted by the Management Company after 13.00 will normally be executed on the following Dealing Day. In respect of the Funds QEP Global Value Plus, Global Tactical Asset Allocation, Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds, redemption requests must be received before 13.00 in order to be dealt with at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share the following Dealing Day. Redemption requests received after 13.00 will be dealt with on the second following Dealing Day.

In cases where dealing is suspended in a Fund from which a redemption has been requested, the processing of the redemption will be held over until the next Dealing Day where dealing is no longer suspended. Redemption instructions can only be executed when any previously related transaction has been completed.

Instructions to redeem Shares may be given to the Management Company by completing the form requesting redemption of Shares or by letter, facsimile transmission or other means approved by the Management Company where the account reference and full details of the redemption must be provided. All instructions must be signed by the registered Shareholders, except where sole signatory authority has been chosen in the case of a joint account holding or where a representative has been appointed following receipt of a completed power of attorney.

Instructions for the redemption of physical bearer Shares must be accompanied by the appropriate certificate and all relevant coupons, including details of the number of Shares to be redeemed and full settlement details. For the avoidance of any doubt the Company will not issue new bearer Shares.

Redemption Proceeds

Redemption proceeds are normally paid by bank transfer or electronic transfer, within three Business Days from the relevant Dealing Day (four Business Days for the Funds Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds) and will be instructed to be made at no cost to the Shareholder, provided the Management Company is in receipt of all documents required. Any non-Dealing Days for a Fund falling within the settlement period are excluded from the calculation of the settlement date. If, on the settlement date, banks are not open for business in the country of the currency of settlement, then settlement will be on the next Business Day on which those banks are open. The Company or Management Company are not responsible for any delays or charges incurred at any receiving bank or settlement system, nor are they responsible for delays in settlement which may occur due to the timeline for local proceeds will normally be paid in the currency of the relevant Share Class. On request, redemption proceeds paid by bank transfer may be paid in most other currencies on behalf of, at the cost and risk of, the Shareholder.

If, in exceptional circumstances and for whatever reason, redemption proceeds cannot be paid within three Business Days from the relevant Dealing Day (four Business Days for the Funds Asian Diversified Growth, Global Conservative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds), for example when the liquidity of the relevant Fund does not permit, then payment will be made as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter (not exceeding, however, thirty Business Days) at the Net Asset Value per Share calculated on the relevant Dealing Day.

Redemptions in Kind

The Directors may from time to time permit redemptions in kind. Any such redemption in kind will be valued in accordance with the requirements of Luxembourg law. In case of a redemption in kind, Shareholders will have to bear costs incurred by the redemption in kind (mainly costs resulting from drawing-up of the independent auditor's report) unless the Company considers that the redemption in kind is in its own interest or made to protect its own interests. Requests for redemptions in kind may only be accepted if the total Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed in a Fund is at least EUR 10,000,000 or an equivalent amount in another currency, unless otherwise determined from time to time by the Directors.

Switching Procedure

A switch transaction is a transaction by which the holding of a Shareholder into a Share Class (the "Original Class") is converted into another Share Class (the "New Class") either within the same Fund or in different Funds within the Company.

Different settlement procedures may apply if instructions to redeem Shares are communicated via Distributors. Acceptance by the Management Company of switching instructions will be subject to the availability of the New Class and to the compliance with any eligibility requirements and/or other specific conditions attached to the New Class (such as minimum subscription and holding amounts). The switching procedure is processed as a redemption from the Original Class followed by a subscription into the New Class.

If the Original and New Classes involved in a switch transaction have the dealing cut-off time at 13.00 and the same Dealing Days, switching instructions accepted by the Management Company before 13.00, or such other time at the Directors' discretion, will normally be executed on the Dealing Day associated with the receipt of the instruction and will normally be executed based on the relevant Net Asset Values per Share of both Share Classes calculated for that Dealing Day (less any applicable switching charge).

In respect of the Funds QEP Global Value Plus, Global Tactical Asset Allocation, Asian Diversified Growth, Global Concervative, Global Diversified Growth, Global Dynamic Balanced, Japan DGF and the Multi Manager Funds, switching instructions must be received before 13.00 in order to be dealt with at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share the following Dealing Day. Switching instructions received after 13.00 will be dealt with on the second following Dealing Day. Similarly if switching is requested into those Funds, the prior notice will be taken into account for the processing of the Share Class subscription.

However, if the settlement period in the New Class is shorter than that of the Original Class and/or if the Original and New Classes are subject to different Dealing Days or dealing cut-off times, the following rules will apply:

- (A) the redemption will be dealt with on the Dealing Day relating to the receipt of the switching instruction with the Net Asset Value per Share of the Original Class calculated for that Dealing Day, and
- (B) the subscription will be executed at the next earliest Dealing Day applicable for the New Class with the Net Asset Value per Share of the New Class calculated for that Dealing Day, and
- (C) the subscription may be further deferred to a later Dealing Day so that the settlement date for the subscription will always match or follow the settlement date for the redemption (if possible both settlement periods will be matched), and
- (D) where the redemption is settled before the subscription, the redemption proceeds will remain on the Company's collection account and interest accrued will be for the benefit of the Company.

In cases where dealing is suspended in a Fund from or to which a switch has been requested, the processing of the switch will be held over until the next Dealing Day where dealings are no longer suspended. The switching procedures described above will continue to apply.

Instructions to switch Shares may be given to the Management Company by completing the switch form or by letter, facsimile transmission or other means approved by the Management Company where the account reference and the number of Shares to be switched between named Share Classes and Funds must be provided. All instructions must be signed by the registered Shareholders, except where sole signatory authority has been chosen in the case of a joint account holding or where a representative has been appointed following receipt of a completed power of attorney.

Instructions to switch Shares between Share Classes denominated in different currencies will be accepted. A currency exchange service for such switches is provided by the Management Company on behalf of, and at the cost and risk of, the Shareholder. Further information is available from the Management Company or any of the Distributors on request.

Instructions for the switch of physical bearer Shares must be accompanied by the appropriate certificate and all relevant coupons, including details of the Share Class and number of Shares to be switched and full settlement details. For the avoidance of any doubt the Company will not issue new bearer Shares.

The Directors may, at their discretion, allow certain selected Distributors to make a charge for switching which shall not exceed 1% of the value of the Share being requested to be switched.

The same principles may apply if Investors instruct switches between Investment Funds belonging to different legal structures within Schroders' fund ranges.

Shareholders should seek advice from their local tax advisers to be informed on the local tax consequences of such transactions.

General

The value of Shares held by any Shareholder in any one Share Class after any switch or redemption should generally exceed the minimum investment set forth under 1.3 "Share Classes" for each Share Class.

Unless waived by the Management Company, if, as a result of any switch or redemption request, the amount invested by any Shareholder in a Share Class in any one Fund falls below the minimum holding for that Share Class, it will be treated as an instruction to redeem or switch, as appropriate, the Shareholder's total holding in the relevant Share Class.

The Directors may permit, if they deem it appropriate, different dealing cut-off times to be determined in justified circumstances, such as distribution to Investors in jurisdictions with a different time zone. Such different dealing cut-off times may either be specifically agreed upon with Distributors or may be published in any supplement to the Prospectus or other marketing document used in the jurisdiction concerned. In such circumstances, the applicable dealing cut-off time applied to Shareholders must always precede the dealing cut-off time referred to in this Prospectus.

Confirmations of transactions will normally be dispatched by the Management Company on the next Business Day after Shares are switched or redeemed. Shareholders should promptly check these confirmations to ensure that they are correct in every detail.

Switching or redemption requests will be considered binding and irrevocable by the Management Company and will, at the discretion of the Management Company, only be executed where the relevant Shares have been duly issued.

2.3 Restrictions on Subscriptions and Switches into certain Funds or Classes

A Fund or Share Class may be closed to new subscriptions or switches in (but not to redemptions or switches out) if, in the opinion of the Management Company, the closure is necessary to protect the interests of existing Shareholders. Without limiting the circumstances where the closure may be appropriate, the circumstances would be where the Fund or a Share Class has reached a size such that the capacity of the market has been reached or that it becomes difficult to manage in an optimal manner, and/or where to permit further inflows would be detrimental to the performance of the Fund or the Share Class. Notwithstanding the above, the Management Company may, at its discretion, allow the continuation of subscriptions from regular savings schemes on the basis that these types of flows present no challenge with respect to capacity. Once closed, a Fund, or Share Class, will not be re-opened until, in the opinion of the Management Company, the circumstances which required closure no longer prevail.

2.4 Calculation of Net Asset Value

Calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share

- (A) The Net Asset Value per Share of each Share Class will be calculated on each Dealing Day in the currency of the relevant Share Class. It will be calculated by dividing the Net Asset Value attributable to each Share Class, being the proportionate value of its assets less its liabilities, by the number of Shares of such Share Class then in issue. The resulting sum shall be rounded to the nearest two decimal places.
- (B) The Directors reserve the right to allow the Net Asset Value per Share of each Share Class to be calculated more frequently than once daily or to otherwise alter dealing arrangements on a permanent or a temporary basis, for example, where the Directors consider that a material change to the market value of the investments in one or more Funds so demands. The Prospectus will be amended, following any such permanent alteration, and Shareholders will be informed accordingly.

Different redemption and switching procedures may apply if instructions to switch or redeem Shares are communicated via Distributors.

All instructions to redeem or switch Shares shall be dealt with on an unknown Net Asset Value basis before the determination of the Net Asset Value per Share for that Dealing Day.

Instructions to make payments to third parties will only be accepted at the Management Company's discretion.

- (C) In valuing total assets, the following rules will apply:
 - (1) The value of any cash in hand or on deposit, bills and demand notes and accounts receivable, prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued as aforesaid and not yet received shall be deemed to be the full amount thereof, unless in any case the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full, in which case the value thereof shall be arrived at after making such discount as the Company may consider appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof.
 - (2) The value of such securities, financial derivative instruments and assets will be determined on the basis of the last available price on the stock exchange or any other Regulated Market on which these securities or assets are traded or admitted for trading. Where such securities or other assets are quoted or dealt in one or by more than one stock exchange or any other Regulated Market, the Directors shall make regulations for the order of priority in which stock exchanges or other Regulated Markets shall be used for the provisions of prices of securities or assets.
 - (3) If a security is not traded or admitted on any official stock exchange or any Regulated Market, or in the case of securities so traded or admitted the last available price of which does not reflect their true value, the Directors are required to proceed on the basis of their expected sales price, which shall be valued with prudence and in good faith.
 - (4) The financial derivative instruments which are not listed on any official stock exchange or traded on any other organised market are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative. The reference to fair value shall be understood as a reference to the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability be settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The reference to a valuation, which does not rely only on market quotations of the counterparty and which fulfils the following criteria:
 - (I) The basis of the valuation is either a reliable up-to-market value of the instrument, or, if such value is not available, pricing model using an adequately recognised methodology.
 - (II) Verification of the valuation is carried out by one of the following:
 - (a) an appropriate third party which is independent from the counterparty of the OTC derivative, at an adequate frequency and in such a way that the Company is able to check it
 - (b) a unit within the Company which is independent from the department in charge of managing the assets and which is adequately equipped for such purpose.
 - (5) Units or shares in UCIs shall be valued on the basis of their last available Net Asset Value as reported by such undertakings.
 - (6) Liquid assets and money market instruments held within the Liquidity Funds will usually be valued on an amortised cost basis.
 - (7) If any of the aforesaid valuation principles do not reflect the valuation method commonly used in specific markets or if any such valuation principles do not seem accurate for the purpose of determining the value of the Company's assets, the Directors may fix different valuation principles in good faith and in accordance with generally accepted valuation principles and procedures.
 - (8) Any assets or liabilities in currencies other than the Fund Currency (as defined in Appendix III) will be converted using the relevant spot rate quoted by a bank or other recognised financial institution.
- (D) If on any Dealing Day the aggregate transactions in Shares of a Fund result in a net increase or decrease of Shares which exceeds a threshold set by the Directors from time to time for that Fund (relating to the cost of market dealing for that Fund), the Net Asset Value of the Fund will be adjusted by an amount (not exceeding 2% of that Net Asset Value) which reflects both the estimated fiscal charges and dealing costs that may be incurred by the Fund and the estimated bid/offer spread of the assets in which the Fund invests. The adjustment will be an addition when the net movement results in an increase of all Shares of the Fund and a deduction when it results in a decrease. Please see "Dilution" and "Dilution Adjustment" below for more details.

Dilution

The Funds are single priced and may suffer a reduction in value as a result of the transaction costs incurred in the purchase and sale of their underlying investments and the spread between the buying and selling prices of such investments caused by subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund. This is known as "dilution". In order to counter this and to protect Shareholders' interests, the Management Company will apply "swing pricing" as part of its daily valuation policy. This will mean that in certain circumstances the Management Company will make adjustments in the calculations of the Net Asset Values per Share, to counter the impact of dealing and other costs on occasions when these are deemed to be significant.

Dilution Adjustment

In the usual course of business the application of a dilution adjustment will be triggered mechanically and on a consistent basis.

The need to make a dilution adjustment will depend upon the net value of subscriptions, switches and redemptions received by a Fund for each Dealing Day. The Management Company therefore reserves the right to make a dilution adjustment where a Fund experiences a net cash movement which exceeds a threshold set by the Directors from time to time of the previous Dealing Day's total Net Asset Value.

The Management Company may also make a discretionary dilution adjustment if, in its opinion, it is in the interest of existing Shareholders to do so.

Where a dilution adjustment is made, it will increase the Net Asset Value per Share when there are net inflows into the Fund and decrease the Net Asset Value per Share when there are net outflows. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Share Class in the Fund will be calculated separately but any dilution adjustment will, in percentage terms, affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Share Class identically.

As dilution is related to the inflows and outflows of money from the Fund it is not possible to accurately predict whether dilution will occur at any future point in time. Consequently it is also not possible to accurately predict how frequently the Management Company will need to make such dilution adjustments.

Because the dilution adjustment for each Fund will be calculated by reference to the costs of dealing in the underlying investments of that Fund, including any dealing spreads, which can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the dilution adjustment can vary over time but will not exceed 2% of the relevant Net Asset Value.

The Directors are authorised to apply other appropriate valuation principles for the assets of the Funds and/or the assets of a given Share Class if the aforesaid valuation methods appear impossible or inappropriate due to extraordinary circumstances or events.

2.5 Suspensions or Deferrals

- (A) The Company reserves the right not to accept instructions to redeem or switch on any one Dealing Day more than 10% of the total value of Shares in issue of any Fund. In these circumstances, the Directors may declare that the redemption of part or all Shares in excess of 10% for which a redemption or switch has been requested will be deferred until the next Dealing Day and will be valued at the Net Asset Value per Share prevailing on that Dealing Day. On such Dealing Day, deferred requests will be dealt with in priority to later requests and in the order that requests were initially received by the Management Company.
- (B) The Company reserves the right to extend the period of payment of redemption proceeds to such period, not exceeding thirty Business Days, as shall be necessary to repatriate proceeds of the sale of investments in the event of impediments due to exchange control regulations or similar constraints in the markets in which a substantial part of the assets of a Fund are invested or in exceptional circumstances where the liquidity of a Fund is not sufficient to meet the redemption requests.
- (C) The Company may suspend or defer the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share of any Share Class in any Fund and the issue and redemption of any Shares

in such Fund, as well as the right to switch Shares of any Share Class in any Fund into Shares of the same Share Class of the same Fund or any other Fund:

- (1) during any period when any of the principal stock exchanges or any other Regulated Market on which any substantial portion of the Company's investments of the relevant Share Class for the time being are quoted, is closed, or during which dealings are restricted or suspended; or
- (2) during any period when the determination of the net asset value per share of and/or the redemptions in the underlying Investment Funds representing a material part of the assets of the relevant Fund is suspended; or
- (3) during the existence of any state of affairs which constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposal or valuation of investments of the relevant Fund by the Company is impracticable; or
- (4) during any breakdown in the means of communication normally employed in determining the price or value of any of the Company's investments or the current prices or values on any market or stock exchange; or
- (5) during any period when the Company is unable to repatriate funds for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of such Shares or during which any transfer of funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due on redemption of such Shares cannot in the opinion of the Directors be effected at normal rates of exchange; or
- (6) if the Company or a Fund is being or may be wound-up on or following the date on which notice is given of the meeting of Shareholders at which a resolution to wind up the Company or the Fund is proposed; or
- (7) if the Directors have determined that there has been a material change in the valuations of a substantial proportion of the investments of the Company attributable to a particular Share Class in the preparation or use of a valuation or the carrying out of a later or subsequent valuation; or
- (8) during any other circumstance or circumstances where a failure to do so might result in the Company or its Shareholders incurring any liability to taxation or suffering other pecuniary disadvantages or other detriment.
- (D) The suspension of the calculation of the Net Asset Value per Share of any Fund or Share Class shall not affect the valuation of other Funds or Share Classes, unless these Funds or Share Classes are also affected.
- (E) During a period of suspension or deferral, a Shareholder may withdraw his request in respect of any Shares not redeemed or switched, by notice in writing received by the Management Company before the end of such period.

Shareholders will be informed of any suspension or deferral as appropriate.

2.6 Market Timing and Frequent Trading Policy

The Company does not knowingly allow dealing activity which is associated with market timing or frequent trading practices, as such practices may adversely affect the interests of all Shareholders.

For the purposes of this section, market timing is held to mean subscriptions into, switches between or redemptions from the various Share Classes (whether such acts are performed singly or severally at any time by one or several persons) that seek or could reasonably be considered to appear to seek profits through arbitrage or market timing opportunities. Frequent trading is held to mean subscriptions into, switches between or redemptions from the various Share Classes (whether such acts are performed singly or severally at any time by one or several persons) that by virtue of their frequency or size cause any Fund's operational expenses to increase to an extent that could reasonably be considered detrimental to the interests of the Fund's other Shareholders.

Accordingly, the Directors may, whenever they deem it appropriate, cause the Management Company to implement either one, or both, of the following measures:

 The Management Company may combine Shares which are under common ownership or control for the purposes of ascertaining whether an individual or a group of individuals can be deemed to be involved in market timing practices. Accordingly, the Directors reserve the right to cause the Management Company to reject any application for switching and/or subscription of Shares from Investors whom the former considers market timers or frequent traders. If a Fund is primarily invested in markets which are closed for business at the time the Fund is valued, the Directors may, during periods of market volatility, and by derogation from the provisions above, under "Calculation of Net Asset Value", cause the Management Company to allow for the Net Asset Value per Share to be adjusted to reflect more accurately the fair value of the Fund's investments at the point of valuation.

In practice, the securities of Funds investing in non-European markets are usually valued on the basis of the last available price at the time when the Net Asset Value per Share is calculated. The time difference between the close of the markets in which a Fund invests and the point of valuation can be significant. For example, in the case of US traded securities the last available price may be as much as 17 hours old. Developments that could affect the value of these securities, which occur between the close of the markets and the point of valuation, will not, therefore, normally be reflected in the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Fund.

As a result, where the Directors believe that a significant event has occurred between the close of the markets in which a Fund invests and the point of valuation, and that such event will materially affect the value of that Fund's portfolio, they may cause the Management Company to adjust the Net Asset Value per Share so as to reflect what is believed to be the fair value of the portfolio as at the point of valuation.

The level of adjustment will be based upon the movement in a chosen surrogate up until the point of valuation, provided that such movement exceeds the threshold as determined by the Directors for the relevant Fund. The surrogate will usually be in the form of a futures index, but might also be a basket of securities, which the Directors believe is strongly correlated to, and representative of, the performance of the Fund.

Where an adjustment is made as per the foregoing, it will be applied consistently to all Share Classes in the same Fund.

As at the date of issue of this Prospectus, it is intended that the measure described above, known as fair value pricing, only be applied to those Funds which have a significant exposure to securities traded on the US market. The Directors, however, reserve the right to extend the implementation of fair value pricing in respect of other Funds whenever they deem it appropriate.

Section 3

3. General Information

3.1 Administration Details, Charges and Expenses

Directors

Each of the Directors is entitled to remuneration for his services at a rate determined by the Company in the general meeting from time to time. In addition, each Director may be paid reasonable expenses incurred while attending meetings of the Board of Directors or general meetings of the Company. Directors who are also directors/employees of the Management Company and/or any Schroders' company will waive their Directors' remuneration. External Directors will be remunerated for their services, though Jacques Elvinger does not receive any direct remuneration for serving as a Director. However, he is a partner at Elvinger, Hoss & Prussen, the Principal Legal Adviser of the Company, which receives fees in that capacity.

Management Company

The Directors have appointed Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. as its management company to perform investment management, administration and marketing functions as described in Annex II of the Law.

The Management Company has been permitted by the Company to delegate certain administrative, distribution and management functions to specialised service providers. In that context, the Management Company has delegated certain administration functions to J.P. Morgan Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. and may delegate certain marketing functions to entities which form part of the Schroders group. The Management Company has also delegated certain management functions to the Investment Managers as more fully described below.

The Management Company will monitor on a continued basis the activities of the third parties to which it has delegated functions. The agreements entered between the Management Company and the relevant third parties provide that the Management Company can give at any time further instructions to such third parties, and that it can withdraw their mandate with immediate effect if this is in the interest of the Shareholders. The Management Company's liability towards the Company is not affected by the fact that it has delegated certain functions to third parties.

The Management Company is entitled to receive the customary charges for its services as administration agent, coordinator, domiciliary agent, global distributor, principal paying agent and registrar and transfer agent. These fees accrue on each Business Day at an annual rate of up to 0.4% by reference to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund and are paid monthly in arrears. These fees are subject from time to time to review by the Management Company and the Company. The Management Company is also entitled to reimbursement of all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses properly incurred in carrying out its duties.

Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. was incorporated as a "Société Anonyme" in Luxembourg on 23 August 1991 and has an issued and fully paid up share capital of EUR 12,867,092.98. Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. has been authorised as a management company under chapter 15 of the Law and, as such, provides collective portfolio management services to UCIs.

The Management Company is also acting as a management company for three other Luxembourg domiciled Sociétés d'Investissement à Capital Variable: Schroder GAIA, Schroder Special Situations Fund and Schroder Alternative Solutions.

The directors of the Management Company are:

- Markus Ruetimann, Group Head of Operations and Information Technology, Schroder Investment Management Limited
- Noel Fessey, Managing Director, Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
- Gary Janaway, Director of Operations, Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
- Marco Zwick, Head of Compliance for Continental Europe and Middle East, Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.
- Finbarr Browne, Head of Finance, Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

- Paul Duncombe, Head of Multi-Asset Investment Solutions, Schroder Investment Management Limited.
- John Troiano, Global Head of Institutional Business, Schroder Investment Management Limited.

Investment Managers

The Investment Managers may on a discretionary basis acquire and dispose of securities of the Funds for which they have been appointed as investment adviser and manager, subject to and in accordance with instructions received from the Management Company and/or the Company from time to time, and in accordance with stated investment objectives and restrictions. The Investment Managers are entitled to receive as remuneration for their services management fees, as more fully described below. Such fees are calculated and accrued on each Dealing Day (each Business Day in the case of the Fund European Small & Mid-Cap Value) by reference to the Net Asset Values of the Funds and paid monthly in arrears. In the performance of their duties, Investment Managers may seek, at their own expense, advice from investment advisers.

Management Fees (per annum)

Funds	A, AX, B and D	A1 and B1	С
Mainstream Equity Funds	,,		
Asian Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
EURO Equity	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
European Large Cap	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
Global Equity	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
Italian Equity	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
Japanese Equity	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
Swiss Equity	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
UK Equity	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
US Large Cap	1.25%	1.50%	0.75%
Specialist Equity Funds			
Asian Dividend Maximiser	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Asian Equity Yield	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Asian Smaller Companies	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Asia Pacific Property Securities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Asian Total Return	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Brazilian Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
BRIC (Brazil, Russia, India, China)	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
China Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Emerging Asia	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Emerging Europe	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Emerging Markets	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
European Dividend Maximiser	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
European Equity Focus	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
European Equity Yield	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
European Special Situations	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
European Smaller Companies	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
European Total Return	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Frontier Markets Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Climate Change Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Demographic Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Dividend Maximiser	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Emerging Market Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Emerging Markets Income	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Global Emerging Markets Smaller Companies	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%

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Global Energy	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Equity Yield	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Property Securities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Recovery	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Global Resources Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Small Cap Energy	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Smaller Companies	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Total Return	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Greater China	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Hong Kong Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Indian Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Indian Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Japanese Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Japanese Smaller Companies	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Japanese Total Return	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Korean Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Latin American	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Middle East	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Swiss Small & Mid Cap Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Swiss Equity Opportunities	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Taiwanese Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
US Small & Mid-Cap Equity	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
US Smaller Companies	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
US Total Return	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Style Equity Funds			
European Small & Mid-Cap Value	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Alpha Equity Funds			
European Equity Alpha	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Equity Alpha	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Japanese Equity Alpha	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
US Equity Alpha	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Quantitative Equity Funds			
QEP Global Core	N/A	N/A	0.275%
QEP Global Active Value	1.25%	1.50%	1.00%
QEP Global Blend	1.25%	1.50%	1.00%
QEP Global Emerging Markets	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
QEP Global Quality	1.25%	1.50%	1.00%
QEP Global Value Plus	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Asset Allocation Funds			
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Multi-Asset Funds			
Asian Diversified Growth	1.50%	1.50%	1.00%
Global Multi-Asset Income	1.25%	1.25%	0.75%
Global Conservative	(A) 1.00% (D) 0.50%	1.00%	0.50%
Global Diversified Growth	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%
Global Dynamic Balanced	1.25%	1.25%	0.60%
Japan DGF	N/A	N/A	0.75%
Wealth Preservation EUR	1.50%	(A1) 1.50% (B1) 1.00%	0.75%
Wealth Preservation USD	1.50%	1.50%	0.75%

	1.000/	1.000	0.500/
Strategic Beta	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Multi Manager Funds			
Balanced Portfolio	(A) 1.35% (D) 0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Conservative Portfolio	(A) 1.10% (D) 0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Growth Portfolio	(A) 1.60% (D) 1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Absolute Return Funds			
Asian Bond Absolute Return	1.25%	(A1) 1.25% (B1) 1.00%	0.75%
Emerging Markets Debt Absolute Return	1.50%	(A1) 1.50% (B1) 1.00%	0.90%
Mainstream Bond Funds			
EURO Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.50%
EURO Short Term Bond	0.50%	0.50%	0.20%
EURO Government Bond	0.40%	0.40%	0.20%
Global Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.50%
Global Inflation Linked Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.50%
Hong Kong Dollar Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.50%
US Dollar Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.50%
Specialist Bond Funds			
Asian Convertible Bond	1.25%	1.25%	0.75%
Asian High Income	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Asian Local Currency Bond	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
EURO Corporate Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.45%
Emerging Market Bond	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Emerging Market Corporate Bond	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Emerging Market Sovereign Bond 1	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
EURO High Yield	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Global Convertible Bond	1.25%	1.25%	0.75%
Global Corporate Bond	0.75%	0.75%	0.45%
Global Credit Duration Hedged	0.75%	0.75%	0.50%
Global High Income Bond	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Global High Yield	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Global Unconstrained Bond	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
RMB Fixed Income	0.75%	0.75%	0.375%
Strategic Bond	1.00%	1.00%	0.60%
Liquidity Funds			
EURO Liquidity	0.50%	0.50%	0.20%
US Dollar Liquidity	0.20%	0.20%	0.20%
Currency Funds			
Global Managed Currency	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Currency Absolute Return CHF	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Currency Absolute Return EUR	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Currency Absolute Return GBP	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Currency Absolute Return JPY	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Currency Absolute Return RMB	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%
Currency Absolute Return USD	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%

As I and J Shares are, inter alia, designed to accommodate an alternative charging structure whereby the Investor is a client of Schroders and is charged management fees directly by Schroders, no management fees will be payable in respect of I and J Shares out of the net assets of the relevant Fund. I and J Shares will bear their pro-rata share of the fees payable to the Custodian and the Management Company, as well as of other charges and expenses.

In respect of IZ Shares and Z Shares, the management fees will be up to 1.50% per annum.

In respect of X Shares, the management fees will be up to 1.00% per annum.

In certain countries, Investors may be charged with additional amounts in connection with the duties and services of local paying agents, correspondent banks or similar entities.

Regular savings plans may be available in certain countries. If a savings plan is terminated before the agreed final date, the amount of the initial charge paid may be greater than it would have been in the case of a standard subscription. Further details can be obtained from the local distributor.

Redemption charge

The Company may introduce a redemption charge based on the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share Classes of the relevant Fund in favour of the Fund. At the time of this Prospectus, there are no Funds to which such a redemption charge is applicable.

Performance Fees

In consideration of the services provided by the respective Investment Managers in relation to the Funds, the Investment Managers are entitled to receive a performance fee, in addition to management fees. It should also be noted that the performance fee is calculated prior to any dilution adjustments.

The performance fee becomes due in the event of outperformance, that is, if the increase in the Net Asset Value per Share during the relevant performance period exceeds the increase in the relevant benchmark (see below) over the same period, in accordance with the high water mark principle, i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value per Share at the end of any previous performance period (the High Water Mark). The performance period shall normally be each financial year except that where the Net Asset Value per Share as at the end of the financial year is lower than the High Water Mark, the performance period will commence on the date of the High Water Mark. If a performance fee is introduced on a Fund during a financial year, then its first performance period will commence on the date on which such fee is introduced.

The performance fee is set at 15% (except for the Funds Currency Absolute Return CHF, Currency Absolute Return EUR, Currency Absolute Return GBP, Currency Absolute Return JPY, Currency Absolute Return RMB, Currency Absolute Return USD, European Equity Focus and Global Tactical Asset Allocation, which is set at 10%) of the outperformance as defined above.

The performance fee, if applicable, is payable yearly during the month immediately following the end of each financial year. In addition if a Shareholder redeems or switches all or part of their Shares before the end of a performance period, any accrued performance fee with respect to such Shares will crystallise on that Dealing Day and will then become payable to the Investment Manager. The High Water Mark is not reset on those Dealing Days at which performance fees crystallise following the redemption or switch of Shares.

It should be noted that as the Net Asset Value per Share may differ between Share Classes, separate performance fee calculations will be carried out for separate Share Classes within the same Fund, which therefore may become subject to different amounts of performance fee.

A Share Class' performance fee is accrued on each Business Day, on the basis of the difference between the Net Asset Value per Share on the preceding Business Day (before deduction of any provision for the performance fee), and the higher of the Target Net Asset Value per Share (i.e. the hypothetical Net Asset Value per Share assuming a performance based on the benchmark until the preceding Business Day) or the High

Water Mark, multiplied by the average number of Shares in issue over the accounting period.

On each Business Day, the accounting provision made on the immediately preceding Business Day is adjusted to reflect the Share Class performance, positive or negative, calculated as described above. If the Net Asset Value per Share on the Business Day is lower than the Target Net Asset Value per Share or the High Water Mark, the provision made on such Business Day is returned to the relevant Share Class within the relevant Fund. The accounting provision may, however, never be negative. Under no circumstances will the respective Investment Manager pay money into a Fund or to any Shareholder for any underperformance.

At the time of issue of this Prospectus, the relevant Funds and Share Classes in relation to which a performance fee may be introduced are:

Fund		Share Classes
Asian Convertible B	ond	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Currency Absolute I	Return CHF	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Currency Absolute I	Return EUR	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Currency Absolute I	Return GBP	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Currency Absolute I	Return JPY	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Currency Absolute I	Return RMB	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Currency Absolute I	Return USD	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
European Equity Alp	bha	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
European Equity Fo	CUS	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
European Special S	ituations	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Frontier Markets Eq	uity	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Global Small Cap E	nergy	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Global Smaller Com	ipanies	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Global Tactical Asse	et Allocation	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Global Total Return		A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Japanese Equity Al	oha	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Japanese Total Ret	um	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
Swiss Equity Oppor	tunities	A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z
US Total Return		A, AX, A1, B, C, D, E, IZ, X and Z

For the purpose of calculating the outperformance, the relevant benchmark for each Fund will be as follows:

Fund	Benchmark
Asian Convertible Bond	UBS Asia ex Japan
Currency Absolute Return EUR	3 Month EUR London Interbank Bid Rate Act 360 + 3%
Currency Absolute Return CHF	3 Month CHF London Interbank Bid Rate Act 360 + 3%
Currency Absolute Return GBP	3 Month GBP London Interbank Bid Rate Act 360 + 3%
Currency Absolute Return JPY	3 Month JPY London Interbank Bid Rate Act 360 + 3%
Currency Absolute Return RMB	3 Month Shanghai Interbank Offered Rate Fixing +3%
Currency Absolute Return USD	3 Month USD London Interbank Bid Rate Act 360 + 3%
European Equity Alpha	MSCI Europe TR
European Equity Focus	MSCI Europe TR
European Special Situations	MSCI Europe TR
Frontier Markets Equity	MSCI Frontier Markets TR
Global Small Cap Energy	MSCI World Energy TR
Global Smaller Companies	S&P Developed SmallCap Index TR

Fund	Benchmark
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	BBA Libor USD 3 Month Act 360
Global Total Return	MSCI World TR
Japanese Equity Alpha	The TOPIX Index (Tokyo) TR
Japanese Total Return	TOPIX TR
Swiss Equity Opportunities	Swiss Performance Index (SPI)
US Total Return	S&P 500 Index TR

For the avoidance of doubt, the above mentioned benchmarks are solely used for performance fee calculation purposes, and they should therefore under no circumstances be considered as indicative of a specific investment style. In relation to currency hedged Share Classes, currency hedged versions of the above mentioned benchmarks (including currency equivalent cash benchmarks) are used for performance fee calculation purposes.

Marketing of the Shares and terms applying to Distributors

The Management Company shall perform its marketing functions by appointing and, as the case may be, terminating, coordinating among and compensating third party distributors of good repute in the countries where the Shares of the Funds may be distributed or privately placed. Third party distributors shall be compensated for their distribution, shareholder servicing and expenses. Third party distributors may be paid a portion or all of the initial charge, distribution charge, shareholder servicing fee, and management fee.

Distributors may only market the Company's Shares if the Management Company has authorised them to do so.

Distributors shall abide by and enforce all the terms of this Prospectus including, where applicable, the terms of any mandatory provisions of Luxembourg laws and regulations relating to the distribution of the Shares. Distributors shall also abide by the terms of any laws and regulations applicable to them in the country where their activity takes place, including, in particular, any relevant requirements to identify and know their clients.

Distributors must not act in any way that would be damaging or onerous on the Company in particular by submitting the Company to regulatory, fiscal or reporting information it would otherwise not have been subject to. Distributors must not hold themselves out as representing the Company.

Structured Products

Investment in the Shares for the purpose of creating a structured product replicating the performance of the Funds is only permitted after entering into a specific agreement to this effect with the Management Company. In the absence of such an agreement, the Management Company can refuse an investment into the Shares if this is related to a structured product and deemed by the Management Company to potentially conflict with the interest of other Shareholders.

Custodian

J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. has been appointed as Custodian of the Company. J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. was incorporated as a "Société Anonyme" for an unlimited duration on May 16, 1973 and has its registered office at European Bank & Business Centre, 6, route de Trèves, L-2633 Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. On 31 December 2012, its capital reserves amounted to USD 885,407,953. The principal activities of J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A. are custodial and investment administration services.

All cash, securities and other assets constituting the assets of the Company shall be held under the control of the Custodian on behalf of the Company and its Shareholders. The Custodian shall ensure that the issue and redemption of Shares in the Company and the application of the Company's income are carried out in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law and the Articles, and the receipt of funds from transactions in the assets of the Company are received within the usual time limits. The Custodian may receive a fee in relation to these fiduciary services, which is set at a rate of up to 0.005% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Company. The Custodian will receive from the Company such fees and commissions as are in accordance with usual practice in Luxembourg as well as accounting fees covering the Company's accounting. The custody safe keeping services and transaction fees are paid on a monthly basis and calculated and accrued on each Business Day. The percentage rate of the safekeeping fee and the level of transaction fees vary, according to the country in which the relevant activities take place, up to a maximum of 0.5% per annum and USD 150 per transaction respectively.

Fees relating to core fund accounting and valuation services are calculated and accrued on each Business Day at an annual rate of up to 0.02% of the Net Asset Value of a Fund, subject to an annual minimum fee of USD 20,000. Additional fees may be due from each Fund for additional services such as non-standard valuations, additional accounting services, for example performance fee calculations; and for tax reporting services.

Fiduciary fees, custody safekeeping and transaction fees, together with fund accounting and valuation fees, may be subject to review by the Custodian and the Company from time to time. In addition, the Custodian is entitled to any reasonable expenses properly incurred in carrying out its duties.

The amounts paid to the Custodian will be shown in the Company's financial statements.

The Custodian has also been appointed to act as listing agent for the Company in relation to the listing of its Shares on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange and will receive customary fees for the performance of its duties as such.

Cash Trade Execution

JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. is appointed to act as the Company's agent in connection with the placing of the Company's cash into time deposits with a number of permitted counterparties for the purposes of credit risk diversification. The Company has also appointed Schroder Investment Management Limited as its mandate agent to give instructions to JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. on the Company's behalf. JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. is also entitled to receive remuneration out of the assets of the Company.

Other Charges and Expenses

The Company will pay all charges and expenses incurred in the operation of the Company including, without limitation, taxes, expenses for legal and auditing services, brokerage, governmental duties and charges, stock exchange listing expenses and fees due to supervisory authorities in various countries, including the costs incurred in obtaining and maintaining registrations so that the Shares of the Company may be marketed in different countries; expenses incurred in the issue, switch and redemption of Shares and payment of dividends, registration fees, insurance, interest and the costs of computation and publication of Share prices and postage, telephone, facsimile transmission and the use of other electronic communication; costs of printing proxies, statements, Share certificates or confirmations of transactions, Shareholders' reports, prospectuses and supplementary documentation, explanatory brochures and any other periodical information or documentation.

In addition to standard banking and brokerage charges paid by the Company, Schroders' companies providing services to the Company may receive payment for these services. Investment Managers may enter into soft commission arrangements only where there is a direct and identifiable benefit to the clients of the Investment Manager, including the Company, and where the Investment Manager is satisfied that the transactions generating the soft commissions are made in good faith, in strict compliance with applicable regulatory requirements and in the best interests of the Company. Any such arrangements must be made by the Investment Manager on terms commensurate with best market practice.

3.2 Company Information

(A) The Company is an umbrella structured open-ended investment company with limited liability, organised as a "société anonyme" and qualifies as a SICAV under Part I of the Law. The Company was incorporated on 5 December 1968 and its Articles were published in the Mémorial on 16 December 1968. The Articles were last amended on 11 October 2011. The Company is registered under Number B-8202 with the "Registre de Commerce et des Sociétés", where the Articles have been filed and are available for inspection. The Company exists for an indefinite period.

- (B) The minimum capital of the Company required by Luxembourg law is EUR 1,250,000. The share capital of the Company is represented by fully paid Shares of no par value and is at any time equal to its net asset value. Should the capital of the Company fall below two thirds of the minimum capital, an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders must be convened to consider the dissolution of the Company. Any decision to liquidate the Company must be taken by the simple majority of the votes of the Shareholders present or represented at the meeting. Where the share capital falls below one quarter of the minimum capital, the Directors must convene an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders to decide upon the liquidation of the Company. At that meeting, the decision to liquidate the Company may be taken by Shareholders holding together one quarter of the votes cast of the Shares present or represented.
- (C) The following material contracts, not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business, have been entered into:
 - Fund Services Agreement between the Company and Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A., under which the Company appoints Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. as its Management Company,
 - (2) Global Custody Agreement between the Company and J.P. Morgan Bank Luxembourg S.A.

The material contracts listed above may be amended from time to time by agreement between the parties thereto.

Documents of the Company

Copies of the Articles, Prospectus, Key Investor Information Documents and financial reports may be obtained free of charge and upon request, from the registered office of the Company. The material contracts referred to above are available for inspection during normal business hours, at the registered office of the Company.

Historical Performance of the Funds

Past performance information for each Fund in operation for more than one financial year of the Company is carried in that Fund's Key Investor Information Document, which is available from the registered office of the Company and on the Internet at www. schroders.lu. Past performance information is also available in the Fund fact sheets found on the Internet at www.schroders.lu and upon request from the registered office of the Company.

Queries and Complaints

Any person who would like to receive further information regarding the Company or who wishes to make a complaint about the operation of the Company should contact the Compliance Officer, Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A., 5, rue Höhenhof, L-1736 Senningerberg, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg.

3.3 Dividends

Dividend Policy

It is intended that the Company will distribute dividends to holders of Distribution Shares in the form of cash in the relevant Share Class currency.

The Company offers different types of Distribution Share Classes as explained in more detail below. Distribution Share Classes may differ in terms of their distribution frequency and in terms of the basis for calculating the dividend.

Distribution Frequency

Dividends will either be declared as annual dividends by the annual general meeting of Shareholders or may be paid by the Fund more frequently as deemed appropriate by the Directors.

Dividends may be paid out of capital and further reduce the relevant Fund's Net Asset Value. Dividends paid out of capital could be taxed as income in certain iurisdictions.

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Asset Value. Dividends paid out of capital

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iurisdictions.

Dividend Calculation

Distribution Share Classes based on Investment Income Before Expenses

The general policy for Distribution Share Classes is to distribute dividends based on income for the period before deduction of expenses. The Directors will periodically review these Distribution Share Classes and reserve the right to make changes if they deem it is appropriate to declare a lower dividend. The Directors may also determine if and to what extent dividends may include distributions from both realised and unrealised capital gains as well as from capital, within the limits set up by Luxembourg law. Distributions from capital may include a premium when the interest rate of a currency hedged Share Class is higher than the Fund's base currency interest rate. Consequently when the interest rate of a currency interest rate, the dividend may be discounted. The level of premium or discount is determined by differences in interest rates and is not part of the Fund's Investment Objective or Investment Policy.

Distribution Share Classes based on Investment Income After Expenses

The Company may also offer Distribution Share Classes where the dividend is based upon investment income for the period after deduction of expenses. The Directors may also determine if and to what extent dividends may include distributions from both realised and unrealised capital gains within the limits set up by Luxembourg law.

Distribution Share Classes with Fixed Dividends

The Company may also offer other Distribution Share Classes where the dividend is based on a fixed amount or fixed percentage of the Net Asset Value per Share. The Directors will periodically review fixed Distribution Share Classes and reserve the right to make changes, for example if the investment income after expenses is higher than the target fixed distribution the Directors may declare the higher amount to be distributed. Equally the Directors may deem it is appropriate to declare a dividend lower than the target fixed distribution.

Dividend Calendar

A dividend calendar including details on the distribution frequency and the dividend calculation basis for all available Share Classes can be requested from the Management Company and is available on www.schroders.lu.

The Board of Directors may decide that dividends be automatically reinvested by the purchase of further Shares. However, no dividends will be distributed if their amount is below the amount of EUR 50 or its equivalent. Such amount will automatically be reinvested in new Shares, other than in respect of B1 Shares where there is no reinvestment facility and any amount of dividend will be paid in cash.

Dividends to be reinvested will be paid to the Management Company who will reinvest the money on behalf of the Shareholders in additional Shares of the same Share Class. Such Shares will be issued on the payment date at the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share Class in non-certificated form. Fractional entitlements to registered Shares will be recognised to two decimal places.

Income equalisation arrangements are applied in the case of all distributing Share Classes. These arrangements are intended to ensure that the income per Share which is distributed in respect of a Distribution Period is not affected by changes in the number of Shares in issue during that period.

Dividends due on bearer Shares will be distributed in accordance with the dividend payment instruction given by holders of bearer Shares to the Management Company, on deposit of relevant coupons.

Dividend payments and dividends due on bearer Shares remaining unclaimed five years after the dividend record date will be forfeited and will accrue for the benefit of the relevant Fund.

3.4 Taxation

The following is based on the Directors' understanding of the law and practice in force at the date of this document and applies to Investors acquiring Shares in the Company as an investment. Investors should, however, consult their financial or other professional

advisers on the possible tax or other consequences of buying, holding, transferring, switching, redeeming or other dealing in the Company's Shares under the laws of their countries of citizenship, residence and domicile.

This summary is subject to future changes.

Luxembourg Taxation

(A) The Company

The Company is not subject to any taxes in Luxembourg on income or capital gains. The only tax to which the Company in Luxembourg is subject is the "taxe d'abonnement" at a rate of 0.05% per annum based on the Net Asset Value of each Fund at the end of the relevant quarter, calculated and paid quarterly. In respect of any Share Class or Fund which comprises only institutional Investors (within the meaning of Article 174 of the Law), the tax levied will be at the rate of 0.01% per annum.

Interest and dividend income received by the Company may be subject to nonrecoverable withholding tax in the countries of origin. The Company may further be subject to tax on the realised or unrealised capital appreciation of its assets in the countries of origin.

(B) Shareholders

Shareholders are not normally subject to any capital gains, income, withholding, gift, estate, inheritance or other taxes in Luxembourg except for Shareholders domiciled, resident or having a permanent establishment in Luxembourg. Shareholders should consult their tax advisers for a more detailed analysis of tax issues arising for them from investing in the Company.

EU Tax Considerations for individuals resident in the EU or in certain third countries or dependent or associated territories

On 3 June 2003 the EU adopted Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments (the "Directive"). Under the Directive, member states of the EU ("Member States") in whose jurisdiction a paying agent (as defined in the Directive) pays interest or other similar income to an individual who is resident in another Member State for tax purposes must provide the tax authorities of that other Member State with detailed information about such payments. Austria and Luxembourg have, for a transitional period, the right not to do so provided that they must instead withhold tax on such payments. Switzerland, Monaco, Liechtenstein, Andorra, San Marino, the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man and the dependent or associated territories in the Caribbean, have also introduced measures equivalent to information reporting or, during the above transitional period, withholding tax.

Luxembourg's law of 21 June 2005 (the "2005 Law") implemented the Directive.

Dividends distributed by any of the Company's Funds will be subject to the Directive and the 2005 Law if more than 15% of that Fund's assets are invested in debt claims (as defined in the 2005 Law). Proceeds realised by Shareholders on the redemption or sale of Shares in a Fund will be subject to the Directive and the 2005 Law if more than 25% of that Fund's assets are invested in debt claims.

The applicable withholding tax is at a rate of 35%.

Subject to the provisions of the immediately following paragraph, if a Luxembourg paying agent pays dividends or redemption proceeds directly to a Shareholder who is an individual resident for tax purposes in another Member State or certain of the above mentioned dependent or associated territories, such payment will be subject to withholding tax at the rate described above.

No tax will be withheld by a Luxembourg paying agent if the relevant individual either (i) expressly instructs the paying agent to report information to the tax authorities in accordance with the provisions of the 2005 Law or (ii) presents to the paying agent a certificate, which was drawn up in the format required by the 2005 Law by the competent authorities of his State of residence for tax purposes. Information on how to instruct the Company's Luxembourg paying agent to report information to the tax authorities of other Member States is available from the Company's registered office. Shareholders may instruct the paying agent to report such information at any time.

The Company reserves the right to reject any application for Shares if the information provided by the applicant does not satisfy the requirements of the 2005 Law.

The Company does not provide legal or tax advice and accepts no responsibility for its Shareholders' actions under the Directive or the 2005 Law. Shareholders who need further advice should seek it from independent professional advisors.

UK Taxation

(A) The Company

It is the intention of the Directors to conduct the affairs of the Company so as to ensure that it will not become resident in the UK. Accordingly, and provided that the Company does not carry on a trade in the UK through a branch or agency situated therein, the Company will not be subject to UK corporation tax or income tax.

(B) Shareholders

Offshore Funds Legislation

Part 8 of the Taxation (International and Other Provisions) Act 2010 and Statutory Instrument 2009/3001 (the "Offshore Funds regulations") provides that if an Investor who is resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes disposes of a holding in an offshore entity that constitutes an "offshore fund" and that offshore fund does not qualify as a "reporting fund" throughout the period during which the Investor holds that interest, any gain accruing to the Investor upon the sale, redemption or other disposal of that interest (including a deemed disposal on death) will be taxed at the time of such sale, redemption or other disposal as income ("offshore income gains") and not as a capital gain. The Company is an "offshore fund" for the purpose of those provisions.

All Classes of Shares in the Company are managed with a view to them qualifying as "reporting funds" for taxation purposes, and accordingly any capital gain on disposal of Shares in the Company will not be reclassified as an income gain under the UK's offshore fund rules. A full list of reporting Share Classes is available from the Management Company on request. A list of Reporting Funds and their certification dates is published on the HMRC website www.hmrc.gov.uk/cisc/offshore-funds.htm

Under the offshore fund rules, Investors in reporting funds are subject to tax on their share of the reporting fund's income for an accounting period, whether or not the income is distributed to them. UK resident holders of Accumulation Share Classes should be aware that they will be required to account for and pay tax on income which has been reported to them in respect of their holdings, on an annual basis through their tax return, even though such income has not been distributed to them.

For the avoidance of doubt, distributions which in accordance with 3.3 above have been reinvested in further Shares by the Investment Manager should be deemed for the purpose of UK tax as having been distributed to the Shareholders and subsequently reinvested by them, and accordingly should form part of the Shareholder's taxable income of the period in which the dividend is deemed to have been received.

In accordance with the Offshore Funds legislation, reportable income attributable to each Fund Share will be published no later than 10 months after the end of the reporting period on the following Schroders website: http://www.schroders.com/luxprof/our-funds/ income-tables.

It is the Investor's responsibility to calculate and report their respective total reportable income to HMRC based on the number of Shares held at the end of the reporting period. In addition to reportable income attributable to each Fund Share the report will include information on amounts distributed per Share and the dates of distributions in respect of the reporting period. Shareholders with particular needs may request their report be provided in paper form, however we reserve the right to make a charge for this service.

Chapter 3 of Part 6 of the Corporation Tax Act 2009 provides that, if at any time in an accounting period a person within the charge of United Kingdom corporation tax holds an interest in an offshore fund within the meaning of the relevant provisions of the tax legislation, and there is a time in that period when that fund fails to meet the "qualifying investments test", the interest held by such a person will be treated for that accounting period as if it were rights under a creditor relationship for the purposes of the loan relationships regime. An offshore fund fails to meet the "qualifying investments test" at

any time where more than 60% of its assets by market value comprise government and corporate debt securities or cash on deposit or certain derivative contracts or holdings in other collective investment schemes which at any time in the relevant accounting period do not themselves meet the "qualifying investments test". The Shares will constitute interests in an offshore fund and on the basis of the investment policies of the Company, the Company could fail to meet the "qualifying investments test".

Transfer of Assets Abroad

The attention of individuals ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes is drawn to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Income Tax Act 2007, which may render them liable to income tax in respect of the undistributed income of the Company.

Controlled Foreign Companies Legislation

The attention of companies resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes is drawn to the fact that the "controlled foreign companies" legislation contained in Chapter IV of Part XVII of the Taxes Act could apply to any United Kingdom resident company which is, either alone or together with persons associated with it for taxation purposes, deemed to be interested in 25% or more of any chargeable profits of the Company arising in an accounting period, if at the same time the Company is controlled (as control is defined in Section 755D of the Taxes Act) by persons (whether companies, individuals or others) who are resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes or is controlled by two persons taken together, one of whom is resident in the United Kingdom for tax purposes and has at least 40% of the interests, rights and powers by which those persons control the Company, and the other of whom has at least 40% and not more than 55% of such interests, rights and powers. The "chargeable profits" of the Company do not include any of its capital gains. The effect of these provisions could be to render such companies liable to United Kingdom corporation tax in respect of the undistributed income of the Company.

Non-Resident Close Companies

The attention of persons resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes (and who, if individuals, are also domiciled in the United Kingdom for those purposes) is drawn to the provisions of Section 13 Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 ("Section 13"). Section 13 could be material to any such person who has an interest in the Company as a "participator" for United Kingdom taxation purposes (which term includes a shareholder) at a time when any gain accrues to the Company (such as on a disposal of any of its investments) which constitutes a chargeable gain or offshore income gain if, at the same time, the Company is itself controlled in such a manner and by a sufficiently small number of persons as to render the Company a body corporate that would, were it to have been resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes, be a "close" company for those purposes. The provisions of Section 13 would result in any such person who is a Shareholder being treated for the purposes of United Kingdom taxation as if a part of any chargeable gain or offshore income gain accruing to the Company had accrued to that person directly, that part being equal to the proportion of the gain that corresponds to that person's proportionate interest in the Company. No liability under Section 13 could be incurred by such a person, however, in respect of a chargeable gain or offshore income gain accruing to the Company if the aggregate proportion of that gain that could be attributed under Section 13 both to that person and to any persons connected with him for United Kingdom taxation purposes does not exceed one-tenth of the gain.

Stamp Taxes

Transfers of Shares will not be liable to United Kingdom stamp duty unless the instrument of transfer is executed within the United Kingdom when the transfer will be liable to United Kingdom ad valorem stamp duty at the rate of 0.5% of the consideration paid rounded up to the nearest GBP 5. No United Kingdom stamp duty reserve tax is payable on transfers of Shares, or agreements to transfer Shares.

Distributions

Distributions paid by Funds that hold more than 60% of their assets in interest-bearing, or economically similar, form at any time in an accounting period are treated as a payment of annual interest for UK resident individual Investors. The distribution is subject to tax at the rates applying to interest (for the tax year 2013/14, the rates are 10%, 20%, 40% and 45%).

Distributions paid by Funds that have no more than 60% of their assets in interestbearing form at all times in an accounting period are treated as foreign dividends bearing a non-payable dividend tax credit for UK resident individual Investors. The dividend is subject to tax at the rates applying to dividends (for the tax year 2013/14 the rates are 10%, 32.5% and 37.5%), and the tax credit either partly or fully satisfies the UK tax liability of the Investor. Investors liable to income tax at the basic rate will have no further liability to tax. Higher rate taxpayers will have to pay an additional amount of income tax. Non-taxpayers may not reclaim the tax credits on dividend distributions.

Equalisation

The Company operates full equalisation arrangements. Equalisation applies to Shares purchased during a Distribution Period. The amount of income, calculated daily and included in the purchase price of all Shares purchased part way through a Distribution Period is refunded to holders of these Shares on a first distribution as a return of capital.

Being capital it is not liable to income tax and it should be excluded from the calculation of reportable income included in a UK Shareholder's tax return. The daily income element of all Shares is held on a database and is available upon request from the Company's registered office or online at www.schroders.com/equalisation.

The aim of operating equalisation is to relieve new Investors in the Company from the liability to tax on income already accrued in the Shares they acquire. Equalisation will not affect Shareholders who own their Shares for the whole of a Distribution Period.

3.5 Meetings and Reports

Meetings

In principle, the annual general meeting of Shareholders of the Company is held in Luxembourg on the last Tuesday of May in each year at 11:00 or, if such day is not a Business Day, on the next Business Day. For all general meetings of Shareholders notices are sent to registered Shareholders by post at least 8 days prior to the meeting. Notices will be published in the Mémorial and in a Luxembourg newspaper(s) (if legally required) and in such other newspapers as the Directors may decide. Such notices will include the agenda and specify the place of the meeting. The legal requirements as to notice, quorum and voting at all general and Fund or Share Class meetings are included in the Articles. Meetings of Shareholders of any given Fund or Share Class shall decide upon matters relating to that Fund or Share Class only. The notice of any general meeting of Shareholders may provide that the quorum and the majority at this general meeting shall be determined according to the Shares issued and outstanding at a certain date and time preceding the general meeting (the "Record Date"). The right of a Shareholder to participate at a general meeting of Shareholders and to exercise voting rights attached to his/its/her Shares shall be determined by reference to the Shares held by this Shareholder as at the Record Date.

Reports

The financial year of the Company ends on 31 December each year. An abridged version of the audited annual report of the Company will be made available upon request to Shareholders ahead of the annual general meeting of Shareholders. This abridged version encloses the report of the Directors, a statement of the net assets of the Funds and statistical information, a statement of operations and of changes in net assets of the Funds, notes to the financial statements and the Independent Auditors' report. The unaudited half-yearly report and full version of the Prospectus. Copies of the annual and semi-annual financial reports may be obtained from the Internet site www.schroders.lu and are available free of charge from the registered office of the Company.

3.6 Details of Shares

Shareholder rights

(A) The Shares issued by the Company are freely transferable and entitled to participate equally in the profits, and in case of Distribution Shares, dividends of the Share Classes to which they relate, and in the net assets of such Share Class upon liquidation. The Shares carry no preferential and pre-emptive rights.

(B) Voting:

At general meetings, each Shareholder has the right to one vote for each whole Share held.

A Shareholder of any particular Fund or Share Class will be entitled at any separate meeting of the Shareholders of that Fund or Share Class to one vote for each whole Share of that Fund or Share Class held.

In the case of a joint holding, only the first named Shareholder may vote.

(C) Compulsory redemption:

The Directors may impose or relax restrictions on any Shares and, if necessary, require redemption of Shares to ensure that Shares are neither acquired nor held by or on behalf of any person in breach of the law or requirements of any country or government or regulatory authority or which might have adverse taxation or other pecuniary consequences for the Company including a requirement to register under the laws and regulations of any country or authority. The Directors may in this connection require a Shareholder to provide such information as they may consider necessary to establish whether the Shareholder is the beneficial owner of the Shares which they hold.

If it shall come to the attention of the Directors at any time that Shares are beneficially owned by a US Person, the Company will have the right compulsorily to redeem such Shares.

Transfers

The transfer of registered Shares may be effected by delivery to the Management Company of a duly signed stock transfer form in appropriate form together with, if issued, the relevant certificate to be cancelled. Transfer of physical bearer Shares are effected by delivery of the relevant Share certificate. For the avoidance of any doubt the Company will not issue new bearer shares.

Rights on a winding-up

The Company has been established for an unlimited period. However, the Company may be liquidated at any time by a resolution adopted by an extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders, at which meeting one or several liquidators will be named and their powers defined. Liquidation will be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law. The net proceeds of liquidation corresponding to each Fund shall be distributed by the liquidators to the Shareholders of the relevant Fund in proportion to the value of their holding of Shares.

If and when the net assets of all Share Classes in a Fund are less than EUR 50,000,000 or its equivalent in another currency, or if any economic or political situation would constitute a compelling reason therefore, or if required in the interest of the Shareholders of the relevant Fund, the Directors may decide to redeem all the Shares of that Fund. In any such event Shareholders will be notified by redemption notice published (or notified as the case may be) by the Company in accordance with applicable Luxembourg laws and regulations prior to compulsory redemption, and will be paid the Net Asset Value of the Shares of the relevant Share Class held as at the redemption date.

Under the same circumstances as described above, the Directors may also decide upon the reorganisation of any Fund by means of a division into two or more separate Funds. Such decision will be published or notified in the same manner as described above and, in addition, the publication or notification will contain information in relation to the two or more separate Funds resulting from the reorganisation. Such publication or notification will be made at least one month before the date on which the reorganisation becomes effective in order to enable Shareholders to request redemption or switch of their Shares before the reorganisation becomes effective.

Any merger of a Fund with another Fund of the Company or with another UCITS (whether subject to Luxembourg law or not) shall be decided by the Board of Directors unless the Board of Directors decides to submit the decision for the merger to the general meeting of Shareholders of the Fund concerned. In the latter case, no quorum is required for this general meeting and the decision for the merger is taken by a simple majority of the votes cast. Such a merger will be undertaken in accordance with the provisions of the Law.

Any liquidation proceeds not claimed by the Shareholders at the close of the liquidation of a Fund will be deposited in escrow at the "Caisse de Consignation". Amounts not claimed from escrow within the period fixed by law may be liable to be forfeited in accordance with the provisions of Luxembourg law.

Information to bearer Shareholders

Any relevant notification to bearer Shareholders (with the exception of the convening notices referred to under 3.5 "Meetings and Reports") will be posted on Schroder's website www.schroders.lu.

3.7 Pooling

For the purpose of effective management, and subject to the provisions of the Articles and to applicable laws and regulations, the Management Company may invest and manage all or any part of the portfolio of assets established for two or more Funds (for the purposes hereof "Participating Funds") on a pooled basis. Any such asset pool shall be formed by transferring to it cash or other assets (subject to such assets being appropriate with respect to the investment policy of the pool concerned) from each of the Participating Funds. Thereafter, the Management Company may from time to time make further transfers to each asset pool. Assets may also be transferred back to a Participating Fund up to the amount of the participation of the Share Class concerned. The share of a Participating Fund in an asset pool shall be measured by reference to notional units of equal value in the asset pool. On formation of an asset pool, the Management Company shall, in its discretion, determine the initial value of notional units (which shall be expressed in such currency as the Management Company considers appropriate) and shall allocate to each Participating Fund units having an aggregate value equal to the amount of cash (or to the value of other assets) contributed. Thereafter, the value of the notional unit shall be determined by dividing the Net Asset Value of the asset pool by the number of notional units subsisting.

When additional cash or assets are contributed to or withdrawn from an asset pool, the allocation of units of the Participating Fund concerned will be increased or reduced, as the case may be, by a number of units determined by dividing the amount of cash or the value of assets contributed or withdrawn by the current value of a unit. Where a contribution is made in cash, it will be treated for the purpose of this calculation as reduced by an amount which the Management Company considers appropriate to reflect fiscal charges and dealing and purchase costs which may be incurred in investing the cash concerned; in the case of cash withdrawal, a corresponding addition will be made to reflect costs which may be incurred in realising securities or other assets of the asset pool.

Dividends, interest and other distributions of an income nature received in respect of the assets in an asset pool will be immediately credited to the Participating Funds in proportion to their respective participation in the asset pool at the time of receipt. Upon the dissolution of the Company, the assets in an asset pool will be allocated to the Participating Funds in proportion to their respective participation in the asset pool.

3.8 Co-Management

In order to reduce operational and administrative charges while allowing a wider diversification of the investments, the Management Company may decide that part or all of the assets of one or more Funds will be co-managed with assets belonging to other Luxembourg collective investment schemes. In the following paragraphs, the words "comanaged entities" shall refer globally to the Funds and all entities with and between which there would exist any given co-management arrangement and the words "comanaged Assets" shall refer to the entire assets of these co-managed entities and co-managed pursuant to the same co-management arrangement.

Under the co-management arrangement, the Investment Manager, if appointed and granted the day-to-day management will be entitled to take, on a consolidated basis for the relevant co-managed entities, investment, disinvestment and portfolio readjustment decisions which will influence the composition of the relevant Fund's portfolio. Each co-managed entity shall hold a portion of the co-managed Assets corresponding to the proportion of its net assets to the total value of the co-managed Assets. This proportional holding shall be applicable to each and every line of investment held or acquired under co-management. In case of investment and/or disinvestment decisions these proportions shall not be affected and additional investments shall be allotted to the co-managed

entities pursuant to the same proportion and assets sold shall be levied proportionately on the co-managed Assets held by each co-managed entity.

In case of new subscriptions in one of the co-managed entities, the subscription proceeds shall be allotted to the co-managed entities pursuant to the modified proportions resulting from the net asset increase of the co-managed entity which has benefited from the subscriptions and all lines of investment shall be modified by a transfer of assets from one co-managed entity to the other in order to be adjusted to the modified proportions. In a similar manner, in case of redemptions in one of the co-managed entities, the cash required may be levied on the cash held by the co-managed entities pursuant to the modified proportions resulting from the net asset reduction of the comanaged entity which has suffered from the redemptions and, in such case, all lines of investment shall be adjusted to the modified proportions. Shareholders should be aware that, in the absence of any specific action by the Management Company or any of the Management Company's appointed agents, the co-management arrangement may cause the composition of assets of the relevant Fund to be influenced by events attributable to other co-managed entities such as subscriptions and redemptions. Thus, all other things being equal, subscriptions received in one entity with which the Fund is co-managed will lead to an increase of the Fund's reserve of cash.

Conversely, redemptions made in one entity with which any Fund is co-managed will lead to a reduction of the Fund's reserve of cash. Subscriptions and redemptions may however be kept in the specific account opened for each co-managed entity outside the co-management arrangement and through which subscriptions and redemptions must pass. The possibility to allocate substantial subscriptions and redemptions to these specific accounts together with the possibility for the Management Company or any of the Management Company's appointed agents to decide at anytime to terminate its participation in the co-management arrangement permit the relevant Fund to avoid the readjustments of its portfolio if these readjustments are likely to affect the interest of its Shareholders.

If a modification of the composition of the relevant Fund's portfolio resulting from redemptions or payments of charges and expenses peculiar to another co-managed entity (i.e. not attributable to the Fund) is likely to result in a breach of the investment restrictions applicable to the relevant Fund, the relevant assets shall be excluded from the co-management arrangement before the implementation of the modification in order for it not to be affected by the ensuing adjustments.

Co-managed Assets of the Funds shall, as the case may be, only be co-managed with assets intended to be invested pursuant to investment objectives identical to those applicable to the co-managed Assets in order to assure that investment decisions are fully compatible with the investment policy of the relevant Fund. Co-managed Assets shall only be co-managed with assets for which the Custodian is also acting as depository in order to assure that the Custodian is able, with respect to the Company and its Funds, to fully carry out its functions and responsibilities pursuant to the Regulations. The Custodian shall at all times keep the Company's assets segregated from the assets of other co-managed entities, and shall therefore be able at all time to identify the assets of the Company and of each Fund. Since co-managed entities may have investment policies which are not strictly identical to the investment policy of the relevant Funds, it is possible that as a result the common policy implemented may be more restrictive than that of the Funds concerned.

A co-management agreement shall be signed between the Management Company, the Custodian and the Investment Managers in order to define each of the parties' rights and obligations. The Directors may decide at any time and without notice to terminate the co-management arrangement.

Shareholders may at all times contact the registered office of the Company to be informed of the percentage of assets which are co-managed and of the entities with which there is such a co-management arrangement at the time of their request. Audited annual and half-yearly reports shall state the co-managed Assets' composition and percentages.

Schroder International Selection Fund Prospectus

Appendix I

Investment Restrictions

1. Investment in Transferable

Securities and Liquid Assets

The Directors have adopted the following restrictions relating to the investment of the Company's assets and its activities. These restrictions and policies may be amended from time to time by the Directors if and as they shall deem it to be in the best interests of the Company in which case this Prospectus will be updated.

The investment restrictions imposed by Luxembourg law must be complied with by each Fund. Those restrictions in section 1(D) below are applicable to the Company as a whole.

- (A) The Company will invest in:
 - transferable securities and money market instruments admitted to or dealt in on a Regulated Market; and/or
 - (2) transferable securities and money market instruments dealt in on another market in a Member State of the EU which is regulated, operated regularly and is recognised and open to the public; and/or
 - (3) transferable securities and money market instruments added to official listing on a stock exchange in a non-Member State of the EU, which is regulated, operated regularly and is recognised and open to the public; and/or
 - (4) recently issued transferable securities and money market instruments, provided that
 - (I) the terms of issue include an undertaking that application will be made for admission to official listing on a stock exchange or on another Regulated Market which operates regularly, is recognised and open to the public and,
 - (II) such admission is secured within one year of the issue; and/or
 - (5) units of UCITS and/or of other UCI, whether situated in an EU member state or not, provided that:
 - (I) such other UCIs have been authorised under laws which provide that they are subject to supervision considered by the CSSF to be equivalent to that laid down in EU Law, and that cooperation between authorities is sufficiently ensured,
 - (II) the level of protection for Shareholders in such other UCIs is equivalent to that provided for Shareholders in a UCITS, and in particular that the rules on assets segregation, borrowing, lending, and uncovered sales of transferable securities and money market instruments are equivalent to the requirements of the UCITS IV Directive,
 - (III) the business of such other UCIs is reported in half-yearly and annual reports to enable an assessment of the assets and liabilities, income and operations over the reporting period,
 - (IV) no more than 10% of the assets of the UCITS or of the other UCIs, whose acquisition is contemplated, can, according to their constitutional documents, in aggregate be invested in units of other UCITS or other UCIs; and/or
 - (6) deposits with credit institutions which are repayable on demand or have the right to be withdrawn, and maturing in no more than 12 months, provided that the credit institution has its registered office in a country which is an EU member state or, if the registered office of the credit institution is situated in a non-EU member state, provided that it is subject to prudential rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to those laid down in EU Law; and/or
 - (7) financial derivative instruments, including equivalent cash-settled instruments, dealt on a Regulated Market, and/or financial derivative instruments dealt overthe-counter, provided that:
 - the underlying consists of securities covered by this section 1(A), financial indices, interest rates, foreign exchange rates or currencies, in which the Funds may invest according to their investment objective;
 - (II) the counterparties to OTC derivative transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision, and belonging to the categories approved by the CSSF;
 - (III) the OTC derivatives are subject to reliable and verifiable valuation on a daily basis and can be sold, liquidated or closed by an offsetting transaction at any time at their fair value at the Company's initiative.

and/or

- (8) money market instruments other than those dealt in on a Regulated Market, if the issue or the issuer of such instruments are themselves regulated for the purpose of protecting investors and savings, and provided that such instruments are:
 - (I) issued or guaranteed by a central, regional or local authority or by a central bank of an EU member state, the European Central Bank, the EU or the European Investment Bank, a non-EU member state or, in case of a Federal State, by one of the members making up the federation, or by a public international body to which one or more EU member states belong, or
 - (II) issued by an undertaking any securities of which are dealt in on Regulated Markets, or
 - (III) issued or guaranteed by an establishment subject to prudential supervision, in accordance with criteria defined in EU Law, or
 - (IV) issued by other bodies belonging to categories approved by the CSSF provided that investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection equivalent to that laid down in the first, the second or the third indent and provided that the issuer is a company whose capital and reserves amount to at least EUR 10,000,000 and which presents and publishes its annual accounts in accordance with the fourth Directive 78/ 660/EEC, is an entity which, within a group of companies which includes one or several listed companies, is dedicated to the financing of the group or is an entity which is dedicated to the financing of securitisation vehicles which benefit from a banking liquidity line.
- (9) In addition, the Company may invest a maximum of 10% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund in transferable securities or money market instruments other than those referred to under A(1) to A(4) and A(8) above ¹.
- (10) Under the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Law, the Company may, to the widest extent permitted by the Luxembourg laws and regulations (i) create any Fund qualifying either as a feeder UCITS (a "Feeder UCITS") or as a master UCITS (a "Master UCITS"), (ii) convert any existing Fund into a Feeder UCITS, or (iii) change the Master UCITS of any of its Feeder UCITS.

A Feeder UCITS shall invest at least 85% of its assets in the units of another Master UCITS. A Feeder UCITS may hold up to 15% of its assets in one or more of the following:

- ancillary liquid assets in accordance with paragraph B below;
- financial derivative instruments, which may be used only for hedging purposes;

For the purposes of compliance with section 3 below, the Feeder UCITS shall calculate its global exposure related to financial derivative instruments by combining its own direct exposure under the above paragraph, (b) with either:

- the Master UCITS actual exposure to financial derivative instruments in proportion to the Feeder UCITS investment into the Master UCITS; or
- the Master UCITS potential maximum global exposure to financial derivative instruments provided for in the Master UCITS management regulations or instruments of incorporation in proportion to the Feeder UCITS investment into the Master UCITS.
- (B) Each Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets. Liquid assets used to back-up financial derivative exposure are not considered as ancillary liquid assets.
- (C)
- (1) Each Fund may invest no more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by the same issuing body (and in the case of structured financial instruments embedding derivative instruments, both the issuer of the structured financial instruments and the issuer of the underlying securities). Each Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in deposits made with the same body. The risk exposure to a counterparty of a Fund in an OTC derivative transaction may not exceed 10%

¹ Funds launched prior to 23 November 2012 may interpret this provision differently and accordingly may continue to hold units of UCIs which do not meet the conditions set out under A(5) as part of this 10% limit. Any existing investments in UCIs not meeting the conditions set out under A(5) must be realised by 31 December 2013. Any new investments in these UCIs are no longer permitted.

of its net assets when the counterparty is a credit institution referred to in paragraph 1(A) (6) above or 5% of its net assets in other cases.

(2) Furthermore, where any Fund holds investments in transferable securities and money market instruments of any issuing body which individually exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of such Fund, the total value of all such investments must not account for more than 40% of the Net Asset Value of such Fund.

This limitation does not apply to deposits and OTC derivative transactions made with financial institutions subject to prudential supervision.

Notwithstanding the individual limits laid down in paragraph (C)(1), a Fund may not combine:

- investments in transferable securities or money market instruments issued by,
- deposits made with, and/or
- exposures arising from OTC derivative transactions undertaken with
- a single body in excess of 20% of its net assets.
- (3) The limit of 10% laid down in paragraph (C)(1) above shall be 35% in respect of transferable securities or money market instruments which are issued or guaranteed by an EU member state, its local authorities or by an Eligible State or by public international bodies of which one or more EU member states are members.
- (4) The limit of 10% laid down in paragraph (C)(1) above shall be 25% in respect of debt securities which are issued by highly rated credit institutions having their registered office in an EU member state and which are subject by law to a special public supervision for the purpose of protecting the holders of such debt securities, provided that the amount resulting from the issue of such debt securities are invested, pursuant to applicable provisions of the law, in assets which are sufficient to cover the liabilities arising from such debt securities during the whole period of validity thereof and which are assigned to the preferential repayment of capital and accrued interest in the case of a default by such issuer.

If a Fund invests more than 5% of its assets in the debt securities referred to in the sub-paragraph above and issued by one issuer, the total value of such investments may not exceed 80% of the value of the assets of such Fund.

(5) The transferable securities and money market instruments referred to in paragraphs (C)(3) and (C)(4) are not included in the calculation of the limit of 40% referred to in paragraph (C)(2).

The limits set out in paragraphs (C)(1), (C)(2), (C)(3) and (C)(4) above may not be aggregated and, accordingly, the value of investments in transferable securities and money market instruments issued by the same body, in deposits or financial derivative instruments made with this body, effected in accordance with paragraphs (C)(1), (C)(2), (C)(3) and (C)(4) may not, in any event, exceed a total of 35% of each Fund's Net Asset Value.

Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts, as defined in accordance with directive 83/349/EEC or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, are regarded as a single body for the purpose of calculating the limits contained in this paragraph (C).

A Fund may cumulatively invest up to 20% of its net assets in transferable securities and money market instruments within the same group.

- (6) Without prejudice to the limits laid down in paragraph (D), the limits laid down in this paragraph (C) shall be 20% for investments in shares and/or bonds issued by the same body when the aim of a Fund's investment policy is to replicate the composition of a certain stock or bond index which is recognised by the CSSF, provided
 - the composition of the index is sufficiently diversified,
 - the index represents an adequate benchmark for the market to which it refers,
 - it is published in an appropriate manner.

The limit laid down in the sub-paragraph above is raised to 35% where it proves to be justified by exceptional market conditions in particular in

Regulated Markets where certain transferable securities or money market instruments are highly dominant provided that investment up to 35% is only permitted for a single issuer.

(7) Where any Fund has invested in accordance with the principle of risk spreading in transferable securities or money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU member state, by its local authorities or by an Eligible State or by public international bodies of which one or more EU member states are members, the Company may invest 100% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund in such securities provided that such Fund must hold securities from at least six different issues and the value of securities from any one issue must not account for more than 30% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

Subject to having due regard to the principle of risk spreading, a Fund need not comply with the limits set out in this paragraph (C) for a period of 6 months following the date of its launch.

- (D)
- (1) The Company may not normally acquire shares carrying voting rights which would enable the Company to exercise significant influence over the management of the issuing body.
- (2) Each Fund may acquire no more than (a) 10% of the non-voting shares of any single issuing body, (b) 10% of the value of debt securities of any single issuing body, (c) 10% of the money market instruments of the same issuing body, and/or (d) 25% of the units of the same UCI. However, the limits laid down in (b), (c) and (d) above may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of the debt securities or of the money market instruments or the net amount of securities in issue cannot be calculated.

The limits set out in paragraph (D)(1) and (2) above shall not apply to:

- transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU member state or its local authorities;
- transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by any other Eligible State;
- (3) transferable securities and money market instruments issued by public international bodies of which one or more EU member states are members; or
- (4) shares held in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-EU member state which invests its assets mainly in the securities of issuing bodies having their registered office in that state where, under the legislation of that state, such holding represents the only way in which such Fund's assets may invest in the securities of the issuing bodies of that state, provided, however, that such company in its investment policy complies with the limits laid down in Articles 43, 46 and 48 (1) and (2) of the Law.
- (E) No Fund may invest more than 10% of its net assets in units of UCITS or other UCIs with the exception of the Multi-Asset Funds (but not for the Fund Global Multi-Asset Income), the Multi Manager Funds and funds identified as Feeder UCITS as provided for in the investment objective and policy in Appendix III. In addition, except for funds identified as Feeder UCITS, the following limits shall apply:
 - (1) If a Fund is allowed to invest more than 10% of its net assets in units of UCITS and/or UCIs, this Fund may not invest more than 20% of its net assets in units of a single UCITS or other UCI. Investments made in units of UCIs other than UCITS may not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of the net assets of a Sub-Fund
 - (2) When a Fund invests in the units of other UCITS and/or other UCIs linked to the Company by common management or control, or by a direct or indirect holding of more than 10% of the capital or the voting rights, or managed by a management company linked to the Investment Manager, no subscription or redemption fees may be charged to the Company on account of its investment in the units of such other UCITS and/or UCIs. In respect of a Fund's investments in UCITS and other UCIS linked to the Company as described in the preceding paragraph, there shall be no management fee charged to that portion of the assets of the relevant Fund. The Company will indicate in its annual report the total management fees charged both to the relevant Fund and to the UCITS and other UCIs in which such Fund has invested during the relevant period.

- (3) The Company may acquire no more than 25% of the units of the same UCITS and/or other UCI. This limit may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of the units in issue cannot be calculated. In case of a UCITS or other UCI with multiple sub-funds, this restriction is applicable by reference to all units issued by the UCITS/UCI concerned, all sub-funds combined.
- (4) The underlying investments held by the UCITS or other UCIs in which the Funds invest do not have to be considered for the purpose of the investment restrictions set forth under section 1(C) above.
- (F) A Fund (the "Investing Fund") may subscribe, acquire and/or hold securities to be issued or issued by one or more Funds (each, a "Target Fund") without the Company being subject to the requirements of the law of 10 August 1915 on commercial companies, as amended, with respect to the subscription, acquisition and/or the holding by a company of its own shares, under the condition however that:
 - (1) the Target Fund(s) do(es) not, in turn, invest in the Investing Fund invested in this (these) Target Fund(s); and
 - (2) no more than 10% of the assets that the Target Fund(s) whose acquisition is contemplated may be invested in units of other Target Funds; and
 - (3) voting rights, if any, attaching to the Shares of the Target Fund(s) are suspended for as long as they are held by the Investing Fund concerned and without prejudice to the appropriate processing in the accounts and the periodic reports; and
 - (4) in any event, for as long as these securities are held by the Investing Fund, their value will not be taken into consideration for the calculation of the net assets of the Company for the purposes of verifying the minimum threshold of the net assets imposed by the Law; and
 - (5) there is no duplication of management/subscription or repurchase fees between those at the level of the Investing Fund having invested in the Target Fund(s), and this (these) Target Fund(s).
- (A) The Company will neither make investments in precious metals, commodities or certificates representing these. In addition, the Company will not enter into financial derivative instruments on precious metals or commodities. This does not prevent the Company from gaining exposure to precious metals or commodities by investing into financial instruments backed by precious metals or commodities or financial instruments whose performance is linked to precious metals or commodities.
- (B) The Company will not purchase or sell real estate or any option, right or interest therein, provided the Company may invest in securities secured by real estate or interests therein or issued by companies which invest in real estate or interests therein.
- (C) The Company may not carry out uncovered sales of transferable securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments referred to in sections 1(A)(5), (7) and (8).
- (D) The Company may not borrow for the account of any Fund, other than amounts which do not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund, and then only as a temporary measure. For the purpose of this restriction back to back loans are not considered to be borrowings.
- (E) The Company will not mortgage, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise encumber as security for indebtedness any securities held for the account of any Fund, except as may be necessary in connection with the borrowings mentioned in paragraph (D) above, and then such mortgaging, pledging, or hypothecating may not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of each Fund. In connection with swap transactions, option and forward exchange or futures transactions the deposit of securities or other assets in a separate account shall not be considered a mortgage, pledge or hypothecation for this purpose.
- (F) The Company will not underwrite or sub-underwrite securities of other issuers.

2. Investment in Other Assets

(G) The Company will on a Fund by Fund basis comply with such further restrictions as may be required by the regulatory authorities in any country in which the Shares are marketed.

As specified in section 1(A)(7) above, the Company may in respect of each Fund invest in financial derivative instruments.

The Company shall ensure that the global exposure of each Fund relating to financial derivative instruments does not exceed the total net assets of that Fund. The Fund's overall risk exposure shall consequently not exceed 200% of its total net assets. In addition, this overall risk exposure may not be increased by more than 10% by means of temporary borrowings (as referred to in section 2(D) above) so that it may not exceed 210% of any Fund's total net assets under any circumstances.

The global exposure relating to financial derivative instruments is calculated taking into account the current value of the underlying assets, the counterparty risk, foreseeable market movements and the time available to liquidate the positions. This shall also apply to the following sub-paragraphs.

Each Fund may invest, as a part of its investment policy and within the limits laid down in section 1(A)(7) and section 1(C)(5), in financial derivative instruments provided that the exposure to the underlying assets does not exceed in aggregate the investment limits laid down in sections 1(C)(1) to (7). When a Fund invests in index-based financial derivative instruments ¹ compliant with the provisions of sections 1(C)(1) to (7), these investments do not have to be combined with the limits laid down in section 1(C). The frequency of the review and rebalancing of the composition of the underlying index of such financial derivative instruments varies per index and could be daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually. The rebalancing frequency will have no impact in terms of costs in the context of the performance of the investment objective of the relevant Fund. When a transferable security or money market instrument embeds a financial derivative instrument, the latter must be taken into account when complying with the requirements of these restrictions. Transferable securities or money market instruments backed by other assets are not deemed to embed a financial derivative instrument.

The Funds may use financial derivative instruments for investment purposes and for hedging purposes, within the limits of the Regulations. Under no circumstances shall the use of these instruments and techniques cause a Fund to diverge from its investment policy or objective. The risks against which the Funds could be hedged may be, for instance, market risk, foreign exchange risk, interest rates risk, credit risk, volatility or inflation risks.

Agreements on OTC derivatives

A Fund may enter into agreements on OTC derivatives. The counterparties to any OTC financial derivative transactions, such as total return swaps or other financial derivative instruments with similar characteristics, entered into by a Fund, are selected from a list of authorised counterparties established with the Management Company. The counterparties will be first class institutions which are either credit institutions or investment firm, which are subject to prudential supervision. The list of authorised counterparties may be amended with the consent of the Management Company. The identity of the counterparties will be disclosed in the annual report of the Company.

Unless specified otherwise in Appendix III, the global exposure relating to financial derivative instruments will be calculated using a commitment approach. Funds applying a Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to calculate their global exposure will contain an indication thereto in Appendix III.

Global exposure

A Fund's global exposure is limited to the total net value of its portfolio.

Commitment Approach

Under the commitment approach, financial derivative positions are converted into equivalent positions in the underlying asset, using market price or future price/notional value when more conservative.

3. Financial Derivative Instruments

¹ Funds launched prior to 18 February 2013 that invest in financial indices that do not comply with the ESMA Guidelines on ETFs and other UCITS issues have until 18 February 2014 to align their investments with these guidelines.

VaR approach

VaR reports will be produced and monitored on a daily basis based on the following criteria:

- 1 month holding period;
- 99% unilateral confidence interval;
- at least a one year effective historical observation period (250 days) unless market conditions require a shorter observation period; and
- parameters used in the model are updated at least quarterly.

Stress testing will also be applied at a minimum of once per month.

VaR limits are set using an absolute or relative approach.

Absolute VaR approach

The absolute VaR approach is generally appropriate in the absence of an identifiable reference portfolio or benchmark, for example with absolute return funds. Under the absolute VaR approach a limit is set as a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Fund. The absolute VaR limit of a Fund has to be set at or below 20% of its Net Asset Value. This limit is based upon a 1 month holding period and a 99% unilateral confidence interval.

Relative VaR approach

The relative VaR approach is used for Funds where a VaR benchmark reflecting the investment strategy which the Fund is pursuing is defined. Under the relative VaR approach a limit is set as a multiple of the VaR of a benchmark or reference portfolio. The relative VaR limit of a fund has to be set at or below twice the VaR of the Fund's VaR benchmark. Information on the specific VaR benchmark used are disclosed in Appendix III hereunder.

Techniques and instruments (including, but not limited to, securities lending or repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements) relating to transferable securities and money market instruments may be used by each Fund for the purpose of efficient portfolio management and where this is in the best interest of the Fund and in line with its investment objective and investor profile.

To the extent permitted by and within the limits prescribed by the Regulations, each Fund may for the purpose of generating additional capital or income or for reducing its costs or risks, enter as purchaser or seller into optional or non-optional repurchase or reverse repurchase transactions and engage in securities lending transactions.

The Company will, for the time being, not enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements nor engage in securities lending transactions. Should the Company decide to use such techniques and instruments in the future, the Company will update this Prospectus accordingly and will comply with the Regulations and in particular CSSF circular 13/559 relating to ESMA guidelines on ETFs and other UCITS issues.

Securities lending

Should the Company engage in securities lending, each Fund will only engage in securities lending transactions with first class institutions specialising in these types of transactions and which are subject to prudential supervision considered by the CSSF to be equivalent to that laid down in EU law.

Each Fund must ensure that it is able at any time to recall any security that has been lent out or terminate any securities lending agreement into which it has entered.¹

In respect of securities loans, the Fund will ensure that its counterparty delivers and each day maintains collateral of at least the market value of the securities lent. Such collateral must be in the form of cash or securities that satisfy the requirements of the Regulations. Such collateral shall comply with the requirements set out in section 5. "Management of Collateral" below.

Reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements

¹ Funds launched prior to 18 February 2013 (which currently apply CSSF Circular 08/356) will have to comply with this provision by 18 February 2014.

4. Use of Techniques and Instruments relating to Transferable Securities and Money Market Instruments Should the Company engage in reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements, each Fund will only enter into reverse repurchase and repurchase agreements with counterparties which are subject to prudential supervision rules considered by the CSSF as equivalent to that laid down in EU law.

A Fund that enters into a reverse repurchase agreement shall ensure that it is able at any time to recall the full amount of cash or to terminate the reverse repurchase agreement.²

A Fund that enters into a repurchase agreement shall ensure that it is able at any time to recall any securities subject to the repurchase agreement or to terminate the repurchase agreement into which it has entered.²

Fixed-term repurchase and reverse repurchase agreement that do not exceed seven days shall be considered as arrangements on terms that allow the assets to be recalled at any time by the Fund.²

Each Fund shall ensure that the level of its exposure to repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements is such that it is able to comply at all times with its redemption obligations.

5. Management of collateral ³ The risk exposures to a counterparty arising from OTC financial derivative transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques shall be combined when calculating the counterparty risk limits provided for in section 1(C) above.

Where a Fund enters into OTC financial derivative transactions and efficient portfolio management techniques, all collateral used to reduce counterparty risk exposure shall comply with the following criteria at all times:

- (A) Any collateral received other than cash shall be highly liquid and traded on a Regulated Market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation. Collateral received shall also comply with the provisions in section 1(D) above.
- (B) Collateral received shall be valued on at least a daily basis. Assets that exhibit high price volatility shall not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place.
- (C) Collateral received shall be of high quality.
- (D) The collateral received shall be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty and is expected not to display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty.
- (E) Collateral shall be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers. The criterion of sufficient diversification with respect to issuer concentration is considered to be respected if the Fund receives from a counterparty of efficient portfolio management and over-the-counter financial derivative transactions a basket of collateral with a maximum exposure to a given issuer of 20% of its Net Asset Value. When a Fund is exposed to different counterparties, the different baskets of collateral shall be aggregated to calculate the 20% limit of exposure to a single issuer.
- (F) Where there is a title transfer, the collateral received shall be held by the Custodian. For other types of collateral arrangement, the collateral can be held by a third party custodian which is subject to prudential supervision, and which is unrelated to the provider of the collateral.
- (G) Collateral received shall be capable of being fully enforced by the Fund at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty.
- (H) Non-cash collateral received shall not be sold, re-invested or pledged.

² Funds launched prior to 18 February 2013 (which currently apply CSSF Circular 08/356) will have to comply with this provision by 18 February 2014.

³ Funds launched prior to 18 February 2013 (which currently apply CSSF Circular 08/356) will have to comply with this provision by 18 February 2014, except for rules applying to the reinvestment of cash collateral which apply as from 18 February 2013.

- (I) Cash collateral that isn't received on behalf of currency hedged Share Classes shall only be:
 - (1) placed on deposit with entities as prescribed in section 1(A)(6) above;
 - (2) invested in high-quality government bonds;
 - (3) used for the purpose of reverse repurchase transactions provided the transactions are with credit institutions subject to prudential supervision and the Fund is able to recall at any time the full amount of cash on accrued basis;
 - invested in short-term money market funds as defined in the "ESMA Guidelines on a Common Definition of European Money Market Funds".

Re-invested cash collateral shall be diversified in accordance with the diversification requirements applicable to non-cash collateral.

Collateral policy

Collateral received by the Fund shall predominantly be limited to cash and government bonds.

Haircut policy

The following haircuts for collateral in OTC transactions are applied by the Management Company (the Management Company reserves the right to vary this policy at any time in which case this Prospectus will be updated accordingly):

Eligible Collateral	Remaining Maturity	Valuation Percentage
Cash	N/A	100%
Government Bonds	One year or under	98%
	More than one year up to and including five years	97%
	More than five years up to and including ten years	95%
	More than ten years up to and including thirty years	93%
	More than thirty years up to and including forty years	90%
	More than forty years up to and including fifty years	87%

6. Risk Management Process

The Company will employ a risk management process which enables it with the Investment Manager to monitor and measure at any time the risk of the positions, the use of efficient portfolio management techniques, the management of collateral and their contribution to the overall risk profile of each Fund. The Company or the Investment Manager will employ, if applicable, a process for accurate and independent assessment of the value of any OTC derivative instruments.

Upon request of an Investor, the Management Company will provide supplementary information relating to the quantitative limits that apply in the risk management of each Fund, to the methods chosen to this end and to the recent evolution of the risks and yields of the main categories of instruments. This supplementary information includes the VaR levels set for the Funds using such risk measure.

The risk management framework is available upon request from the Company's registered office.

- 7. Miscellaneous
- (A) The Company may not make loans to other persons or act as a guarantor on behalf of third parties provided that for the purpose of this restriction the making of bank deposits and the acquisition of such securities referred to in paragraphs 1(A)(1), (2), (3) and (4) or of ancillary liquid assets shall not be deemed to be the making of a loan and that the Company shall not be prevented from acquiring such securities above which are not fully paid.
- (B) The Company need not comply with the investment limit percentages when exercising subscription rights attached to securities which form part of its assets.
- (C) The Management Company, the Investment Managers, the Distributors, Custodian and any authorised agents or their associates may have dealings in the assets of

the Company provided that any such transactions are effected on normal commercial terms negotiated at arm's length and provided that each such transaction complies with any of the following:

- (1) a certified valuation of such transaction is provided by a person approved by the Directors as independent and competent;
- (2) the transaction has been executed on best terms, on and under the rules of an organised investment exchange; or

where neither (1) or (2) is practical;

(3) where the Directors are satisfied that the transaction has been executed on normal commercial terms negotiated at arm's length.

(D) Funds registered in Taiwan are restricted in the percentage of the Fund that can be invested in securities traded on the security markets of the People's Republic of China. These limits may be amended from time to time by the Financial Supervisory Commission in Taiwan.

Appendix II

Risks of Investment

1.	General Risks	Past performance is not a guide to future performance and Shares, other than Shares of Liquidity Funds, should be regarded as a medium to long-term investment. The value of investments and the income generated by them may go down as well as up and Shareholders may not get back the amount originally invested. Where the Fund Currency varies from the Investor's home currency, or where the Fund Currency varies from the currencies of the markets in which the Fund invests, there is the prospect of additional loss (or the prospect of additional gain) to the Investor greater than the usual risks of investment.
2.	Investment Objective Risk	Investment objectives express an intended result but there is no guarantee that such a result will be achieved. Depending on market conditions and the macro economic environment, investment objectives may become more difficult or even impossible to achieve. There is no express or implied assurance as to the likelihood of achieving the investment objective for a Fund.
3.	Regulatory Risk	The Company is domiciled in Luxembourg and Investors should note that all the regulatory protections provided by their local regulatory authorities may not apply. Additionally the Funds will be registered in non-EU jurisdictions. As a result of such registrations the Funds may be subject, without any notice to the shareholders in the Funds concerned, to more restrictive regulatory regimes. In such cases the Funds will abide by these more restrictive requirements. This may prevent the Funds from making the fullest possible use of the investment limits.
4.	Risk of Suspension of Share Dealings	Investors are reminded that in certain circumstances their right to redeem or switch Shares may be suspended (see Section 2.4, "Suspensions or Deferrals").
5.	Interest Rate Risk	The values of bonds and other debt instruments usually rise and fall in response to changes in interest rates. Declining interest rates generally increase the values of existing debt instruments, and rising interest rates generally reduce the value of existing debt instruments. Interest rate risk is generally greater for investments with long durations or maturities. Some investments give the issuer the option to call or redeem an investment before its maturity date. If an issuer calls or redeems an investment during a time of declining interest rates, a Fund might have to reinvest the proceeds in an investment offering a lower yield, and therefore might not benefit from any increase in value as a result of declining interest rates.
6.	Credit Risk	The ability, or perceived ability, of an issuer of a debt security to make timely payments of interest and principal on the security will affect the value of the security. It is possible that the ability of the issuer to meet its obligation will decline substantially during the period when a Fund owns securities of that issuer, or that the issuer will default on its obligations. An actual or perceived deterioration in the ability of an issuer to meet its obligations will likely have an adverse effect on the value of the issuer's securities.
		If a security has been rated by more than one nationally recognised statistical rating organisation the Fund's Investment Manager may consider the highest rating for the purposes of determining whether the security is investment grade. A Fund will not necessarily dispose of a security held by it if its rating falls below investment grade, although the Fund's Investment Manager will consider whether the security continues to be an appropriate investment for the Fund. A Fund's Investment Manager considers whether a security is investment grade only at the time of purchase. Some of the Funds will invest in securities which will not be rated by a nationally recognised statistical rating organisation, but the credit quality will be determined by the Investment Manager.
		Credit risk is generally greater for investments issued at less than their face values and required to make interest payments only at maturity rather than at intervals during the life of the investment. Credit rating agencies base their ratings largely on the issuer's historical financial condition and the rating agencies' investment analysis at the time of rating. The rating assigned to any particular investment does not necessarily reflect the issuer's current financial condition, and does not reflect an assessment of an investment's volatility and liquidity. Although investment grade investments generally have lower credit risk than investments, including the possibility that the issuers may be unable to make timely payments of interest and principal and thus default.
7.	Liquidity Risk	Liquidity risk exists when particular investments are difficult to purchase or sell. A Fund's investment in illiquid securities may reduce the returns of the Fund because it may be

unable to sell the illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price. Investments in

	foreign securities, derivatives or securities with substantial market and/or credit risk tend to have the greatest exposure to liquidity risk. Illiquid securities may be highly volatile and difficult to value.
8. Inflation / Deflation Risk	Inflation is the risk that a Fund's assets or income from a Fund's investments may be worth less in the future as inflation decreases the value of money. As inflation increases, the real value of a Fund's portfolio could decline. Deflation risk is the risk that prices throughout the economy may decline over time. Deflation may have an adverse effect on the creditworthiness of issuers and may make issuer default more likely, which may result in a decline in the value of a Fund's portfolio.
9. Financial Derivative Instrument Risk	For a Fund that uses financial derivative instruments to meet its specific investment objective, there is no guarantee that the performance of the financial derivative instruments will result in a positive effect for the Fund and its Shareholders.
10. Warrants Risk	When a Fund invests in warrants, the price, performance and liquidity of such warrants are typically linked to the underlying stock. However, the price, performance and liquidity of such warrants will generally fluctuate more than the underlying securities because of the greater volatility of the warrants market. In addition to the market risk related to the volatility of warrants, a Fund investing in synthetic warrants, where the issuer of the synthetic warrant is different to that of the underlying stock, is subject to the risk that the issuer of the synthetic warrant will not perform its obligations under the transactions which may result in the Fund, and ultimately its Shareholders, suffering a loss.
11. Credit Default Swap Risk	A credit default swap allows the transfer of default risk. This allows a Fund to effectively buy insurance on a reference obligation it holds (hedging the investment), or buy protection on a reference obligation it does not physically own in the expectation that the credit will decline in quality. One party, the protection buyer, makes a stream of payments to the seller of the protection, and a payment is due to the buyer if there is a credit event (a decline in credit quality, which will be predefined in the agreement between the parties). If the credit event does not occur the buyer pays all the required premiums and the swap terminates on maturity with no further payments. The risk of the buyer is therefore limited to the value of the premiums paid. In addition, if there is a credit event and the Fund does not hold the underlying reference obligation and deliver it to the counterparty. Furthermore, if the counterparty becomes insolvent, the Fund may not recover the full amount due to it from the counterparty. The market for credit default swaps may sometimes be more illiquid than the bond markets. The Company will mitigate this risk by monitoring in an appropriate manner the use of this type of transaction.
12. Futures, Options and Forward Transactions Risk	A Fund may use options, futures and forward contracts on currencies, securities, indices, volatility, inflation and interest rates for hedging and investment purposes.
	Transactions in futures may carry a high degree of risk. The amount of the initial margin is small relative to the value of the futures contract so that transactions are "leveraged" or "geared". A relatively small market movement will have a proportionately larger impact which may work for or against the Fund. The placing of certain orders which are intended to limit losses to certain amounts may not be effective because market conditions may make it impossible to execute such orders.
	Transactions in options may also carry a high degree of risk. Selling ("writing" or "granting") an option generally entails considerably greater risk than purchasing options. Although the premium received by the Fund is fixed, the Fund may sustain a loss well in excess of that amount. The Fund will also be exposed to the risk of the purchaser exercising the option and the Fund will be obliged either to settle the option in cash or to acquire or deliver the underlying investment. If the option is "covered" by the Fund holding a corresponding position in the underlying investment or a future on another option, the risk may be reduced.
	Forward transactions, in particular those traded over-the-counter, have an increased counterparty risk. If a counterparty defaults, the Fund may not get the expected payment or delivery of assets. This may result in the loss of the unrealised profit.
13. Credit Linked Note Risk	A credit linked note is a debt instrument which assumes both credit risk of the relevant reference entity (or entities) and the issuer of the credit linked note. There is also a risk associated with the coupon payment; if a reference entity in a basket of credit linked notes suffers a credit event, the coupon will be re-set and is paid on the reduced nominal

	amount. Both the residual capital and coupon are exposed to further credit events. In extreme cases, the entire capital may be lost. There is also the risk that a note issuer may default.
14. Equity Linked Note Risk	The return component of an equity linked note is based on the performance of a single security, a basket of securities or an equity index. Investment in these instruments may cause a capital loss if the value of the underlying security decreases. In extreme cases the entire capital may be lost. These risks are also found in investing in equity investments directly. The return payable for the note is determined at a specified time on a valuation date, irrespective of the fluctuations in the underlying stock price. There is no guarantee that a return or yield on an investment will be made. There is also the risk that a note issuer may default.
	A Fund may use equity linked notes to gain access to certain markets, for example emerging and less developed markets, where direct investment is not possible. This approach may result in the following additional risks being incurred – lack of a secondary market in such instruments, illiquidity of the underlying securities, and difficulty selling these instruments at times when the underlying markets are closed.
15. General Risk associated with OTC Transactions	Instruments traded in OTC markets may trade in smaller volumes, and their prices may be more volatile than instruments principally traded on exchanges. Such instruments may be less liquid than more widely traded instruments. In addition, the prices of such instruments may include an undisclosed dealer mark-up which a Fund may pay as part of the purchase price.
16. Counterparty Risk	The Company conducts transactions through or with brokers, clearing houses, market counterparties and other agents. The Company will be subject to the risk of the inability of any such counterparty to perform its obligations, whether due to insolvency, bankruptcy or other causes.
	A Fund may invest into instruments such as notes, bonds or warrants the performance of which is linked to a market or investment to which the Fund seeks to be exposed. Such instruments are issued by a range of counterparties and through its investment the Fund will be subject to the counterparty risk of the issuer, in addition to the investment exposure it seeks.
	The Funds will only enter into OTC derivatives transactions, including swap agreements, with first class institutions which are subject to prudential supervision and specialising in these types of transactions. In principle, the counterparty risk for such derivative transactions entered into with first class institutions should not exceed 10% of the relevant Fund's net assets when the counterparty is a credit institution or 5% of its net assets in other cases. However, if a counterparty defaults, the actual losses may exceed these limitations.
17. Custody Risk	Assets of the Company are safe kept by the Custodian and Investors are exposed to the risk of the Custodian not being able to fully meet its obligation to restitute in a short time frame all of the assets of the Company in the case of bankruptcy of the Custodian. The assets of the Company will be identified in the Custodian's books as belonging to the Company. Securities held by the Custodian will be segregated from other assets of the Custodian which mitigates but does not exclude the risk of non restitution in case of bankruptcy. However, no such segregation applies to cash which increases the risk of non restitution in case of bankruptcy. The Custodian does not keep all the assets of the Company itself but uses a network of sub-custodians which are not part of the same group of companies as the Custodian. Investors are exposed to the risk of bankruptcy of the sub-custodians in the same manner as they are to the risk of bankruptcy of the Custodian.
	A Fund may invest in markets where custodial and/or settlement systems are not fully developed. The assets of the Fund that are traded in such markets and which have been entrusted to such sub-custodians may be exposed to risk in circumstances where the Custodian will have no liability.
18. Smaller Companies Risk	A Fund which invests in smaller companies may fluctuate in value more than other Funds. Smaller companies may offer greater opportunities for capital appreciation than larger companies, but may also involve certain special risks. They are more likely than larger companies to have limited product lines, markets or financial resources, or to depend on a small, inexperienced management group. Securities of smaller companies may, especially during periods where markets are falling, become less liquid and experience

short-term price volatility and wide spreads between dealing prices. They may also trade in the OTC market or on a regional exchange, or may otherwise have limited liquidity. Consequently investments in smaller companies may be more vulnerable to adverse developments than those in larger companies and the Fund may have more difficulty establishing or closing out its securities positions in smaller companies at prevailing market prices. Also, there may be less publicly available information about smaller companies or less market interest in the securities, and it may take longer for the prices of the securities to reflect the full value of the issuers' earning potential or assets.

19. Technology Related Companies Risk Investments in the technology sector may present a greater risk and a higher volatility than investments in a broader range of securities covering different economic sectors. The equity securities of the companies in which a Fund may invest are likely to be affected by world-wide scientific or technological developments, and their products or services may rapidly fall into obsolescence. In addition, some of these companies offer products or services that are subject to governmental regulation and may, therefore, be adversely affected by governmental policies. As a result, the investments made by a Fund may drop sharply in value in response to market, research or regulatory setbacks.

20. Lower Rated, Higher Yielding Debt Securities Risk A Fund may invest in lower rated, higher yielding debt securities, which are subject to greater market and credit risks than higher rated securities. Generally, lower rated securities pay higher yields than more highly rated securities to compensate Investors for the higher risk. The lower ratings of such securities reflect the greater possibility that adverse changes in the financial condition of the issuer, or rising interest rates, may impair the ability of the issuer to make payments to holders of the securities. Accordingly, an investment in the Fund is accompanied by a higher degree of credit risk than is present with investments in higher rated, lower yielding securities.

21. Property and Real Estate Companies Securities Risk The risks associated with investments in securities of companies principally engaged in the real estate industry include: the cyclical nature of real estate values; risks related to general and local economic conditions; overbuilding and increased competition; increases in property taxes and operating expenses; demographic trends and variations in rental income; changes in zoning laws; casualty or condemnation losses; environmental risks; regulatory limitations on rents; changes in neighbourhood values; related party risks; changes in the appeal of properties to tenants; increases in interest rates; and other real estate capital market influences. Generally, increases in interest rates will increase the costs of obtaining financing, which could directly and indirectly decrease the value of the Fund's investments.

The real estate market has, at certain times, not performed in the same manner as equity and bond markets. As the real estate market frequently performs, positively or negatively and without any correlation to the equity or bond markets, these investments may affect the performance of the Fund either in a positive or a negative manner.

22. Mortgage Related and Other Asset Backed Securities Risks Mortgage-backed securities, including collateralised mortgage obligations and certain stripped mortgage-backed securities represent a participation in, or are secured by, mortgage loans. Asset-backed securities are structured like mortgage-backed securiti

stripped mortgage-backed securities represent a participation in, or are secured by, mortgage loans. Asset-backed securities are structured like mortgage-backed securities, but instead of mortgage loans or interests in mortgage loans, the underlying assets may include such items as motor vehicles instalment sales or instalment loan contracts, leases of various types of real and personal property and receivables from credit card agreements. Traditional debt investments typically pay a fixed rate of interest until maturity, when the

entire principal amount is due. By contrast, payments on mortgage-backed and many asset-backed investments typically include both interest and partial payment of principal. Principal may also be prepaid voluntarily, or as a result of refinancing or foreclosure. A Fund may have to invest the proceeds from prepaid investments in other investments with less attractive terms and yields. As a result, these securities may have less potential for capital appreciation during periods of declining interest rates than other securities of comparable maturities, although they may have a similar risk of decline in market value during periods of rising interest rates. As the prepayment rate generally declines as interest rates rise, an increase in interest rates will likely increase the duration, and thus the volatility, of mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities. In addition to interest rate risk (as described above), investments in mortgage-backed securities composed of subprime mortgages may be subject to a higher degree of credit risk, valuation risk and liquidity risk (as described above). Duration is a measure of the expected life of a fixed income security that is used to determine the sensitivity of the security's price to changes in interest rates. Unlike the maturity of a fixed income security, which measures only the time until final payment is due, duration takes into account the time until all payments of

interest and principal on a security are expected to be made, including how these payments are affected by prepayments and by changes in interest rates.

The ability of an issuer of asset-backed securities to enforce its security interest in the underlying assets may be limited. Some mortgage-backed and asset backed investments receive only the interest portion or the principal portion of payments on the underlying assets. The yields and values of these investments are extremely sensitive to changes in interest rates and in the rate of principal payments on the underlying assets. Interest portions tend to decrease in value if interest rates decline and rates of repayment (including prepayment) on the underlying mortgages or assets increase; it is possible that a Fund may lose the entire amount of its investment in an interest portion due to a decrease in interest rates. Conversely, principal portions tend to decrease in value if interest rates. Moreover, the market for interest portions and principal portions may be volatile and limited, which may make them difficult for a Fund to buy or sell.

A Fund may gain investment exposure to mortgage-backed and asset-backed investments by entering into agreements with financial institutions to buy the investments at a fixed price at a future date. A Fund may or may not take delivery of the investments at the termination date of such an agreement, but will nonetheless be exposed to changes in the value of the underlying investments during the term of the agreement.

A Fund may invest in initial public offerings, which frequently are smaller companies. Such securities have no trading history, and information about these companies may only be available for limited periods. The prices of securities involved in initial public offerings may be subject to greater price volatility than more established securities.

SEC Rule 144A provides a safe harbour exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 for resale of restricted securities to qualified institutional buyers, as defined in the rule. The advantage for Investors may be higher returns due to lower administration charges. However, dissemination of secondary market transactions in rule 144A securities is restricted and only available to qualified institutional buyers. This might increase the volatility of the security prices and, in extreme conditions, decrease the liquidity of a particular rule 144A security.

Investing in emerging markets and less developed markets securities poses risks different from, and/or greater than, risks of investing in the securities of developed countries. These risks include; smaller market-capitalisation of securities markets, which may suffer periods of relative illiquidity; significant price volatility; restrictions on foreign investment; and possible repatriation of investment income and capital. In addition, foreign Investors may be required to register the proceeds of sales, and future economic or political crises could lead to price controls, forced mergers, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, seizure, nationalisation or the creation of government monopolies. Inflation and rapid fluctuations in inflation rates have had, and may continue to have, negative effects on the economies and securities markets of certain emerging and less developed countries.

Although many of the emerging and less developed market securities in which a Fund may invest are traded on securities exchanges, they may trade in limited volume and may encounter settlement systems that are less well organised than those of developed markets. Supervisory authorities may also be unable to apply standards that are comparable with those in developed markets. Thus there may be risks that settlement may be delayed and that cash or securities belonging to the relevant Fund may be in jeopardy because of failures of or defects in the systems or because of defects in the administrative operations of counterparties. Such counterparties may lack the substance or financial resources of similar counterparties in a developed market. There may also be a danger that competing claims may arise in respect of securities held by or to be transferred to the Fund and compensation schemes may be non-existent or limited or inadequate to meet the Fund's claims in any of these events.

In addition investments in certain emerging and less developed countries, such as Russia, are currently subject to certain heightened risks with regard to the ownership and custody of securities. In these countries, shareholdings are evidenced by entries in the books of a company or its registrar (which is neither an agent nor responsible to the Custodian). No certificates representing shareholdings in companies will be held by the Custodian or any of its local correspondents or in an effective central depository system. As a result of this system and the lack of effective state regulation and enforcement, the Company could lose its registration and ownership of the securities through fraud, negligence or even mere oversight. Debt securities also have an increased custodial risk

24. Risk Associated with Debt

23. Initial Public Offerings Risk

- Securities Issued Pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933
- 25. Emerging and Less Developed Markets Securities Risk

associated with them as such securities may, in accordance with market practice in the emerging or less developed countries, be held in custody with institutions in those countries which may not have adequate insurance coverage to cover loss due to theft, destruction or default. It should be taken into consideration that when investing in government debt of emerging or less developed countries, particularly Ukraine, whether via the primary or secondary market, local regulations may stipulate that Investors maintain a cash account directly with the sub-custodian. Such balance represents a debt due from the sub-custodian to the Investors and the Custodian shall not be liable for this balance.

Equity investments in Russia are currently subject to certain risks with regard to the ownership and custody of securities. This results from the fact, that no physical share certificates are issued and ownership of securities is evidenced by entries in the books of a company or its registrar, where the number of shareholders of the company is more than 50 (which is neither an agent nor responsible to the Custodian, other than by the strict regulation). No certificates representing shareholdings in Russian companies will be held by the Custodian or any of its local correspondents or in an effective central depository system. However the local regulation has seriously evolved and strengthened during the past 10 years, registrars have become much more sophisticated in terms of security and operational risk mitigation. The cases of the loss of shareholding registration and ownership of Russian equity securities through fraud, negligence or even mere oversight have become exceptional.

Equity investments in Russia may also be settled using local depositories. Neither the Depository Clearing Corporation (DCC) nor the National Settlement Depository (NSD) is legally recognized as a central securities depository or supported by legislation to protect finality of title. Like local custodians, DCC and NSD still have to register the equity positions with the registrar in their own nominee names.

If concerns are raised regarding a specific investor, the whole nominee position in a depository could be frozen for a period of months until the investigation is complete. As a result, there is a risk that an investor could be restricted from trading because of another DCC or NSD account holder. At the same time should an underlying registrar be suspended, investors settling through registrars cannot trade, but settlement between two depository accounts can take place. Any discrepancies between a registrar and the DCC or NSD records may impact corporate entitlements and potentially settlement activity of underlying clients, which is mitigated by the frequent position reconciliations between the depositories and the registrars.

Securities traded on the Moscow Exchange can be treated as investment in securities dealt in on a Regulated Market.

Additional risks of emerging market securities may include: greater social, economic and political uncertainty and instability; more substantial governmental involvement in the economy; less governmental supervision and regulation; unavailability of currency hedging techniques; companies that are newly organised and small; differences in auditing and financial reporting standards, which may result in unavailability of material information about issuers; and less developed legal systems. In addition taxation of interest and capital gains received by non-residents varies among emerging and less developed markets and, in some cases may be comparatively high. There may also be less well-defined tax laws and procedures and such laws may permit retroactive taxation so that the Fund could in the future become subject to local tax liabilities that had not been anticipated in conducting investment activities or valuing assets.

Securities lending and repurchase transactions involve certain risks. There is no assurance that a Fund will achieve the objective for which it entered into a transaction.

Repurchase transactions might expose the Fund to risks similar to those associated with optional or forward derivative financial instruments, the risks of which are described in other sections of this Prospectus. Securities loans may, in the event of a counterparty default or an operational difficulty, be recovered late and only in part, which might restrict the Fund's ability to complete the sale of securities or to meet redemption requests.

The Fund's exposure to its counterparty will be mitigated by the fact that the counterparty will forfeit its collateral if it defaults on the transaction. If the collateral is in the form of securities, there is a risk that when it is sold it will realise insufficient cash to settle the counterparty's debt to the Fund or to purchase replacements for the securities that were lent to the counterparty. In the latter case, the Fund's tri-party lending agent will

26. Specific Risks Linked to Securities Lending and Repurchase Transactions

		indemnify the Fund against a shortfall of cash available to purchase replacement securities but there is a risk that the indemnity might be insufficient or otherwise unreliable.
		In the event that the Fund reinvests cash collateral in one or more of the permitted types of investment that are described under Appendix I Investment Restrictions "5. Management of Collateral" there is a risk that the investment will earn less than the interest that is due to the counterparty in respect of that cash and that it will return less than the amount of cash that was invested. There is also a risk that the investment will become illiquid, which would restrict the Fund's ability to recover its securities on loan, which might restrict the Fund's ability to complete the sale of securities or to meet redemption requests.
27.	Potential Conflicts of Interest	The Investment Managers and Schroders may effect transactions in which the Investment Managers or Schroders have, directly or indirectly, an interest which may involve a potential conflict with the Investment Managers' duty to the Company. Neither the Investment Managers nor Schroders shall be liable to account to the Company for any profit, commission or remuneration made or received from or by reason of such transactions or any connected transactions nor will the Investment Managers' fees, unless otherwise provided, be abated.
		The Investment Managers will ensure that such transactions are effected on terms which are not less favourable to the Company than if the potential conflict had not existed.
		Such potential conflicting interests or duties may arise because the Investment Managers or Schroders may have invested directly or indirectly in the Company.
28.	Investment Funds	Some of the Funds may invest all or substantially all of their assets in Investment Funds, unless otherwise disclosed, the investment risks identified in this Appendix will apply whether a Fund invests directly, or indirectly through Investment Funds, in the assets concerned.
		The investments of the Funds in Investment Funds may result in an increase of total operating, administration, custodian and management fees/expenses. However the Investment Managers will seek to negotiate a reduction in management fees and any such reduction will be for the sole benefit of the relevant Fund.
29.	Tax efficiency for Shareholders	Post-tax returns to Shareholders are dependent on the local tax rules in the Shareholders' place of tax residence (see section 3.4 Taxation for comments on taxation generally).
		In certain countries, such as Germany, Austria and the United Kingdom, tax rules exist that may lead to larger proportions of the investment return from funds of funds being taxed in the hands of Shareholders at a higher rate than would be the case for single strategy funds.
		These tax rules may be activated if the investments selected by the Investment Manager for the funds of funds are regarded as not meeting certain tests laid down by the tax authorities in the Shareholders' country of residence.
		If the fund of funds acquires investments which do not qualify as "white funds" or "reporting funds" for German investment tax purposes, German tax resident Shareholders of the fund of funds will be subject to disadvantageous "lump sum" taxation pro rata with the income derived from such "black funds" or "non-reporting" funds.
		In the United Kingdom, returns from investments that are "non-reporting funds" may be treated as being entirely income, and therefore reportable as income by the fund of funds. Thus a greater proportion of the Shareholder's return from the fund of funds would be treated as income, rather than capital, and taxed accordingly at rates that are currently higher than for capital gains.
		The Investment Manager of the fund of funds will endeavour to select investments that do qualify as "white funds" and "reporting funds", in order to minimise the impact of these local tax rules for Shareholders. However, it is possible that such investments are not available to meet certain strategic aims of the Investment Manager, and in that case it may happen that "black funds" or "non-reporting funds" have to be acquired.
		The Investment Manager will undertake all necessary reporting as required under local tax rules to enable Shareholders to compute their tax liability in accordance with the rules.

30. RMB Hedged Share Classes Risk

Since 2005, the RMB exchange rate is no longer pegged to the USD. RMB has now moved to a managed floating exchange rate based on market supply and demand with reference to a basket of foreign currencies. The daily trading price of the RMB against other major currencies in the inter-bank foreign exchange market is allowed to float within a narrow band around the central parity published by the People's Republic of China. RMB convertibility from offshore RMB (CNH) to onshore RMB (CNY) is a managed currency process subject to foreign exchange control policies of and repatriation restrictions imposed by the Chinese government in coordination with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (HKMA). The value of CNH could differ, perhaps significantly, from that of CNY due to a number of factors including without limitation those foreign exchange control policies and repatriation restrictions.

Since 2005, foreign exchange control policies pursued by the Chinese government have resulted in the general appreciation of RMB (both CNH and CNY). This appreciation may or may not continue and there can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation at some point.

The RMB Hedged Share Classes participate in the offshore RMB (CNH) market, which allows investors to freely transact CNH outside of mainland China with approved banks in the Hong Kong market (HKMA approved banks). The RMB Hedged Share Classes will have no requirement to remit CNH to onshore RMB (CNY).

Appendix III

Fund Details

The Company is designed to give Investors the flexibility to choose between investment portfolios with differing investment objectives and levels of risk.

The investment objectives and policies described below are binding on the Investment Manager of each Fund, although there can be no assurance that an investment objective will be met.

(A) The specific investment objectives and policies of each of the Funds are subject to the following interpretation:

a Fund will invest, in accordance with its name or when the investment policy states "primarily", at least two thirds of its total assets (excluding liquidities which are not used as backup for financial derivative instruments) either directly or through financial derivative instruments in investments corresponding to such currency, security, country, region or industry.

When cash, deposits and money market instruments with maturities of up to 397 days are respectively not part of the core investment objective and policy, they will be defined as liquidities.

The remaining third of the Fund's total assets (excluding liquidities which are not used as backup for financial derivative instruments) may be invested in other currencies, securities, countries, regions or industries, either directly or through financial derivative instruments.

If a description of a Fund's investment policy is related to investments in corporations of a particular country or region, such reference means (in the absence of any further specification) investments in companies incorporated, headquartered, listed or having their principal business activities in such country or region.

- (B) The category of Funds designated as "Style Equity Funds" is comprised of Funds which invest in equity securities depending on whether they are classified as "growth" or "value" stocks. Growth stocks are those whose earnings are expected to grow faster than the average for the market, usually because they are in high growth industries. Value stocks, on the other hand, are inexpensive compared with the earnings or assets of the companies that issue them. This is often because they are in a mature or depressed industry, or because the company has suffered a setback. Value investors try to buy these stocks when they think they have become too cheap.
- (C) If a Fund bears in its name the word "Alpha", this means that, for this type of fund the Investment Manager adopts an active management strategy, by aggressively positioning the portfolio according to prevailing market conditions. This could be on the basis of particular sectors, themes or styles, or on a selected number of stocks which the Investment Manager believes have the potential to provide enhanced returns relative to the market.
- (D) The Funds categorised as "Quantitative Equity Funds" are managed on a bottom up basis. Overweight and underweight positions in securities of a given country, sector and stock are determined through the application of analytical techniques to such countries, sectors and stocks.
- (E) The Funds categorised as "Absolute Return Funds" are managed with a view to generating a positive return (i.e. greater than zero) over a period of no more than 12 months. The Investment Manager will seek to generate such a return even in falling markets (or in expectation of falling markets) by either shorting (on a covered basis) the various sources of return and/or moving into cash and cash equivalents. There is no guarantee that such objective may be achieved.
- (F) To ensure eligibility for the French Plan d'Epargne en Actions (PEA), the Funds EURO Equity, European Dividend Maximiser, European Equity Focus, European Large Cap and UK Equity will invest at least 75% of their assets in equity securities issued by companies which have their head office in the European Union.
- (G) The Investment Managers may invest directly in Russian securities that are traded on the Moscow Exchange. For details of the risk involved in dealing on these exchanges please refer to Appendix II. Additionally exposure to the Russian market may be achieved through investments in American Depositary Receipts (ADRs) and Global Depositary Receipts (GDRs).

(H) Expected level of leverage

Funds quantifying global exposure using a Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach disclose their expected level of leverage.

The expected level of leverage is an indicator and not a regulatory limit. The Fund's levels of leverage may be higher than this expected level as long as the Fund remains in line with its risk profile and complies with its VaR limit.

The annual report will provide the actual level of leverage over the past period and additional explanations on this figure.

The level of leverage is a measure of (i) the derivative usage and (ii) the reinvestment of collateral in relation to efficient portfolio management transactions. It does not take into account other physical assets directly held in the portfolio of the relevant Funds. It also does not represent the level of potential capital losses that a Fund may incur.

The level of leverage is calculated as (i) the sum of notionals of all financial derivative contracts entered into by the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value and (ii) any additional leverage generated by the reinvestment of collateral in relation to efficient portfolio management transactions.

This methodology does not:

- make a distinction between financial derivative instruments that are used for investment or hedging purposes. As a result strategies that aim to reduce risk will contribute to an increased level of leverage for the Fund.
- allow the netting of derivative positions. As a result, derivative roll-overs and strategies relying on a combination of long and short positions may contribute to a large increase of the level of leverage when they do not increase or only cause a moderate increase of the overall Fund risk.
- take into account the derivative underlying assets' volatility or make a distinction between short-dated & long-dated assets. As a result, a Fund that exhibits a high level of leverage is not necessarily riskier than a Fund that exhibits a low level of leverage.
- (I) Any exposure to commodities and precious metals for a Fund may indirectly be obtained through related (i) financial derivatives instruments on indices, (ii) transferable securities and money market instruments, (iii) units of closed-ended investment companies, (iv) financial instruments linked or backed to the performance of other assets and/or (v) UCITS or other UCIs in accordance with the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008.
- (J) Financial derivatives instruments should be dealt in on a Regulated Market or OTC.

Transferable securities, money market instruments, units of closed-ended investment companies, financial instruments linked or backed to the performance of other assets should be dealt in on a Regulated Market. If not, they will be restricted to 10% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund together with UCIs not qualifying as under (v) of (I) above and any other investments made in accordance with investment restriction 1. A(9) in Appendix I.

(K) When the investment policy of a Fund refers to "Alternative Asset Classes", it will include the following: real estate, infrastructure, private equity, commodities, precious metals and Alternative Investment Funds.

Real estate, infrastructure, private equity

The investment in such asset classes will mainly be obtained indirectly through related (i) transferable securities and money market instruments, (ii) units of closedended investment companies and (iii) UCITS or other UCIs in accordance with the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008.

Commodity and precious metals

The investment in such asset classes will mainly be obtained indirectly through related (i) transferable securities and money market instruments, (ii) units of closed-ended investment companies, (iii) financial instruments linked or backed to the

performance of this asset class, (iv) UCITS or other UCIs in accordance with the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008 and (v) financial indices compliant with article 9 of the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008 and CSSF circular 13/ 559 relating to ESMA guidelines on ETFs and other UCITS issues ¹.

Alternative Investment Funds

Alternative Investment Funds refer to the "hedge funds" strategies such as long/ short, event driven, tactical trading and relative value strategies. The exposure will mainly be obtained indirectly through related (i) units of closed-ended investment funds, (ii) financial instruments linked or backed to the performance of these strategies, (iii) UCITS or other UCIs in accordance with the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008 and (iv) financial indices compliant with article 9 of the Grand Ducal Regulation of 8 February 2008 and CSSF circular 13/559 relating to ESMA guidelines on ETFs and other UCITS issues.¹

Transferable securities (including units of closed-ended investment funds, financial instruments linked or backed to the performance of other assets) and, money market instruments should be dealt in on a Regulated Market. If not, they will be restricted to 10% of the Net Asset Value of any Fund. Where a transferable security embeds a financial derivative instrument, the rules detailed in section "3. Financial Derivative Instruments" of Appendix I, apply.

The Funds bearing an asterisk (*) next to their name are not available for subscription at the time of issue of this Prospectus. Such Funds will be launched at the Directors' discretion, at which time this Prospectus will be updated accordingly.

All the Funds may offer A, A1, AX, B, B1, C, E, D, I, IZ, J, X and Z Shares unless otherwise specified.

These Share Classes, where available, may be offered in various currencies (each a "Reference Currency") at the Directors' discretion. Where offered in a currency other than the Fund Currency, a Share Class will be designated as such. Confirmation of the Funds and currencies in which the currency denominated and hedged Share Classes are available can be obtained from the Management Company.

In respect of such additional Share Classes, the Management Company has the ability to fully hedge the Shares of such Share Classes in relation to the Fund Currency. In this instance currency exposures or currency hedging transactions within the Fund's portfolio will not be considered.

The performance of hedged share classes aims to be similar to the performance of equivalent Share Classes in Fund Currency. There is no assurance however that the hedging strategies employed will be effective in delivering performance differentials that are reflective only of interest rate differences adjusted for fees.

For the Fund QEP Global Active Value, the Investment Manager undertakes the hedging of the Shares of the hedged Share Classes by considering the relevant proportionate underlying currency exposures of the Fund. Performance of these hedged Share Classes may therefore vary significantly from equivalent Share Classes in Fund Currency.

For the Fund Global Bond, the Investment Manager undertakes the hedging of the Shares of the hedged Share Classes by considering the relevant underlying currency exposures within the benchmark of the Fund. Performance of these hedged Share Classes may therefore vary significantly from equivalent Share Classes in Fund Currency.

Where undertaken, the effects of this hedging will be reflected in the Net Asset Value and, therefore, in the performance of such additional Share Class. Similarly, any expenses arising from such hedging transactions will be borne by the Share Class in relation to which they have been incurred.

Collateral received in connection with currency hedging transactions (and in particular currency forward transactions) on behalf of currency hedged Share Classes, may be reinvested, in compliance with the applicable investment policy and restrictions of the Funds.

It should be noted that these hedging transactions may be entered into whether the Reference Currency is declining or increasing in value relative to the relevant Fund

¹ Funds launched prior 18 February 2013 that invest in financial indices that do not comply with the ESMA Guidelines on ETFs and other UCITS issues have until 18 February 2014 to align their investments with these guidelines.

Currency and so, where such hedging is undertaken it may substantially protect Investors in the relevant Share Class against a decrease in the value of the Fund Currency relative to the Reference Currency, but it may also preclude Investors from benefiting from an increase in the value of the Fund Currency.

In addition the Investment Manager may hedge the Fund Currency against the currencies in which the underlying assets of the Fund are denominated or the underlying unhedged assets of a target fund are denominated.

There can be no assurance that the currency hedging employed will fully eliminate the currency exposure to the Reference Currency.

The Directors may decide from time to time for some or all of the Bond Funds to issue duration hedged Share Classes. Duration hedged Share Classes utilise hedging strategies that seek to reduce the Share Class' sensitivity to changes in interest rate movements. There is no assurance that these hedging strategies will be successful. Where undertaken, the effects of this hedging will be reflected in the Net Asset Value and, therefore, in the performance of the Share Class. Similarly, any expenses arising from such hedging transactions will be borne by the Duration hedged Share Class. The performance of the Duration hedged Share Classes may be more volatile than unhedged Share Classes and underperform other Share Classes in the Bond Funds depending on interest rate movements. Duration hedged Share Classes can be issued in relation to any type of available Share Classes of Bond Funds. A list of available Share Classes may be obtained, free of charge and upon request, from the registered office of the Company.

The specific investment objectives and policies of the different Funds are the following:

1. Mainstream Equity Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Mainstream Equity Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking long term growth potential offered through investment in equities.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Mainstream Equity Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments can be used for instance to create market exposures through equity, currency, volatility or index related financial derivative instruments and include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, contracts for difference, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are medium risk vehicles. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Opportunities
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Asian (ex Japan) companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of companies in countries participating in the EMU.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Large Cap
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of European large cap companies. Large cap companies are companies which, at the time of purchase, are considered to form the top 80% by market capitalisation of the European market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of companies worldwide.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Italian Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Italian companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Japanese Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Japanese companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Japan) Limited
Fund Currency:	JPY
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Swiss Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Swiss companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Switzerland) AG
Fund Currency:	CHF
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund UK Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of UK companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	GBP
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Large Cap
Fund Name: Investment Objective:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Large Cap To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of US large cap companies. Large cap companies are companies which, at the time of purchase, are considered to form the top 85% by market capitalisation of the US market.
	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of US large cap companies. Large cap companies are companies which, at the time of purchase, are

2. Specialist Equity Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Specialist Equity Funds may be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long term returns than minimising possible short term losses.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Specialist Equity Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments can be used for instance to create market exposures through equity, currency, volatility or index related financial derivative instruments and include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, contracts for difference, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are higher risk vehicles. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Equity Yield
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Asian companies which offer attractive yields and sustainable dividend payments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Dividend Maximiser*
Investment Objective:	To provide income and capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equities or equity related securities of Asia-Pacific (ex Japan) companies. The Fund will also selectively enter into option contracts to generate additional income, as more fully described below.
	To enhance the yield of the Fund the Investment Manager will selectively sell short dated call options over individual securities held by the Fund, to generate extra income by agreeing strike prices above which potential upside is sold.
Specific Risk Consideration:	This Fund makes use of financial derivative instruments in a way that is fundamental to its investment objective. It is possible that this will lead to the erosion of performance or capital value.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Smaller Companies
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Asian (ex Japan) smaller-sized companies. Smaller-sized companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of the Asian (ex Japan) market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asia Pacific Property Securities
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in equity securities of Asia Pacific property companies including Japan and Australasia.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Total Return
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Asia Pacific companies. The Fund also aims to offer a degree of capital preservation through the tactical use of financial derivative instruments.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may buy or sell equity index futures and buy and sell index options on indices or individual stocks. To obtain exposure to equity indices and individual stocks, the Fund may also enter into contracts for difference where the underlying investments are not delivered and settlement is made in cash.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The associated risks involved in investing in financial derivative instruments are highlighted in Appendix II. Furthermore the use of financial derivative instruments has the overall objective of reducing the Fund's volatility, however no guarantee can be given that this will be achieved.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Brazilian Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Brazilian companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Brasil DTVM S.A.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund BRIC (Brazil, Russia, India, China)
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Brazilian, Russian, Indian and Chinese companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund China Opportunities
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies which are headquartered and/or listed in or have a substantial business exposure to the People's Republic of China.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Asia
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies in the emerging economies of Asia.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Europe
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Central and Eastern European companies including the markets of the former Soviet Union and the Mediterranean emerging markets. The portfolio may, to a limited extent, seek exposure to the markets of Northern Africa and the Middle East.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Markets
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of emerging markets companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Dividend Maximiser
Investment Objective:	To provide income and capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of European companies. The Fund will also selectively enter into option contracts to generate additional income, as more fully described below. To enhance the yield of the Fund, the Investment Manager will selectively sell short dated call options over individual securities held by the Fund, in order to generate extra income by effectively agreeing target 'strike' prices at which those securities will be sold in the future. The Investment Manager is also permitted to sell put options on securities to be bought in the future, at target prices that are pre-set below the current market level.
Specific Risk Consideration:	This Fund makes use of financial derivative instruments in a way that is fundamental to its investment objective. It is possible that this will lead to a higher volatility in the price of Shares.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Equity Focus
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in European equities and equity related securities. The portfolio will normally be concentrated with up to 35 securities. They will not be restricted by size or sector.
Specific Risk Consideration:	This Fund makes use of financial derivative instruments in a way that is fundamental to its investment objective. It is possible that this will lead to a higher volatility in the price of Shares.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Equity Yield
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of European companies which offer attractive yields and sustainable dividend payments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Smaller Companies
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of smaller European companies. Smaller European companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of each European market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Special Situations
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth through investment in equity securities of European companies. In order to achieve the objective of the Fund, the Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities in special situations, where the Investment Manager believes a special situation to be a company whose future prospects are not fully reflected in its valuation.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Total Return
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return of capital growth and income. The Fund also aims to offer a degree of capital preservation through the tactical use of financial derivative instruments and liquidities.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of European companies. However, at times for defensive purposes, the Fund may hold 100% of its assets in liquidities. The Fund may use financial derivative instruments such as but not limited to futures, options and contracts for difference on indices or individual companies to create indirect long and short exposures.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The associated risks involved in investing in financial derivative instruments are highlighted in Appendix II. Furthermore the use of financial derivative instruments has the overall objective of reducing the Fund's volatility, however no guarantee can be given that this will be achieved.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Frontier Markets Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of frontier markets companies.
Additional Information:	Frontier markets are countries included in the MSCI Frontier Markets Index or any other recognised Frontier Markets financial index.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Climate Change Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equities securities of worldwide issuers which will benefit from efforts to accommodate or limit the impact of global climate change.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Demographic Opportunities
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of worldwide issuers who may benefit from the positive economic impact of demographic trends of the global economy and global companies, such as an ageing population and new consumer and industrial trends.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Dividend Maximiser
Investment Objective:	To provide income and capital growth primarily through investment in equities or equity related securities worldwide. The Fund will also selectively enter into option contracts to generate additional income, as more fully described below. To enhance the yield of the Fund the Investment Manager will selectively sell short dated call options over individual securities held by the Fund, in order to generate extra income by effectively agreeing target 'strike' prices at which those securities will be sold in the future. The Investment Manager is also permitted to sell put options on securities to be bought in the future, at target prices that are pre-set below the current market level.
Specific Risk Consideration:	This Fund makes use of financial derivative instruments in a way that is fundamental to its investment objective. It is possible that this will lead to a higher volatility in the price of Shares.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Emerging Market Opportunities
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may invest in equity and equity related securities of emerging market countries worldwide. The Fund may also invest in fixed income securities worldwide and liquidities for defensive purposes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Emerging Markets Income*
Investment Objective:	To provide income and capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of emerging market companies worldwide that offer attractive dividend yields with the potential for long term capital appreciation.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Markets Smaller Companies*
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of smaller companies of global emerging market countries. It may also invest in smaller companies, outside these countries, which have a substantial business exposure to global emerging markets. The Fund will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which the Investment Manager believes offer the best opportunities for future returns. Smaller companies are considered those which, at the time of purchase, are among the smallest 30% of global emerging market companies by market capitalisation.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Energy
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in securities of companies active in the energy sector.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Equity Yield
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide which offer attractive yields and sustainable dividend payments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Property Securities
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in equity securities of property companies worldwide.
Investment Manager:	Ell Capital Management Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Recovery*
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide that have suffered a severe set back in either share price or profitability, but where long term prospects are believed to be good. The Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities and will not be restricted by size or sector.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The portfolio will exhibit a strongly contrarian investment style and look to take maximum advantage of behavioural biases in global investment markets, and will likely exhibit higher investment volatility than global equity market indices. However, a recovery style is believed to exhibit a lower than average investment risk due to the supportive valuations of the stocks in the portfolio.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Resources Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily by taking exposure to equity and equity related securities of companies active in commodities, natural resources and related activities worldwide.
Investment Policy:	In order to achieve the objective, the Investment Manager may use a wide range of assets including Investment Funds, financial derivative instruments and warrants. The Investment Manager may also invest in deposits with credit institutions and money market instruments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Small Cap Energy
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of junior energy and energy-related companies worldwide.
Investment Policy:	In order to achieve the objective, the Investment Manager will take exposure to a selected portfolio of equity securities, which it believes offer the best potential for future growth. The Investment Manager may use a wide range of assets including Investment Funds, financial derivative instruments and warrants. The Investment Manager may also invest in deposits with credit institutions and money market instruments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Smaller Companies
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of smaller-sized companies worldwide. Smaller-sized companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of each individual market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Total Return*
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return of capital growth and income. The Fund also aims to offer a degree of capital preservation through the tactical use of financial derivative instruments and liquidities.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide. However, the Fund may, at times, for defensive purposes, hold 100% of its assets in liquidities. The Fund may use financial derivative instruments such as but not limited to futures,
	options and contracts for difference on indices or individual companies to create indirect long and short exposures.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The associated risks involved in investing in financial derivative instruments are highlighted in Appendix II. Furthermore the use of financial derivative instruments has the overall objective of reducing the Fund's volatility, however no guarantee can be given that this will be achieved.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Greater China
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of People's Republic of China, Hong Kong SAR and Taiwan companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Hong Kong Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Hong Kong SAR companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	HKD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Indian Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Indian companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Indian Opportunities*
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of Indian companies or companies which have a substantial business exposure to India. The Fund will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which the Investment Manager believes offer the best opportunities for future growth. There are no market capitalisation restrictions on the securities that can be held.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Japanese Opportunities
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may invest primarily in equity securities of Japanese companies. The Fund seeks to identify and invest in significantly undervalued stocks by estimating fair value of a stock based on mid to long term earnings outlook and qualitative factors (sustainability of above average earnings growth, quality of earnings, management capability, and degree of shareholder focus). It will keep holding the position for a long time until the market reflects the value of a stock. The Fund has a long term smaller cap bias.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Japan) Limited
Fund Currency:	JPY
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Japanese Smaller Companies
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of smaller Japanese companies. Smaller Japanese companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of the Japanese market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Japan) Limited

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Japanese Total Return*
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return of capital growth and income. The Fund also aims to offer a degree of capital preservation through the tactical use of financial derivative instruments and liquidities.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of Japanese companies. However, the Fund may, at times, for defensive purposes, hold 100% of its assets in liquidities. The Fund may use financial derivative instruments such as but not limited to futures, options and contracts for difference on indices or individual companies to create indirect long and short exposures.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The associated risks involved in investing in financial derivative instruments are highlighted in Appendix II. Furthermore the use of financial derivative instruments has the overall objective of reducing the Fund's volatility, however no guarantee can be given that this will be achieved.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Japan) Limited
Fund Currency:	JPY
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Korean Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Korean companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Latin American
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Latin American companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Middle East
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Middle Eastern companies including companies in emerging Mediterranean markets. The portfolio may also, to a limited extent, seek exposure to the markets of Northern Africa.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Swiss Equity Opportunities
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of Swiss companies. In order to achieve the objective the Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which it believes offer the best opportunities for future growth.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Switzerland) AG
Fund Currency:	CHF
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Swiss Small & Mid Cap Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of smaller and medium-sized Swiss companies. Smaller and medium-sized Swiss companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of the Swiss market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Switzerland) AG
Fund Currency:	CHF
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Taiwanese Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Taiwanese companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Small & Mid-Cap Equity
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of smaller and medium-sized US companies. Smaller and medium-sized US companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 40% by market capitalisation of the US market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Smaller Companies
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of smaller US companies. Smaller US companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 30% by market capitalisation of the US market.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Total Return*
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return of capital growth and income. The Fund also aims to offer a degree of capital preservation through the tactical use of financial derivative instruments and liquidities.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of US companies. However, the Fund may, at times, for defensive purposes, hold 100% of its assets in liquidities. The Fund may use financial derivative instruments such as but not limited to futures, options and contracts for difference on indices or individual companies to create indirect long and short exposures.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The associated risks involved in investing in financial derivative instruments are highlighted in Appendix II. Furthermore the use of financial derivative instruments has the overall objective of reducing the Fund's volatility, however no guarantee can be given that this will be achieved.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD

3. Style Equity Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Style Equity Funds may be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long term returns than minimising possible short term losses.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Style Equity Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments can be used for instance to create market exposures through equity, currency, volatility or index related financial derivative instruments and include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, contracts for difference, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are higher risk vehicles. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Small & Mid-Cap Value
Fund Name: Investment Objective:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Small & Mid-Cap Value To provide capital growth primarily through active investment in a value style biased portfolio of equity securities of European smaller and medium sized companies. Smaller and medium sized European companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 40% by market capitalisation of the European market.
	To provide capital growth primarily through active investment in a value style biased portfolio of equity securities of European smaller and medium sized companies. Smaller and medium sized European companies are considered companies which, at the time of
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through active investment in a value style biased portfolio of equity securities of European smaller and medium sized companies. Smaller and medium sized European companies are considered companies which, at the time of purchase, form the bottom 40% by market capitalisation of the European market.

4. Alpha Equity Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Alpha Equity Funds may be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long term returns than minimising possible short term losses.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Alpha Equity Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments can be used for instance to create market exposures through equity, currency, volatility or index related financial derivative instruments and include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, contracts for difference, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are higher risk vehicles. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund European Equity Alpha
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of European companies. In order to achieve the objective the Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which it believes offer the best potential for future growth.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Equity Alpha
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide. In order to achieve the objective the Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which it believes offer the best potential for future growth.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Japanese Equity Alpha
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of Japanese companies. In order to achieve the objective the Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which it believes offer the best potential for future growth.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Japan) Limited
Fund Currency:	JPY
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Equity Alpha
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through equity and equity related securities of US companies. In order to achieve the objective, the Investment Manager will invest in a select portfolio of securities, which it believes offer the best potential for future growth.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD

5. Quantitative Equity Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Quantitative Equity Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking long term growth potential offered through investment in equities.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Quantitative Equity Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments can be used for instance to create market exposures through equity, currency, volatility or index related financial derivative instruments and include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, contracts for difference, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are medium to higher risk vehicles. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund QEP Global Core
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity securities of companies worldwide. In order to achieve the objective, the Investment Manager will invest in a broadly diversified portfolio of securities selected through the application of analytical techniques.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Share Classes:	C and I only
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund QEP Global Active Value
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through active investment in a diversified value style biased portfolio of equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund QEP Global Blend
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide
Investment Policy:	In order to achieve the objective, the Investment Manager will invest in a broadly diversified portfolio of securities selected through the application of analytical techniques that aim to achieve an optimal allocation between value style biased and quality style biased companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund QEP Global Emerging Markets
Investment Objective:	To provide capital growth.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may primarily invest in equity and equity related securities of companies in emerging markets countries. The Investment Manager will invest in a broadly diversified portfolio of securities selected through the application of analytical techniques that aim to achieve an optimal allocation between value style biased and quality style biased companies.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund QEP Global Value Plus*
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through active investment directly or indirectly in a diversified value style biased portfolio of equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide.
Investment Policy:	In order to achieve the objective, the Fund will invest directly or indirectly through the use of financial derivative instruments and Investment Funds in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide selected through the application of both fundamental and analytical techniques.
	The Fund will hold directly or indirectly through the use of Investment Funds and financial derivative instruments, long equity positions of approximately 130% of its net assets, and approximately 30% of its net assets in short positions. However the Fund does have flexibility so that its long positions could be up to 150% (with any additional exposure achieved via financial derivative instruments, typically equity portfolio swaps), whilst the short positions could be up to 50% (achieved entirely through financial derivative instruments, typically equity portfolio swaps). The Investment Manager also has the flexibility to hold asymmetric long/short positions that give rise to a combined net exposure which may be greater or lesser than 100%, the maximum being 150% and the minimum being 50%. A significant proportion of the Fund's long positions will be sufficiently liquid to cover at all times the Fund's obligations arising from its derivative positions.
	Financial derivative instruments may include, but are not limited to options, forwards, futures, contracts for difference and equity portfolio swaps.
Global Risk Esposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	MSCI World Total Return Net Index. The MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of large and mid-caps across 24 developed markets.
Expected leverage:	150% of the total net assets.
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when markets are more volatile, impacting the value of the derivative positions held by the Fund.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund QEP Global Quality
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in equity and equity related securities of companies worldwide whose financial characteristics show a high quality bias. In order to achieve the objective, the Investment Manager will invest in a broadly diversified portfolio of securities selected through the application of analytical techniques that apply a quality screen, including factors such as low leverage and stable profitability
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

6. Asset Allocation Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Asset Allocation Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking long term growth potential offered through investment in a diversified range of assets and markets.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Asset Allocation Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments may be employed for instance to generate additional exposure through long or covered short positions to asset classes such as, but not limited to, equity, fixed income, credit, currencies as well as property and commodity indices. They can be used to generate additional income through inflation or volatility linked financial derivative instruments. Financial derivative instruments could also be employed to create synthetic instruments. Such financial derivative instruments include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	The Funds are medium to higher risk vehicles. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility and may imply increased counterparty risk, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Tactical Asset Allocation
Investment Objective:	To provide a positive return above cash over the market cycle through active allocation to a diversified range of assets and markets worldwide.
Investment Policy:	In order to achieve the objective, the Fund will utilise a global tactical asset management strategy designed to capture relative value opportunities across countries, currencies, asset classes (including Alternative Asset Classes), which may include synthetic long and short positions. The Fund will be managed to maintain a balanced exposure between long and short positions with a residual net exposure. The Fund's holdings will be sufficiently liquid at all times to cover the Fund's obligations arising from its derivative long and short positions. The Fund may invest in transferable securities, financial derivative instruments, structured products, Investment Funds, deposits and money market instruments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the absolute Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
Expected leverage:	400% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

7. Multi-Asset Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	This is detailed in the relevant section for each Fund.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Multi-Asset Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes. These financial derivative instruments may be used to gain exposure to a wide range of asset classes including, but not limited to, currencies, real estate, infrastructure and commodities. Such financial derivative instruments include, but are not limited to, over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are medium-high risk vehicles unless otherwise indicated in the Fund's specific investment policy. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Shares price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Diversified Growth
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return, primarily through investment in Investment Funds (including Exchange Traded Funds and Funds of the Company) investing in equity, debt securities and liquidities, as well as investment directly in those types of assets and/or through financial derivative instruments. In addition, the Fund may seek exposure to each of real estate, commodities and other real assets mainly through, but not limited to, investment in real estate and commodity related transferable securities (including REITs), financial derivative instruments on financial indices and Investment Funds, ETFs and Investment Trusts which invest in such asset classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long- term returns than minimising possible short-term losses.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Multi-Asset Income
Investment Objective:	To provide income and capital growth over the medium to longer term by investing primarily in global equities and global fixed income securities directly or indirectly through the use of Investment Funds or financial derivative instruments (including, but not limited to, futures, options and credit default swaps).
Investment Policy:	The Fund will seek to achieve the investment objective by actively allocating between equity securities of companies globally, which offer attractive yields and sustainable dividend payments, global bonds and other fixed or floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities), issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national or corporate issuers, which offer attractive yields, cash (which will be treated as a separate asset class and will be deployed if necessary to limit downside risk during adverse market conditions) and Alternative Asset Classes indirectly through ETFs, REITs and/or eligible derivative transactions. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund. The Fund will not invest more than 10% into open ended Investment Funds. As part of its primary objective, the Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The Fund may substantially invest in non-investment grade and unrated securities.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for Investors who desire a sustainable level of income with some capital growth, offered through investment in a range of asset classes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Conservative
Investment Objective:	The Fund will have a low-medium risk profile aiming to provide a total return in Euro terms, with the majority of the portfolio invested in Investment Funds, Exchange Traded Funds and Funds of the Company investing in fixed income securities and in securities. The Fund may also gain up to 30% exposure to equities and Alternative Asset Classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for Investors who desire a cautious portfolio with some limited exposure to the growth opportunities offered through investment in a range of asset classes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Switzerland) AG
Fund Currency:	EUR

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Diversified Growth
Investment Objective:	To provide long term capital growth and income, through investment in Investment Funds, Exchange Traded Funds and Funds of the Company investing in equity and debt securities traded world-wide and liquidities, as well as investment directly in those types of assets and/or through financial derivative instruments, to either hedge or increase, the Fund's market exposure, in taking either net long or net short financial derivative positions. The Fund may seek exposure to each of real estate, private equity and commodities through investment in transferable securities, Investment Trusts and REITs, financial derivative instruments on financial indices, Investment Funds and ETFs which invest in such asset classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long- term returns than minimising possible short-term losses.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Dynamic Balanced
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return in Euro by investing directly, or indirectly through financial derivatives and Investment Funds, Exchange Traded Funds and Funds of the Company, in equity and debt securities traded worldwide, and liquidities. The Fund may also seek exposure to currencies and alternative assets classes such as real estate and commodities via eligible derivative transactions or through instruments such as REITS and ETFs. The combination of asset classes will be varied from time to time in response to changing market conditions. The Investment Manager may take positions across a range of opportunities including asset classes, sub-asset classes, sectors and regions.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund is a medium risk vehicle that will be suitable for Investors who are seeking long term growth potential through investment in a diversified portfolio offering exposure to a range of asset classes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Switzerland) AG
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Japan DGF ¹
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return, primarily through investment in Investment Funds, Exchange Traded Funds and Funds of the Company investing in equity, debt securities and liquidities, as well as investment directly in those types of assets and/or through financial derivative instruments. In addition, the Fund may seek exposure to each of real estate and commodities through investment in real estate and commodity related transferable securities (including REITs), financial derivative instruments on financial indices and Investment Funds, ETFs and Investment Trusts which invest in such asset classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long- term returns than minimising possible short-term losses.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	JPY
Share Classes:	C, I and X Shares only

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Strategic Beta*
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return of capital growth and income.
Investment Policy:	The Fund aims to provide cost-effective access to broad based beta in order to build an efficient long term portfolio which seeks to achieve a positive and stable return. The Fund will target a volatility level rather than a set return although there is an expected return associated with that volatility. The Fund will be actively managed and will focus on risk rather than capital allocation, using forward-looking estimates to diversify across a wide range of different risk premia. The exposures to risk premia will vary over time in response to expected changes in market conditions.
	The Fund will invest in a broad range of multi-asset class strategies. The Fund may invest directly and indirectly (through Investment Funds or financial derivative instruments) in global fixed income, global equity, currency and volatility. The Fund may also take exposure to commodities as described under the definition of Alternative Asset Classes. The Fund intends to use financial derivative instruments related to the above investments and asset classes to create long and short exposures. The Fund will use financial derivative instruments for investment purposes as well as for efficient portfolio management purposes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for Investors who are more concerned with maximising long- term returns than minimising possible short-term losses.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the absolute Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
Expected leverage:	500% of the total net assets
	In order to implement an efficiently diversified set of strategies and to achieve the risk target that is consistent with the Fund's risk profile, the Fund will rely extensively on financial derivative instruments that may generate a high level of leverage.
	The Fund uses derivatives such as interest rate and equity futures, forward foreign exchange contracts, total return swaps and options for investment purposes, which can increase the Fund's level of risk. These derivatives are also used to invest in diversifying strategies and to manage tail risk, and this can contribute to reducing the Fund's level of risk.
	Some of the strategies will create a substantial level of gross leverage (but a lower level of net leverage), and are expected to improve the portfolio's diversification characteristics.
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when market volatility decreases sustainably.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Wealth Preservation EUR
Investment Objective:	To preserve and enhance real value, as measured in euro terms after adjusting for inflation, over 3-5 years.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may invest globally in equity and equity related securities, a broad range of fixed income instruments, Investment Funds, Investment Trusts, ETFs, money market instruments, cash, deposits and Alternative Asset Classes in any currency.
	The Fund may also invest in financial derivative instruments, including forwards and futures. The Fund may, at times, be substantially invested in cash and money market instruments when necessary to preserve capital.

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for investors who seek real value (a positive rate of return after inflation) offered through investment in a range of asset classes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Wealth Preservation USD
Investment Objective:	To preserve and enhance real value, as measured in US dollar terms after adjusting for inflation, over 3-5 years.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may invest globally in equity and equity related securities, a broad range of fixed income instruments, Investment Funds, Investment Trusts, ETFs, money market instruments, cash, deposits and Alternative Asset Classes in any currency. The Fund may also invest in financial derivative instruments, including forwards and futures. The Fund may, at times, be substantially invested in cash and money market instruments when necessary to preserve capital.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund will be suitable for investors who seek real value (a positive rate of return after inflation) offered through investment in a range of asset classes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

8. Multi Manager Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	This is detailed in the relevant section for each Fund.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Multi Manager Fund may employ financial derivative instruments to gain exposure to a wide range of asset classes including Alternative Asset Classes.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	The risk profile for these Funds is indicated in the Fund's specific investment policy. The use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Shares price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Balanced Portfolio
Investment Objective:	The Fund will have a medium risk profile aiming to provide a total return, primarily through investment in Investment Funds (including Funds of the Company) investing in equity and debt securities traded world-wide and liquidities, as well as investment directly in those types of assets and/or through financial derivative instruments. The Fund may also gain exposure to Alternative Asset Classes. The balanced strategy followed by the Fund is a method of active portfolio allocation designed to provide a total return by having exposure directly and indirectly to a mix of asset classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund is a medium risk vehicle that will be suitable for Investors who are seeking long term growth potential through investment in a diversified portfolio offering exposure to a range of asset classes.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Conservative Portfolio
Investment Objective:	The Fund will have a low-medium risk profile aiming to provide a total return, primarily through investment in Investment Funds (including Funds of the Company) investing in equity and debt securities traded world-wide and liquidities, as well as investment directly in those types of assets and/or through financial derivative instruments. The Fund may also gain exposure to Alternative Asset Classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund is a low-medium risk vehicle that will be suitable for Investors who desire a cautious portfolio with some limited exposure to the growth opportunities offered through investment in equities.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Growth Portfolio
Investment Objective:	The Fund will have a medium-high risk profile aiming to provide a total return, primarily through investment in Investment Funds (including Funds of the Company) investing in equity and debt securities traded world-wide and liquidities, as well as investment directly in those types of assets and/or through financial derivative instruments. The Fund may also gain exposure to Alternative Asset Classes.
Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Fund is a medium-high risk vehicle that will be suitable for Investors who have a preference for capital growth over the long term and are willing to accept a higher level of volatility to maximise the long term returns of their investments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

9. Absolute Return Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Absolute Return Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking long term growth potential offered through investment in equities, debt securities, liquidities and/or currency markets and UCIs.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Absolute Return Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments may be employed for instance to generate additional income from exposure to credit risk in purchasing or selling protection through credit default swaps, adjusting the Fund's duration through the tactical use of interest related financial derivative instruments, generating additional income through inflation or volatility linked financial derivative instruments or increasing its currency exposure through the use of currency related financial derivative instruments. Financial derivative instruments could also be employed to create synthetic instruments. Such financial derivative instruments include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are low to medium risk vehicles unless otherwise indicated in the Fund's specific investment policy. In particular the use of financial derivative instruments for investment purposes may increase the Share price volatility, which may result in higher losses for the Investor. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Bond Absolute Return
Investment Objective:	To provide an absolute return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers in Asia excluding Japan. As part of its primary objective, the Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the absolute Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
Expected leverage:	150% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Markets Debt Absolute Return
Investment Objective:	To provide an absolute return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers in emerging markets.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

10. Mainstream Bond Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Mainstream Bond Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking to combine capital growth opportunities with income in the relative stability of the debt markets over the long term.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Mainstream Bond Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments may be employed for instance to generate additional income from exposure to credit risk in purchasing or selling protection through credit default swaps, adjusting the Fund's duration through the tactical use of interest related financial derivative instruments, generating additional income through inflation or volatility linked financial derivative instruments or increasing its currency exposure through the use of currency related financial derivative instruments. Financial derivative instruments could also be employed to create synthetic instruments. Such financial derivative instruments include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are low to medium risk vehicles. However, the use of financial derivative instruments may lead to a higher volatility in the price of Shares and may increase the Fund's counterparty risk. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in Euro and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Barclays Capital EURO Aggregate index. This index tracks fixed-rate, investment-grade Euro-denominated securities.
Expected leverage:	200% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Short Term Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of short term bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in Euro and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. The average maturity of the securities held in the portfolio must not exceed three years, whereas the residual maturity of any such security must not exceed five years. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Citigroup 1-3yr EURO Government Bond Index TR. This index is composed of fixed-rate euro-zone government bonds with a residual maturity comprised between 1 and 3 years.
Expected leverage:	150% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Government Bond
Fund Name: Investment Objective:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Government Bond To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by Eurozone governments. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by Eurozone governments. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by Eurozone governments. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk
Investment Objective: Global Risk Exposure:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by Eurozone governments. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure. Bank of America Merrill Lynch Euro Government Index. This index tracks the performance of EUR denominated sovereign debt publicly issued by Euro member countries in either
Investment Objective: Global Risk Exposure: VaR benchmark:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by Eurozone governments. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure. Bank of America Merrill Lynch Euro Government Index. This index tracks the performance of EUR denominated sovereign debt publicly issued by Euro member countries in either the Eurobond or the issuer's own domestic market.
Investment Objective: Global Risk Exposure: VaR benchmark:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities issued by Eurozone governments. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure. Bank of America Merrill Lynch Euro Government Index. This index tracks the performance of EUR denominated sovereign debt publicly issued by Euro member countries in either the Eurobond or the issuer's own domestic market. 150% of the total net assets The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions through currency forwards, or via the above instruments. A maximum of 20% of the net assets of the Fund can be invested in securities with a credit rating below investment grade (as measured by Standard & Poor's or any equivalent grade of other credit rating agencies).
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Barclays Capital Global Aggregate Bond Index. This USD un-hedged index provides a broad-based measure of the global investment grade fixed-rate debt markets.
Expected leverage:	400% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Inflation Linked Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a combination of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of inflation–linked debt securities issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Bank of America Merrill Lynch Global Inflation-Linked Government EUR hedged Index.
	This EUR hedged index tracks the performance of investment grade inflation-linked sovereign debt publicly issued and denominated in the issuer's own domestic market and currency.
Expected leverage:	150% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Hong Kong Dollar Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in HKD and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	HKD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Dollar Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in USD and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond Index. This index measures the investment grade, U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market, including Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS (agency fixed-rate and hybrid ARM passthroughs), ABS and CMBS.
Expected leverage:	200% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD

11. Specialist Bond Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Specialist Bond Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking to combine capital growth opportunities with income in the relative stability of the debt markets over the long term.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Specialist Bond Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments may be employed for instance to generate additional income from exposure to credit risk in purchasing or selling protection through credit default swaps, adjusting the Fund's duration through the tactical use of interest related financial derivative instruments, generating additional income through inflation or volatility linked financial derivative instruments or increasing its currency exposure through the use of currency related financial derivative instruments. Financial derivative instruments could also be employed to create synthetic instruments. Such financial derivative instruments include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are medium risk vehicles. However, the use of financial derivative instruments may lead to a higher volatility in the price of Shares and may increase the Fund's counterparty risk. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Local Currency Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide long term return of capital growth and income by seeking out opportunities in Asian local fixed income and currency markets. As part of its primary objective, the Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Investment Policy:	Investment will primarily be in local currency bonds issued by government, quasi- government and corporate issuers in Asia ex Japan.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	HSBC Asian Local Bond Index. This index tracks the total return performance of a bond portfolio which consists of local-currency denominated, high quality and liquid bonds in Asia ex-Japan. The ALBI includes bonds from the following countries/regions: Korea, Hong Kong SAR, India, Singapore, Taiwan, Malaysia, Thailand, the Philippines, Indonesia and China.
Expected leverage:	150% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Corporate Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in Euro issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers. A maximum of 20% of the net assets of the Fund will be held in securities issued by governments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Bank of America Merrill Lynch EMU Corporate index. This index tracks the performance of EUR denominated investment grade corporate debt publicly issued in the Eurobond or Euro member domestic markets.
Expected leverage:	150% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO High Yield
Investment Objective:	The Fund aims to provide a return of capital growth and income.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in Euro and issued by corporate issuers, governments, government agencies, and supra-national issuers worldwide. A minimum of 70% of the net assets of the Fund will be invested in securities with a credit rating below investment grade (as measured by Standard & Poor's or any equivalent grade of other credit rating agencies).
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Corporate Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in various currencies and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. A maximum of 20% of the net assets of the Fund will be held in securities issued by governments.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Barclays Capital Global Aggregate Credit Component USD hedged Index. This USD hedged index provides a broad-based measure of the global investment-grade fixed income markets. This index excludes sovereign and securitised securities.
Expected leverage:	200% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.

Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global High Income Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a high income return primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate debt securities denominated in various currencies issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may invest in the full spectrum of available securities, including asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities and non-investment grade securities. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund. The Fund also has the flexibility to implement active currency positions through currency forwards or via the above instruments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global High Yield
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities denominated in various currencies and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. A minimum of 70% of the net assets of the Fund will be invested in securities with a credit rating below investment grade (as measured by Standard & Poor's or any equivalent grade of other credit rating agencies).
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the relative Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
VaR benchmark:	Barclays Capital Global High Yield ex CMBS ex EMG 2% Cap Index USD hedged. This USD hedged index provides a broad-based measure of the global non-investment grade debt market, caps issuers at 2% and excludes emerging markets as well as CMBS.
Expected leverage:	100% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Unconstrained Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will implement a set of strategies (such as duration, country, yield curve, credit and currency strategies) using financial derivative instruments, debt instruments, other fixed and floating rate securities as well as cash, deposits, money market instruments, convertibles and Investment Funds investing in such instruments. Financial derivative instruments will actively be used to take long or short exposures to credit markets, interest rates, foreign exchange and volatility contracts and to various sectors within these markets. Debt instruments and other fixed and floating rate securities may be denominated in various currencies, issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national or corporate issuers worldwide and may include non-investment grade instruments. The Fund has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The Fund may also invest a majority of its assets in asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities. The Fund may, at times, for defensive purposes, hold 100% of its assets in liquidities.
Global Risk Exposure:	The Fund employs the absolute Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
Expected leverage:	500% of the total net assets
	The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Strategic Bond
Fund Name: Investment Objective:	Schroder International Selection Fund Strategic Bond To provide a total return primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. As part of its primary objective, the Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised.
	To provide a total return primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. As part of its primary objective, the Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The full
Investment Objective:	To provide a total return primarily through investment in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers worldwide. As part of its primary objective, the Fund also has the flexibility to implement long and short active currency positions either via currency forwards or via the above instruments. The full spectrum of available securities, including non-investment grade, may be utilised.

Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD

12. Specialist Bond Funds (Medium-higher Risk)

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Specialist Bond Funds may be suitable for Investors who are seeking to combine capital growth opportunities with income in the debt markets over the long term.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Specialist Bond Fund may employ financial derivative instruments for hedging and investment purposes in accordance with its risk profile as disclosed below. Financial derivative instruments may be employed for instance to generate additional income from exposure to credit risk in purchasing or selling protection through credit default swaps, adjusting the Fund's duration through the tactical use of interest related financial derivative instruments, generating additional income through inflation or volatility linked financial derivative instruments or increasing its currency exposure through the use of currency related financial derivative instruments. Financial derivative instruments could also be employed to create synthetic instruments. Such financial derivative instruments include over-the-counter and/or exchange traded options, futures, warrants, swaps, forward contracts and/or a combination of the above.
Fund Risk Profile and Specific Risk Considerations:	These Funds are medium to higher risk vehicles. However, the use of financial derivative instruments may lead to a higher volatility in the price of Shares and may increase the Fund's counterparty risk. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian Convertible Bond ¹
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth primarily through investment in a portfolio of convertible securities and other similar transferable securities, such as convertible preference securities, exchangeable bonds or exchangeable medium term notes, issued by corporate issuers in Asia excluding Japan. The portfolio may also, to a limited extent, seek exposure to fixed and floating rate securities, equity securities and equity linked notes.
Investment Manager:	Fisch Asset Management AG
Fund Currency:	USD

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Asian High Income*
Investment Objective:	To provide a high income return.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in bonds and other fixed and floating rate debt securities of the Asia Pacific region and denominated in various currencies. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund. The securities may be issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers. The Fund will be invested primarily in high yield bonds with a credit rating of below investment grade (as measured by Standard & Poor's or any equivalent grade of other credit rating agencies). The Fund may also invest in derivatives, including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to the derivatives' underlying assets.
Specific Risk Consideration:	The Fund will make use of credit derivative instruments to manage the portfolio exposure to credit markets. This may lead to a higher volatility in the price of the Shares and may imply increased counterparty risk. The associated risks involved in investing in financial derivative instruments are highlighted in Appendix II.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Market Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income.
Investment Policy:	To achieve the investment objective, the Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers from the emerging markets. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Market Corporate Bond
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income.
Investment Policy:	To achieve the investment objective, the Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers from the emerging markets. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund. A maximum of 20% of the net assets of the Fund will be held in securities issued by governments.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Singapore) Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Market Sovereign Bond
	(as of 1 October 2013, this Fund will be renamed Schroder International

(as of 1 October 2013, this Fund will be renamed Schroder International Selection Fund Emerging Market Local Currency Bond)

Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth and income.
Investment Policy:	To achieve the investment objective, the Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies and issued by governments, government agencies and supra-national issuers in emerging markets. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund.
	As of 1 October 2013, the Investment Policy will change to:
	To achieve the investment objective, the Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of bonds and other fixed and floating rate securities (including, but not limited to, asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities) denominated in various currencies and issued by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers in emerging markets. Asset-backed securities and mortgage-backed securities will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Fund.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Convertible Bond ²
Investment Objective:	To provide a return of capital growth primarily through investment in a portfolio of convertible securities and other similar transferable securities, such as convertible preference securities, exchangeable bonds or exchangeable medium term notes, issued by corporate issuers worldwide. The portfolio may also, to a limited extent, seek exposure to fixed and floating rate securities, equity securities and equity linked notes.
Investment Manager:	Fisch Asset Management AG
Fund Currency:	USD

Schroder International Selection Fund Global Credit Duration Hedged
To provide total return primarily through investment in credit and credit related instruments and other fixed and floating rate securities, cash and financial derivative instruments that together provide exposure to global credit markets. The Fund may have exposure to investment grade and sub-investment grade debt at any time. Whilst credit and credit related instruments of companies or sovereign issuers will form the majority of assets held, securities issued by governments, government agencies and supranational issuers may also be held from time to time.
The financial derivative instruments of the Fund will include, inter alia, credit default swaps. In this context, the Fund acts as protection buyer to hedge the specific credit risk of some of the issuers it holds in its portfolio. The Fund may however also sell protection to acquire a specific credit exposure and/or buy protection without holding the underlying issue. In an aim to manage interest rate and credit risks and non base currency exposure, the Fund may make use of interest rate futures and options and of foreign exchange forward and swap contracts, respectively.
The Fund will make use of credit derivative instruments to seek exposure to global credit markets. This may lead to a higher volatility in the price of the Shares and may imply increased counterparty risk.
The Fund employs the absolute Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach to measure its global risk exposure.
300% of the total net assets
The expected level of leverage may be higher when volatility decreases sustainably, when interest rates are expected to change or when credit spreads are expected to widen or tighten.
Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
EUR

Fund Names	Cohundar International Coloction Fund DMD Fixed Income
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund RMB Fixed Income
Investment Objective:	To provide a long term return of capital growth and income in RMB terms.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest primarily in a portfolio of bonds, fixed and floating rate securities, convertible bonds, money market instruments and deposits denominated or hedged back to onshore or offshore RMB. These instruments may be issued outside or inside of mainland China by governments, government agencies, supra-national and corporate issuers which may or may not be established or incorporated in mainland China. The Fund may invest in instruments traded on the RMB Bond market in Hong Kong and in instruments denominated in RMB traded on other Regulated Markets. Investments in mainland China Regulated Markets and interbank bond markets may be performed indirectly through notes, certificates or other instruments (which qualify as transferable securities and do not embed a derivative element), Investment Funds and eligible derivative transactions. Direct investments in Regulated Markets of mainland China are currently limited to 35% of the Fund's assets but may be increased in the future if adequate liquidity is guaranteed. Within this 35% limit and until such time that they become Regulated Markets, the Fund will limit any direct investment in securities traded on the mainland China interbank bond markets to 10% of its assets (together with any other investments made in accordance with investment restriction 1. A(9) in Appendix I). The Fund will not invest in mainland China through RQFII schemes or QFII related schemes supervised by the China Securities Regulatory Commission until investment restriction 1. (A) (5) (I) of Appendix I is complied with and/or until they qualify as Investment Funds. The Fund may invest in instruments denominated in currencies other than RMB and in investment grade, sub-investment grade and non-rated instruments.
Specific Risk Consideration:	It should be noted that the RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency as it is subject to foreign exchange control policies of the People's Republic of China government. As a result of the People's Republic China government restrictions on cross- border RMB fund flows, the availability of offshore RMB may be limited. Commencing 2005, the exchange rate of the RMB was no longer pegged to the US dollar. The RMB has now moved to a managed floating exchange rate based on market supply and demand with reference to a basket of foreign currencies. As the exchange rates are based primarily on market forces, the exchange rates for RMB against other currencies, including US dollar and Hong Kong dollar, are susceptible to movements based on external factors. The possibility that the appreciation of the RMB will be accelerated cannot be excluded. On the other hand, there can be no assurance that the RMB will not be subject to devaluation. Any devaluation of the RMB could adversely affect the value of investor's investments in the Fund. Investors whose base currency is not the RMB may be adversely affected by changes in the exchange rates of the RMB. Further, the Chinese government's imposition of restrictions on the RMB out of China may limit the depth of the RMB market in Hong Kong and reduce the liquidity in the Fund. The Chinese government's policies on exchange control and repatriation restrictions are subject to change, and the Fund's position may be adversely affected. Investors are also subject to risks specific to the China market. Any significant change in mainland China's political, social or economic policies may have a negative impact on investments in the China market. The regulatory and legal framework for capital markets in mainland China may not be as well developed as those of developed countries. Chinese accounting standards and practices may deviate significantly from international accounting standards and practices may deviate significantly from international acounting standards. The settlement
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management (Hong Kong) Limited
Fund Currency:	RMB

13. Liquidity Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Liquidity Funds are low risk vehicles aiming to provide preservation of capital in terms of its own base currency. They may be suitable for Investors who are conservative risk averse, where income and preservation of principal are their primary objectives over the long term. Investors should be aware however that preservation of capital is not guaranteed. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
	The Liquidity Funds do not operate as money market funds or short-term money market funds within the meaning of CESR (the new ESMA) Guidelines 10-049.
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Liquidity Funds may use financial derivative instruments for hedging purposes only.
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund EURO Liquidity
Investment Objective:	To provide liquidity and current income, to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital, through investment in high quality short-term fixed income securities that are denominated in Euro, provided that (i) at the time of acquisition, the average initial or residual maturity of all such securities held in the portfolio does not exceed 12 months, taking into account any financial instruments connected therewith, or (ii) the terms and conditions governing those securities provide that the applicable interest rate is adjusted at least annually on the basis of market conditions.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund US Dollar Liquidity
Investment Objective:	To provide liquidity and current income, to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital, through investment in high quality short-term debt securities that are denominated in USD, provided that (i) at the time of acquisition, the average initial or residual maturity of all such securities held in the portfolio does not exceed 12 months, taking into account any financial instruments connected therewith, or (ii) the terms and conditions governing those securities provide that the applicable interest rate is adjusted at least annually on the basis of market conditions.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management North America Inc.
Fund Currency:	USD

14. Currency Funds

Profile of the Typical Investor:	The Currency Funds are low-medium risk vehicles aiming to protect global purchasing power as described in the relevant investment objectives. They may be suitable for Investors who are managing their longer term cash positions and are seeking active currency management. For full details of the risks applicable to investing in these Funds, please refer to Appendix II, "Risks of Investment".
Use of financial derivative instruments:	Each Currency Fund may, for investment purposes, employ financial derivative instruments in order to achieve its investment objective. The financial derivative instruments may be over-the-counter, which may imply increased counterparty risk. It is not the intention of the Investment Manager to create leverage effect as a result of the use of financial derivative instruments.
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Global Managed Currency
Investment Objective:	The Fund invests in a basket of world currencies with the aim of providing capital growth and/or the opportunity to diversify portfolio currency risk.
Investment Policy:	The Fund may invest in cash, deposits and fixed income instruments in any currency, provided that (i) at the time of acquisition, the average initial or residual maturity of all such securities held in the portfolio does not exceed 12 months, taking into account any financial instruments connected therewith, or (ii) the terms and conditions governing those securities provide that the applicable interest rate is adjusted at least annually on the basis of market conditions. The Fund may also invest in currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	USD
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return CHF*
Investment Objective:	To provide a return in excess of Swiss Franc cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month basis.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in cash, deposits and money market instruments in any currency, as well as currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. At the time of acquisition, the residual maturity of all deposits and money market instruments held by the portfolio will not exceed 365 days. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to the derivatives' underlying assets.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	CHF

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return EUR
Investment Objective:	To provide a return in excess of Euro cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month basis.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in cash, deposits and money market instruments in any currency, as well as currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. At the time of acquisition, the residual maturity of all deposits and money market instruments held by the portfolio will not exceed 365 days. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to the derivatives' underlying assets.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	EUR
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return GBP*
Investment Objective:	To provide a return in excess of Sterling cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12- month basis.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in cash, deposits and money market instruments in any currency, as well as currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. At the time of acquisition, the residual maturity of all deposits and money market instruments held by the portfolio will not exceed 365 days. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to the derivatives' underlying assets.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	GBP
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return JPY
Investment Objective:	To provide a return in excess of Japanese Yen cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month basis.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in cash, deposits and money market instruments in any currency, as well as currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. At the time of acquisition, the residual maturity of all deposits and money market instruments held by the portfolio will not exceed 365 days. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to the derivatives' underlying assets.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	JPY

Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return RMB*
Investment Objective:	To provide a return in excess of RMB (CNH) cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month basis.
Investment Policy:	The Fund will invest in cash, deposits and money market instruments in any currency, as well as currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. At the time of acquisition, the residual maturity of all deposits and money market instruments held by the portfolio will not exceed 365 days. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to the derivatives' underlying assets.
Investment Manager:	Schroder Investment Management Limited
Fund Currency:	RMB
Fund Name:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return USD
Fund Name: Investment Objective:	Schroder International Selection Fund Currency Absolute Return USD To provide a return in excess of USD cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month basis.
	To provide a return in excess of USD cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month
Investment Objective:	To provide a return in excess of USD cash, while preserving capital on a rolling 12-month basis. The Fund will invest in cash, deposits and money market instruments in any currency, as well as currency related derivatives including but not limited to forwards, futures, swaps and options. At the time of acquisition, the residual maturity of all deposits and money market instruments held by the portfolio will not exceed 365 days. As a result of its derivatives strategy, the Fund may both create long or short exposure to

Appendix IV

Other information

- (A) A list of all Funds and Share Classes may be obtained, free of charge and upon request, from the registered office of the Company.
- (B) MSCI disclaimer (Source: MSCI): The information obtained from MSCI and other data providers, included in this Prospectus, may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or re-disseminated in any form and may not be used to create any financial instruments or products or any indices. The MSCI information and that of other data providers is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each other person involved in or related to compiling or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") and other data providers, expressly disclaim all warranties (including, without limitation any warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, timeliness, non-infringement, merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) with respect to this information. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall any MSCI Party or other data provider have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including, without limitation, lost profits) or any other damages.

Schroder Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A. 5, rue Höhenhof

5, rue Höhenhof L-1736 Senningerberg Grand Duchy of Luxembourg Tel.: (+352) 341 342 212 Fax: (+352) 341 342 342

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